"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, continued cold Friday and Saturday; moderate west to northwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,641. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WILLETT EAGER TO REPAY LOAN

Banker Who Lent Him $10,000 Tells of Midnight Conference After the Berri Exposure.

MOST OF THE MONEY LEFT

Though He Had Said What Was to be Spent Was to be Used Before the Nomination.

AN UNNAMED BOSS FIGURES

He Was Against Willett Because of a Gambling Raid at Hewlett's—Cassidy Dodges Hearing.

Proceedings in the case of the "People of the State of New York against William Willett, Jr., Joseph Cassidy, and other persons unknown" which were begun yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Townsend Scudder, sitting as a Magistrate in the Queens County Court House, in Long Island City, had not been under way very long before Judge, prosecutors, and audience alike listened with a gasp of surprise to certain testimony given by Samuel R. Smith, President of the Bank of Long Island.

It was at the Jamaica branch of this bank that William Willett, Jr., raised $10,000 a few hours before he was nominated for Justice of the Supreme Court in the Second Judicial District through the joint influence of Joseph Cassidy, the Democratic boss of Queens, and John H. McCooey, the Democratic boss in the adjoining County of Kings. Mr. Smith told of conversations he had with Mr. Willett before the loan was made, in which the candidate had declared frankly that he stood a chance of getting the nomination, but had to spend some money for campaign purposes.

"Any money I am to spend," Mr. Smith quoted the candidate as saying, "I must spend before I am nominated. After that I've got to sit up straight and be dignified."

Midnight Visit to Banker.

The most surprising part of Mr. Smith's testimony, however, had to do with a midnight visit paid to him by Mr. Willett at his house in Freeport, L. I., a week ago last Saturday. This was after Willett and his associates on the judiciary ticket had been nominated, the charge of criminal libel against William Berri, publisher of The Brooklyn Standard Union, had been brought and strangely withdrawn, and after all the train of scandal that followed in the wake of those events had received considerable attention in the newspapers. Mr. Smith testified that on this occasion Mr. Willett had declared that in view of the publicity given the matter he would prefer to pay the loan.

"He said," Mr. Smith testified, "that he had not been required to spend any money, that he had nearly all of it left, but that he thought it would look bad for him to pay it just then. He said he would pay the loan the following Monday or Tuesday."

Other salient features of the testimony yesterday were supplied by Surrogate Daniel Noble and County Judge Burt Jay Humphrey, both of Queens. Both men had an eye on the Supreme Court nomination which went to Mr. Willett. Both, but in particular Surrogate Noble, were close to Boss Cassidy. Surrogate Noble testified that he had every reason to expect that the judicial lightning would strike him, and that it was not until the delegates entered the convention that he learned from Louis T. Walters, Jr., Cassidy's friend, that Willett was the lucky man. This was a few hours after Mr. Willett had drawn the final $10,000 of the sums that figure in the scandal.

Who Are the "Persons Unknown"?

Interest in the case, both with the prosecutors and spectators, centres in the identity of "other persons unknown," which has not been divulged in connection with the conspiracy charge filed with Justice Scudder against Mr. Willett and Boss Cassidy. In the course of the testimony given yesterday the veil of mystery surrounding the inside events leading up to the nomination of Mr. Willett was drawn aside sufficiently to reveal the looming figure of one leader, with influence enough to prevent the nomination of Mr. Willett, who objected to his nomination and had to be won over before Willett could land the prize.

Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford of District Attorney Whitman's staff, who is co-operating in the case with District Attorney Frederick J. De Witt of Queens, declared yesterday that in the next two or three days the prosecution would try hard to establish beyond doubt the identity of this leader.

Little light was shed yesterday on the other $10,000 loan made to William Willett, Jr. That loan he obtained on Sept. 30 from the First National Bank of Far Rockaway, where Boss Cassidy resides. Henry G. Heyson, President of the bank, had been subpoenaed, but failed to respond when his name was called in court. James L. Stanley, cashier of the bank, informed the court that his chief had gone on a hunting trip last Monday. Mr. Stanley, before he was dismissed as a witness, was made to promise that he would inquire into Mr. Heyson's whereabouts and telegraph him that he was wanted.

The prosecution is building great hopes on the testimony of Mr. Heyson for the reason that he is known to be a most unwilling witness. He was subpoenaed by the defense in the libel proceedings against Publisher Berri. Mr. Berri's counsel, Meier Steinbrink of Brooklyn, was put on the stand by Mr. De Ford, and testified that at that time, owing to a report received from his subpoena server, he had been prompted to call Mr. Heyson on the telephone and admonish him to obey the subpoena without fail.

"He told me," Mr. Steinbrink testi-

Continued on Page 3.

CAUGHT IN BURNING HOUSE.

Men and Women Rescued Half Suffocated from the Stairs in Brooklyn.

The first firemen to respond to an alarm from the four-story tenement at 1,821 Pitkin Avenue, Brooklyn, at midnight last night, found dozens of men, women, and children running wildly about in the street crying that friends and relatives were trapped in the top of the building. Flames had ascended rapidly from a candy store in the basement, through the air shaft to the roof.

Members of Truck 70 made their way to the roof through American Star Hall, a three-story building, adjoining. They found half-suffocated men and women just emerging from the open scuttle on the roof. The firemen fought past them to the top floor of the tenement and passed from hand to hand more than half a dozen persons, already overcome by smoke and lying senseless in the hall at the foot of the stairs to the scuttle.

Others whose windows opened over the roof of the hall next door jumped the ten feet to this roof. Mothers tossed their babies from front windows to the waiting arms of firemen and policemen below, and in a very few moments the last one of the twenty-four families in the house was safe.

Physicians from St. Mary's and Bradford Street Hospitals worked hard over those who had been overcome by smoke, but only one man, Julius Zellman, was hurt badly enough to be taken to the hospital.

The fire was put out with $1,000 damage.

MANY HURT IN CAR COLLISION

Two Cars and a Truck Wrecked in a Bronx Accident.

An Aqueduct Avenue car in charge of Motorman Michael Murphy ran into a truck in Aqueduct Avenue, about 300 feet from Burnside Avenue, the Bronx, at 6:30 o'clock last night, smashing the truck in such a way that the car could not continue on its way until a wrecking crew had removed the truck. Most of the passengers had alighted because of the delay when another Aqueduct Avenue car in charge of Motorman William Turner started down the hill toward the stalled car.

Presently it was seen that the brakes of Turner's car were not working. The car's momentum did not decrease, and an instant later it crashed into the stalled car. The vestibule in front was smashed and every window in the car was broken. Passengers were sent sprawling out of their seats into the aisle, and many were cut by broken glass. Others were badly bruised.

A surgeon was called from Fordham Hospital, and he dressed the injuries of William Stevenson, Cornelius Cahill, the conductor, and Frank Leonard, driver of the truck, who had been tossed from his seat in the first collision. He took Leonard to the hospital, and with him William Reilly of 334 West Fifty-ninth Street, whose thigh was badly injured.

John Brine of 98 West 183d Street refused to go to the hospital, though he was shaken up, cut, and bruised. His son Paul took him home, where he was attended by his own physician. Young Brine said that soon after the car left 181st Street it struck a wagon, as Murphy's car had done, and afterward he said he noticed that the brakes didn't work, and that the motorman stopped his car by applying the reverse power.

McREE JURY LOCKED UP.

No Hope of Agreement and a Mistrial Is Expected.

OPELOUSAS, La., Nov. 2.—The jury in the trial of Mrs. McRee, accused of the murder of Allan Garland, was locked up at 6 o'clock to-night with instructions to report to the court at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning, when it is expected that the court will order a mistrial.

The case went to the jury at 11:40 this morning, after a brief charge by Judge Pavy. At 3:14 P. M. the jury returned and the foreman notified the court that there was no possibility of their agreeing on a verdict. They were sent back for further deliberation.

Judge Pavy told the jury they had only the statute law to apply to the facts in reaching their verdict. The defense can appeal to no law outside the written law, he said.

Acting Prosecutor Dubuisson reviewed evidence and declared that the story told by Mrs. McRee was false in every detail.

"I yield to no one in my admiration and respect for woman," said Mr. Dubuisson, "but the majority of the worst crimes in the history of the world have been committed by bad women. This woman has a motive to tell an untruth."

Mrs. McRee did not at first appear depressed. She smiled and laughed frequently at the tilts between attorneys, and her demeanor indicated that she was confident of acquittal, but her face later betrayed anxiety over the jury's indecision, and she was led back to the cell with her hope of freedom shattered.

The prosecution, in the event of a mistrial, will fix a rehearing for next Monday.

HELD FOR MAGAZINE SWINDLE

Gibson Trailed Through Seven Cities by Government Inspectors.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from Richmond received by Chief Postal Inspector Cortelyou to-day tells of the arrest of Frank H. Gibson, who is wanted in Philadelphia and in other cities on charges of using the mails to defraud.

Indicted in this city in 1909 for posing as the agent of the Sunshine Magazine and luring money from magazine writers by getting them to secure ten one-dollar subscriptions to insure the publication of their stories, Gibson jumped his bail and disappeared. Search was made for him, and then there appeared in the newspapers a notice of Gibson's death. The postal authorities believed that Gibson caused the death notice to be published in an attempt to throw the Government sleuths off the trail.

Recently there came to their attention a complaint from a New York publishing house that a worthless draft for an order of books had been received in New York. It was from Frank Gibson, in Cincinnati. Chief Inspector Cortelyou put his Inspectors on the case. From Cincinnati the trail led to Louisville, Ky., to Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, Lynchburg, and Richmond, where Gibson was arrested to-day. The man had used the aliases of Edward F. Brown and Edwin S. Gray.

Gibson was arrested March 22, 1902, at Lancaster, Penn., and sentenced to one year's imprisonment for swindling. He served the term. Again he was arrested Aug. 24, 1903, in Camden, N. J., on the same charge and sentenced to eighteen months. He served this term and went right back to his old game.

DEWEY'S PURE CLARET WINES.
A great aid to digestion with meals.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

CHINESE TROOPS KILL THOUSANDS

Mutineers in Shan-Si Murder Their General and Then Massacre 1,000 Manchus.

BURN HANKOW NATIVE CITY

Imperialist Soldiers Continue to Slay Inhabitants—Edict Orders National Assembly to Draw Up Constitution.

PEKING, Nov. 2.—An official dispatch from Shi-kia-Tan, Shan-Si Province, says that a regiment of Shan-Si troops which had been dispatched to assist the Imperialists has mutinied. The mutineers killed their Brigadier General and then bombarded the Manchu city, massacring 1,000 Manchus, including the Governor and his family. The Governor's yamen was destroyed.

The massacre of natives at Hankow by Imperialist troops, intelligence of which has reached both the War Board and the German legation, may prove a serious hindrance to the peace negotiations which Yuan Shi-Kai has been endeavoring to inaugurate with the rebel leaders.

The population of Hankow is estimated ordinarily at 500,000, but it is believed that every non-combatant who was able to escape proceeded into the country prior to the conflict. The Hankow streets are very narrow and the houses are closely packed. There are many wealthy Chinese merchants and manufacturers of objects in gold and silver. Undoubtedly many of their valuables had been removed to the foreign concessions and down the river by boats.

The concessions are divided from the native city by streets fifty or sixty feet wide, and it will be difficult to protect the foreign houses from fire or even from attack, as the Imperialists have evidently got beyond the control of their officers. The foreign defenders include marines from twelve gunboats of eight or nine nations, and also volunteers from among the missionaries and business men.

It is reported that the War Board at Peking has declined to accept the suggestion of foreign doctors that they form a Red Cross society on the lines of the Geneva Convention, the board seeming to feel that the rebels do not deserve humane treatment. The Hankow massacre, according to some advices, began before the departure of Gen. Yin-Tchang.

The German Legation to-day received a wireless message from the vicinity of Hankow stating that the imperial forces were burning the native city of Hankow and confirming the report to the War Board that the imperial troops massacred men, women, and children during several days' fighting. Letters from a correspondent at Sin-yang-Chow, written some days ago, declared that Yin-Tchang's troops were beyond control. They were described as insubordinate and as having looted the villages north of Hankow.

It is believed that Yuan Shi-Kai arrived at the Imperialist headquarters at Siao-Kan too late to stop the massacre, which had already begun.

Hundreds of Rebels Slain in Battle.

Letters dated Oct. 29 and Oct. 30 from the Associated Press correspondent with the Imperialist army at Hankow say that in the struggle for the possession of the city there was hand-to-hand fighting in the streets, the quarters being too close for shooting. The rebels, mostly raw recruits not understanding the use of rifles, were driven back with much slaughter, their dead piling up on the quay. The casualties among the Imperialists for two days, Oct. 28 and Oct. 29, were 30 killed and 160 wounded. The rebels lost about 700 killed or wounded.

The fighting, continues the correspondent, until the last three days had not been serious. The rebels had the advantage in the number of guns, but their shells did not explode. The imperials had the advantage in troops, but they were poorly provisioned. The royalist force, aggregating 25,000 men, advanced in three columns—the Third Mixed Brigade in advance, the Fourth Division supporting, and the Eleventh Mixed Brigade as a reserve. The fighting was done by the Third Brigade, the two others not being requisitioned. No prisoners were taken. Rebels captured alive were shot or decapitated.

It is learned that the most barbarous outrages were perpetrated on innocent persons in the villages. An officer of Ying-Tchang's staff explained that the outrages were committed by only forty men of the Hu-Pe division.

Gen. Ying-Tchang refused permission to the correspondents to proceed to the front and placed them under the strictest surveillance. At headquarters all telegrams undergo most rigid censorship.

The staff officers, says the correspondent, are quartered in an express train, with an engine attached for immediate service. The chief of staff, Col. Yi, is at the front directing the operations of the soldiers of the Tenth Division along the railway line. A temple five hundred yards from the encampment is used as a hospital, but its accommodation is limited. Only the slightly wounded are treated there, the more serious cases being sent to the mission hospitals at Siao-Kan. The medical service is under the superintendence of a Surgeon General, and about one hundred assistants are scattered along the line as far north as Pao-ting-Fu. Some of the doctors are of the old Chinese school of medicine, while others have been trained in Japan and elsewhere abroad.

Soldiers Indifferent.

The General Staff consists mostly of men trained in Germany and Japan, but the campaign does not reflect much credit upon them, as they are seemingly ignorant of the country. The soldiers are in good spirits, but apparently are indifferent to the proceedings at the front. They are not bothered by their officers. They do as they please. Coming from the northern provinces, they have no sympathy with the rebels.

Trains come and go at all hours. The military and railway authorities are constantly embroiled. The railway employes complain that the soldiers and officers beat them, and many of them have taken to flight. As a consequence some of the trains are run by soldiers, who do the work badly. There are no roads sufficiently wide for carts, and there are many swamps, creeks, and fields between the imperial headquarters and Hankow. This results in delay in bringing up cannon for action.

Prior to the opening of operations on Oct. 27, Gen. Yin-Tchang told the respective commanders that the advance must be made, and rewards were offered to the soldiers for every gun captured. The advance was slow because the imperialists had to wade through pools for much of the distance. The rebels, who at first numbered not more than 1,000, shot from the housetops until compelled to retire, the shells from the warships setting the houses on fire.

Gen. Wong Chou-Yuen, commanding the Third Brigade, and Gen. Wong Yin-Chat, commanding the Fourth Division, stood bravely holding revolvers and shooting soldiers who refused to fight. The casualties in the first day's engagements were officially reported as 40 killed and 150 wounded. They were probably much larger than that. The rebel losses were 400 killed or wounded. Only eight guns were captured from the rebels, two of which had previously been rendered useless.

Dispatches received in Peking to-night say that the rebels occupied Chin-Hsin-Sen on Monday, but on the following day

Continued on Page 2.

AMERICAN PRINCES
Four of them — Cardinals Gibbons, Farley, O'Connell, and Falconio—will be entitled to meet Kings on equal terms. What their elevation means will be told by "A Veteran Diplomat" in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

SNOW AND COLD GRIP THE WHOLE COUNTRY

One to Two Inches Fall in Northern New York—Flurry in This City.

ZERO WEATHER IN DAKOTA

Fruit Crop in Indiana Suffers and Top Cotton Crop in Texas May Be Ruined.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Fair and continued cold Friday and Saturday; moderate west to northwest winds.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The cold wave has tightened its grasp on the country from the Rocky Mountains eastward to New England and southward as far as Northern Texas and across the Gulf States to Northern Florida. Temperatures below freezing were reported from most of this territory to-day and Weather Bureau officials said there appeared to be no warmer weather in sight for a couple of days at least.

The first zero weather of the season was reported from Huron, S. D. From this the temperatures ranged to four above in Moorehead, Minn.; Omaha, 16; Valentine, Neb, 8.; Sioux City, 10, and 16 at St. Paul.

Snow visited Northern Texas, which is experiencing the coldest weather on record for the season. In Amarillo it was 16 and at Abilene, 32. Extending eastward the temperatures were: Oklahoma City, 26; Fort Smith, Little Rock, and Memphis, 30; Nashville, 28, and Asheville, N. C., 30.

In the lake region and eastward to New England the cold weather has been accompanied by snow. In Chicago, St. Louis, and Indianapolis the temperature was 22; Cincinnati, 26; Louisville, 28; Pittsburgh, 30; New York, 36; Philadelphia and Washington, 40; Buffalo, 26; Detroit, 18, and Burlington, Vt., 24.

ALBANY, Nov. 2.—Albany experienced the first snow squall of the season today. It melted as soon as it fell.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 2.—Snow driven by a brisk west wind has fallen here to the depth of an inch.

SYRACUSE, Nov. 2.—The ground is white here with the first snowstorm of the Winter.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2.—About two inches of snow fell here early to-day. The weather cleared at noon and the snow melted.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Nov. 2.—A snowstorm of a few minutes' duration, but blizzard-like in appearance, visited this part of Pennsylvania to-day.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Nov. 2.—Eighteen inches of snow blanketed the Northern Indiana and lower Michigan fruit belt this morning. Great damage is reported, as the apple and pear harvest have not been completed.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 2.—The temperature is down nearly to the freezing point to-night in nearly all of the cotton belt of Texas. A general freezing before morning is predicted. If this is fulfilled the top cotton crop, which promised to be large, will be killed.

FIRST SNOW OF NOVEMBER.

Only a Few Flakes and They Melted—Some on Oct. 14 Last Year.

The first real snow of Winter fell in New York yesterday. It was not much, but there was enough of it to make it certain that it was really snowing.

The few stray flakes were driven in from the north by the crisp northwest wind shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

For a few minutes the air was full of tiny white particles. They were whirled through the canyons of the city and added a touch of Winter to the scene along the water front, where thousands were massed to watch the outward movement of the fleet.

The wind, which had been pronounced "not so bad" by early morning workers, increased in force, and by noon it was strong enough to send hats flying. It was going at a sixty-mile gait when the snow flurry came. The temperature was 44 degrees at 1 P. M., but the wind made it appear much colder.

The snow did not create any sensation at the Weather Bureau. A search showed that the first snow, unofficially reported, here last year was on Oct. 14.

The mercury at 10 o'clock last night had reached the freezing point, the minimum temperature for the day. It is going to be overcoat weather for the next two days, so the weather forecaster said last night. Moderate winds will accompany the cold.

Policemen Dawson of Madison Street and Coffey of Elizabeth Street were tried yesterday by Deputy Commissioner Dillon for building fires while on stationary posts. Dawson was fined three days' pay and Coffey five days' pay.

WILL READ BEATTIE STORY.

Judge Waddill Requests Bill of Particulars in Richmond Journal Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 2.—The case of the Government versus The Richmond Evening Journal, charged with sending through the mails certain objectionable evidence in the Beattie murder case, was argued before Judge Edmund Waddill in the United States District Court to-day.

S. P. Patterson maintained that the indictment was far too indefinite, as the paper containing the alleged objectionable publications had many columns of the trial reports under the heads specified in the indictment.

J. H. Price, in defending the liberty of the press, cited the Rosen case as a crucial one, relating to the Tenderloin number of a New York publication, the attorney contending that the defendant is entitled to a bill of particulars showing specifically just what part of the report was considered unmailable.

Mr. Price explained that The Journal's reports of the Beattie trial were carefully written and carefully edited during the course of the trial and were published in the conscientious discharge of the paper's duty.

Judge Waddill asked the District Attorney for a bill of particulars and reserved his decision until he peruses the details.

BLINDS JEWEL THIEF WITH A QUICK SHOT

Jersey City Jeweler, Undaunted by Leveled Revolver, Draws His Own and Fires.

POWDER IN THIEF'S EYES

Merchant's Wife Has Him Covered with Her Pistol When He Recovers—Stole, He Says, to Feed Mother.

A young man, noticeable particularly for the big, slouch hat which he wore pulled down over his eyes, entered the jewelry shop of Harry Sigmund at 252 Central Avenue, Jersey City Heights, N. J., shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday, and asked to see some diamond rings. Sigmund drew a tray from the shelves beneath his counter and stooped to get another. As he straightened up and looked over the counter at his customer he found himself gazing into the barrel of a revolver.

"Put up your hands," commanded the young man who held the weapon pointing unwaveringly at Sigmund's head. "Up with 'em in a hurry, if you don't want to be shot."

The man's manner and his words were convincing of his determination, but the jeweler, acting on first impulse, snatched his own revolver from a nook beneath the counter, and thrusting it suddenly almost into the face of the youth across the counter, exclaimed:

"Drop that gun and put up your own hands. I'll shoot in an instant."

The words scarcely left the jeweler's mouth when there was a report. The man had fired pointblank at Sigmund, but the bullet, missing the jeweler by a hair, lodged in the wall behind him. The report of Sigmund's revolver was like an echo of the first shot and his bullet sped through the big hat of the man in front of him. So near had his gun been held that the powder filled the man's eyes and he dropped his own revolver, clapping his hands to his eyes with a cry of pain.

The reports and the cry brought Mrs. Bertha Sigmund running from a rear room. She saw her husband still holding his revolver in front of him. Across the counter crouched the hold-up man still holding his hands over his eyes. Mrs. Sigmund ran back to her room and got another revolver. Returning, she covered the man with it, telling her husband:

"I've got him covered. You get a policeman."

But Sigmund would not leave his wife alone with the man. He called to his twelve-year-old daughter Helen, who had stood terrified in the doorway leading from the store to the rooms in the rear and told her to run to the Central Avenue Police Station, less than three quarters of a block away. While the child was gone, Sigmund and his wife both held their weapons covering the stranger who, however, made no attempt to escape.

Helen returned with Capt. Cummings and Policemen Miller and Reilly, who grabbed the hold-up man. They led him to the station, where he said he was Charles Smith, but admitted later that his right name was Charles Myer of 1,623 Broadway, Williamsburg.

In his pockets the police found a piece of iron gas pipe, about a foot long. It was wrapped in a handkerchief. There was also a small phial filled with cyanide of potassium. Myer was asked why he carried the poison and he said that he had had it to take himself, rather than submit to arrest. He had not dared reach for it, he said, while the revolvers of Sigmund and his wife were pointed at him.

Myer said he had been a chemist and the sole support of his aged parents. Four weeks ago he lost his job, and since then had been able to find no other.

"We were actually without food," said the youth, "and I had to get money some way. I couldn't see my mother starve. I tried to get work, but couldn't get even the smallest kind of a job and then I decided that I would turn robber. It seemed the only way I had to do something. I never meant to be arrested and would have taken the poison if I had had the chance."

Myer was not asked about the shooting, but Sigmund and the police do not believe that he shot at the jeweler intentionally. They think he pulled the trigger with an involuntary motion when the sight of Sigmund's weapon startled him. He was locked up, charged with attempted robbery.

In a little three-room flat at 1,623 Broadway, Williamsburg, the aged father of young Myer, an invalid, waited alone in the house for the return of his wife, who had gone to Jersey City as soon as she heard of her son's arrest. The wife and mother is almost blind. She was accompanied to Jersey City by a neighbor.

The father seemed unable to realize last night that his son had tried to rob a jeweler. He kept exclaiming that the lad was a good son and a good boy who never would have done such a thing. The old man said that his boy was the only support of the family, and that since he lost his job four weeks ago the family has been poverty-stricken. Mr. Myer is unable to work, but young Myer always brought home his earnings, and these sufficed to keep the family in the small flat.

Recently, Mr. Myer said, his son had complained of severe headaches. He thought these resulted from the young man's excessive study. He spent all his spare moments over a book and was trying hard, said his father, to improve his own condition and that of his parents. The father said that the son left the house at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, as he had been doing daily since he lost his job, looking for work of any sort. The father and mother had been worried over his failure to return, until then the police brought them word of his arrest.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. SCHLEY.

Successful at Reno, She Announces Coming Marriage in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Rachel Schley, who this afternoon obtained a decree of divorce from William Schley in the District Court, says she is to marry Dr. Cleveland Kimball of New York.

Mrs. Schley obtained her decree on the grounds of desertion and failure to provide. She said her husband deserted her at Philadelphia in 1905 and has failed to provide for her since that time. Her husband is now a practicing physician of Everett, Mass. He made no contest, but was represented in court by local counsel. The Schleys were married at Wilmington, Del., in June, 1902. They have one child, now with the defendant's parents in New York City. No disposition was made of the child by the court, none being asked by the plaintiff.

Mrs. Schley says her husband is a relative of the late Rear Admiral Schley and asserts that the Admiral gave a dinner in her honor when she became Mrs. Schley. At the time of the marriage she said that she and her husband agreed not to live together until after he was graduated from a medical college. He got his degree two years later.

At Dr. Kimball's office, 103 East Twenty-ninth Street, it was said that Dr. Kimball was out, and that no one there knew anything about Mrs. Schley.

MOROCCO TREATY COMPLETE

Entire Document Will, It Is Announced, Be Signed To-morrow.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The German Foreign Minister, Herr von Kiderlen-Wächter, and the French Ambassador, M. Cambon, to-day "initialed" the Congo portion of the Morocco treaty.

This means that the treaty is now complete, and it is semi-officially announced that the entire document will be signed on Saturday.

HONOR FOR F. C. PENFIELD.

The Pope Confers Upon New Yorker the Grand Cross of St. Gregory.

Word was received here yesterday from Rome that the Pope had conferred upon Frederic Courtland Penfield the Grand Cross of the Order of St. Gregory in recognition of his benefactions to Catholic educational institutions. It is believed that Mr. Penfield is the first American to receive the highest class of the St. Gregory Order, of which there are four degrees.

J. P. MORGAN TURNED DOWN.

Check for Harvard-Yale Tickets Returned by the Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—J. Pierpont Morgan applied for two tickets for the Harvard-Yale game, inclosing his check for $4, but the Harvard Athletic Committee returned the money because Mr. Morgan stated he would not be able to attend the game himself. This under the rule of the committee made his request out of order.

It is probable, however, that the decision will be reconsidered and that Mr. Morgan's guests will be sitting in the stadium when the Crimson and the Blue line up against each other on November 25.

GERMANY MISLED TURKEY.

Is Said to Have Assured Her That Italy Would Not Attack Tripoli.

LONDON, Friday, Nov. 3.—The Daily Telegraph's Constantinople correspondent says that a sensation has been caused by the revelation that Hakki Bey, the ex-Grand Vizier, if impeached for neglect in the defense of Tripoli, will declare that the German Ambassador repeatedly assured him that Italy would never send a regiment or a ship to Tripoli.

For that reason, it is added, Hakki's Cabinet did not consider it necessary to dispatch troops or war material to Tripoli.

LUSITANIA LATE.

Coming In Through Head Seas—Mauretania a Christmas Ship Again.

Owing to the delay in leaving Liverpool through the accident to the boat train and a further two hours' delay waiting for the mails at Queenstown, the Cunard liner Lusitania will not reach her pier until about 8:30 o'clock this morning. She was reported passing Nantucket Lightship at 5:20 o'clock last night in a heavy head sea and strong westerly gale.

Her sister ship, the Mauretania, is scheduled to repeat the round trip in twelve days she accomplished last Christmas. She will sail from Liverpool on Saturday, Dec. 9, arriving on Dec. 14 or early Dec. 15, and sailing again from this port on Saturday, Dec. 16, at 6 P. M.

BRIDE GETS $1,000,000 GIFT.

Miss Rebecca Kruttschnitt Is Married to Henry C. Woodhouse.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—Miss Rebecca Krutschnitt, daughter of Julius Kruttschnitt, head of the Harriman lines, was married here to-day to Henry Clifford Woodhouse off Canada. The bride came here from her home in Chicago to be married to young Woodhouse, who was too busy to make the trip to Chicago.

The ceremony was performed by the Right Rev. Mgr. J. M. Laval, Vicar General of the Catholic Diocese, at the home of Mrs. Joseph P. Blair. Only a few friends were present. The g--- of Julius Kruttschnitt is said to have been stocks and bonds, with values aggregating about $1,000,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodhouse started for San Francisco on their bridal tour on a special Pullman car, placed at their disposal by the Pullman Company.

LITTLE BOOM FOR WILSON.

Direct Primaries Talk at the Hotel Astor Goes Astray.

A Woodrow Wilson boom was started last night at a meeting of the Democratic League in the Hotel Astor. Ostensibly the gathering was called to hear J. L. Newman of Jersey City, a member of the Woodrow Wilson League of New Jersey, give his views on the working of direct primaries in New Jersey.

The Executive Committee of the Democratic League had invited the leader from each of the thirty-five Assembly Districts in Manhattan and the Bronx to be present, and altogether 300 persons were there to learn how the direct primary law which will come into effect here on Nov. 15 is likely to work.

But before long Mr. Newman was introducing praise of Gov. Wilson, and his lead was taken up by the Chairman, C. B. Cruickshank, and other speakers. Direct primaries were forgotten and the meeting set to work to boom Gov. Wilson.

WOLVES CHASE DEER IN CITY.

Quarry Escapes, but Its Body Is Later Found Outside Anaconda.

Special to The New York Times.

ANACONDA, Mon., Nov. 2.—A band of timber wolves chased a large deer into Anaconda early this morning. The deer escaped after a desperate resistance, repeatedly turning his antlers upon the pursuing pack. Persons aroused by the disturbance took several shots at the wolves without effect.

Later the partially devoured carcass of the deer was found in one of the suburbs of the city. The wolves had cornered its quarry in a clump of brush. This is the first time that any game animal has been killed within the city limits by a wolf or other wild beast.

Wolves have been unusually numerous in this section of the State since the cold weather set in. It is believed that they are drifting in from the foot hills and plains in search of sheep, with which the mountain valley ranches are filled.

CRETA CREME HAND SOAP
For garage, shop, office, shaving and bath.
—Adv.

TAFT REVIEWS MIGHTY FLEET

Total of 3,690 Guns Fired in the Greatest Salutes to a President.

HE'S FOR A LARGER NAVY

Wants More Destroyers and Swift Cruisers, and Would Have Higher Naval Rank.

THE ARMADA GOES TO SEA

Addition of the Florida and Utah Makes Us Once More the Second Naval Power.

Amid the roar of a simultaneous salute of twenty-one guns from twenty-four battleships, two armored and nine unarmored cruisers and gunboats, President Taft broke his flag from the maintruck of the naval yacht Mayflower yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Within the next half hour the salute, totaling 735 guns, covered the river with a sheet of smoke from Fifty-seventh Street to Fort Washington Point. It was twice repeated while thousands stood on the Hudson shore and watched and cheered the mighty fleet.

It was the greatest naval day this country has known in time of peace, and, as the President himself afterward expressed it, those who witnessed the wonderful sight that was staged in the Hudson must have been proud of the ships and the men who made the spectacle possible.

There were two reviews, both the greatest of their kind ever held in American waters. The first, a review of the ships at anchor by the President, went off without a moment's delay. The second, in the afternoon, which brought the battleships and all the other ships, big and little, save a quartet of reserve battleships, past the Mayflower, was also a great spectacle, although the unsuccessful efforts to rescue a sailor who fell overboard from the battleship New Jersey delayed the start of the review for more than an hour.

Mr. Taft Much Impressed.

The President said he was deeply impressed with the splendid showing of the fleet commanded by Rear Admiral Osterhaus. He faced a fifty-mile gale, with head bared, for more than an hour, during which time battleship after battleship, armored cruisers, and torpedo craft sped by him on their way to sea. When he left the bridge of the Mayflower, in response to a request from the reporters he said he favored a navy of the highest possible efficiency. He added that the navy needed great cruiser battleships of the Inflexible kind, and he let it be known that he is heartily in favor of the creation of a higher rank in the navy, and if he can't get the title of Admiral, he wants that of Vice Admiral for our fleet commanders.

"Those who saw the fighting fleet which was assembled in New York harbor to-day," the President said, "could not fail to be struck with its preparedness and with its high military efficiency, and must have been proud of its personnel.

"The demonstration has had an educational value in arousing patriotism, in increasing the general knowledge of and interest in the navy, in illustrating the ability to mobilize on short notice, and in showing the skill of the officers who turned the whole fleet in the narrow river and sent it to sea at the rate of fourteen knots per hour.

"The equipment of the fleet is excellent, except as to the number of destroyers and cruisers and colliers in proportion to the whole number.

"We had in the fleet to-day twenty-two destroyers, and to meet the full requirements there should have been approximately 100 destroyers, or an average of four to each battleship. It is true that there has been a marked improvement in the type of colliers and fast cruisers in our navy, but it is also true that we haven't a sufficient number.

Need High-Speed Cruisers.

"In addition to building great battleships other nations are building enormous high-speed cruisers—twenty-eight knots per hour—and it is believed that our navy should be similarly equipped. Unless a navy is maintained at the highest possible state of efficiency it is a needless extravagance.

"I am more than ever convinced of the desirability of conferring upon the commanding officer of our fleet the title of Admiral, or at least of Vice Admiral. At present the ranking officer is Rear Admiral, and this title is not commensurate with the importance of the fleet. At the review of the German fleet at Kiel a smaller number of ships was under the command of a full Admiral, two squadrons were commanded by Vice Admirals, and each of four divisions was commanded by a Rear Admiral."

The President did not say so, but it was learned from one of the highest naval authorities in this country that the United States has again taken second place among the naval powers of the world, a position she lost to Germany last year. The addition of the great superdreadnoughts Utah and Florida to the American active fleet, however, pushed Germany back to third place, and once more the United States has taken her place next to Great Britain among the great naval powers of the world.

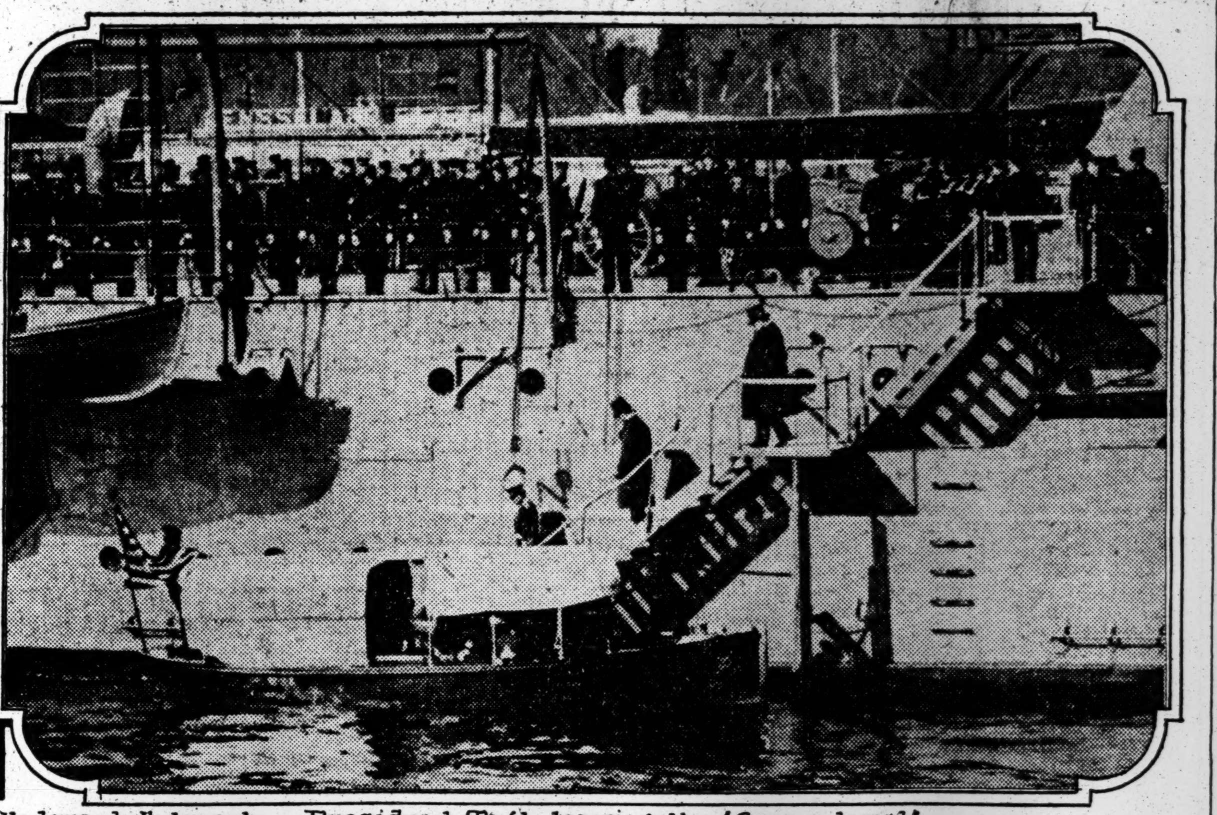
It was a chilly day on the water, but that did not worry the President. His face was ruddy as he faced the biting gale, but there was a satisfied smile on his face, and now and again he turned to the Secretary of the Navy, or one of his aids, and voiced his pride in the Atlantic Fleet.

The President arrived in Jersey City at 7:15 o'clock in the morning. With him were Lieut. Commander Leigh C. Palmer, his naval aid, and Major Archibald W. Butt, his military aid. The naval [illegible] Patuxent was moored off the [illegible]

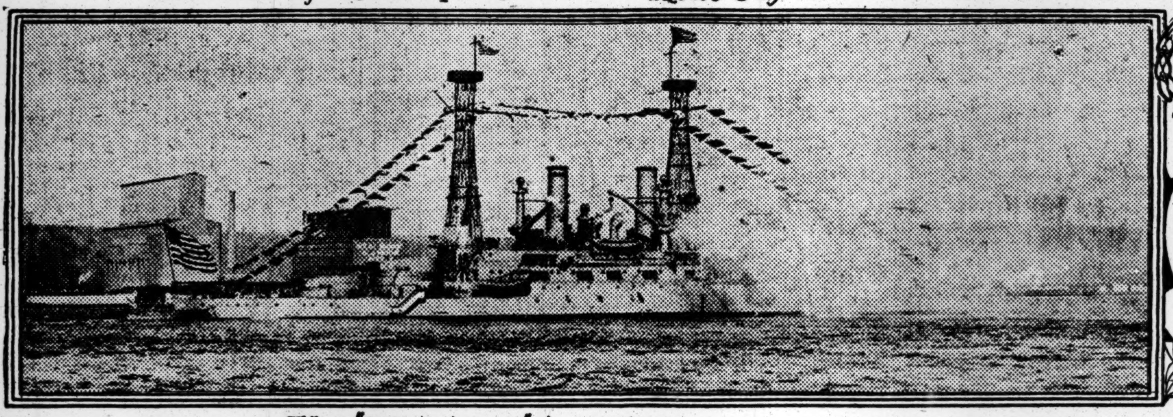
President Taft's Review of Our Mightiest Fleet of Battleships and Smaller Vessels.

"DUKE" of the Dolphin

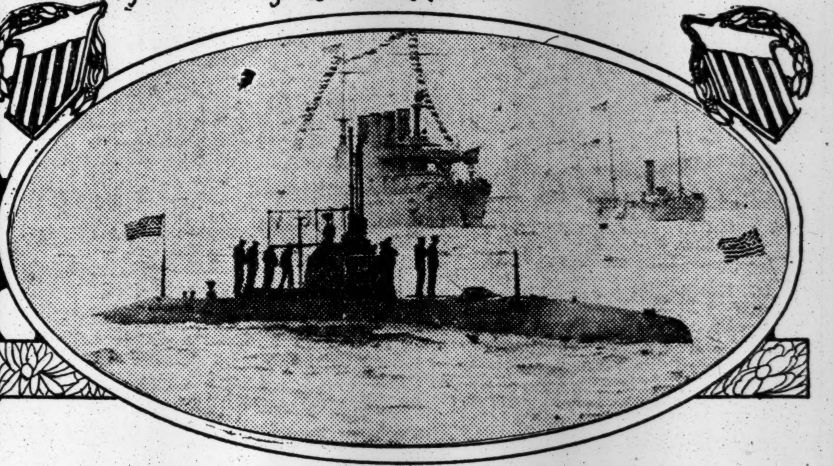
Photos © by Underwood & Underwood.



President Taft leaving the "Connecticut"



The "Michigan" Saluting



The Submarine "Tarpon"

vania station waiting to take him to the Mayflower. Lieut. A. L. Bristol of Rear Admiral Leutze's staff was in command of the tug. At 8 o'clock the President left his private car and was immediately transferred to the Mayflower, which was anchored off Twenty-third Street.

President on the Mayflower.

On the Mayflower the President was joined by his wife and his brother, Henry W. Taft; Secretary of the Navy Meyer, Rear Admirals Richard Wainwright, Charles E. Vreeland, Frank F. Fletcher, and William P. Parker, all of the Navy Department in Washington, and Capt. Philip Andrews, U. S. N., who is to be the next Chief of the Bureau of Navigation.

The President had an interval of an hour and a half in which to admire unofficially the great armada that was anchored north of Fifty-seventh Street. He went on the bridge of the Mayflower and was there for nearly half an hour. Ahead he saw a sight such as no President before him had ever witnessed—a column of mighty dreadnoughts, battleships, and armored cruisers, the total tonnage of which was officially given as 395,864 tons.

Those that he could see were gorgeous in their naval full dress, and between their masts and from masts to decks, astern and forward, fluttered hundreds of signal flags, made into every conceivable color combination.

On the warships in the meantime all was activity. Officers and bluejackets were in full dress, and each was on the lookout to catch the salute from off Twenty-third Street which would mean that the President's flag had been broken from the Mayflower's maintruck and that the President was on the way. The hour set for that salute was 9:30, but it was some minutes after that before the Mayflower's gunners fired the first of the twenty-one guns.

As the smoke from the last of the guns died away the bands on thirty-five battleships and other fighting craft struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner," officers and men stood at attention, and then there roared over the Hudson the greatest simultaneous salute ever fired by an American fleet.

This first grand salute, the smoke from which blanketed the Hudson for the whole length of the column, totaled 756 guns. Never before had a salute that can compare with it been fired in the history of the United States. In that first salute the Dolphin joined, and it was her twenty-one that brought the total to 756. In the other two simultaneous salutes that were to follow in rapid succession the Dolphin did not participate, and these were, therefore, of 735 guns each. All in all 3,690 guns were fired in honor of the President before the official day ended.

The Mayflower was slowly steaming up the river as the guns roared in salute, and she was anchoring when the echo of the last of them died away. As soon as the President's yacht came to a stop and the gangplank was lowered launches bearing Admiral Osterhaus, his staff, and the division officers of the fleet came alongside. The five Admirals and the fleet staff officers went aboard and paid their respects to the President. Their stay was brief, and all returned to the Connecticut, aboard which the President was to return the call.

A few minutes before 10 o'clock the electric launch of the Mayflower, with the President, Secretary Meyer, and Admirals Wainwright, Vreeland, Potter, and Fletcher, and Capt. Andrews and the President's naval and military aids, left the side of the Mayflower. On the Connecticut the officers stood at attention on the starboard side of the quarterdeck.

At the head of the gangway stood Admiral Osterhaus and the division commanders. The bluejackets manned the rail, and every man had his hand to his cap in salute. The red-coated Marine Band and the buglers and drummers were aft on the quartedeck. The bo'sun who was to pipe the Nation's Chief over the side stood near the gangway, ready to do his part in the ceremony. The Marine Guard was massed aft, and the officer commanding, resplendent in gold and red and blue, was at attention.

He Piped for the President.

When the President's launch came alongside and Mr. Taft started up the gangplank the bo'sun piped, and then came four ruffles of the drum, followed by four flourishes by the buglers. As the fourth flourish was finished the drum major of the Marine Band raised his baton and strains of "The Star-Spangled Banner" filled the air.

The Marine Guard presented arms, the officers saluted, and the President's blue flag with the National coat of arms in the centre, was displayed from the mainmast. Then began the second of the salutes that roared over the city from a point nearly opposite Times Square clear up to the quiet hills behind Fort Washington Point.

The President remained on the flagship about twenty minutes. He walked between the rigid lines of bluejackets and smiled his appreciation of their fine appearance. He remained only a few minutes with Admiral Osterhaus in the latter's quarters. Then he came back on deck and once more the officers and bluejackets saluted.

Secretary Meyer and the naval officers with the President had preceded him down the gangway and were in the launch waiting for him. The President walked briskly to the gangway, and was just starting down when the band struck up the National anthem. The President stopped, and, lifting his hat, remained at the head of the gangway until the last bar, then hurried down to the launch and started back to the Mayflower. As the launch got under way the salute of 735 guns once more echoed up and down the river. In less than half an hour 2,247 guns had been fired in the President's honor.

Immediately after returning to the Mayflower the President told Lieut. Powers Symington, commander of the yacht, to get under way and the review of the fleet at anchor was on.

The Mayflower headed for the Connecticut at a speed of about twelve knots an hour. Close astern sped the dispatch boat Dolphin. President Taft stood on the bridge of the Mayflower. With him were the Secretary of the Navy, the Admirals on duty at the Navy Department, Commander Palmer, and Commander Symington. The bluejackets of the Connecticut manned the rail, every man facing the Mayflower, his eyes focused on the President, and his hand touching his cap in salute. The marines presented arms and the officers on the quarterdeck saluted.

When the Mayflower was abreast of the flagship the band struck up the National anthem and as the Mayflower cleared the flagship the gunners began firing the fourth salute fired within an hour in the President's honor.

After the Connecticut came the Michigan and South Carolina, the first vessels of the dreadnought type built for the United States Navy. The President noted the bright red pennant with the big black ball in the centre which indicated that the Michigan in battle efficiency is the champion of the navy.

The Connecticut displayed a single string of signal flags between her masts and from the masts to her decks, but the Michigan had gone the flagship one better, and instead of one there were two strings of flags aflutter.

The Delaware, the dreadnought that was the feature of the coronation review at Spithead last Summer, was next in line after the Michigan, and the huge all-big-gun ship never showed off better than when the President's yacht steamed past her. Her bluejackets stood at attention, each with his hand resting on the shoulder of the bluejacket on his right. The crew made a fine appearance, and the President smiled his happiest as he bared his head to "The Star-Spangled Banner," and returned the salute of the officers on the quarterdeck.

The ceremony was repeated as ship after ship was passed, and as soon as one ceased firing the President's salute, the firing being so timed that the twenty-first gun of one ship was fired just as the Mayflower was abeam of the next ship above, then that ship would begin saluting.

All the way up the river to the anchorage of the mine layer San Francisco, the last of the saluting vessels in the column, there was hardly a moment on the trip of the Mayflower when guns were not thundering.

After passing Grant's Tomb, above which the protected cruisers were anchored on the New Jersey side, making a double column, both lines were barking out their tributes of powder and smoke at the same time.

The President expressed the greatest pride in the naval spectacle, and referred to the fine appearance of the crews and the spotless cleanliness of decks and guns. He let it be known that he would continue to urge upon Congress the necessity of building at least two great super-deadnoughts a year until the Panama Canal is in actual operation. The canal, he declared, would double the efficiency of the navy, and from that time on one battleship a year might suffice to keep the American Navy in the forefront of the world's military powers.

As the Mayflower passed ship after ship those on board noted the great crowds on Riverside Drive watching the review. The throng extended all the way from Seventy-second Street to the northern end of the Viaduct.

The President did not end his review with the Florida and Utah, the newest of the dreadnoughts, whose going into commission made the American Navy second again, as did Secretary Meyer on Wednesday. He neglected none of the ships, however humble, when it comes to fighting power. After the Mayflower had received the tributes of the Utah and Florida she kept right on wending her way in and out among the big naval colliers and auxiliaries anchored just south of Spuyten Duyvil.

Then the Mayflower swung south again and passed rapidly down the river between the column of armored vessels and the torpedo craft, the crews of each vessel lining the rail as the Mayflower steamed by and the bands playing the National anthem. There were no salutes on the downward trip.

Owing to the half a gale and the necessity of his leaving New York on the 5 o'clock train for Virginia, the President on his arrival here vetoed the arrangement which was for him to review the fleet under way from a point near the Statue of Liberty. He decided to review it from the New York side opposite Twenty-third Street.

The New Jersey was anchored off 133d Street, and everything was ready for the start aboard that ship and the bluejackets were hauling in the starboard gangplank. All of the barges had been hoisted aboard and the engineers had informed Capt. Craven that they were ready whenever he gave the command to get under way. Gustav Frey, a young seaman, was one of the men hauling in the gangplank. In some way not explained in the wireless report to the flagship Frey lost his balance and fell overboard.

Within a minute after the sailor had struck the water boats had been launched from the New Jersey, and in response to signals and wireless requests other boats were launched from the battleships Georgia, Nebraska, Virginia, and Ohio. Life preservers were thrown overboard, and within two minutes boats were all headed for the place where the young bluejacket was last seen struggling in the water.

For an hour the search for the body was kept up, but no trace of the body was found. It was this effort to recover the body that delayed the start of the review under way until after 3 o'clock.

At 3:05 the signal from the Connecticut went up for the fleet to get under way. The gale was blowing forty miles an hour then, and the ships still pointed up stream in the swing of ebb tide. The gay streamers came down as if by magic, and then the flags astern were hauled down and sent up to the mainmast. A white pennant, signifying that she was the guide ship, was displayed from the Connecticut. Then the task of turning the huge ironclads practically in their own length and with both tide and wind against them began. Naval officers on the Mayflower who witnessed the manoeuvre, said it was one of the finest exhibitions of seamanship ever seen in the navy. At 3:15 the fleet began moving down the river in column.

The President took his place on the bridge of the Mayflower. The Secretary of the Navy was beside him, as was also Admiral Wainwright, the aid for operations. Down the river came the long line while torpedo boats skimmed up and down on both sides keeping excursion craft out of the way. The ships were coming at a speed of fourteen knots an hour, their bows throwing up snowy spray.

The flagship Connecticut, speeding past the Mayflower, for the last time in the navy's big day, fired the twenty-one guns for the President.

The Michigan came down at the heels of the flagship. She looked every inch the navy champion that she is, and the President voiced his pride in her. After the Michigan steamed the still bigger dreadnought Delaware and her big sister, the North Dakota, floating fortresses, going at fourteen knots.

Then one after another at intervals of only four hundred yards and in perfect alignment came the Louisiana, South Carolina, Kansas, Vermont, New Hampshire, Minnesota, Mississippi, Idaho, Missouri, Ohio, Virginia, Nebraska, New Jersey, Georgia, and Utah, and then there was a lapse in the line. Somebody said the Florida was not coming down.

"Yes, she is; there she is way up off Seventy-second Street," said Capt. Andrews, and, sure enough, there she was all alone, coming down the river under her own power. There were no tugs clinging to her, as was the case on Monday when she steamed out of the Navy Yard for the first time to take her place in the fleet.

Following the Florida came a fleet of torpedo craft, then the auxiliaries and protected cruisers, and lastly the little submarines.

Immediately after the review President Taft left for Hot Springs, Va., where he will rest four days and then start on another tour that will take him into Kentucky and Tennessee.

FLEET HELPED TRAFFIC.

More Than a Million Passengers Daily on the Subway and Elevated Lines.

During the visit of the fleet the traffic on the Subway and the Sixth and Ninth Avenue elevated systems showed an enormous increase, according to General Manager Frank Hedley.

"During the days the fleet was in the Hudson," he said, "the crowds of passengers carried on the elevated and Subway lines were tremendous. Last Monday, for instance, the lines carried more than 1,000,000 passengers on the Subway and another 1,000,000 on the elevated lines. Yesterday, covering the twenty-four-hour period, the equipment on the lines operated without a single failure, that is to say, we did not experience a moment's delay to any car movement on account of the equipment.

"The Subway carried for the twenty-four-hour period 1,039,832 passengers, and the car mileage ran up to 180,000 miles. At the same time the elevated lines carried 930,415 passengers, and the car mileage was 195,000."

WORK FOR MERCHANT MARINE

Committee of One Hundred Forms a National Association.

The Merchant Marine Committee of One Hundred held a meeting last evening in the Waldorf-Astoria and organized a National Merchant Marine Association. The forming of the nation-wide movement was accompanied by much discussion as to the need of having our flag flying on every sea and the necessity of enlightening a "benighted Congress" to the widespread desire for an American merchant marine. John H. Hanan, the shoe manufacturer, was elected President of the new organization, C. D. Durkee, treasurer, and James L. Ewell, secretary.

The directors elected are Charles F. Wiebusch, J. A. Coffin, John E. Fisher, George W. Gittins, George R. Burrows, Harry C. Loudenbaugh, Andrew J. McIntosh, Fred A. Wurzbach, and E. C. Bennett.

About thirty-five members of the Committee of One Hundred attended last night's meeting. Fred A. Wurzbach was made permanent chairman, and among those present were J. T. B. Bogardus, Fred W. Renschine, H. A. Johnson, W. A. Body, John D. Long, H. J. Holt, and Thomas A. McMillan.

The first meeting of the new organization will be held late in January.

FIRED UPON ALL DAY BY DEER HUNTERS

Every Few Miles in Jersey Woods a Load of Buckshot Met McCoubrah and Party.

SHOT AS HE AIMED HIMSELF

Never Again, Says He, as He Returns Home with a Grazed Head and Wounded Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., Nov. 2.—Robert McCoubrah of Bloomfield reached home to-day from Morris County, where he was made a target by hunters three times yesterday in mistake for a deer. He declared that hereafter he will do his hunting in his back yard. With two companions, McCoubrah started Tuesday night for Wanaque, where deer had been reported, and at daylight yesterday morning they started out in search of the game.

McCoubrah, who was leading his companions, entered a small piece of woods where there was much underbrush, and no sooner had he done so than there was the sharp click of a gun and McCoubrah's hat was riddled with buckshot, some of which plowed along the roots of his hair, leaving a red streak. This was followed by another shot, which did no harm, but caused the men to throw themselves to the ground and cry out to the attacking hunters to stop firing. The latter disappeared at once.

McCoubrah and his companions finally reached Midvale, and there he received a charge of shot in the leggin on his right leg. The thick, heavy leather was all that saved him from injury. Before they got out of the woods they came upon a number of hunters who fired at anything and everything that moved. After McCoubrah had given them a piece of his mind, he and his friends started for home, fearing to remain in the untamed country any longer.

According to McCoubrah, when they reached the main road they went into a farm house to get something to eat. They were informed there by a farm hand that several deer had been seen at Pequannock, a few miles distant, and that there was not a hunter in sight.

This caused the Bloomfield men to change their minds and instead of continuing toward home they started for Pequannock. As they entered a wood lot near Pompton Plains they sighted a deer. They manoeuvred a little to get a line on it, and just as McCoubrah raised his gun to fire he received seven buckshot in his left hand from a gun fired from a thicket. McCoubrah says he did not stay to learn who fired the shot, but "beat it" to the Lincoln Park Station of the Lackawanna Railroad, where he boarded a train for Boonton. There he visited a physician, who extracted the shot and dressed his hand.

McCoubrah says that he learned at Boonton that five men besides himself had been shot by hunters yesterday, some seriously.

RICHESON QUITS PASTORATE.

Church Receives His Resignation—Trial Unlikely Before January.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—The Finance Committee of the Immanuel Baptist Church of Cambridge had before it to-night the resignation of the pastor, the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, who is under indictment on a charge of murdering Miss Avis Linnell of Hyannis, but the rules of the church allow no decisive action to be taken for nearly a fortnight. The letter of resignation will have to be read from the pulpit of the church on two successive Sundays, and then will have to be acted upon at a special meeting of the congregation, called by petition.

The letter, which was dated yesterday, was in the clergyman's own handwriting, and, according to the church officials, it gave no sign of nervousness on the part of the prisoner.

The resignation was in keeping with the hint in a letter sent to the church shortly after his arrest, conveying that he would resign if the jury should return a true bill against him. In this letter Mr. Richeson asked the church to suspend judgment until the Grand Jury had reported.

On Monday morning Richeson will be arraigned before Judge Sanderson in the superior criminal court. The minister will plead to the indictment, and will then be remanded to jail without bail, after the date for his trial has been fixed by the court. He is not likely to be tried before January or February.

DR. DOTY HELD GERMAN LINER

Fear of Cholera in Steerage of Prinzess Irene—Italian Ship Detained.

The North German Lloyd liner Prinzess Irene arrived in port yesterday from Naples and was held by Dr. Doty at Quarantine for examination, owing to a suspicious death in the steerage, possibly from cholera. The cabin passengers were cleared in the afternoon, but did not land owing to the rough weather. The 800 steerage passengers were held by Dr. Doty for a bacteriological examination today.

The Italian liner Duca degli Abruzzi, from Naples with 124 cabin and 1,210 steerage passengers, was also detained at Quarantine for examination. A steerage passenger named Giannini Pietro, 17 years old, died at sea on Oct. 29, but the case had no cholera symptoms.

CHINESE TROOPS KILL THOUSANDS

Continued from Page 1.

the imperialists drove them to Liang-tze-Kwang, an impregnable pass in mountainous country. The rebels have torn up a half-mile stretch of railroad and blocked the tunnel, and now hold the pass with a small body of men.

Peking Fears a Massacre.

The exodus from Peking continues, the doors of many shops as well as private houses being closed in anticipation of a massacre. The American missionaries, who have had a conference with the American Legation officials, have decided that a few soldiers placed in each of the four large mission compounds would suffice to prevent ordinary outlawry and looting, which is expected to begin any night. Should there be a general outbreak all the other missionaries could take refuge in the Methodist Mission, which is immediately east of the legation quarter and could easily be defended.

The diplomatic body will meet to-morrow to reconsider the question of allowing the Chinese troops to enter Tien-Tsin, a Consul there having made serious objection.

Another edict was issued to-day. It instructs the National Assembly to "organize the empire's constitutional laws, and submit them to us for consideration and issuance." This pronouncement is the immediate result of the memorial to the throne telegraphed by the Army League, in which it was stated that the throne's edict of Oct. 30 had made "the soldiers glad unto tears," but that the civil troubles "cannot be calmed until Parliament has actually organized." The National Assembly was requested to set to work upon a draft of the constitutional laws, as the soldiers desired to protect the throne and bring peace to the land.

The edict was read in the Assembly, where it was loudly applauded.

The Government's other plans for bringing about peace are moving forward rapidly, the Throne and the National Assembly working together. The Throne today ordered Yuan Shi-Kai, the new Premier, to return immediately to Peking, and simultaneously the National Assembly in its official capacity telegraphed to Gen. Li Yuan-Heng, the rebel leader, requesting him to suspend hostilities pending the result of the endeavor to settle the differences between all parties.

From a semi-official source it is learned that a subordinate of Yuan Shi-Kai has already conferred with Gen. Li Yuan-Heng. The latter expressed pleasure at the recent developments in Peking and agreed to meet Yuan Shi-Kai for a discussion of the situation.

Prince Ching, the retiring Premier, who is the only high Manchu official left in the capital, has agreed to memorialize the Throne with the following suggestions: First, that all laws opposed to constitutional methods be annulled immediately; second, that the election of Members of Parliament be undertaken without delay; third, that to the Provincial Assemblies throughout the Empire there be granted co-ordinate authority with the Provincial administrative officials; fourth, that in order to avert an open rupture with the Manchu royalty a plan be drawn up to provide for the support of the Manchu bannermen and pensioners, and that the "banners"—the eight divisions the imperial Manchu military—be disbanded; fifth, that the Manchu bannermen adopt Chinese surnames, and, sixth, that a formal proclamation be issued announcing that military force will not be used against the revolutionaries.

Reformers Not Agreed.

The drafting of a constitution is likely to prove a matter of difficulty because of the difference of opinion regarding the type of government to be adopted. The National Assembly is practically agreed upon a constitution based upon that of Great Britain, but the southern provinces, which must be conciliated, are still firm in their desire for a more republican form of union. This controversy is the main difficulty which Premier Yuan Shi-Kai is expected to overcome.

Gen. Yin-Tchang, who until a few days ago was commander of the imperial forces at Hankow, returned here to-day to become Chief of the General Staff. There was a great crowd at the station at the time of his arrival, but there was no demonstration.

It is understood that the National Assembly is showing determined opposition to the foreign loan, for which arrangements already have been made, arguing that such a loan is unnecessary, as many millions are hoarded in the Forbidden City.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 2.—A wireless message from Hankow to-day says that the revolutionists dynamited the arsenal at Han-Yang to prevent its seizure by the Imperialists.

There is some evidence of renewed activity on the part of the insurgents on the lower Yang-tse-Kiang. Well-informed persons assert that the imperial edicts granting a constitutional government and other concessions have not reached the mass of rebels, being purposely withheld until their leaders are absolutely assured of the sincerity of the Manchus' promises.

The Viceroy of Kiang-Su at Nanking shows determination to support the Government. The new troops have been disarmed and stationed outside the walls, where their encampment is covered by the guns of the old Manchu troops. Five hundred old troops have been sent to reinforce the soliders occupying the forts at Ching-Kiang. The officials at Wu-Hu and An-King have also asked that reinforcement of soldiers be sent to those cities.

The Cotton Yarn Guild adopted a resolution to-day authorizing the repudiation of forward contracts on the ground that the trade has been disrupted by the revolution.

MAY CLASH IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Opposing Chinese Parties to Hold Celebrations on Sunday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—Trouble in the Chinese quarter is threatened by a declaration to-day by the Chinese Empire Association, which represents the Constitutional Party in China, that it proposes to hold a counter-celebration next Sunday, when the Young China Association, composed of republican adherents, plans to celebrate the rebel victories in an elaborate manner.

The constitutionalists are of the opinion that the surrender of the imperial Government and its promise of reforms, backed by the return of Yuan Shi-Kai to almost complete power, realizes all for which they have striven. The proposed counter-celebration, it was said to-day, would be aimed against the republican propaganda.

The Young China organization is apparently little disturbed by the announcement. Plans for its gathering on Sunday are being completed.

MANCHURIA REVOLT FEARED.

Mohammedans May Join Chinese Rebels—Unrest at Mukden.

TOKIO, Nov. 2.—Revolutionary activity at Mukden is rumored, following reports intimating the danger of an uprising in other parts of Manchuria.

Some fear is expressed over the situation. Should the Chinese rebels ally themselves with the Mohammedan element, the movement might spread rapidly through the three eastern provinces.

Doubt is expressed here as to whether Yuan Shi-Kai will be able to perform the task he has undertaken. He has many inveterate enemies among the influential mandarins, who could hardly become reconciled to a policy that assured to Yuan a long tenure of office.

It is also feared that the revolutionists will not be disposed to compromise in view of the weakness of the Manchu Court, now so clearly exposed.

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HE RAN INTO A POLICE CELL.

Prisoner Thought He Was Making His Escape from Headquarters.

A prisoner tried to escape at Police Headquarters yesterday morning, but not knowing the exit arrangements of the building, ran straight into a cell. He gave his name as John Burns, 33 years old, and he said he lived at 310 West Thirtieth Street. He was arrested on Barclay Street earlier in the morning suspected of having smashed two showcases of a men's furnishing goods store.

Policeman Donahue of the Greenwich Street Station heard the crash of glass and ran to 75 Barclay Street, where he saw a jimmy lying on the sidewalk. Two outside showcases had been broken. He saw a man walking about half a block away and arrested him.

Donahue took Burns to Police Headquarters to let the squad look at him. They entered by the Centre Street side, going through a large room which opens on a corridor. The corridor has cells at each end, one end for men and the other for women. At the north end are those for the women, and a room where the matron receives visitors and women prisoners is reached before the cells, which are exposed from one side of the matron's room.

As soon as Donahue had led his man into this long corridor, Burns gave him a shove, jamming the policeman against the wall. Then Burns ran along the corridor, dodging into the matron's room, where he thought he could reach the street by some door he imagined was there. Donahue put after him.

Burns on running into the room was startled to see a lot of barred doors facing him. He was puzzled, but had only a second to think as Donahue was then coming through the door. Burns made a plunge through a door without knowing what he was doing and to his surprise and disgust he jumped into a cell. He turned around just in time to see Donahue.

The man was later arraigned before Magistrate Murphy in the Tombs Court and was discharged.

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FUSIONRALLIESDRAW INSPIRING CROWDS

Tammany, Frightened, Baited Its Ticket with Good Men, Seth Low Tells Harlemites.

PRENDERGAST ATTACKS DIX

Likens Governor in His Might to a Penny Whistle—Calls Murphy's Rule Vulgar Despotism.

The Fusion campaigners got out an enormous crowd in Senator James Frawley's district last night, a crowd that completely filled the New Star Casino in 107th Street, near Lexington Avenue. Ex-Mayor Seth Low, President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, Controller Prendergast, and James J. Hopper, candidate for Sheriff, all pitched into Tammany, Mayor Gaynor, the Board of Aldermen, and the Democratic Assembly. The meeting was enlivened by irrepressible voices from the audience.

J. Hampden Dougherty was the Chairman. "I must tell you," he said, "that you are a wonderfully handsome lot of people."

"'Ray for the people," said a voice.

"I have the pleasure of introducing Mr. Prendergast," he said.

"Our next Governor," said the voice.

"Not that," said the Controller. "I have a good job I should like to hold. Besides, who would want to break up the happy family of Mr. Mitchel, the Mayor, and me at the City Hall?"

James R. Brown of the Twenty-sixth Assembly District delighted the audience with his characterizations of Tammany leaders. "For a sound economic theory to get loose in Tammany Hall would be like a dove among a lot of buzzards," he said. "You see these so-called Tammany leaders, with their cigars at an angle of defiance, strutting around this district. They are six feet two, some of them. But let me tell you that when they get down to Fourteenth Street they are two feet six. That exiled patriot Croker taught those fellows their places, and they still keep them. That was an awful slip in Brooklyn, wasn't it. One of the Tammany men was talking with me about it to-day. 'It's too bad,' he said. 'Ain't it terrible to get caught?'"

Most of the speakers attacked the Tammany ticket because of the Levy election law and the efforts of the Mayor and the Democratic Legislature to put through the Charter.

Seth Low said that Tammany had put some good men on the ticket this Fall. "They are good enough fishermen," he said, "to know that good bait is necessary. I have observed their methods for many years and I have found that Tammany puts up just as good men as they think can carry an election. This year they are frightened."

Mr. Mitchel spoke of the increases in the budget and of subways. The increase of the budget, he said, which was being used as argument against the present Fusion majority in the Board of Estimate, was due to the mandatory increases of the Democratic Legislature, like the teachers' equal pay bill. Of the $16,000,000 increase more than $10,000,000 was accounted for in this way. Of the remainder more than $2,000,000 was in the department of which the Mayor was the head, and a large sum had been set aside to investigate the school system.

Controller Prendergast sailed into Gov. Dix, the Charter legislation, and the Levy law.

"Last night Dix rose in his might and said that the Democratic ticket should be elected, so that the reforms the Democrats have in mind could be carried out," he said. "Have you ever listened to a penny whistle? Then you know what Dix in his might is like. What reforms did he have in mind, pray? The Levy bill? The prizefight bill? Another Charter? Tammany is at last becoming modest. They sign their campaign documents in the papers as the Democratic General Committee of New York. But Tammany is not a democratic organization. Tammany is a vulgar despotism. The only issue in this election is Tammany or no Tammany."

LEVY LAW, FUSION WAR CRY.

Prendergast Calls It an Attempt to Rob the People of Suffrage.

The Lyceum Assembly Rooms, at 256 Second Street, were packed to the doors last night for a Fusion rally and the speakers were received with great enthusiasm, especially those who directed their attack against Tammany Hall.

Samuel Koenig, the Republican County Chairman, was Chairman, and the speakers included Controller Prendergast, John J. Hopper, nominee for Sheriff, and Nathan Ottinger, candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court.

Controller Prendergast bitterly attacked the Democratic Legislature for passing the Levy bill.

"I cannot see any difference between McKane stuffing the ballot boxes at Gravesend and the attempt of Murphy to rob you of suffrage by the passage of the Levy bill," he said. "If it had not been killed by the courts it would have prevented fusion, and it was an attempt to pull down the entire fabric of American institutions. If only because of the Levy bill the party deserves a striking defeat."

Speaking of the proposed new Charter, the Controller said, referring to Mayor Gaynor:

"There was only one man who was going to have anything to do under the new Charter, and he was going to do it all and do everybody that he could. But he isn't getting away with it very fast, is he?"

OSCAR STRAUS FOR FUSION.

Sees a Chance to Break the Hold of an Irresponsible Autocrat.

Oscar S. Straus, ex-Secretary of Commerce and Labor, in a letter to Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, has come out for the Fusion ticket. The people this year, he says, have the opportunity of breaking the power "of one of the most irresponsible autocrats that has ever fastened himself upon the body politic." Here is his letter:

> The Hon. Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman Republican County Committee, 43 West Thirty-ninth Street, city:
>
> Dear Sir: I regret, on account of a bronchial cold, I am not able to accept your invitation to speak at the meeting on Thursday evening.
>
> The ticket nominated by the Fusionists, in my opinion, is one that should appeal not only to Republicans and independents, but to all voters who are not tied down by the Tammany yoke. The question involved in this election is not one between the Republican and Democratic Parties, but whether we shall endow Murphy with power to rule the politics of this State.
>
> On Sunday last I attended a memorial meeting held at the College of the City of New York to commemorate the life and services of one of the best, most capable, and noblest men of our city, namely, the late Edward M. Shepard. But for Murphy's opposition the will of the people would have found expression and Edward M. Shepard would have been selected to represent the State in the National Senate. I say this without prejudice to Senator O'Gorman, for whom I have the highest esteem, and who has an admirable record as a Judge, and who should have been left to discharge the duties of his high office where he has performed such distinguished services.
>
> Here we have an opportunity of breaking the power of one of the most irresponsible autocrats that has ever fastened himself upon the body politic. To elect his candidates is to magnify his power, to work mischief, and to place our State, not only in local but in National politics, under his baneful domination. Yours truly,
>
> OSCAR S. STRAUS.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue also came out strongly yesterday for the Fusion ticket. He gives as his reason the attempt of the Democratic Legislature to force "a bungling, unsystematic, dishonest charter upon the City of New York, which was nothing less than an act of revolution under the forms of law."

"Not a single section is objectionable," says the Rabbi, "but a hundred sections and more have been abhorrent and intolerant. Nor are we loath to admit that the plaint of the charter tinkerers is true, namely, that the instrument was condemned by its paternity."

WILLETT EAGER TO REPAY LOAN

Continued from Page 1.

fied, "that if he could help it he would not appear as a witness for Mr. Berri, because he considered the relations between a bank and its clients confidential, and would not willingly disclose anything that transpired between him and Mr. Willett at the time the loan was made."

According to information that has come to the investigators $37,000 in all was raised by Mr. Willett before the Supreme Court nomination came his way.

Willett Faces the Music.

William Willett, Jr., was the only one of the persons known and unknown, named or referred to in the complaint, who attended the hearing yesterday. He appeared shortly before the proceedings opened, accompanied by his counsel, Col. Alexander S. Bacon of Brooklyn. All day long Mr. Willett and his counsel sat behind a little table close to the witness stand.

Leader Cassidy remained throughout the day secluded in an upper room at his clubhouse across the street where he was surrounded by his chief lieutenants, and was informed of the progress made in the courtroom through relays of trusted messengers. John H. McCooey, Louis T. Walters, Jr., Deputy Secretary of State Luke Keenan, Morris O'Connell, a Cassidy lieutenant, and others who have been mentioned in the complaint were conspicuous through their absence.

Candidate Willett seemed ill at ease as the hearing progressed, but declared that he would be on hand every day until the end. His counsel, Col. Bacon, chafed under the fact that as yet neither he or his client has any standing in the proceedings. As the hearing closed yesterday he urged upon the court that his client be arrested forthwith, so that he would have the privilege to cross-examine witnesses. Justice Scudder smilingly declined to assent to this proposition.

"I want my client to have a chance to be heard," cried Col. Bacon, with considerable excitement.

"I will accept that proposition, and put your client on the stand provided he will waive the immunity the statute provides—that the testimony he gives shall not be used against him in criminal proceedings," retorted Assistant District Attorney De Ford.

Noble Thought He Had It.

Surrogate Noble, who is a member of the Democratic County Committee, was the first witness. He testified that he was a sure-enough candidate for the nomination which afterward went to Mr. Willett. Questions as to whether he had directly or indirectly approached Mr. Cassidy with a request that his claims on the nomination be considered the witness answered in the negative.

"I always assumed that the nomination would go to me," said the witness. "Cassidy was my friend. All my friends told me that I was entitled to the nomination on account of my services to the party. I have to a certain extent always carried out Cassidy's wishes. I have carried primaries for him, and on election day I have always tried to carry my district for the ticket. I needed no word from Mr. Cassidy to assure me that I would get the nomination. His actions told me that he was for me. I expected all the time to get the nomination. But, of course, a candidate often assumes things which don't come out at all as he expects."

"Did you ever hear any one in the Democratic organization express a preference for Mr. Willett?" Surrogate Noble was asked.

"I never did," said the witness.

"Did you ever hear Willett's name mentioned either by himself or others as the probable candidate?"

"Not until the morning of the convention. I asked Louis Walters (Cassidy's friend) just before he entered the convention: 'Say, what is this I hear about town that Willett is going to be nominated to-day?' He said: 'I guess that is right.' That's the first direct information I had."

This testimony was given at the forenoon session. Mr. De Ford called the Surrogate back to the stand in the afternoon. One question he asked was whether he had seen Mr. McCooey with regard to the nomination. The Surrogate said he had not.

He Hadn't Seen Murphy.

Q.—Have you seen C. F. Murphy in the last two months? A.—No.

Q.—Have you been to Tammany Hall during that period? A.—No.

Q.—You said when you were on the stand this morning that you had never talked to Mr. Cassidy directly about the nomination. Ever talk to him indirectly? A.—I was anxious to make arrangements that Queens County should get one of the judiciary nominations and I asked him if he had seen McCooey about it. He said he had not, but would do so during the afternoon. That was three days before the convention.

Q.—Did you see Mr. Cassidy that afternoon? A.—Yes, I went with him to Brooklyn and was waiting at a cafe in the Jefferson Building while he called on Mr. McCooey. After his visit he joined me in the cafe. I sensed from his looks that Mr. McCooey's answer had been favorable and that one of the places would go to Queens.

Q.—Did you ask him directly? A.—No.

Q.—Did you look at him eagerly, as if you were interested in the result? A.—No, I knew already from talks with some Brooklyn leaders how McCooey felt about it.

"Did Cassidy ever offer you the nomination for a sum of money?" asked Prosecutor De Ford, shortly before the witness was excused.

"No," exclaimed the witness with indignation.

"Did you ever offer him money as an inducement to give you the nomination?" asked the prosecutor.

There came a flush on the cheeks of the Surrogate, there was a flash in his eye, and an angry tremor in his voice as he shouted his denial.

"I think you ought to bring out the fact that I did not come here willingly," he said to Mr. De Ford as he stepped from the witness chair.

"No, the Surrogate was subpoenaed," said Mr. De Ford, "and I want to add that my last question carried no innuendo."

Harry Gelwick, a newspaper reporter, testified that it was part of his assignment to write Queens County politics. He had never heard of Willett as a possible candidate until he got a telephone inquiry from his newspaper asking, "Who is Willett, anyhow?" Up to that time he had thought that the nomination would go to Surrogate Noble.

"I never talked to Cassidy about the nomination of Willett," said Mr. Gelwick, "until last Sunday, when the boss called me over the telephone and summoned me to his clubhouse to receive a typewritten statement with reference to the judiciary scandal."

It was in this statement that Boss Cassidy referred to Willett as being "jobbed." Asked by Gelwick to explain this, Mr. Cassidy had said he meant to convey the idea that while Willett was anxious to press the Berri charges, Surrogate Ketcham and Patrick E. Callahan, the other nominees, were not, but were anxious to have all the odium fastened on Willett. According to Mr. Gelwick, Cassidy said:

"You know, if these fellows really meant what they said, they would rather have a court decision clearing them now than a mere statement by themselves."

Interviewing Cassidy.

Mr. Gelwick quoted Cassidy as saying that he had urged the nomination of Willett because he regarded him as the strongest man. He had served two terms in Congress, had taken an independent stand there, and had many friends in the district. According to the witness, this was the conversation he had with Cassidy:

Gelwick—Well, Joe, how did you come to make the nomination?

Cassidy—It was the result of a conference.

Gelwick—Who was at it? Was McCooey there?

Cassidy—Yes, he was.

Gelwick—Who else?

Cassidy—Cut that out. You want to know too much.

Gelwick—Did you present any other names to McCooey?

Cassidy—Yes; Surrogate Noble, Judge Humphrey, Borough President Connolly and John Anderson Leach.

Gelwick—After that what happened?

Cassidy—McCooey asked me whom I would stand for, and I said Willett. McCooey looked up Willett and found that he would make a fine candidate.

Gelwick—How much money did you get, Joe?

Cassidy—Oh, go on; you don't think I need any money or would take any money, do you? There is nothing in that.

Judge Humphrey was called after Gelwick had finished. He testified that he had never gone after Cassidy very strongly with a view of landing the nomination and did not nor had ever heard that nominations were to be had for money.

Then President Samuel R. Smith of the Long Island Bank was called. He is a tall, gray-haired man. He testified without hesitancy, but in a voice scarcely audible.

His first talk with Mr. Willett was on the night of Oct. 5, when the candidate called on him in his New York office.

"He told me," said Mr. Smith, "that he stood a good chance of getting the judiciary nomination and that he might need some money. He mentioned the sum of $10,000, and as the collateral he offered was very good I practically agreed to loan him the money right there. He added that if he got the nomination he would have to sit up and be dignified, and that it wouldn't do for him to make any campaign contributions then—that he would have to make them before he was nominated, if at all."

Then Mr. Smith told of how Mr. Willett came to the bank in Jamaica the next morning, the day of the convention, in an automobile, as agreed. He said the candidate had given him as collateral 105 shares of stock which he knew to be good, in addition to some surplus there was in the bank on collateral he had given for another loan of $10,000 some three or four months earlier.

"What did Mr. Willett tell you when he came to the bank?" asked Mr. De Ford.

Why One Leader Objected.

"I cannot recall the conversation exactly. But he did say that his chances of being nominated were good. His name was before the Democratic leaders, but there was one who had objected to him because of a gambling raid he had made at Hewletts. I said to Mr. Willett that I thought that was distinctly in his favor."

"Did he tell you what he wanted the money for?"

"I cannot tell whether he did or did not say what he wanted it for. He took the whole amount in bills. I went out to the cage and got the money and gave it to him."

"Did he say anything about you keeping quiet about it?"

"Not as far as I remember."

Mr. Smith said he thought Mr. Willett came alone in his automobile to the bank. Getting to the interview at his home in Freeport a week ago last Saturday night, he said:

"He came at 11 o'clock at night in his automobile. As far as I know, he was alone. He spoke about the proceedings against Mr. Berri. He said something about the status of that case, but I do not remember just what. Then he declared that he was ready to pay the loan, as he had not used the money at all. He said that he was ready to pay the money on Monday or Tuesday; that if he had paid it at my house it would look bad."

Vain Call for Heyson.

At this point Mr. De Ford called for Henry G. Heyson, President of the First National Bank at Far Rockaway. There was no response. James L. Stanley, cashier of the bank, was summoned to the witness chair. It was from this bank that Mr. Willett borrowed $10,000 on Sept. 30. The cashier said that Mr. Willett had come to the bank at noon in his automobile alone. He had deposited two notes, one for $7,500 and another for $2,500. The first note was made by Marie L. Willett and the other by Marinus Willett. He said the $10,000 was deposited in the bank to Willett's credit and drawn out the same day on a check made to cash. Mr. Stanley then told of Mr. Heyson's hunting trip.

"I regard Mr. Heyson as a most material witness," said Prosecutor De Ford. "I would like him to be here as soon as possible. A public service is required from him which he should not shirk."

Mr. Stanley promised to communicate with his chief.

Another witness was William D. Llewellyn, cashier of the Bank of Long Island in Jamaica, where the Oct. 6 loan was made. He said he did not know whether Walters or Cassidy was with Willett when he came to the bank. He brought with him books of the bank which showed that for collateral Willett had given a bonded mortgage of the Seaside Improvement Company worth $31,750 and 105 shares of the company's stock worth $100 a share. The mortgage had been offered as collateral for another loan, but there was a margin of value which was used to secure the Oct. 6 loan.

Lockwood Smith of Inwood, L. I., testified that on Oct. 7 and 9 he paid Willett $3,000 for two mortgages assigned to him.

At the afternoon session the testimony was for the purpose of getting on the record the various steps in the Berri suit and the statements made by Mr. Willett and the other candidates for the Supreme Court after the disclosures.

When the hour for adjournment arrived Justice Scudder said he would insist on the greatest possible speed in the proceedings, as the investigation involved a matter of great interest at this time, not only to the public but to the men whose names had been mentioned in connection with the case. It was at this point that Col. Bacon urged that his client be arrested and was refused.

"This is a fishing expedition pure and simple," said Col. Bacon after the hearing had adjourned. "They've got nothing on my client. They want to drag this out until Election Day to injure the chances of my client. That's all."

"Are you going to let your client take the stand?" Col. Bacon was asked.

"Not for the present," said Mr. Bacon. "Not until we get a standing here. I am merely a spectator. I won't let them get Mr. Willett on the stand without being in a position to protect him from their unfairness."

As to Injuring a Dead One.

Assistant District Attorney De Ford, when told of the statement made by Col. Bacon, said:

"Why, that's absurd. How could any one injure Willett? He is dead now. What would be the use of wasting one's time on a political cadaver, if our object was to prevent him from being elected. I think somebody ought to go to jail, but this hearing is not directed against any one man. All we want is the truth. We want to find out where the Willett money went."

Boss Cassidy, in his clubhouse after the hearing, said he didn't think the testimony had been a bit damaging to Willett.

"I believe Willett will be elected," said Mr. Cassidy.

"Do you expect to be called as a witness?" Mr. Cassidy was asked.

"No, I don't. I wish they would call me. Then they would have to drop this case right away."

Mr. Cassidy was asked if he had talked with Tammany Leader Murphy about the nominations.

"No," he replied. "Why should I talk to Murphy about nominations in Queens? I consult only the Democrats here."

The Queens Bar Association adopted yesterday resolutions, withdrawing its support from Willett, and the State Bar Association sent a committee to attend the hearings in the Court House. Mr. Cassidy was asked if he thought the action of the Bar Association would injure Mr. Willett with the voters in Queens.

"Not a bit," said the Boss. "It is made up almost entirely of Republicans."

The hearing will go on at 10:30 this morning.

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McCOOEY DENIES ALL.

Never Conspired to Sell a Nomination, Asserts Brooklyn Leader.

After consulting with several district leaders, John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Kings County, issued yesterday a statement declaring that he never met Willett until after the Judiciary Convention, and denied that he was in any way a party to any conspiracy affecting the nominations.

"There are no terms," said Mr. McCooey, "too comprehensive or emphatic with which to deny the charge of conspiracy made against me, with the other gentlemen named in the complaint before Justice Scudder, although I assume that none of my fellow-citizens on either side of the political line attaches more than a campaign significance to this latest manoeuvre."

OSCAR STRAUS GIVES UP HIS PEACE IDEAS

Accepts Roosevelt's Policy of Great Naval Power and Discards Arbitration.

ITALY THE CAUSE OF IT

He Calls Her Attack on Turkey a Barbarous Warfare and Says the Powers Should Intervene.

Oscar S. Straus, former United States Ambassador to Turkey, and still a member of The Hague Permanent Court of Arbitration, announced at a dinner of the Baptist Social Union at the Hotel Manhattan last night that he has changed his mind as to the advisability of the settlement of all international disputes by conclusive arbitration treaties, and has come at last to agree with Col. Theodore Roosevelt that the surest means of preserving peace is the strongest possible navy.

His change of opinion, he said, has been brought on by the recent "high-handed, ruthless, and buccaneering methods" of Italy in ignoring The Hague treaties to which she was signatory, and making war, practically without notice, upon Turkey.

Mr. Straus also declared that this Government had lost a splendid opportunity to help toward world peace by offering its good offices of mediation to Italy and Turkey, a course, he said, that would have been far more effective than President Taft's lecturing throughout the country in favor of his arbitration treaties, now pending before the Senate.

Mr. Straus followed James G. Cannon, President of the Fourth National Bank and Chairman of the Committee of Ninety-seven of the Men and Religious Forward Movement, who described that movement as "an attempt to masculinize the churches and church work, so as to appeal to and draw back into the Church American men and boys; an attempt to readjust religious methods to fit changed modern conditions, and to give Christian men not merely an attitude toward religion as heretofore, but to make them also Christians in action."

Mr. Straus, who was to discuss "Italy and Turkey—Their Present Relations," began by declaring that there is current an erroneous conception of Turkey and the Turks. He pointed out that although Mary Fisher, one of the first two Baptists who came to this country in 1864, was imprisoned in Boston and the very window of her cell sealed to prevent her heretical doctrines from leaking out, she got perfect freedom of speech when later she went as a missionary to Turkey.

"The great Sultan Mahmet IV. invited her to his palace to explain her doctrines and gave her absolute liberty thereafter to preach them wherever she wished in his domains. This was the ideal of toleration which was practiced in Turkey long before it was practiced in Christian lands."

Mr. Straus said it was not his intention to defend the Turkish Government. Tripoli, he said, as a Turkish province, was not progressive and would probably benefit materially and commercially under Italian rule.

"Civilization," he said, "will be advanced if the Cross supplants the Crescent in Tripoli. But the means employed by Italy to advance that civilization is what the whole world should object to. Italy was on the friendliest terms with Turkey. Both were signatories to The Hague treaty for the settlement of international disputes by means of arbitration. Suddenly, out of a clear sky, Italy sent Turkey an ultimatum, with a list of alleged grievances, threatening that unless the ultimatum were complied with in twenty-four hours she would bombard Tripoli. The chief complaint she alleged was that the people in Tripoli didn't trade with the Bank of Rome.

"We had a right to believe, after the signing of The Hague treaties by forty-three leading nations of the world, that the high-handed, tyrannical, buccaneering mediaeval methods of taking away provinces from a friendly nation had ceased. Instead, Italy, overpoweringly Turkey's superior on the seas, suddenly attacks her, not at Constantinople, where she would have had to use her land forces in defense, but in Tripoli.

"There was no use bombarding Tripoli. Turkey had no navy. And the act was the more unjust because it came at a time when Turkey, under a new Government that overthrew the despotic Sultan, was trying hard to bring itself up with modern civilization and to better the economic condition of her people. Instead, Italy forced her to devote every dollar to strengthen herself for war.

"What I am about to say I say in sorrow. I have been a great advocate of peace. I think that the one man who has done more than any other living man for the advancement of world-peace is former President Roosevelt. It was he who set the wheel in motion by furnishing The Hague Tribunal with its first two cases for arbitration of international disputes.

"Now, President Roosevelt has been opposing all conclusive arbitration treaties, such as President Taft is at present proposing. I do not agree with Mr. Roosevelt in this point, and I have repeatedly argued it with him.

"But when, only a few days ago, I saw that notwithstanding her solemnly contracted obligations to the rest of the nations signatory to The Hague treaties, Italy suddenly went ahead and bombarded a friendly power, and the leading powers of the world took no steps at all to prevent these high-handed buccaneering methods, I decided that Mr. Roosevelt was right; that there are certain lines beyond which we should not go in our efforts to maintain peace, and that the surest means of guaranteeing peace is to have as strong a navy as possible to maintain it. Italy would never have dared to strike as she did if Turkey had had a navy worthy of the name.

"And just because there was a Christian power on one hand and a Mohammedan power on the other there was all the greater reason for the world powers to step in and show what Christian civilization and Christian faithfulness mean."

Mr. Straus then read reports from Tripoli newspaper correspondents descriptive of the carnage carried on by the Italian troops among old men and boys they had captured in the Arab suburbs. He read also extracts from Turkish newspapers protesting against the acts of "the countrymen of Macchiavelli" and declaring that "once no treaty and no international obligation is a guarantee we have come to the end of ends."

"A great international wrong has been perpetrated," declared Mr. Straus. "All the nations must feel it. The reason European nations did not interfere was because a secret agreement had been entered into to allow Italy to have a free hand in Tripoli. The sadness of the whole situation is the present silence of those Powers.

"It is right that a higher civilization should expel and replace a lower, but it should be the care of the world that it does so by civilized and not barbaric methods. Whether Italy is to have Tripoli or not is of small importance to the word, but that Italy without any warning has been allowed to break through all rules of international ethics, that is of the very greatest concern to the whole world.

"A great opportunity was lost by the United States in not offering its good offices of mediation, as it had not only a right but a mandate to do under The Hague treaty, to which it, too, was signatory. Our President is now going through the length and breadth of this country arguing for the arbitration treaties now before the Senate. A very good cause. But according to my way of thinking the cause of international peace would have been advanced immeasurably more if our Government had taken this opportunity to offer its good offices to bring on arbitration between Italy and Turkey before this unjust and shameful war began."

Orrin R. Judd of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, President of the Baptist Social Union, acted as toastmaster. There were about 100 diners present.

The Little Brothers of the Rich
will find much of more than passing interest in
THE ADVENT OF MY SEVENTH SHOP:
Number Two Wall Street
(FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING)
Devoted to
Shirts, Hats and Dress Requisites.
With the Seventh I have been ambitious—very.
In appointment and in service it is one of the most impressive shops in the States.
In the character of its merchandise, the new shop satisfies the most exacting standards.
In its demands upon your purse, modest and more than equitable.
P. S.—The Seventh and the other six shops present Lion Collars in an exhaustive series of models. Quarter sizes; two for a Quarter.
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BROADWAY COR. LEONARD ST.
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Factory—79 Orange St., Newark, N. J.
WALL ST., COR. B'WAY.
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SPECIAL $20.00 SALE
to-day and to-morrow. Suit or overcoat to measure, cut just as you desire them, English or American. 100 styles of suitings, comprising unfinished worsteds, fancy silk mixtures, and grey and black cable worsteds—Overcoatings, including (warmth without weight) Shetlands, Kerseys, and Meltons—the values will appeal to you at a glance and would cost double elsewhere.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Men's Overcoats and Suits
20.00 and 25.00—at Saks'
¶ Although we cater to men who spend from 30.00 to 50.00 for their clothes, and sell more higher-priced garments than any other ready-for-service shop, we have never slighted clothes at popular prices. In fact, we have consistently aimed to produce garments at 20.00 and 25.00 which shall have that superiority over others which is the distinguishing feature of Saks higher-priced clothes.
¶ In suits at 20.00 and 25.00 we are showing all the season's most wanted fabrics, notably cheviots in grays and buoyant browns, and in all the myriad colors of the year. A liberal assortment of staple worsteds also included. As for the models they are too numerous to mention, but they include many which you will be agreeably surprised to find in the company of low prices.
¶ The overcoats at these prices are mostly of rough cloths which are so popular this season. But the smoother blacks and Oxfords—both members of this club—are here in force. The former have self collars and the latter have velvet collars. Models are single and double breasted long coats, conservative coats, button-through coats, Raglans and comfortable slip-ons.
See Overcoat Model No. 962
¶ It is a double breasted tourist overcoat, and is one of the most popular models of the season. Has four buttons, convertible collar and generous lapels. Roomily cut and finished with belt in varying widths. Suitable for morning, afternoon and evening. See it. Try it on. Be convinced. There is more conviction in this coat in a minute than there is in a month of words.
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at 34th Street

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Purchasing inferior articles to save money is about as logical as keeping the gas burning to save money.

Cross Bottle Set

Pigskin Telescope Case, Handsewn, 4½ Inches Long x 3¾ Deep—Contains 3 Crystal Bottles, with Nickel Screw Tops and Ground Glass Stoppers.... $4.50
OTHER Cases to Hold 2, 3, 4 Bottles.
FLASK—Crystal, with Nickel Screw Top Which Forms Cup,—In Tan Hide Slip Case—Will Hold ⅓ of a Pint.... $2.75
To Hold ½ Pint.... $3.50
LEATHER COVERED, with Sterling Silver Cup and Top—From.... $7.00
DRINKING CUP—Nickel, in Blue or Green Morocco Case.. $2.50

We desire a choice in everything in life—in the purchases we make—in the duties we perform—even our virtues are dominated by our tastes.

Cross English Kit Bag

Made of Tan Grained Oxhide, Handsewn Throughout—Cleanly Check Linen Lining—1 Long Inside Pocket—Brass Lock and 2 Clip Fasteners—Single Handle—Most Capacious Bag for Its Weight Ever Made.

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CANES—Silver Mounted—From.................. $2.50
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TRIPOLI IN PERIL, ACCORDING TO TURKS

Ottoman Commander Reports His Troops Have Occupied All Forts Around City.

ITALIANS EXECUTED 3,000

Aubry Ready to Occupy Islands or Blockade Dardanelles—Fleet Reported to Have Left Tripoli.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 2.—The commander of the Turkish forces at Tripoli telegraphs to his Government under date of Oct. 30 as follows:

"The Turks have occupied all the forts surrounding the town.

"The Italians are demoralized and do not dare to venture outside the zone of fortifications."

FRANKFORT, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung from Tripoli under date of Oct. 31 says:

"The American and Austrian Consulates have been removed to the interior of the city because of the danger in their old locations. Turkish shells have fallen in the neighborhood of the German Consulate.

"At least 3,000 natives were executed by the Italians."

The Zeitung's Milan correspondent says that the Italians are strengthening their active fleet with ships from the reserve. Twenty-three gunboats are proceeding from Spezia to Tripoli.

VALLETTA, Nov. 2.—It is reported that the whole Italian fleet has left Tripoli for Turkish waters.

The Italian Government has suppressed direct sailings between Tripoli and Malta owing to the leakage of news to foreign papers. All the mails from Tripoli have now to run the gauntlet of the censorship in Sicily.

TRIPOLI, Nov. 2.—The Turks this morning brought up a few guns to the south of El Mosri and opened fire. This was not effective, as most of the shells failed to explode. The Italian artillery soon silenced the guns and forced the enemy to retire.

About 5 o'clock last evening Turks appeared before the line of defense and forced the Eighty-second Italian Infantry to fall back from their position. The cruiser Carlo Alberto soon located the Turkish artillery, and by a well-directed and vigorous fire silenced it.

ROME, Nov. 2.—Rear Admiral Aubry, who has resumed the command of the Italian fleet off the African Coast after his visit to the capital, to-day notified the Government in a wireless message that, the military authorities now having sufficient troops to face the enemy without the assistance of the warships, he is ready to undertake any operations against Turkey involving the navy.

The Admiral considers that the forces at his disposal are sufficient to occupy several islands of the Grecian Archipelago or to blockade the Dardanelles, make a naval demonstration before Salonika and Smyrna, or bombard the fortifications at these places or at any other point considered advisable.

Aggressive action by the Italian fleet along the lines suggested will, it is expected, end the war as well as put a stop to what the Government says are false reports of Italian reverses emanating from Constantinople.

Dispatches from Tripoli indicate that a source of danger to the health of the troops and tribesmen has been found in the neglect of the bodies of many who fell in the last fight. The bodies of all victims within reach of the Italian encampments have burned or buried, but many are exposed at points so far from the Italian posts that they cannot be gathered without risking the lives of the soldiers engaged in the work. At Homs about 300 bodies remain unburied. In the cases where burial was possible military honors were rendered without regard to the nationality of the dead.

The experiments with aeroplanes have been so successful that others have been ordered to the front.

A dispatch to the Giornale d'Italia from Tripoli describes the observance of All Soul's Day at the Italian military camp at Bu-Meliana, an altar was surrounded by cannon and a forest of rifles, the bayonets of which flashed back the rays of the sun. The military band played the "Ave Maria" by Verdi. After the chaplains had celebrated mass each General addressed the soldiers, urging them to imitate the example of the officers and men who had won victory and honor for their country by shedding their blood. The thousands of soldiers responded with cries of "Long live Italy."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Vessels carrying cargoes made up either in bulk or weight of one-half contraband of war will be confiscated by the Turkish Government, according to advices to-day from Ambassador Rockhill at Constantinople.

The Turkish Government defines as contraband of war all material which can be used, without further preparation, in promoting warfare.

ROOSEVELT WRITES OF PEACE.

Treaties, Unbacked by Force, Are Wicked, He Declares.

Ex-President Roosevelt has an article on "Arbitration: Pretense and Reality" in the current number of the Outlook, in which he says:

> Surely the real friends of peace in this country ought to be able to profit by the events that have happened in China and in the Mediterranean during these very Fall months, since the arbitration treaty was considered in the Senate. During these months we have seen a widespread revolt in China, with utter disorganization of the empire, and we have seen war unexpectedly break out between Italy and Turkey.

After declaring that the absence of militarism and reliance on pacific measures have lost to China many provinces and prevented its keeping order within its own borders, Col. Roosevelt turns to the war in Tripoli, which he attributes to the "utter inefficiency of paper treaties unbacked by force," for, he says, if Turkey had a fleet "even approximately as strong as her army" the war never would have occurred. Then his lesson:

> It would be not merely foolish but wicked for us as a Nation to agree to arbitrate any dispute that affects our vital interest or our independence or our honor, because such an agreement would amount on our part to a covenant to abandon our duty, to an agreement to surrender the rights of the American people about unknown matters at unknown times in the future. Such an agreement would be wicked if kept, and yet to break it—as it undoubtedly would be broken if the occasion arose—would be only less shameful than keeping it.
>
> If as a people we wish to make a genuine advance, to promise what can and will and ought to be done * * * we should agree definitely to submit to arbitration all disputes that do not involve the vital interest, the independence or honor of the Nation, and we should at the same time make provisions which will tend to bring about a pacific solution of all disputes not covered by the treaty.

To this end, he says, a provision should be inserted in treaties that if either party holds that a dispute involves its vital interest, its independence, or its honor, then, provided neither takes a position that necessitates immediate action by the other, upon the request of either party, all questions of fact and of law involved shall be referred to arbitrators, who shall be authorized to recommend such adjustment as they may deem just and honorable to both nations.

> This would secure, in the first place, delay for adequate consideration of the questions at issue, and, in the next place, a calm and dispassionate discussion of the controversy before the civilized world; further, the elimination of questions of fact and of law from the controversy; and, finally, it would make it easier for a Government to accept a fair solution of a given controversy if there had been popular prejudice against such solution.

Some such plan, he says, would "forward the cause of international peace," leave the Nation "arbiter of its own destiny," and "would promise nothing which could not be performed."

DECLARES MADERO ELECTED.

Congress Ratifies Vote—New President Takes Office on Monday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 2.—Congress today declared Madero and Pino Suarez elected respectively President and Vice President of the Republic for the unexpired period of Gen. Diaz's term. They will take office on Nov. 6.

There was a minority report of members of the Electoral Committee, which was adverse to the declaration in favor of Madero and his running mate, on the ground of fraud and other irregularities at the elections, but the report of the majority was adopted by the Chamber, the vote in favor of Madero being 151 to 19, and that in favor of Pino Suarez, 137 to 24. The name of Pino Suarez was received with hisses and catcalls from the galleries.

Madero returned this afternoon from his trip to the north and had, as usual, an enthusiastic reception from a large crowd. Small groups are parading the streets to-night, shouting "Viva Madero!"

TROOPS QUELL MANILA FIRE.

Prevent Big Blaze in Chinese Section from Reaching City's Centre.

MANILA, Nov. 2.—The Chinese district here was swept by fire to-day, with a loss of over $1,000,000.

At noon the fire threatened to destroy the commercial centre of the city, and the Twentieth Infantry, with Gen. Funston in charge, was called out to assist the fire fighters.

The work of the soldiers saved the day, and the fire was under control early in the afternoon.

The Chinese quarter of Manila is in Binondo, just beyond the Escolta. The principal Chinese street is the Calle Rosario. Here are the Chinese stores and the shops of the craftsmen, the jewelers and goldsmiths, the dyers, the painters, and carpenters. The Chinese theatres and restaurants are also in this section.

The Escolta is the prinicapl commercial street of the city, containing the business houses and stores of the Americans, Germans, Spanish, and English.

HOW TO SEE BROOKS'S COMET

This Week Offers Best Opportunity—In East About 5 A. M.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 2.—The present week will offer the best opportunity to see Brooks's comet, according to the Harvard Observatory astronomers.

For the past fortnight it has been a conspicuous figure in the Eastern sky, but its brilliancy is rapidly diminishing, and moonlight will interfere with its clearness after Nov. 10.

At present it is best seen with a field glass or a small telescope, although visible to the naked eye. In order to locate it, it is necessary to face the East about 5 A. M. It will be seen as a hazy star with a long, faint tail, extending upward. Care should be taken not to confuse the comet with the planet Venus.

Just now Brooks's comet is a trifle south of the east point of the horizon, and will be further south each morning. On Nov. 6 it will be below Venus, and thereafter will be to the right of that planet. Before the month ends it will be visibly only through the telescope.

Comet G, Beliansky's comet, which was discovered after it became visible to the naked eye in the early morning, is now in the West, and may still be seen, but with great difficulty, as soon as it is dark enough.

HEEDS JEWS' APPEAL.

Russian Premier Has Ekaterinoslaff Expulsion Order Modified.

YUZOVKA, Russia, Nov. 2.—More than 1,500 Jews in the Ekaterinoslaff district who have taken up residences there since 1882 and, under a recent ruling of the Governor, were liable to expulsion, appealed to Premier Kokovtzoff.

As a result the Governor has issued a new circular in which he states that only the Jews who have become residents of the district since 1906 will be expelled.

IF YOU DO NOT BUY MRS. NORRIS'S EXQUISITE STORY TO-DAY, ASK AT THE LIBRARY AS YOU GO HOME FOR

MOTHER

"KATHLEEN NORRIS'S wonderful and exquisite story called 'Mother' should do more than all the platform talk of great men to spread the doctrine that no matter how humble, there's no place like home; that home means mother, chiefly mother—and that faithful, self-forgetting service and the love that spends itself over and over are the secrets of happiness."—*New York Globe.*

"Isn't it a beautiful story?" says one well-known editor. "If we had more stories of this sort in literature girlhood and womanhood would be richer because of them."

"By its very simplicity and directness it wins immediate recognition .... behind it one feels a spiritual impulse bound to carry to multitudes of hearts," says another critic.

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TAXICAB DRIVERS IN LONDON STRIKE

6,000 Quit Work—Regarded "Extras" as Perquisite and Companies Objected.

THE PUBLIC NOT SORRY

Rather Glad at Absence of Noisy, Recklessly-Driven Vehicles—Companies Decide to Lock Out Men.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—London's streets presented a curiously unfamiliar spectacle to-day as a result of a taxicab-drivers' strike, by which nearly 6,000 out of the city's 7,000 vehicles of this description were idle.

It seemed as if the museums had organized a procession of old-time vehicles in order to show the public the very best relics of the vehicular prehistoric age. Drivers of hansoms and "growlers" reaped an unusual harvest, and the motor-buses were continually packed inside and out.

During a heavy shower in the afternoon the West End resounded with continuous whistling. There was by no means a sufficiency of any sort of vehicle to meet the sudden demand caused by the downpour.

The strike is due to the refusal of the drivers to hand over to their employers the "extras" charged for the conveyance of luggage or of more than two passengers. The men emphatically claim these extras as a form of perquisite to which they are entitled by custom. The companies say they cannot run their business at a profit at the present rates authorized by Scotland Yard unless they receive the extras. They established a system of observers or "spotters" to report all cabs seen with extras, and if the registers did not record payment for the extras they called upon the drivers to refund the money. The drivers said the reports of the "spotters" were not to be relied upon, and went on strike.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The London taxicab companies to-night decided to close their garages and lock out the drivers, who are on strike, until satisfactory arrangements are reached.

Six thousand chauffeurs quit work today to attend a meeting called for the purpose of determining whether a strike should be begun, and at the meeting they decided not to return to work until they had been ordered to do so by the executive of their union.

Public sentiment appears to be practically unanimous against the drivers, and relief is expressed at the absence from the streets of the noisy fleet of taxicabs, which are so recklessly driven as to be a constant menace to life and limb. The underground railway and motor bus services are so efficient that little discomfort is caused by the temporary disappearance of the taxicabs.

The immediate cause of the break between the cab companies and their employes was the deduction by an owner of 6 cents from the wages of a driver. Trouble, however, has been brewing for some time over the question of extra charges alleged to have been collected by the men and not turned in to the companies.

The cab companies assert that the chauffeurs have robbed them of $1,500,000 annually through failure to register "extras" collected for additional passengers and baggage. Recently they employed "spotters." The first chauffeur detected in receiving an "extra" refused to turn in the amount and was suspended. The other drivers stopped work in sympathy.

EXCLUDED NEGROES; HELD.

Levy of the Lyric Under Bail for Trial in Special Sessions.

On evidence tending to show that he had excluded two ticket holders, a man and a woman, from the orchestra floor of the Lyric Theatre, on account of their color, Harry A. Levy, Assistant Treasurer of the Lyric, was held in $500 bail by Magistrate Appleton, yesterday, to await trial in Special Sessions.

The only evidence presented against Levy was that of Louis F. Baldwin, a negro real estate operator, living at 8 West 132d Street. He testified that on Monday evening he went to the Lyric Theatre with a young woman whom he had invited to accompany him after obtaining orchestra seats by messenger.

He said that after being admitted by the ticket taker, he was stopped in the aisle on his way, under the escort of an usher to his seat. The usher who overhauled him, he testified, demanded his seat coupons, which were in the possession of the young woman with him. She too, was stopped after this information had been given, and both were ordered to return from the aisle to the lobby. There he was told by the head usher, Baldwin declared, that he and his companion could not be seated on account of their color. Baldwin appealed, he said, to Levy and was informed that he could either have his money back or take seats in the gallery. He refused the gallery seats and left the place, swearing out a warrant against Levy next day.

URGES STUDY OF COMMERCE.

America Far Behind in Business Education, Says A. B. Hepburn.

President A. Barton Hepburn at yesterday's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce urged a for consideration of the report of the special committee on Commercial education.

This committee, which has been at work since Spring investigating methods of commercial education in Europe as well as in other cities of this country, recommended in its report that a permanent Committee on Commercial Education be appointed and that it set forth a plan for promoting the study of commercial affairs and commercially important foreign languages.

The committee proposed is to be composed of fifteen members with authority to invite subscriptions for a commercial scholarship fund and carry out other recommendations of the special committee. Some of the recommendations of the special committee, of which Willard V. King is Chairman, are for scholarships for worthy graduates of the public schools to enable them to take courses in commerce and foreign languages, the establishment of examinations for certificates of proficiency, which would carry weight with employers, and the establishment of a free employment bureau for the holders of certificates.

In the furtherance of commercial education the committee is directed to coöperate with the Board of Education, Columbia University, New York University, and the College of the City of New York.

In commenting on the importance of the idea, President Hepburn said:

"We are behind all other parts of the world in furnishing an opportunity for a practical commercial education. The Chamber of Commerce of London took this matter up a number of years ago, and now conducts examinations all over the world, where applicants can go through the examination and receive a certificate of proficiency, according to their merits. Throughout the British Empire the merchants have agreed to give precedence to the holders of such certificates.

"If we are going to extend our commerce to the West Indies and to South America we must have people here who can speak the commercial languages of those countries, and something must be done to encourage students to take up and study those languages.

"Last Spring you adopted resolutions for the granting of medals by this chamber to students who had obtained proficiency in those languages. Now we want to go further and establish a grade of certificates which shall mean something to the commercial world."

A "Light" Beer

Often people call for a light beer to avoid a bitter taste.

Pabst Blue Ribbon
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would please them —rich, not heavy, and has a delicate appetizing flavor found in no other beer.

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GREENHUT BUILDING—"Everything for the Home."

Pre-Thanksgiving Sales in Progress

Every housewife who is planning to have her Thanksgiving dinner a PERFECT SUCCESS, her dining-room and table-appointments EXACTLY RIGHT, and the final finishing touches to her home-furnishing ALL IN READINESS for her Thanksgiving GUESTS, should make a point of coming to our "Pre-Thanksgiving Sales," TODAY!

The sale-economies will be NOTEWORTHY—in EVERY department.

Furniture For The Dining-room

Timely Sale, Today, for Thanksgiving Furnishing.

Exquisitely Inlaid Circassian Walnut Dining Suite—Sheraton design; beautifully embellished with the finest walnut veneers; medium size—practical for apartment-furnishing.

$61 Sideboard................$52
$38 China Closet..............$32
$26 Serving Table.............$22
$53 Dining Table...............$44
Five Dining Chairs to match; leather seats; each........ $8.50

Solid Mahogany Colonial Dining Suite
$180 Crystal Closet, $145.
$275 Sideboard, at $225.
$155 Dining Table, at $125.
$70 Serving Table, at $60.

Chinese Chippendale Dining Suite
Solid, antique quartered oak Chinese carvings a marked feature.
$120 Sideboard, $100.
$75 China Closet, at $60.
Dining Side Chairs, each $13.50.

Armchair, special at $17.
$72 Dining Table, at $62.

China Closets
Solid quartered oak. Rubbed and polished; reg. $16.50, at $12.50.

Mahogany Dining Suite
Beautifully inlaid Sheraton design:
$225 Sideboard, at $180
$118 China Closet, at $84.
$98 Dining Table, at $78.
$82 Serving Table, at $68.

Solid Quartered Oak Dining Suite
Elegantly carved, with large griffin motif. Deep, golden color, beautifully polished.
$90 Sideboard, at $80.
$75 Crystal Closet, at $65.
$55 Table, at $46.

Oak Dining Suite
Golden color; polished finish:
$55 Sideboard, at $45.
$54 Crystal Closet, at $35.
$35 Table, at $29.50.

(GREENHUT Building, Second Floor.)

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$30,000 to Charity
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ACCEPTS WANAMAKER OFFER.

City of London Glad to Have Painting of Coronation Luncheon.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the City Corporation to-day it was voted to accept the offer of John Wanamaker to present to the city a painting of the scene at the coronation luncheon in the Guildhall last June 29.

Mr. Wanamaker was the Lord Mayor's only guest on that occasion, when the King and Queen paid their coronation visit to the City of London in full State. The picture is to be painted by a prominent artist.

The vote of acceptance called forth much applause.

Lounsbery Left $1,500,000.

The will of the late Richard P. Lounsbery, a wealthy New Yorker who died at his country estate at Bedford, Westchester County, which was filed with Surrogate Millard at White Plains yesterday, disposes of an estate worth about $1,500,000. It is divided among his wife and children.

Get Clean, Cold Bottled Milk

Such is the advice of the New York Milk Committee, which further declares that good milk is the best single article of diet for daily use. Hence, we say, try

Sheffield Farms Milk

—"the creamy kind." Just look how deep the "cream line" is in any Sheffield bottle. Taste how delicious is the milk. It comes to you fresh from hygienic farms. Prove to yourself how pleasing, how wholesome is Sheffield Milk. Phone for a bottle to-day.

Sheffield Farms Slawson-Decker Co.
Executive Offices, 524 W. 57th St., New York.
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Branches throughout New York and Yonkers.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Two-Thirds of a Century
Anniversary Specials

Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 20.00 and 22.50 values **15.50**
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 22.50 and 25.00 values **18.50**
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 27.50 and 30.00 values **22.50**
Suits, Medium and Heavyweight Overcoats that in tailoring, fabric, style and service are the very best possible 32.50 and 35.00 values **27.50**

Extra Special Values in Suits & Overcoats
18.00, 20.00 and 22.50 Winter Suits and Overcoats, in broken sizes for men, young men and boys. Your size is here, but not in all styles... **12.50**
25.00, 30.00 and 32.50 Suits in broken sizes, in worsted cheviots, in exclusive designs; in English and regular models, all sizes here, missing sizes in some styles... **16.50**

Clearance of All Medium and Lightweight Imported English Overcoats and Rain Coats
Here in complete assortment are Winchesters, Raglans, Chester Raglans, Whitehall Chesterfields, with belted backs and slip overs—all master tailored.
Irish, Scotch and English coverts, vicunas, tweeds, hand-made Harris, Shetland and Donegal tweeds; also rain-repelling Garbinetts and Gabardines. Heretofore the prices have been 40.00, 45.00 and 50.00, now........ **26.00**

Plain and Pleated Fall Shirts, Coat models, values to 1.50........ **85c.**
Plain and Pleated Fall Shirts, Coat models, values 1.50 to 2.00........ **1.15**
World's Standard French Soft Hats, All from regular stock, values 4.00 and 5.00........ **2.35**
Derbies and Soft Hats, Values 3.00, 4.00 and 5.00........ **1.75**
Boys' Winter Overcoats, Regular values 13.50 to 15.00........ **10.00**
Boys' Winter Overcoats, Regular values 15.00 to 18.00........ **13.50**
Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs

Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Jaeger
Outdoor Sleeping

If you want full benefit from fresh-air sleeping you must have a Jaeger Patented Camel-Hair Sleeping Bag. We have sold thousands of them in the last two years. Get, also, a Jaeger Sleeping Hood, Jaeger Nightshirt, with Jaeger Bed Socks, and fresh-air sleeping becomes a luxury as well as an invigoration.

Please call or write for particulars.

NEW YORK STORES:
306 Fifth Avenue,
22 Maiden Lane,
Brooklyn Store: 504 Fulton St.

Daniell's, Broadway, 8th and 9th Sts.

Leather Goods Section.

Just received an Importation of the newest designs in Hand Bags, comprising Velvet, Tapestry, Moire Silk and Leather, with Gilt and Gun Metal frames, each fitted with change purse. 1.50 value for .95

ADVERTISEMENT.

GENERAL FUNSTON TELLS OF FIGHTING LIFE

"Memories of Two Wars," a Vivid Record of His Romantic Career.

TO BE PUBLISHED TOMORROW

It is a Rapid Narrative of Battle and Adventure Told in Simple, Graphic Language. The Capture of Aguinaldo is described.

"MEMORIES OF TWO WARS," published by CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS tomorrow, is General Funston's own story—simple, modest and humorous, a true soldier's narrative—of his fighting career; one probably unequaled by any living soldier in romantic brilliancy.

Young Mr. Funston from Kansas manages to get smuggled with some other men and several cannons into Cuba before the Spanish War, and though quite untrained in things military, he takes command of a gun in the insurgent army; that is the beginning. General of Volunteers Funston and a little band of chosen men, by highest courage, endurance, and cunning, capture Aguinaldo, and virtually close the Philippine War; that is the end. And the links in the chain that join these events are battles, marches, and skirmishes. It is all very valuable as history—especially the part about the Philippine War, which traces the lines on which the subjugation of the Islands was brought about, more clearly than they were ever traced before—but it is far more valuable as fascinatingly rapid and adventurous narrative.

Take this for a specimen. It tells how General Funston fired his first shot in anger:—

"In a few seconds I was satisfied, gave the screw a turn to lower the muzzle, and stepping from the piece, climbed on top of the parapet to the windward of the gun in order to observe the shot, yelled 'Fire!' to Pennie, and the ball had begun. I had forgotten to place my hands over my ears, and was almost deafened by the crash within a few feet of my head. A fraction of a second later I saw a burst of flame and smoke from the upper part of the building and saw the bricks come tumbling down. Jumping down at once from my exposed position, I landed on the back of a Cuban patriot who was lying behind the parapet and put him out of that battle, the first casualty in the siege of Cascorra."

If any man is tired of novels, but not tired of adventure and excitement in his reading, here is the book for him. If anyone is in doubt about what to give any man for a Christmas present, he or she can't go far wrong in giving him this. Its price is $3.00 net; postpaid $3.30; and it is strikingly illustrated by F. C. Yohn.

Charles Scribner's Sons — Fifth Ave. New York

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Jet Black Carbon, per box.....$1.00
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PAGE TREDWAY CO.,
261 Broadway.

ADVERTISEMENT.

MARGUERITA SYLVA'S THROAT

Miss Sylva, star of "Gypsy Love," who has just returned to the cast, says: "Many of the operas make severe demands upon a singer's throat. In relieving the strain, as well as in overcoming hoarseness and irritation, I find that Vernas Lotion is wonderfully effective."

There's a unique adaptability about Vernas. It cleans and preserves the teeth, strengthens the gums and sweetens the breath. Doctors prescribe it for sore throats. Smokers say it relieves throat irritation like magic. And as a general antiseptic there are many uses for it in every home.

The Telephone—

Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?

New York Telephone Co.

THE PROBLEM OF THE TRUSTS

Discussed by William M. Wood in the Fourth of a Series of Articles by Eminent Men of Affairs—President of the American Woolen Company Says the Expansion of Trade and Industry Has Made the Great Corporation Necessary and Inevitable.

There is no question of more pressing importance in the United States to-day than that of the relations which shall subsist between the Government and the people on the one hand and combinations of capital on the other. During the next session of Congress consideration will be given to proposals designed to solve the trust question, possibly resulting in the enactment of a law which shall enable effective co-operation in business and at the same time prevent the abuses which have outraged public sentiment. To place before its readers every aspect of the problem, THE TIMES has arranged for a series of articles by eminent men of affairs, who will present their views on the following points:

1. The effect of the operation of the Sherman anti-trust law as construed by the United States Supreme Court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases.

2. Whether it is possible to restore the old-time competition or whether the country must legalize capitalistic and industrial co-operation.

3. If co-operation is necessary under existing conditions, to what extent shall the Government exercise regulation and supervision?

The fourth of the series of articles appears below. The fifth article, by Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and of the Chicago & Alton Railroad, will appear on Sunday next.

BY WILLIAM M. WOOD,
President of the American Woolen Co.

It ought not to be necessary to enter at this time any defense of the large corporation in modern business. We are living in an era not of small but of great things.

The great business corporation is half a cause and half a result of the wonderful expansion of trade and industry which the twentieth century is witnessing. The great corporation has helped mightily to bring this expansion about, and, on the other hand, this expansion has made the great corporation necessary and inevitable.

In all this I am speaking of the great business corporation, and not of that other thing sometimes confounded with it—the huge, powerful monopoly "in restraint of trade." There is no such monopoly now, nor is there likely to be, in the textile industries of the United States. Of the 1,000 American woolen and worsted mills the American Woolen Company owns and controls thirty-four. Large mills some of these are, but sufficing altogether to give the company, so far as can be estimated, no more than one-ninth of the woolen and worsted business of the United States, leaving eight-ninths to its 900-odd competitors.

The great corporation has ceased to be an object of surprise; it ought gradually to cease to be an object of suspicion. It has come to stay; there is a place for it in the world, but its existence does not imply that there is not going to continue to be a place for other and smaller corporations. There are in nearly all industries, and particularly in the textile industries, a great many specialized forms of production which lend themselves most readily to relatively small but highly expert and efficient organizations. In many an industry the great corporation has served to stir the industry as a whole to renewed zeal, alertness, and ambition. It has been a potent tonic and a wholesome stimulant.

Great corporations we are most certainly always to have with us, and the problem of how to deal with them justly and effectually promises to be for some years to come one of the most formidable problems of practical government. More and more clearly public opinion will come to recognize not only that these great corporations cannot be dispensed with, but that the people ought not to dispense with them if they could.

They have their part, and a great one, in the economical production and distribution of merchandise. There can be no question of the truth of the general principle that large producing companies, administered with proper integrity and sagacity, can deliver wares to consumers more cheaply than would be possible under the forms of the minutely divided individual, small-scale competition of thirty years ago.

In these days of enlightenment it is intolerable that business men at the head of great corporations should have no means of knowing whether they were doing business honestly and lawfully under the provisions of legislation and the possible decisions of the courts. It would seem to be the imperative duty of Congress not to abolish but so to amend the Sherman law or define and amplify it by new laws that business men may go ahead with confidence in the new and broader undertakings which are all the time essential to the wholesome growth of a nation like the United States.

To this end I earnestly favor the enactment of a Federal incorporation law controlling the organization of great corporations and carefully defining their actual rights and privileges. This matter of definition I regard as of the utmost importance. Let the National lawmakers make plain and unmistakable at the start what the great corporation can do and can not do, so that its managers may not be constantly embarrassed as to what course they can legitimately follow. For several years, and particularly in 1911, doubt and nervousness over what the Federal authorities may consider lawful and what not have been a long drawn out nightmare to American business men.

It is time to put an end to this harrowing and costly uncertainty for the benefit not only of the corporations, but of the Nation as a whole. The heads of great business enterprises will always have abundant occasion to consult their legal advisers, but the Government has no right to perpetuate a condition which requires the head of a great corporation to have his counsel as permanent fixtures at his elbow. That is not just or advantageous for either party concerned.

For a general model or foundation of a Federal incorporation law I doubt if there is anything better than the old incorporation law of Massachusetts. In this State legislation governing business was genuinely "progressive" long before that term was discovered and sought to be patented and exclusively applied by a political faction. One of the oldest and wealthiest States in the country has found it practicable to regulate business, to safeguard the interests of the people, and at the same time not to repress the growth of manufactures and other undertakings.

It seems to be the fashion in certain portions of the West to consider Massachusetts ultraconservative, but the seekers after honestly progressive legislation will find a great deal that is profitable and illuminating in a study of the statute books and administrative policies of the old Puritan Commonwealth.

A Federal incorporation law, for one thing, should make certain that the investors in great companies may know that every dollar of the capital is represented by equal value in property. Such a law should also recognize unmistakably the vital difference between corporations that do business in an open mercantile way, buying their raw materials in an open market under the competition of the entire world, and the corporations that control and enjoy partial or substantial monopolies of natural resources, such as coal, oil, or iron.

These latter corporations might properly be held subject to a more complete control by the Government than concerns which have no such advantages. Corporations of either kind might assume proportions that would make them in effect objectionable monopolies, dominating a major portion of any given industry, but there can be no doubt that such monopolies are much easier of attainment when there is control of the basic materials.

In few forms of present manufacturing is such control feasible or attempted. Given equality of access to natural resources and equality in transportation, and the danger of actual, harmful monopoly of any line of industry is reduced to a minimum.

The right kind of a Federal incorporation law, so that men of business will know what they can do and can not do, is the fundamental need of American trade and commerce. A great corporation properly organized within the law and started right ought not thereafter to be interfered with beyond the requirement of reasonable periodical reports of its actual business operations. Anything like a constant inquisitorial surveillance is not merely irritating to business men, but is unjust to them and harmful to the legitimate growth and advancement of the country. A large portion of the business of a great corporation, no less than a small corporation, a firm, or an individual merchant, is necessarily and properly of a confidential character.

No dry goods dealer, or grocer, or lawyer, or physician would relish the liability of having a Government Inspector run in at any time with a demand for an examination of his private books or an arbitrary mandate to change the methods of his business. Such petty espionage is alike unnecessary and intolerable in a free country like the United States.

A traveler along a road can advance with speed and certainty only when he has a reasonable knowledge of the way before him. So it is with a great business corporation. The path along which it proceeds can be clearly defined by the Federal Government in its terms of incorporation. It is possible by law and charter to indicate clearly what the corporation can do and can not do.

And when the Government has done this it should frankly acknowledge that the majority of great business corporations, as well as the majority of smaller business men, are honest in their purpose to obey the law as they see and understand it. The trouble now is not that the corporations do not intend to obey the law, but that they do not know what the law actually is.

The Sherman act is now twenty-one years old. During the greater part of its life its vast potentialities for good or harm seem to have been forgotten alike by the corporations and the Government. The twenty-one years that have elapsed have witnessed revolutionary changes in the underlying business conditions of the United States. It ought not to be too much to ask of the American Congress to urge it to recognize in some new, precise, and effective legislation that the country and the world have moved.

Andrew Alexander
SIXTH AVENUE AT NINETEENTH STREET.

Women's Boots

Prevailing dress styles allow great latitude in choosing shoes. Among the combinations most in request and here in stock

at **Five Dollars** a pair.

Patent Leather Button Boots with tops of white calf, tan and gray ooze leather—black cloth and velvet, mixed gray silk and black kid.

Gunmetal Calf Button Boots with tops of black cloth and velvet, tan and gray ooze leather, dull kid and calfskin.

Tan Calfskin Button Boots with tops of brown ooze or calf to match—also in lace style.

Button Boots made entirely of patent kidskin—black velvet and satin—white buckskin and canvas—brown and gray ooze leather.

Evening Slippers of Bronze Kid

The aristocrat of leathers, whose soft tones harmonize with nearly every shade.

Plain slippers for $3 and $5; suitable ornaments, 50c to $5. Other handsomely beaded models, $4 to $7.

Satin slippers in all the fashionable shades; kid in white, black, brown, pink and blue: cloth-of-gold and silver; patent leather and sealskin. Trimmings in a variety of handsome designs, many exclusive with this house.

Growing Girls' Shoes

Made on the lasts perfected by this house and now widely copied. Leathers selected for durability as well as attractive appearance.

Especially servicable are these over-height button boots made of tan and black calfskin and black glazed kid with stout welted soles; sizes 8½ to 10½, $2.50; 11 to 2, $3.00; 2½ to 6, $3.50.

Dancing shoes with turn soles; slippers of kidskin in white, black, pink, blue, bronze and patent leather in all sizes at moderate prices.

GOV. FOSS'S CHARGES GET CAMPAIGN BOOKS

Grand Jury to Investigate Advertising Methods of Both Parties in Massachusetts.

CORPORATIONS ARE ACCUSED

Unsigned Advertisements Alleged to Have Been Inserted in The Outlook and Daily Newspapers.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier announced to-night that he had requested the Treasurers of the Republican and Democratic State Committees to submit their books to him for examination, and has started an investigation along certain other lines regarding political advertisements in the newspapers.

The District Attorney said his action was due to the receipt of a letter from Gov. Foss calling attention to violations of the laws prohibiting the making of political contributions by corporations and the publication of unsigned political advertisements. Mr. Pelletier added:

"Upon the complaint of George W. Anderson of the Suffolk bar and a nominee for Attorney General, I am making an investigation of the advertisements which have been appearing in the daily press throughout the State during the present campaign, purporting to have been inserted by the Farr Alpaca Company, the United Shoe Machinery Company, and the American Woolen Company. I deem the matter of sufficient importance to lay the facts before the Grand Jury."

In his communication to Mr. Pelletier Gov. Foss said:

> I bring to your attention the flagrant violations which are being committed in Suffolk County of the statutes of this commonwealth prohibiting certain practices and safeguarding the rights of candidates and of the voters in elections, and I call upon you to cause an investigation to be made * * * and where probable cause is shown to bring presentments against the presons who appear to be guilty before the Grand Judy of Suffolk County, to procure indictments where possible and to prosecute the same.

Gov. Foss charges that Chairman Charles E. Hatfield and other officers of the Republican State Committee violated the statutes by appealing to corporations for financial support. Two circulars to the Boston Blower Company of Hyde Park are quoted by Gov. Foss, who charges also that Col. Roosevelt and other editors and officials of The Outlook Company, The Boston Herald, the officers of the United Shoe Machinery Company, American Woolen Company, and Arkwright Club published, or caused to be published, for circulation in this State, political advertisements not signed in accordance with the statutes of 1908.

The advertisements were antagonistic to the Democratic candidates in the State campaign.

OPPOSES WIFE'S ALIMONY.

Chorus Girl's "Million-Dollar Kid" Husband Says He Is Without Means.

George H. Mulligan, Jr., son of a wealthy New Jersey contractor, whose marriage to Bessie Madden Van Ness, a chorus girl of "The Beauty Spot" company, furnished a Summer sensation two years ago, opposed her application for alimony yesterday pending the trial of his suit for divorce before Supreme Court Justice Bischoff. Mulligan charges his wife with infidelity. Decision on the alimony application was reserved.

Mulligan, who was forced out of the presidency of a sight-seeing motor car company and disinherited for marrying contrary to his father's wishes, became successively a chauffeur, a lake freighter deck hand, and a laborer in a Detroit automobile factory to provide for his wife. She left him last December to go back on the stage.

In his affidavit opposing the granting of alimony Mulligan asserts that his wife designed and contrived their marriage solely because she believed he was the "son of a millionaire," and adds:

"From the moment of our marriage until recently she has solely, with a view to self-advertisement and notoriety, pursued every means of procuring newspaper notices and photographs of herself, announcing that she has married a millionaire's son, wherein I am continually referred to as 'The Million-Dollar Kid.'"

Mulligan declares that his wife is drawing a salary for stage appearances, and that he is sick and out of work.

When You're Motoring

And your car seems to skim over the ground and the cold, crisp wintry wind blows about you and sets your red blood atingling, there's exhilaration and joy in every moment provided you're warmly and properly appareled.

Big Warm Overcoats
For Owners and Chauffeurs

$25 to $150

The kind that will keep you warm and comfortable in any and all kinds of weather.

At $25—Overcoats of gray and tan whipcord, wool lined, double-breasted Russian greatcoat model.

At $35—Overcoats of extra heavy melton, wool lined, in black and Oxford, Russian greatcoat model.

At $45—Overcoats of blue Kersey, double-breasted, with Persian lamb collar, Silk Frogs and heavy plush lining.

At $55—Overcoats of English whipcord, in two shades of gray. Warm and serviceable, Russian great coat model.

And to top them all, a fine big warmth-without-weight Russian greatcoat of Shetland wools; there's just one of a pattern. In addition to a fine lining of silk it is lined throughout with a detachable lining of French kid..........**$150**

Also a complete assortment of fur and fur lined coats from $35 to $300

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
ON SALE AT THIS STORE ONLY

Music by Nahan Franko's Orchestra, Restaurant, Daily

33 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK.

Special Sale Today

Stationery and Engraving

At Very Low Prices That Will Induce Placing Holiday Orders in Advance

The social ethics of polite society are reflected in all the work that comes from Simpson Crawford's. The quality of stock is of the very best, correct in weight and size, and the workmanship of the finest. ☞ Third Floor.

Visiting Cards in "Shaded Old English," engraving plate and 50 finest quality cards; usually $2.25. Special.. **$1.50**

Visiting Cards in English Script, engraving plate and 50 best quality cards. Usually 89c. Special at.............. **75c**

Scotch Linen Lawn Writing Paper, box 59c.
Put up in cabinets containing 100 sheets and 100 envelopes. This paper is linen finish and has an excellent writing surface, made especially for us by one of the best mills in the country.

Simco Linen Writing Paper Cabinet.
Three quires of linen correspondence paper and envelopes in shades of blue or gray. One quire each of large and medium letter size and one quire small size. Sells regularly at 85c. Special, box.......... **50c**

Persian Lawn Writing Paper, Box 19c.
This is an excellent fabric finished writing paper with a fine writing surface. Put up in boxes of 50 sheets and 50 envelopes and usually sold for 25c.

Writing Paper, Pound Packages, at 10c.
Made especially for Simpson Crawford Co. by one of the best mills in the country. Each package contains 80 sheets of pure white paper in the fashionable shape.
Envelopes to match, 25 for 5c.

720 Guaranteed Fountain Pens. The usual Selling Price Is $1.25 to $3.50.
Fitted with 14 kt. gold points, guaranteed to give satisfaction. There are several varieties of barrels. Some are fitted with two gold bands, others inlaid with pearl or silver or gold filigree. Any one of these would make a handsome gift. With each pen we include a pocket clip and a bottle of Stafford's Fountain Pen Ink........

Fountain Pen, Pocket Clip and Bottle of Ink. 69c

Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Ave., New York City

VIGILANCE
STRENGTH
EXPERIENCE

A Successful Combination

It is UNION that brings strength—ORGANIZATION that brings safety, to safe deposit vaults as well as States.

If it were not for our great number of renters this organization could not be kept at its present high point.

Strong vaults and armed guards are essential to protection against burglars and mobs.

But the real dangers come from the weak spots in the SYSTEM of protection.

They can be guarded against only by an experienced organization.

Our organization—legal, mechanical and executive—is unchanged after years of service.

Men have grown old in the service—have been retired on pension—but their places have been taken by others who have worked their way up.

The discipline on the deck of a battleship is not more perfect than that among our uniformed employes.

There is check and counter-check at every step.

No ENTIRE responsibility rests on one individual—each man fits his place like one tumbler fits the other tumblers of a lock.

So you have the safety of this great HUMAN LOCK, without the possibility of individual deriliction—added to the strongest safe deposit vaults in the world.

It makes the successful combination—Experience, Vigilance and Strength.

This is the form of Safe Deposit Efficiency which has attracted and held the thousands of substantial business men who are our renters.

Boxes from $5 a year up.
Vaults up to $6,000.

The Mercantile Safe Deposit Company
Equitable Building, 120 Broadway
Established 1870

Copyright, 1911, by The Mercantile Safe Deposit Co., N.Y.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

EVERYTHING FOR SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL MATCH—

Fur Coats—Veils—Steamer Rugs—Thermos and Kosmos Bottles—Caps—Luncheon Baskets—Umbrellas—and a hundred and one other things you will remember at the last moment.

You can get everything at Macy's, so why pay more elsewhere?

Special Values in London Made Overcoats in two departments

The identical styles and materials for which you must pay from $5.00 to $12.00 more all over the city.

We have Topcoats made in London expressly for R. H. Macy & Co. for $27.50, $32.50, $38.50, and $47.50.

Men's Burberry Top Coats, $34.74, $49.74, $58.75; some Leather lined at $79.75.

A complete assortment of swagger London Made Coats in our Motoring Goods Department on the Fourth Floor and in our Men's Clothing Department on the Fifth Floor.

If you cannot find exactly what you want in one department, you will probably find it in the other.

PICKING DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL TIMBER

Seven Reasons Why Gov. Wilson Is the Man, Col. Harvey Writes, in a Magazine Article.

HEARST EDITOR PICKS CLARK

The Success of the Democratic Congress Is His Achievement—Congressman Cox Booms Gov. Harmon.

A feature of this week's Independent Magazine, published yesterday, is three articles, one by Col. George Harvey, another by Congressman James M. Cox of Ohio, and the third by Col. John Temple Graves, editor of The New York American, W. R. Hearst's principal newspaper, setting forth the fitness and popular strength of Gov. Woodrow Wilson, Gov. Judson Harmon, and Speaker Champ Clark, respectively, as Democratic candidates for the Presidency.

Since Col. Harvey has long been one of Gov. Wilson's warmest admirers, and having been largely instrumental in obtaining his nomination and election as Governor, the selection of him to write of Gov. Wilson created no surprise yesterday in political circles

Mr. Cox is a Democratic Congressman from Gov. Harmon's State, and has long been a warm supporter of the Governor's political aspirations.

The earnest advocacy of Champ Clark by Col. Graves, however, at once set the political tongues awagging. Col. Graves is one of Mr. Hearst's chief editors, and is one of Mr. Hearst's right-hand men at his political councils. His present article, taken in connection with a recent expression from Mr. Hearst that either Underwood or Clark would make excellent candidates, was at once construed by some as in a degree at least reflecting Mr. Hearst's own judgment as to Democratic Presidential possibilities.

Col. Harvey, in discussing Gov. Wilson, departs somewhat from the methods of Messrs. Cox and Graves, who draw comparisons each in favor of his own respective choice by dedicating all his space to the virtues of his own man. He sets down seven distinct reasons why Gov. Wilson is the Democratic "hope" in 1912. They are:

> Because he is thoroughly equipped mentally, morally, by birth, training and experience.
>
> Because his conception of public office is true.
>
> Because his proposals are radical.
>
> Because he is constructive and efficient.
>
> Because he is free.
>
> Because he is a Democrat.
>
> Because he would be elected.

Under these reasons Col. Harvey supports each in its turn. Gov. Wilson, he says, is equipped for the Presidential job because, starting with brains, conscience, and convictions, he has spent a lifetime in fitting himself for public service. Political economy was a passion of his youth, and "the facts of government" soon became the dominant interest of his mind.

"He mastered theories and studied the results of practice," Col. Harvey says. "He longed to enter public life, and work out political problems at close range.

"That Wilson has wider information respecting theories of government than another, or perhaps any other, is not surprising. All his life has been given to its acquisition."

Wilson Favors the Referendum.

According to Col. Harvey, Gov. Wilson does favor the referendum and the recall, not as a substitute for, but as a guarantee of, truly representative government. In Gov. Wilson's opinion these two measures constitute the "gun behind the door," to be used only in extreme cases against those who have betrayed their trust and violated their pledges. But Col. Harvey says Gov. Wilson does not believe in the recall of Judges. He would not leave a determination of what is law to the popular impulse or to popular judgment.

Declaring his candidate to be constructive, Col. Harvey says he would never dissolve corporations simply because they were big.

"All Wilson asks of a corporation," Col. Harvey asserts, "is that they give the people honest service at a reasonable rate, not with the primary idea of squeezing and exploiting them, but with the primary idea of serving them. Nor can he perceive any advantage in dissolving corporations, however great, when so doing serves only to throw great undertakings out of gear, to the infinite loss of thousands of innocent persons, and to the great inconvenience of society as a whole.

"Regulation, not disintegration, is Wilson's remedy for existing evils, without regard to the 'size or might' of the corporation, 'if you will but abandon the fatuous, antiquated, and unnecessary fiction which treats it as a legal person, as a responsible individual.' He would be loath to sacrifice the 'efficiency and economy' which tends to stimulate rather than destroy competition, and he would applaud and encourage the builders of properties, however great, while sternly condemning and repressing mere manipulators who deceive and swindle the public."

Col Harvey pictures Gov. Wilson as owned by none, few or many. Asserting that few have reached great political prominence without making many alliances and creating many obligations, Col. Harvey observes that it is not then so much a matter of condemnation of others as of congratulation that Gov. Wilson is not in any way entangled.

In the same connection he declares that there never was a time when it was so desirable that the President should have but one master, the whole people.

Col. Harvey calls Gov. Wilson a true Democrat, the "natural successor by birth, instinct, training, ability, courage, and faith in the people of Thomas Jefferson." He declares also that from the present outlook Gov. Wilson would assuredly be elected if only he is nominated. He regards that as the crucial bridge.

Calls Harmon a Constructor.

Throughout his article on Gov. Harmon, Congressman Cox emphasizes the broad political experience, the man-size ability, the courage, and honesty of his candidate. He is a man who has made good as the Governor of his State and leader of his party in that State, Mr. Cox asserts, and is well worthy of the trust and the honor of leading his party in the Nation. He is represented as a great lawyer, a splendid judge of men, a man of lofty devotion to his party and his country, and the possessor of practical constructive capacity of a high degree. Referring to the old saying, "Hazard makes the man," Mr. Cox says:

"Since it is admitted that the future holds developments that will make the highest possible calls on the minds and hearts of men, then none will deny the wisdom of selecting 'the man for the hazard.'"

Mr. Cox thinks there is not a doubt that Gov. Harmon is that man.

Col. Graves reasons directly to Speaker Clark not only as the best-fitted man to win for the Democrats next year, but as the man who deserves the nomination. He says the foundation of all Democratic hopes for success is laid in the splendid record of the present Democratic Congress, and that Champ Clark more than any other man is responsible for that record.

Col. Graves admits, however, that "Oscar Underwood, as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, has conducted the cause of the majority on the floor with consummate balance and skill," and "has won and deserves golden opinions for his courage, his calmness, his discretion, and ability."

Col. Graves attributes to Speaker Clark a public career of twenty-five years without a flaw. He calls the Speaker a "discreet radical and a progressive conservative, with nothing in his record for which to apologize or explain." He says also that Mr. Clark is a capital campaigner, "better than Harmon, and better even than Wilson, and fully as effective as Bryan."

"The Democratic Party," concludes Col. Graves, "fronts the greatest opportunity it has known in twenty years for entering upon a long lease of power.

"Who is better entitled to lead the Democratic Party than Champ Clark, the man who made that opportunity?"

$109,041 AWARD AGAINST CITY

Borough President Miller Revoked a Contract with Wakefield Company.

A Supreme Court jury returned a verdict yesterday of $109,041 against the city in favor of the Wakefield Construction Company. The amount sued for was $250,000. Justice Lehman heard the case.

Under the Haffen administration in the Bronx the company got a contract for extensive sewer construction work. One of the clauses in the contract provided that it would be forfeited if the Chief Engineer of the borough should certify to the Borough President that the work was not progressing with due dispatch.

When Borough President Miller took office he abolished the office of Chief Engineer. Then, on the report of another borough engineer, he declared the contract abandoned.

Salvatore De Pasquale, President of the company, denied the truth of the statements in this engineer's report, attacked the proceedings as irregular, and sued for his potential profits and investments in equipment.

ALBANY DODGES LAW OF COMPETITIVE BIDS

Examiner Magolton Says City Work Is Split Up Into Orders of Less Than $250.

OSBORNE'S AGENT ARRESTED

William Duggan Taken to Station House by Detective Sheehan, Against Whom He Had Testified.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 2.—While James W. Osborne, counsel for the Senate Investigating Committee, was in Ballston today in court proceedings to compel William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, to answer certain questions before the committee, Nelson P. Bonney conducted the hearing before the committee, presenting evidence in relation to gambling in Albany. One of his witnesses was John C. Woodward, a traveling man, who said he saw roulette and other gambling games in several places.

Two of the places are operated by the Municipal Telegraph Company and the Eastern Telegraph Company. Arthur L. Andrews, Corporation Counsel, informed the committee that these companies had repeatedly obtained court orders restraining the police from interfering with their business. He expressed the belief that the committee should recommend legislation which would make it possible to close up the places.

Further testimony relating to the playing of policy in Albany was given by Arthur J. Roy, an assistant in the Dudley Observatory. His evidence was similar to that which he gave before a Commissioner appointed in 1909 to hear charges against the Albany County Sheriff on the complaint of the Civic League. While it was shown at the time that policy was played in Albany, it was not shown to the satisfaction of the Governor that the Sheriff had not tried to suppress it after his attention had been called to that form of gambling.

After hearing testimony on alleged vice and gambling conditions in Albany, counsel suddenly switched to alleged violations of that section of the second-class cities law which requires competitive bidding for all public work which is estimated to cost $250 or over.

John J. Magolton, an examiner of municipal accounts in the State Controller's office, who has been investigating the fiscal affairs of the City of Albany since June last, was called, and was on the stand when an adjournment was taken until to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

In the absence of James W. Osborne, the examination of witnesses was directed by two of Mr. Osborne's assistants.

Mr. Magolton testified from a preliminary report which he has made to the State Controller. He took up in detail alleged evasions of the second-class cities law, and pointed out that orders had been given for less than $250, splitting up practically the same class of city work, the aggregate of which, he said, would run into thousands of dollars. Mr. Magolton also told of an instance where he required the city to compel the Union Trust Company of Albany to substitute $100,000 in negotiable securities for securities which he held were not negotiable, the trust company having been designated as a depositary for certain city funds. He testified that Corporation Counsel Arthur L. Andrews acted for the trust company in this transaction.

William Duggan, a private detective in the employ of the Senate Committee which is investigating conditions in Albany, in company with a man known in the tenderloin as "Big Frank," was arrested to-day by Patrick Sheehan, a plain clothesman attached to the local police force, and compelled to go to the station house, where he subsequently was paroled in the custody of Albert E. Bryan, one of the assistants to James W. Osborne, counsel to the committee.

Duggan had testified yesterday to an experience in the tenderloin in which Detective Sheehan and "Big Frank" are alleged to have participated, and this morning's episode was alleged by witnesses to-day to have been an attempt on Sheehan's part to get even.

Sheehan was put on the witness stand to-day by Mr. Osborne, and his version of the occurrence was to the effect that he had overheard Duggan tell "Big Frank" that "all he had was $8," which led the detective, who had been shadowing them, to suppose that Duggan was giving "Big Frank" money with which to get out of town. The witness said he had been so informed by "Big Frank."

Sheehan maintained that he had not arrested Duggan and had made no charge against him, although he admitted that he had taken him to the station house.

Mr. Bryan, who went to the rescue of Detective Duggan after he had been taken in custody, was next sworn. He said Sheehan at the station house "appeared to be intoxicated," declared that Duggan had been telling lies about him on the witness stand, and asked: "Now, if a man went on the witness stand and lied about you, wouldn't you try to get even?"

Detective Duggan said he had become acquainted with "Big Frank" during his work for the committee in the red light district, and that the conversation which Sheehan claims to have overheard was with reference to money which Duggan owed "Big Frank" for expenses in connection with the investigation.

Whether or not the Albany Investigating Committee may receive a court order compelling William Barnes, Jr., the local Republican leader, to answer questions which he declared were not pertinent to the inquiry and which involved personal matters, will depend upon the constitutionality of Section 856 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

At Ballston to-day Justice Joseph A. Kellogg heard arguments on the application of James W. Osborne, the Investigating Committee's counsel, for a warrant committing Mr. Barnes to jail for his failure to answer. Mr. Osborne made his application on the section of the code the validity of which was attacked by William M. Ivins and Senator Edgar T. Brackett, counsel for Mr. Barnes.

The section declares that if a witness fails to answer "without reasonable cause" a Justice upon affidavits may commit him to jail.

Mr. Ivins said this provision of law gave the witness no rights before the court, and for that reason was unconstitutional. He explained that in the present proceeding Mr. Barnes was represented "by grace of the court," and not as a matter of right under the law.

Mr. Ivins said he had conducted more than half the investigations in this State in recent years, and he had never dared to invoke the power conferred by Section 856. He cited a decision of the Appellate Division of the Second District in a case before Controller Grout, in which it was held that the section referred to was unconstitutional. Mr. Ivins said he had repeatedly tried to secure an effective amendment to the law, but had failed.

Replying to Justice Kellogg, Mr. Ivins said there was at present a law which provides a penalty in a civil action in case a witness should fail to testify before an investigating committee.

Mr. Osborne, in reply, declared that due notice to the offending witness was implied by the words "without reasonable cause" contained in the section. Mr. Osborne outlined the testimony which led up to the questions which Mr. Barnes refused to answer. He said that Mr. Barnes was the Republican leader of Albany, and as the majority owner of The Albany Journal it was pertinent to ask as to the number of shares of stock he held in the Journal Company and to require him to produce his books.

Mr. Osborne also desires an answer to his question as to when and how Mr. Barnes acquired his stock in the J. B. Lyon Company, which had done the county printing.

Briefs were submitted by Mr. Ivins and Senator Brackett, and Mr. Osborne was given until Saturday to file a memorandum, which will be directed mainly toward the constitutional point.

DUNCANS WILL QUIT AMERICA.

Sailing for Paris, the Dress Reformer Says We Are Lacking in Art.

Among the passengers who sailed yesterday on the French liner Savoie for Havre were Raymond Duncan, Mrs. Duncan, and their 5-year-old son Menalkas, who looked blue with his bare legs in the keen northwest wind that blew on the pier.

Mr. Duncan wore a white robe over a green one, and Mrs. Duncan had a green robe over a purple one, but the son had no tunic. His robe, ending at the knees, was also green.

The Duncans came back to this country to try to restore the costume of the ancient Greeks, but were disappointed in New York, and went out to California, where they founded a weaving institute for destitute women, and also studied Chinese pottery. Mr. Duncan said that Americans did not regard art seriously enough. He has acquired that opinion, it is understood, since a year ago, when the Children's Society had him arrested for not putting sufficient clothing on the patient Menalkas. He said he was going to Paris to deliver lectures, and would then return to settle up his affairs and bid farewell to America forever.

Rich Must Pay Wife $50 a Month.

Mrs. Daisy Frank Rich yesterday obtained from Supreme Court Justice Bischoff an order directing Berthold A. Rich to pay her $50 a month alimony pending the trial of her suit against him for divorce. Rich figured in proceedings last Spring to set aside an agreement he made with a lawyer by which the latter got $17,000 of his share of $20,000 proceeds from sales of realty which had been tied up under a trust fund arrangement. Rich got $13,000 of the $17,000 back by a court order.

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MODIFIES CENTRAL'S WATERFRONT PLAN

Tomkins Favors Marginal Way Line, but Thinks All Railroads Should Use It.

AND CITY OUGHT TO BUILD IT

Commerce Being Turned Away Now—Project Referred to Board of Estimate Committee.

Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins submitted yesterday to the Board of Estimate his plans for the improvement of the west side, including the elimination of the New York Central Railroad tracks from Eleventh Avenue. The railroad's own proposals had been referred to him, and in reporting them he suggests important modifications. While providing for an increase of the company's facilities, he opposes the permanent acquirement by the New York Central of control of the water front.

In general outline the two plans are alike. The New York Central has proposed to spend $65,000,000 in increasing to six its present two-track line from Spuyten Duyvil to the Seventy-second Street yard, and in building an elevated road along the marginal way from the end of its Sixtieth Street freight yard to Cortlandt Street, on which the tracks now running at grade along Eleventh Avenue might be placed.

Mr. Tomkins agrees in general, but strenuously objects to the acquirement of land by the New York Central between its enlarged tracks and the river and to its sole possession of the elevated road.

He admits that the New York Central's downtown freight service is of great value to the community. It keeps down the cost of freight, especially of foodstuffs, and, moreover, forces the rival companies with termini in New Jersey to meet its own schedules. The department is consequently of opinion that the railroad company should not be harassed, for fear that it should of its own motion abandon its downtown service and so raise the cost of freight by adding the heavy haulage expenses that would result if every merchant had to take delivery of his goods at Sixtieth Street. None the less Mr. Tomkins puts forward many criticisms of the railway's plans.

His own idea is to permit the New York Central to have its six tracks along the upper west side so long as they leave room for the filling in of a strip 100 to 150 feet wide all the way from Spuyten Duyvil to the southern end of Riverside Drive, which shall be absolutely public property. He would build the elevated freight railroad on the marginal way below Sixtieth Street, but it should be erected, owned, and controlled by the city, and should be open to the common use of all companies that desire to send their cars over it.

In this way the Commissioner believes that a proper policy with regard to the development of the water front would be established, and the city would be able to work out an organization for the entire port without being hampered by the permanent rights of a single corporation. By the establishment of a municipal transfer bridge in the forties the freight cars of the New Jersey lines could be run upon the municipal elevated road and would have the same facilities as those of the New York Central to reach the business establishments, which it is hoped will be set upon the east side of the marginal way.

By this means some of the piers now occupied by railroads might be set free for ocean steamship companies.

At the present moment the Dock Commissioner has before him twenty requests for dockage space from steamship owners which he cannot grant, while he sees that 40 per cent. of the piers below Christopher Street on the North River are taken up by railroad companies. He recognizes that the commercial needs of the city, especially the provision trades, really require, under present conditions, as much space as is set aside for them, but at the same time they are driving foreign commerce from the port.

Commissioner Tomkins raises no objection to the closing of the obsolete streets still on the city map which run through the New York Central's yard, between Fifty-ninth and Seventy-second Streets, but he declares that if there is to be any spreading out of the Central's tracks from Eighty-sixth Street to the northern entrance of the yard the covering of them over must be made an absolute condition of the concession.

Then he proposes the filling in of a 100-foot strip along the entire river front between the present railroad tracks and the water. To make room for this, considering the bulkhead line as it at present exists, it will be necessary for the New York Central to acquire land for its four additional tracks, in most places further inshore.

In the neighborhood of the Soldiers and Sailors' Memorial it may be necessary for the railroad to acquire the right to run under the edge of the present park, but the Commissioner considers that permissible as long as the tracks are covered.

Dyckman Street runs to the water at an exceedingly easy grade and gives on to a private dock, which, in spite of the filthy condition of the water, is in Summer a favorite bathing spot.

The New York Central would close this street at its tracks and would acquire all the land between them and the river. Then it would have the city open Bolton Road, which runs parallel to its right of way, so as to reach Dyckman Street. Four hundred yards to the north of Dyckman it would have a new street made from Bolton Road over its tracks to the water front, and would thus give access to the enlarged freight yards to be laid out at this point, which are to be used largely for its milk business. The Dock Department takes the view that this would mean that this rapidly growing section would be cut off altogether from the river and would be deprived of the only spot that is in any way suited for docking facilities.

Again, the New York Central's plans for Spuyten Duyvil itself have met with objections. The railroad has drawn plans for a tunnel under the Ship Canal to be built in the future, but this is not proposed to be large enough to accommodate more than two tracks.

What the Dock Department would like would be to have all the Central's tracks carried under the Ship Canal.

When Commissioner Tomkins submitted his report to the Board of Estimate yesterday he stated that he did not wish it to be sent to the committee of the board which has been considering the west side problem, and which consists of Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel, and Borough President McAneny. He wanted to have Chief Engineer Lewis of the Board of Estimate pass upon it.

"To submit it to the committee," he insisted, "would precipitate a clash. It is not an impartial tribunal, its mind being already made up."

The committee members thought that they might be trusted to act judicially, but said that they would be quite willing to have Mr. Lewis on the committee with them.

Then Mr. Tomkins wanted the appointment of Ernest C. Moore, a consulting engineer of 156 Nassau Street, who some months ago reported to the board in line with Mr. Tomkins's proposals. Controller Prendergast replied shortly that the board must use its own judgment about the composition of the committee.

Mayor Gaynor remarked that the committee ought to give some weight to the views of the commercial world, which has largely supported Mr. Tomkins's ideas.

"It will be highly unfortunate," added the Mayor, "if we get into a dispute and these plans drag along for years."

Mr. Lewis was added to the board's committee.

ARTISTS WELCOME CRAIG.

Give a Dinner to the English Illustrator, Who Will Live Here.

Book, magazine and newspaper illustrators packed Keen's English Chophouse in West Thirty-sixth Street last night to do honor to Frank Craig, one of the foremost English artists, who has done much work for book and magazine publishers in this country.

More than one hundred of the best known artists and illustrators in the city were present, and the dinner had not progressed far before the news got abroad that, while it was still something of a secret, the real occasion for rejoicing among the artists was that Mr. Craig was about to cast off some of his British ties and become an American by permanent residence at least.

Though years ago he achieved fame in his own country, both as an illustrator on the staff of The Graphic and as an artist, whose pictures soon found their way into numerous permanent collections, he has done most of his work in the last few years for the Harper, Scribner, and McClure publications, and Collier's Weekly.

Some of the most popular and ambitious publications by these houses in the last few years have been illustrated by his pen, and the calls have come so fast that he has found little time to give to publications in his native land. On account of this fact, it was whispered about the tables last night that he was actually and willingly being welcomed into the Society of American Illustrators, whose guest he was.

The dinner was a long way from being formal, since Charles Dana Gibson, toastmaster, Montague Glass, Mr. Craig himself, and other kindred spirits were out to tell stories and sing songs.

Before the story-telling and the singing began, however, Mr. Gibson had a bit of good news to tell, which brought the illustrators to their feet with cheers of delight and appreciation. John W. Alexander, one of the leading members of the society, as also a trustee of the public libraries, was unable to be present, but sent a letter to Mr. Gibson announcing that the library trustees had decided on Tuesday night to offer the artists the use of several large rooms and corridors in the new library at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street for the exhibition the illustrators are planning to hold this Fall. The assent of the library authorities to the use of wall space in the new library for the exhibition swept away the illustrators' difficulties at once, and the exhibition, which had been planned for Nov. 15, will be held on that date.

Among the artists and writers present were André Castaigne, Harrison Fisher, Arthur I. Keller, Wallace Morgan, T. B. Wells Alonzo Kimball, W. L. Jacobs, C. D. Williams, Lucius Wolcott Hitchcock, J. H. Chapin, art editor of Scribner's Magazine, Montgomery Flagg, John Thomson Willing, and Troy Kinney.

NO FRAUD IN SHEPARD TRUST

Creditors of Bankrupt Bankers Lose Suit Against Arthur W. Lincoln.

Judge Holt refused yesterday in the United States District Court to set aside as a fraud on creditors the trust into which the affairs of E. D. Shepard & Co., bankers, at 31 Nassau Street, who went bankrupt in March, 1909, had been placed. The firm was interested in the promotion of railroads and industrial schemes in Colorado, New Mexico, and Arizona, and in September, 1907, its business was turned over to Arthur W. Lincoln as managing agent under a trust agreement.

GET INSIDE OF LIFE, URGES DR. CAMPBELL

We Moderns Lack a Sense of the Eternal, Declares London Preacher.

HOLDS A LARGE AUDIENCE

Tells Reporters Afterward That He Never Said That an Honest Man Couldn't Stay in Business Here.

The Rev. Robert J. Campbell, whose sermons in the City Temple, London, have aroused international comment, held a noonday service yesterday in the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, of which the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton is pastor.

The London evangelist's unusually youthful face, prematurely white hair, gleaming black eyes, and timidity are well known to almost every churchgoing New Yorker who has been in London in the last ten years, and a large audience, in which there were quite as many men as women, sought seats expectantly to hear what he had to say.

New York churchgoers have become somewhat accustomed to having their preachers tell them that they possess everything they want, and Mr. Campbell startled his fashionable audience a little by saying in his opening prayer that "here are people who have never quite succeeded in being what they hoped to be." His sermon was so much to the mood of the audience that when Mr. Campbell paused and said reluctantly that he feared his hearers were growing tired half a dozen men spoke up loudly:

"Go on! Go on!"

Mr. Campbell's text was Habakkuk, iii., 17-18:

> Although the fig tree shall not blossom, neither shall fruit be in the vines, the labor of the olive shall fail, and the fields shall yield no meat; the flock shall be cut off from the fold and there shall be no herd in the stalls;
>
> Yet I shall rejoice in the Lord, I will joy in the God of my salvation.

"The Old Testament has very little in it about the immortality of the individual soul," Mr. Campbell said. "The question of the persistence of the personality after the change called death does not seem to have occurred to the people of those days very often. But the people of the Old Testament possessed one idea which we have ceased in great measure to possess. Behind all the passing accidents of their everyday life, behind the questions of food and drink, gain and loss, pleasure and pain, they had an omnipresent consciousness of God. In the thought of communion with God they found something so valuable that they were regardless of what might happen to their personal outer selves. They possessed what I call the sense of the eternal, and it is about this sense of the eternal that I want to talk to you.

"I hope I will make you hold this material world a little more loosely, henceforth. This is rightly called a materialistic age because we tend to live very much on the outside of things. Even the churches are living on the outside of things. They are doing it even while they deny doing it. I don't mean that people nowadays are altogether without souls. There is lots of moral inspiration, for example, right here in the United States. But the average man of to-day has no time to think of anything but the improvement of his outer conditions. Men have lost all capacity for anything except industrial pursuits. They never stop really to think what life is all about. And this, if you don't mind my becoming personal, is just where the average man of to-day and I myself differ.

"Ever since I was a little child I have carried around with me everywhere a sense of the unreality of this material world of ours. I have always had a feeling as though I could put my fist through it. The feeling, I admit, became fainter temporarily during early manhood. But it has come back again very strongly recently. The material, outside world to me to-day is like a shadow thrown on a screen. I fully believe, mind you, that this material life of ours is very important. But it isn't important in the way that it seems to be. It is important in its relation to the eternal. If it isn't important in its relation to the eternal, it isn't important at all.

"One of the oddest things about life to me is that the people whom one might expect to blaspheme against God most because of the sorrows they have undergone are generally the ones who praise God most, and who are most grateful to Him for life. This shows perhaps that in order to possess the sense of the eternal we have to go through hell.

"This sense of the eternal must exist in you, although many of you are not conscious of it. Some yearning of your spiritual natures obviously brings you here. Cultivate this sense of the eternal. Learn to lean on it and don't merely lean on your preachers. Human nature is a poor thing to lean on. Make your faith in life so great indeed that you won't care whether individual people are cruel or kind to you."

Practically every man and woman in the church came up to the platform when he finished and thanked him and shook his hand. After every one else had gone Mr. Campbell asked the newspaper men to tell the New York public that he hadn't said that "a man couldn't be honest and remain in business in America."

"The successful modern business man is seldom the most scrupulous and the struggle makes him hard," is what Mr. Campbell says he said regarding our captains of industry.

Mr. Campbell, who visits this country by the invitation of a number of American admirers, will speak in South Orange, Montclair, and Brooklyn the next three days. He will remain in this country until January. He calls himself a follower of the "New Christian Liberalism."

"The New Christian Liberalism preaches the presence of God, not only in Christ, but in every man," he said yesterday. "The Old Christian Liberalism was practically Unitarianism and preached a human Christ."

The Rev. Dr. Eaton said he had received a number of anonymous letters, apparently from churchgoing persons, upbraiding him in most unchristian language for allowing Mr. Campbell to speak in his church.

"The misquotation of Mr. Campbell's public utterances has done much harm," said Dr. Eaton. "Please set it right."

A GRANDDAUGHTERS SOCIETY

Outgrowth of Daughters of the Empire State—Some Waldorf Meetings.

The Society of New York State Women and the National Society of Daughters of the Empire State met on the same floor of the Waldorf yesterday afternoon. The frist named society has Mrs. Gerard Bancker for its President, the second Mrs. N. E. Hulbert. While the New York State women were talking of Manhattan Indians yesterday Mrs. John Francis Yawger was giving the Empire State daughters "Echoes of Old New York," and while a baritone and a soprano were singing "Indian Love Lyrics" to the New York women Mrs. Frank Crowell was singing about the "Dear Empire State" to the Empire Daughters.

The Empire Daughters went the New York State women one better in one way yesterday, for they brought into being a little granddaughter. It is a new chapter which is going to be called the "Peter Stuyvesant," a baby organization of little girls, 10 and a dozen years old, little Miss Durham, the tiniest maiden of them all, being the Registrar. Little Miss Katherine Tripp is the President. It is only a little chapter of little girls, about half a dozen members in all, but it is going to follow in the footsteps of the mother organization.

The little girls will meet once a month at their own homes, (that is one exception to club rules they will make for the present,) and they will have a musical programme and short addresses. The Empire granddaughters will have a club pin like that of the big daughters, only smaller; letter paper, smaller, but with the same insignia, and at the club luncheon in the Winter they will sit by themselves at a small table.

HEINZE NOTES IN COURT.

Metropolitan Trust Co. Sues to Recover Judgment on $90,000.

A motion in the suit of Harriman & Co. to collect a $5,000 note given by Mrs. Arthur P. Heinze in 1907 was argued yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Bischoff. Mrs. Heinze says the note was to protect her husband's account with the brokers, and they applied yesterday for leave to amend their complaint to show that Mrs. Heinze's claim that the stock her husband bought was hypothecated does not affect the issues.

The Metropolitan Trust Company filed suit against Heinze yesterday afternoon to recover judgment on two notes for $45,000 each made by Heinze in 1909.

SAYS EVERYBODY HAS A ROMANTIC STREAK

Mrs. Austin, the Novelist, Thinks It Is Hereditary and Bound to Come Out.

SEES DANGER IN DELAY

Would Have Professional Chaperons for the Daughters of the Poor—Influence of Billboards.

Mrs. Mary Austin, the writer, wanted to talk about divorce, she told the members of the Legislative League at their meeting at the Waldorf yesterday afternoon, and wished they had asked her to speak to them on the day they had it up for discussion.

"I know more about divorce than most people," said Mrs. Austin, "and I have reached the point where I know that free love is as much of a freak as kleptomania."

There is a hereditary romantic streak in human beings, Mrs. Austin told the women, and if that isn't worked off normally in early years it is sure to make trouble later. It comes from the days when men fought chivalrously for damsels who did tapestry work in old castles and waved their knights fond farewells from battlemented towers.

She recommended football as an outlet for the hereditary romantic element for boys and to keep them from sowing wild oats later.

According to Mrs. Austin, it is something like the unnecessary vermiform appendix in the physical life and is apt to show itself in the girl in romanticism and religion.

She didn't tell exactly how it should be worked off in the girl, but she believes in the "conservation of the bloom of women," and she doesn't wish young women or young men either to be too much exploited in the labor world. It is one of the causes of divorce, she says, and there again she illustrated with the man.

"You will notice that a good many men, when they get to be about forty or a little more, go to pieces morally. It is about that time that their wives begin to get old and homely and lose their teeth and they refuse to support them and are dragged into the divorce court.

"Now, when you hear of a case like that you will be pretty apt to find that the man had to take up moral responsibilities, help support himself and his family at an early age, perhaps thirteen. His moral fibre didn't have a chance to develop and become strong and vigorous, and so there is a moral breakdown at the time of strain."

The present day billboards was another subject on which Mrs. Austin touched, and she thinks they are bad for the children.

"I took the trouble to follow a group of children just out of school one day," she said, "and see how the billboards affected them. It was with them just as it was with the Bible pictures our mothers used to give us when we were little. They pointed at the pictures and said: 'This is me,' 'This is you,' just as we did with the Bible women, and it didn't make any difference to those children that the 'ladies' they were looking at wore short skirts and tights and had their toes pointed to a quarter of 6."

Mrs. Austin made an appeal for the professional chaperon, who in one form, is found in the Dock Matron, to chaperon the daughters of the poor, as the daughters of the well-to-do are chaperoned by their mothers.

"And we can't get this by silent influence, as our friends the antis say," she concluded. "I've tried it on sodden, ignorant, narrow-minded public men who were more influenced by someone else who had more power and a bigger purse. I think our best way to help is by making a cross on a little slip of paper and dropping it into a box."

The Legislative League was founded by Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake, who worked all her life for the "cross on the little printed slip" for women, and its members applauded heartily.

PLAN PANKHURST FAREWELL.

Suffragists Will Pay Honors to Their English Leader When She Sails.

A farewell meeting will be given by the Woman's Political Union to Mrs. Pankhurst, leader of the English suffragettes, on the evening before her departure for England, Friday, Jan. 12. Mrs. Pankhurst will sail on the 13th. There will be much interest in the meeting for the suffragette leader expects to return to victory, or, if the Government has not kept its promises to the women, they will again resume their militant tactics and Mrs. Pankhurst may be called upon to serve a long imprisonment.

Representatives of the different suffrage organizations have been asked to attend the meeting to give their personal farwell to Mrs. Pankhurst. This is significant as showing the different attitude taken by the suffragists toward the English suffragette. When she made her first appearance here to tell the story of the fight of the suffragettes, under the auspices of the same organization, it was the only one in New York which would welcome the leader of the English militants. No other organization would allow itself to be represented. The Men's Equal Suffrage League at that time refused to take a box at the meeting.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

When you make a selection from our immense showing of Men's and Boys' Fall Suits and Overcoats, you enjoy the satisfaction of seeing all that is new and correct in style, pattern and fit.

And a further incentive is the complete satisfaction in the wearing qualities of all our garments.

Fall Hats, Furnishings and Motoring Clothes.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

Buffalo and Chicago Express

Lackawanna Railroad

Leaves New York 2 A. M. daily

Sleeping Cars open at 9:30 P. M.

The Road of Anthracite

PHELPS & PERRY

Goldsmiths and Diamond Merchants

Beautiful Jewelry that is Artistic.

A great variety of moderately priced pieces, set with Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Emeralds and other precious stones.

The best American and Swiss Watches, thoroughly guaranteed and moderately priced. Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

Estates Appraised or Purchased.

3 MAIDEN LANE NEW YORK

FivePoints of Excellence

COMFORT is assured to wearers of Peerless Union Suits, because the fabric is firm, without being heavy, and is particularly chosen for its smooth, grateful feeling to the skin.

FIT is the result of careful tailoring and the elastic nature of the fabric, which conforms a Peerless Union Suit to your shape, with never a bunch or wrinkle.

FINISH is discernible in buttonhole, band and seam, insuring you against frayed edges, tag ends and the other annoyances of underwear more hastily made than Peerless Union Suits.

THE Peerless UNION SUITS

WILL SURELY SUIT YOU

DURABILITY commends Peerless Union Suits to those who are dependent on a public laundry and wish to avoid excessive mending.

For the sake of COMFORT, FIT, FINISH, DURABILITY and PRICE wear Peerless Union Suits.

Reliable Dealers Everywhere Sell Peerless Union Suits

Long Sleeve

Long sleeve, Ankle length.

$1.00 to $5.00 PER SUIT

Note the character and prominence of New York firms that sell PEERLESS UNION SUITS:

NEW YORK:

James McCreery & Co., 23d St.
James McCreery & Co., 34th St.
B. Altman & Co., Fifth Ave.
Morse Bros., 119 Nassau St.
Morse Bros., 866 Broadway.
Morse Bros., 822-824 Broadway.
Nat Lewis, 25 West 42d St.
Nat Lewis, 569 Melrose Ave., Bronx.
W. K. Gilbert, 527 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Jackman & Gewehr, E. 42d St., at 5th Ave.

Buy the "PEERLESS"—You'll Buy Again.

PEERLESS KNITTING MILLS CO., Mfrs., Mattapan, Mass.

An Appeal To City People:

I want to send to every man or woman in the United States dissatisfied with present location, an illustrated booklet describing briefly but accurately, the territory lying adjacent to the Northern Pacific Railway.

This means the country between the head of the Great Lakes, the upper Mississippi Valley and the North Pacific Coast.

I am particularly anxious to send this booklet to dwellers in cities and towns.

The need is daily growing more urgent for these people to spread out into the less densely populated regions.

The wisest move YOU can make is to locate in those sections where the growth in industry, land values and rural population is greatest.

If you are buying a piece of property, either for investment, for residence or business purposes, naturally the most desirable is that which is growing most rapidly in value.

Such steady, substantial growth and increase is a striking characteristic of the states traversed by the Northern Pacific Railway: Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.

The total percentage of increase in population in these seven states in the last ten years was 16% greater than the total percentage of increase of the entire United States.

The value of farm lands in these states increased in the last 10 years as follows: Minnesota 82%, Wisconsin 71%, North Dakota 321%, Montana 394%, Idaho 518%, Washington 419%, Oregon 262%.

The value of products of industrial establishments of all kinds in these same states increased in the 5 years from 1904 to 1909 as follows: Minnesota 33%, Wisconsin 44%, North Dakota 87%, Montana 21%, Idaho 156%, Washington 71%, Oregon 68%. These are Government figures.

I want you to know of the opportunities which exist in these Prosperity States: opportunities to engage in farming, fruit-raising, dairying, and other agricultural lines, merchandising and business building of all kinds.

After you have looked over the general publication referred to, with which I will send a reply postal card, I would like to have you indicate what particular state or locality most interests you, so that I can send additional specific information.

This is your chance to grasp Opportunity. You can learn WITHOUT COST what these Northwest states have to offer.

Your own good judgment, after you receive this information, will decide your course of action---I believe you will determine to personally investigate the country.

We have low rates of fare to enable you to do this at no great cost.

Write me today---a postal will do. Let me send you the first booklet containing general description, with excellent illustrations and map. This will enable you to narrow your investigation down to a state or locality. Then upon your request, specific literature and information will be promptly forthcoming.

The time to do it is now.

Write today saying simply, "Send me your booklet about the Fertile Northwest."

Address L. J. BRICKER, General Immigration Agt., Northern Pacific Railway, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

NORTHERN PACIFIC YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

See Our Exhibit at Madison Square Garden

We have installed an elaborate display of products from the Fertile Northwest at the American Land and Irrigation Exposition. You should surely see it.

This exhibit is in charge of representatives who will be glad to answer questions and furnish free illustrated literature. I personally would like to get in communication with you, however, if you are interested in the Northwest. Please do not hesitate to write me.

GIMBELS

Store Closes Daily at 6 P. M.

The Most Talked About Salon in New York

An excellent reputation to have attained, when women are enthusiastically commenting upn the

Distinctiveness of Gimbel Suits and Gowns

because they have never seen the equal of this apparel, except from the hands of the best custom tailors and dressmakers—at prices too steep to compare with Gimbel prices.

This is because we go to Paris to get the finest models *for all our patrons.* And by so doing we have our

Costly Paris Models Reproduced and Adapted to Sell at Mere Fractions of Original Prices

Thus we are enabled to make happy the hearts of the women who only wish to expend $25 to $50, or thereabouts, for a suit or gown.

There is also a special offering for those women who are not content without a *genuine original* and those who desire distinctive gowns for the Opera and Horse Show—we are

Now Disposing of Our Original Paris Model Gowns & Suits

By Paquin, Poiret, Francis, Drecoll, Robert, Bernard and Other Famous Creators of Style

At Half or Less the Original Prices

simply because we have used these models for reproduction purposes.

Although we have imported models in replica—
Demi-tailored Dresses of serge, velvet, corduroy and satin at $16.50 to $50.
Afternoon Gowns of charmeuse, chiffon taffeta, velvet at $25 to $125.
Evening Gowns of chiffon, lace, net, charmeuse and satin at $25 to $275.

We are e tremely proud of

A New Importation of Chiffon and Silk Marquisette Dresses at $22.50 and $32.50

Brilliantly, but simply, encrusted with crystal, steel, or jet beads and bugles. These are from Paris and truly Parisian in style and color-harmonies. Exquisite! As our standard of quality does not waver, our

Tailored Suits at $25, $35, $45, $50, $75, $100, to $275

are equally commendable. Scores of latest styles from which to select.

Third Floor

Superb KERMANSHAH RUGS In a Veritable Isle of Delight

Probably no species of Oriental Rugs presents the extraordinary beauty of color of the Kermanshah, when viewed in mass. The soft, tawny tones, the silken sheen, the rich ornamentation seem to increase in effectiveness as the number of the Rugs is multiplied. Hence, the impression that the visitor receives at the first sight of the block-long display of Kermanshah Rugs is one of infinite charm and color-harmony.

There are hundreds of these fine Rugs in the display—scattered over the floor and draped from the pillars that flank the aisle. But their wonderful beauty is not their only point of interest. Every rug in this large collection was bought under peculiarly favorable conditions, and is marked at a price that invites keen comparison. Gimbel Kermanshah Rugs will show savings of a generous 25 per cent. when matched against equal qualities at current prices.

For instance, one can buy here a Mat at $10 that is usually sold for $15. Or small Rugs at $31.50 and $35, that are usually $45 and $55. Kermanshahs in the Sedjadeh size are $45 to $75—elsewhere $65 to $100. And superb 9 x 12 ft. Kermanshah Carpets are $195 to $350, usually $265 to $475.

Every Rug, even the least expensive, is selected for its merit—not a single Rug in the collection is coarse, poor, or unworthy. Truly, the exhibition is an Aisle of Delight.

Sixth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

REICHMANN HOLDS CUMMINS GUILTLESS

Former Carnegie President Declares the $140,000 Was Used Precisely as Agreed Upon.

HIS VERACITY IMPUGNED

He Himself Being Convicted of a Part in the Deal—Bradley Martin, Jr., Gave Another Version of Agreement.

Joseph B. Reichmann, who was President of the Carnegie Trust Company at the time of its failure, continued his testimony for the defense yesterday at the trial of William J. Cummins for the larceny of $140,000. He supported throughout the contention of the defense that this $140,000, together with $195,000 more that went to make up the alleged trust fund, raised, according to the prosecution, to pay off notes of the Van Nordens in order to recover Twelfth and Nineteenth Ward Bank stock held as collateral, was put in Cummins's hands by agreement, and that it was properly used by Cummins for the purpose for which it was intended.

Reichmann's veracity was cast in doubt by the prosecution, Assistant District Attorney Moss asking him if he was not under indictment for stealing the same $140,000, and subject to trial in the same court on the same charge as Cummins.

"That is not my understanding," he declared. "I understand that I am accused of being the man who caused Cummins to commit this alleged theft."

Reichmann has been convicted of making a false report to the State Banking Department and sentenced to four months and a half in prison by Justice Davis, who is presiding at the trial of Cummins. He is out on $50,000 bail, pending appeal. When he was asked yesterday if it was not true that when the Banking Department was insisting on the payment of notes of Directors held by the Carnegie Trust Company he had dictated a statement saying his note was secured by stock of the Carnegie Trust Company held in escrow by the Carnegie Safe Deposit Company, he exclaimed:

"I refuse to answer that question on the ground that I have been tried and convicted of the charge contained in that question, and have obtained a certificate of reasonable doubt. I do not intend to furnish the District Attorney with further evidence that he might want to use."

Mr. Reichmann said he had become President of the Carnegie Trust Company because everybody was looking for a man to take the job, and he was the one found with sufficient courage to undertake it. He paid for his stock in the Carnegie Trust Company by cash and notes, but admitted that all the cash he paid originally was $3,000.

According to Reichmann's testimony, the creation of the $335,000 fund was due to demands made by Supt. Cheney that notes of the Directors and of companies in which the Directors were interested must be taken out of the Carnegie Trust Company.

"Mr. Cheney told me," he said, "that in view of the hard time we were having it would look better to take up those notes. I told him it would be hard to do that, but I would find some way."

Q.—Did you know that the money raised by the uptown banks was being used to pay off your notes and those of Cummins? A.—I knew it was being used to pay off notes of all the Directors. That is what it was raised for.

Q.—Wasn't it a fact that the assets of the Carnegie Trust Company were not liquid enough to meet demands of depositors that might be made? A.—Absolutely. That's what kept us all working day and night.

Q.—And among those unliquid assets were the notes of Directors? A.—I don't consider they were unliquid; they were liquidated.

Q.—How was your note paid? A.—From the proceeds of my note for $60,000 given to the Van Norden Trust Company.

Q.—Was the payment of these notes mentioned at the meeting of Van Norden Directors at which it was arranged to raise this fund? A.—Not in so many words, but the fund was to cover the general situation, which meant the protection of all individuals, companies, and institutions in the situation.

Q.—Did you know part of this money would be checked out by Cummins to various companies in which he was interested? A.—Yes, in a general way.

Q.—Was it in the agreement that the money should be so used? A.—The four men to whom this money was loaned on their individual notes turned it over to Cummins, and told him to use it in any way he saw fit. We had confidence in him and knew he would use it in the best way to save the general situation.

Q.—Did you ever ask Cummins what he did with the money? A.—I never did.

The theory of the prosecution is that the fund was raised specifically to take up notes of the Van Nordens, and that it was to have been held in trust by the Carnegie Trust Company. This is the version given by Bradley Martin, Jr., who was Vice President of the Van Norden Trust Company.

Mr. Moss tried to draw from Reichmann an admission that when the Platt Iron Works was acquired by Cummins and his associates, and paid for largely by notes, the cash that was paid was obtained by discounting in the Carnegie Trust Company notes of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Securities Company, a corporation formed by Cummins to hold the stock of the Platt Iron Works and other enterprises. Although Reichmann was President of this company, and of the Platt Iron Works, as well as of the Carnegie Trust Company, he said he could not remember what was done with the proceeds of the Merchants and Manufacturers' notes.

J. D. Porter of Nashville was called as a character witness for Cummins, whom he has known all his life. Mr. Porter explained that he was in New York to attend a meeting of the Peabody Education Fund, of which he is a trustee. He was formerly Governor of Tennessee, Assistant Secretary of State under Cleveland, Minister to Chile, Chancellor of the University of Nashville, President of Peabody College, and President of the Chattanooga, Nashville & St. Louis Railroad. He gave Cummins a good reputation for "honesty, truth, and veracity."

MAYOR IGNORES MITCHEL.

Gives No Heed to Questions Put to Him in the Board of Estimate.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Estimate yesterday John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Aldermen, called on Mayor Gaynor to explain why he had said he would request the Aldermen to reduce the 1912 budget, which was signed on Tuesday evening. The Mayor ignored the remark, and what looked like the beginning of an interesting session did not get any further.

Assemblyman James Hoey, author of the measure establishing the Fire Prevention Bureau, protested to the board that the $200,000 allowed to the bureau was too small. Under the circumstances, he said, the Fire Commissioner should not be held responsible should there be a serious fire. The Assemblyman presented a resolution which he said had been signed by 200 citizens, calling on the board to appropriate for the work of the bureau during the rest of 1911 one-sixth of the amount provided for 1912. The Mayor said there was no difference in the opinion of members of the board as to the advisability of getting the work of the bureau started at once.

A resolution was passed providing that the board adopt a definite programme with a view to the preparation of the budget for 1913. Looking straight at the Mayor, Mr. Mitchel then said:

"The Chairman of this board has been publicly quoted as saying that the budget for 1912 should have been lower and that he hopes the Board of Aldermen will exercise economies in cutting down the budget. In this connection I would like to ask him two questions: Why is it too large? and Why did not he avail himself of the invitation, publicly offered, for him to attend the sessions of the Budget Committee to offer there any suggestions he might have and to give the committee, in its executive sessions, the benefit of any information he might have?"

The Mayor did not answer either of the questions. Instead he said:

"If there is no further business to be transacted this board will stand adjourned."

Controller Prendergast then said:

"We want to be perfectly fair in this matter. Among the economies exercised was the cutting out of an item for 1,000 policemen. That was done with the Mayor's consent and approval. The cut in the amount for the Bureau of Fire Prevention was also made with his consent. Accordingly, if we take any credit for either of these acts we should share it with him."

"You can have all the credit," retorted the Mayor. "I don't want any of it."

SUED BY HIS WIFE'S LAWYERS

They Attach Baker's Property to Make Him Pay for Her Separation Suit.

Frost & Johnson, attorneys, obtained an attachment yesterday against the property of John Blake Baker in a suit against him for legal services to his wife, who was Mrs. Julia Freeman until Jan. 6. She employed them to bring a suit for separation against him. Baker was once secretary to James G. Blaine.

Mrs. Baker took her daughter by another marriage along with her on the honeymoon trip to Europe. The scenes of the alleged acts of cruelty on the part of Baker read like a list of points of interest on the Mediterranean.

Naples was the place where Mrs. Baker declares her husband began a five weeks' spree on champagne. At the Bay of Alexandria, she said, he told her he would not support her any more. He also told her, she declared, that his other wives had not only supported themselves, but him as well. In Cairo he swore at her in public, she said. In Rome he ordered a hotel proprietor to throw her into the street, she averred.

From other points in Europe, the plaintiff alleges, Baker wrote letters referring to her and her daughter as "the bunch," and charged that she had deserted him "like a thief in the night." Some of these letters were sent to her friends and members of her family, she asserts.

Mrs. G. H. Potts Slightly Improved.

Mrs. George H. Potts, daughter of W. S. Fanshawe, who has been ill for some days in the New York Hospital of typhoid fever, was reported last night to be better and to be doing, in fact, as well as could be hoped. Her husband, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, died in the same hospital of the same complaint after two weeks' illness on Wednesday morning.

BUILDING BULKHEAD TO FLOAT THE MAINE

Afterpart Will Be Made Watertight and Raised as Quickly as Possible.

ENGINEERS TO REPORT SOON

Findings Confirm Those of the Sampson Board That the Explosion Was Outside, It Is Reported.

HAVANA, Nov. 2.—The exploration of the portions of the Maine affected by the explosion which sank her probably will be completed by the end of November, when results of the investigation will be ready for submission to the board of officers.

The work of building a wooden bulkhead amidships was begun to-day, and there is no doubt now of the feasibility of floating the afterpart of the ship.

Up to the present, it is said, all indications strongly confirm the findings of the Sampson Board of Inquiry that the ship was destroyed by an exterior explosion, supplemented by explosions in the forward magazines. Officers in charge of the work, however, are silent as to their conclusions.

Additional cutting away of the wreckage reveals sections of the bottom and sides of the forward part lifted up and reversed, evidently by a tremendous exterior force, inconsistent with the theory of an exclusively internal explosion.

The forward section for a distance of seventy feet from the bow is lying on its starboard side and twisted sharply to port. Exploration within this section has now been completed for forty feet, leaving only thirty feet to the extremity of the bow, which it is expected will be reached within two weeks.

Removal of the four forward boilers has been delayed owing to the insufficient strength of the derricks. When they are finally extracted it will give an opportunity for exploration of the mud-filled magazines.

BELMONT STALLIONS TO ARMY

Financier Presents Two to War Department for Breeding Purposes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Footprint and Vestibule are the names of two stallions presented to the War Department for breeding purposes by August Belmont. They will be sent immediately to the army's breeding farm at Front Royal, Va.

Both horses were sired by Mr. Belmont's $150,000 prize stallion Rocksand. Altogether four horses have been presented to the Government by the New York millionaire.

Army Officers for Horse Show.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Major Gen. Wood, Chief of Staff of the army, to-day announced the names of the oficers who will represent the service at the New York Horse Show the latter part of this month. They are Lieut. Carl Boyd, Lieut. Edwin St. J. Greble, Jr., and Capt. George Videmer, from Fort Sam Houston; Capt. Julian R. Lindsay, Lieut. John W. Downer, and Lieut. William H. Shepherd, from Fort Myer; Lieut. Brice Disque, from Columbus Barracks, Ohio; Capt. Guy V. Henry, Lieut. Ephriam Graham, and three others as yet unnamed, from Fort Riley, Kan., and Lieut. Cushman Hartwell, from Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

BOY WAYFARER A ROMANCER.

Told of Long Tramp He Didn't Make and a Night in Woods.

A small boy, dusty, evidently tired, and crying, rang the bell at the home of Mrs. W. H. Miller, at 239th Street and Riverdale Avenue, Kingsbridge, yesterday morning, and when Mrs. Miller answered his ring, sobbed that he was hungry. The sympathetic woman took the youngster in and fed him while she listened to his story of how he had walked from Newburg just to see the battleships in the river, how he had started on Wednesday, spent the night in the woods, and tramped 60 miles without food. He said his name was William Prince and he was nine years old. Mrs. Miller decided that the Children's Society was the place for him and called a policeman who took him there.

The police heard from Newburg last night in response to their message to the police. They learned that the small boy had not walked from Newburg at all, that he had only walked from Hastings, near Yonkers, where he had been commited to the New York Orphanage and that his whole story of the night in the woods and the long trudge without food was an invention of his active mind.

The boy's father is dead and his mother is a nurse in Newburg. The lad has been wayward and was sent to the Orphanage after he had borrowed some money from a grocer, on the plea that his mother was short on the rent. Then he spent it in visiting moving picture shows and entertaining his friends.

CLARK WOULD ANNEX CANADA

Speaker Says He Doesn't Care Who Hears Him Say It, Either.

FREMONT, Neb., Nov. 2.—"Nine-tenths of the people of this country favor the annexation of Canada," declared Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, here to-day, "and I don't care who hears me say it."

Speaker Clark is scheduled to speak in twenty-one towns in Nebraska in the interest of Daniel V. Stevens, Democratic candidate for Congress to succeed the late Representative James P. Latta. His remark concerning Canada caused much comment.

"I am willing," he said, "to make this proposition: You let me run for President on a platform calling for annexation of Canada, in so far as this country can accomplish that end, and let President Taft run against me, opposing annexation, and I would carry every State in the Nation."

GIFT SUGGESTIONS

The newly imported stock of Messrs. Walpole Bros. contains, in addition to their Household Linens and Handkerchiefs, specialties in Lace and Embroidered goods particularly suitable for holiday presentation. Early purchasers will be able to select from these articles gifts of more than usual attractiveness.

Handkerchief Sachets
Baby Pillows
Pincushions
Nightgown Cases

in finest hand embroidery on sheer linen.

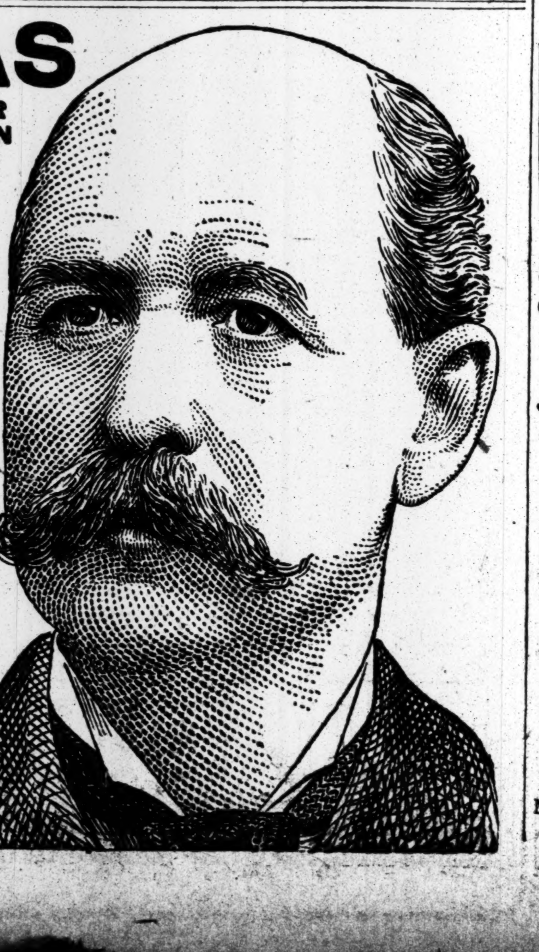
Hand Bags in Irish Crochet, with and without frames.

Irish Crochet Laces and Insertions by the yard. The best work of the Irish peasant-girl.

Walpole Bros.

PURE FLAX TRADE MARK

Irish Linen Manufacturers
Established 1766
373 Fifth Avenue
Corner 35th Street



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN
THE ENORMOUS INCREASE

in the sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes for the price.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Look in my store windows and inspect all the latest shapes, including **Short Vamps** which make the foot look smaller, also the **Conservative Styles** which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are **warranted** to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom | ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2.00 or $2.50 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:

93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th St.; 1437 Broadway; 1495 Broadway (Times Sq.); 984 Third Ave.; 1452 Third Ave.; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Ave.; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St. BROOKLYN—421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 478 Fifth Ave.; 1779 Pitkin Ave. NEWARK—837 Broad St. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Ave.

THE OVERCOAT SALE

6,000 Hackett Carhart Men's Overcoats at Savings of $6.50 to $17.50

265 B'WAY
841 B'WAY

Never before in the history of the retail clothing business has such a splendid assortment of strictly high-class overcoats been offered under price at the season's very beginning.

Trade conditions and foresighted merchandising made this sale possible. Every correct new model overcoat for winter 1911-1912 is represented. Raglans, boxcoats, convertible collar coats, single and double breasted coats, belted coats, etc.

Every fine overcoating from fifteen of the world's best mills is in the assortment: Kerseys, vicunas, meltons, cheviots, cassimeres, velours, etc. Included are fur and fur lined overcoats.

$55 Value Overcoats, $37.50

OVER 300 Garments specially priced at $37.50. Here are the finest Meltons, Kerseys and Vicunas in plain and fancy weaves that the best mills in England give to the world.

$50 Value Overcoats, $32.50

DIGNIFIED Garments of fine black and Oxford kersey and dark soft weave overcoatings. Qualities never before had under $50.

$40 Value Overcoats, $27.50

CONSERVATIVE Coats of lamb's wool vicuna, and extremely smart coats, semi-box back models, button through, in fuzzy long nap gray and brown Oxford weaves.

$35 Value Overcoats, $25

THE biggest range of all, 2,000 coats at $25 each, and every one $35 standard. Raglan, button through, convertible collar and box coat models. Every length from 45 to 52 inches. Every size from 32 to 52. Every coloring from black to lightest grays and tans.

Men's Fur and Fur-Lined Overcoats

Sample garments from three of the best fur coat makers in America. All known furs are represented. Prices

1-3 to 1-2 Below Regular.

$30 Value Overcoats, $22.50

WARMTH without weight garments included in this range. Here are new browns, grays, tans, and blues. Many have fancy back and are skeleton lined. Check and stripe effects as well as plain blacks and Oxfords. Included are dark Oxford Melton coats with fancy backs.

$28 Value Overcoats, $19.50

RAGLAN Shoulder Overcoats, convertible collar overcoats and conservative box overcoats. The fabrics include kerseys, meltons, worsted finished cheviots and cassimeres; colorings are new blue, grays tans, browns, greenish grays, Oxfords and blacks.

$25 Value Overcoats, $17.50

DOUBLE breasted convertible collar models, Ulster collar belted models, single breasted convertible collar models and regular ¾ length (46 inch long) overcoat models. Irish Friezes, Meltons, Kerseys and Cheviot mixtures are here. Rich dark brown kerseys, the warmth without weight gray mixtures and the dressy black and Oxford Meltons and Kerseys. Also medium weight black and Oxford coats, silk lined to the edge.

$22.50 Value Overcoats, $15

FOR stout men here are dark Oxford Overcoats made particularly to fit them. For Men and Young Men of regular build from 32 chest up, here are fancy Tan, Brown and Gray mixtures as well as conservative Oxford and Black coats. Every garment would be extreme value at $22.50.

$20 Value Overcoats, $13.50

IF you plan to spend $20 for a Winter Overcoat, you miss a chance to save $6.50 if you don't see these. There are belted back, convertible collar and ¾ length models. Choose from Gray, Tan and Brown mixtures, and very fine Black and Oxford Meltons. Every coat has best serge linings and satin sleeve linings.

$18 Value Overcoats, $11.50

NEW Model Coats of black and Oxford Melton and fancy overcoatings tailored styled and finished like usual $18 garments. All sizes for men and young men.

42 STREET

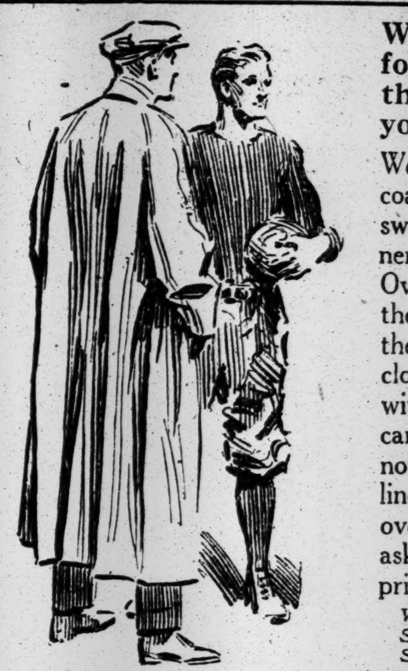
125 STREET

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President.

265 Broadway Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway Cor. 13th St. | 119 West 42d St. Near Broadway | 125th Street Near 3d Avenue

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings



Winter Overcoats at $25 for the young man and the older man who is young.

We show a dozen striking overcoat models at $25, in snappy, swagger effects—each one a winner in its class. The Raglan Overcoat, the Regent Overcoat, the Convertible Collar Overcoat, the Greatcoat—shaggy surface cloths in daring colors, many with the new plaid backs, that carry an air of youthfulness, a note of individuality, in every line. And these are the selfsame overcoats that many stores are asking $30 and $35 for. Our price, $25.

We give double "S. & H." Green Stamps until noon—
Single Stamps in the afternoon.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.—Uneeda Biscuit. | NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.—Uneeda Biscuit

Soda crackers are extremely sensitive to moisture.

Before the advent of Uneeda Biscuit the only persons who ever tasted fresh, crisp soda crackers were the people in the bakeries.

Imagine their trip from bakery to your table; exposed to air and moisture—kept in grocers' boxes and finally in a paper bag on the shelf in your pantry. Could they be the same as they were the day they were baked?

Now that we have Uneeda Biscuit—we have perfectly baked soda crackers—perfectly kept.

No moisture can reach them—no contaminating influences can affect their flavor—their goodness is imprisoned only to be liberated by you for you when you open the package.

Always in the moisture proof package. Never sold in bulk. 5 cents a package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

J. Ehrlich & Sons

What Would You Do Without Your Eyesight?

You know what the loss of it would mean to you.

Then why do without glasses if you need them?

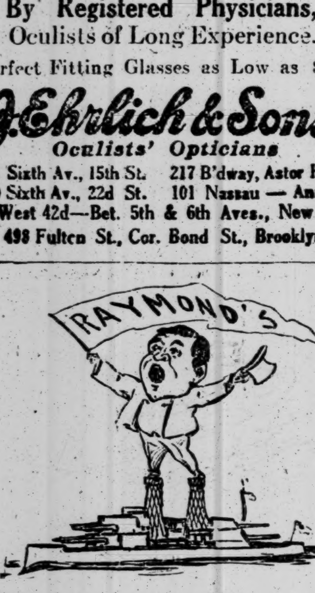
Or why get them from any one but those whom you are certain can fit you properly?

Your eyes are far too precious to trifle with.

Eyes Examined Without Charge By Registered Physicians, Oculists of Long Experience.

Perfect Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'dway, Astor House
350 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau — Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.



Top Notch

Overcoats at $16

that will surprise you.

Swell coats in the very latest models, Raglan and regular shoulders, rough Scotchy tweeds and mixed cheviots. Also plain back and oxford. Higher grades, $20, $25, $30 up to $50.

A. Raymond & Co.
MEN'S OUTFITTERS
NASSAU AND FULTON STS.
"54 Years on the Same Spot."

A MARTIN & MARTIN Shoe possesses a custom quality and elegance of style that cannot be found in the ordinary footwear.

For this reason a Martin & Martin Shoe retains its fashionable appearance as long as you wear it. We invite your interest in our stylish new season's models. $7 upward.

Custom department in connection

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN & WOMEN
1 EAST 35TH STREET, NEW YORK

GEM Safety Razor

Now in our New Office and Factory Building

11th Ave., and 25th St., New York City.

Damaskeene Blades Are Great

GEM Junior Safety RAZOR

Damaskeene Blades Are Different

All coffee ails yield to well-made

Postum

Be sure it's well boiled.

VICHY
CELESTINS

CELESTINS
VICHY
Natural Alkaline Water

Used at meals prevents Dyspepsia and relieves Gout and Indigestion.

Ask your Physician

VICHY
CELESTINS

GAYNOR MARVELS AT BUSINESS LAWS

Regulation of Commerce Is Interference and Hindrance, He Tells Advertising Men.

LOOKING FOR A PRESS AGENT

Thinks He Might Just as Well Follow the Example Set by His Associates in Office.

Mayor Gaynor was the principal speaker at a dinner of 500 members of the Advertising Men's League of New York, last night, at the Aldine Association. One of the speakers said that Mr. Gaynor was "this city's best advertisement," and all the diners showed that they agreed with this opinion.

Mayor Gaynor had been asked to tell frankly why he believed certain advertisements which he saw and read in the newspapers and magazines, and why he didn't believe others. He responded that he was inclined not to believe the advertisements of the $50,000,000-a-year advertising writers because "if we can't be convinced of the truth except by $50,000-a-year writers, we'd better all get out of business." The Mayor said he'd be very glad to be an advertising writer at $50,000 a year, but he didn't want ever to be an advertisig solicitor.

"I pity the fellow who is out getting the advertisements," said his Honor, with a chuckle. "I was a book canvasser once myself."

The Mayor was introduced by William H. Ingersoll, the League's President.

"We advertising men admire the directness and brevity of your Honor's public utterances; we expect to learn a lot from your style," said Mr. Ingersoll. In his talk the Mayor said:

"Your Chairman introduced you to me as business men. If we in public office and those in public life do not address themselves to the business men of the country I don't know to whom they should speak. We have passed through an area, now completely and happily past, I hope, when the business man was spoken of in politics with something of a sneer. I do not know what the country would be without you, business men, advertisers, and all, even though you advertised for Barnum himself, you have some place in the world.

"The business men of the country make the country, and I do not know anybody who should have more to say about public affairs and about government than the business men of this country. Nearly every generation of history has troubled itself a great deal to pass laws to regulate commerce as it is called, and we are at it yet to this day. And yet every succeeding generation has seen up to the present time that all the laws passed to regulate commerce could not have been better contrived to interfere with commerce and hinder commerce.

"We are engaged in it now and have been for several years. The same session of the Legislature that passes laws to enable one corporation to own the stock of any number of corporations and thereby unite all these corporations into one combine or trust, as it is called, will pass some flaming anti-trust law to forbid combinations and trusts altogether. And then, after the lapse of a generation or so, they get busy and bring lawsuits to break the whole thing up, and so it goes on.

"I think it may be truthfully said that all the truthfulness does not belong to the lawyers and the Judges. I think there is a great deal of it in the business world at large and that we are now in an era when the truth is told about prices when the substantial truth is told about the quality of merchandise, and therefore when you men who write advertisements and who seek them are not put to your wits' ends to puff them up outside of the broad highway of truth after all.

"I think I should say that much of the commercial world. I speak to you as though you were all writers of advertisements, although I understand that some of you do not write advertisements, but are engaged in some part of the advertising business. Now, I want to pay you one very great compliment—those of you who write the advertisements. I do think you have a very great literary style. Your Chairman has said that you might learn something from me by directness of speech and by the way of saying things. I do not think that is so, although I saw a letter of mine as an advertisement in the papers the other day. So I suppose those who put it in thought I must be a good writer of advertisements or they would not have used it. Some of you probably solicited it and got it up at political headquarters.

"But it is all in the way you say things in this world—not all, but a great deal in the way you say things. Of course there is not much in this world that carries far, however it is said, unless it is the truth. They say that 'the truth with a leaden heel chases falsehood and never catches up to it,' but I do not think that is so. I know it takes an awful long time sometimes for us to catch up with a falsehood and grab it by the back of the neck. But as things mainly come in this world I think the truth has the best of it all the time, and you people take the truth and put it in attractive form, so that people read it.

"Now, I read the magazines considerably, in which your advertisements abound. When I pick up—I hate to mention any of them, and therefore suppose I mention The Outlook—when I pick up The Outlook, for instance, and read some of Dr. Abbott's learned writings, they seem to me so turgid that I turn over to the advertisements in the back and begin to read them; and I find relief immediately. There is something crisp and something to be understood, not that I want by that latter remark to intimate that Dr. Abbott is wholly non-understandable. I would not do that for a moment.

"Or if I pick up, say—to go from one extreme to the other—a copy of Life, and read over the jokes, which turn out to be as turgid as Dr. Abbott's logic, I have nothing to do in that case, either, except to turn a few pages over to the advertisements and find complete relief right away. And so it goes through all the magazines.

"I have no press agent of my own. I thought in coming up here I would have my eye out to see if I could get one. Some of my associates in the City Government travel around with them—even some of those whom I have appointed to office. And I believe the newspapers are down on me for some reason, and Adamson over there, my secretary, I believe he thinks it is because I have no press agent. So if any of you are open to that job I might see you some day."

Edward Gibbs, S. Roland Hall, and Prof. Lough also spoke.

PLEASED WITH ROCKEFELLER

Marshal Henkel Would Rather Meet Him Than Smoke a 50-Cent Cigar.

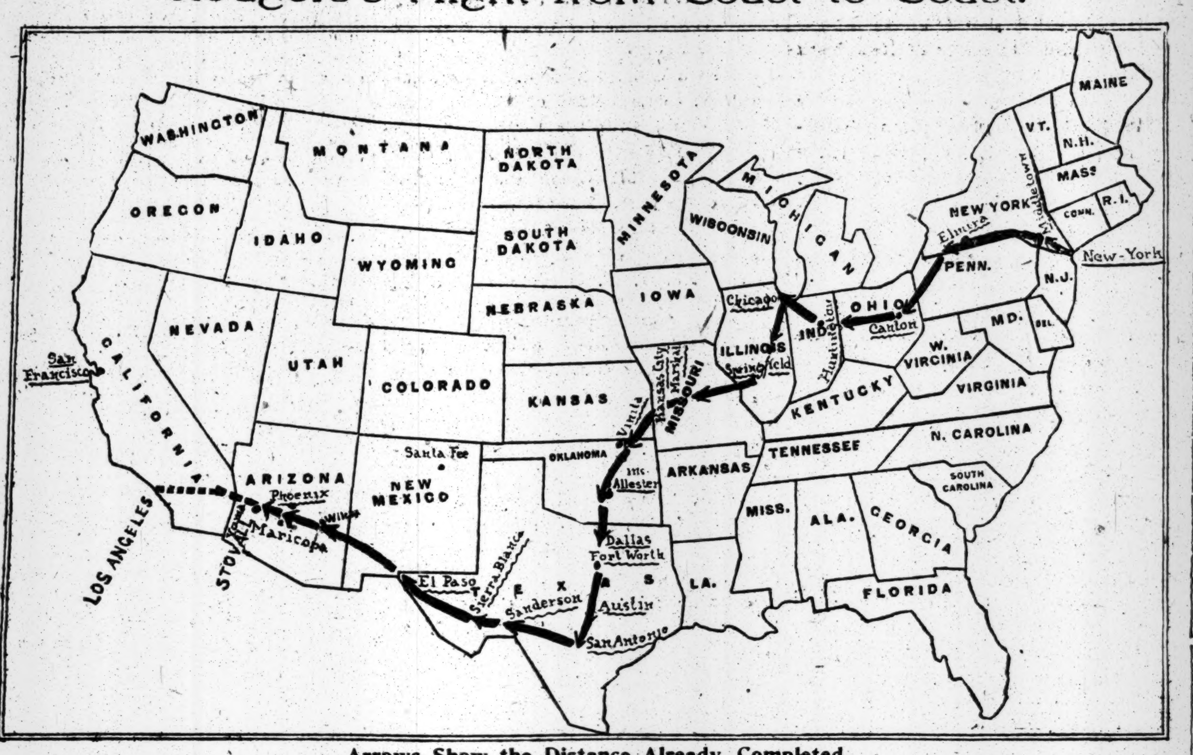
Marshal Henkel went after John D. Rockefeller yesterday at Pocantico Hill and served him with a subpoena in the Steel Trust case. Mr. Rockefeller was apprised by telephone of the Marshal's coming and sent a team to meet him at Tarrytown. The Marshal expressed himself as much gratified with his reception.

"They're the fine gentlemen," he said yesterday after he had returned to the Federal Building. "They're all right. It's no use talking. I'd rather meet Mr. Rockefeller or one of them chaps any days than smoke a 50-cent cigar."

Mr. Rockefeller had the Marshal shown round his grounds in the interval before he had to go back to the train, and had him driven to the station. The excellent order and the businesslike methods in force impressed the visitor greatly.

At Trenton returns were made yesterday of subpoenas in the same suit served on Thomas J. Lynch, President of the H. C. Frick Coke Company at Pittsburgh, and Alvin C. Dickey of the Clairton Steel Company of Pittsburgh.

Rodgers's Flight from Coast to Coast.



Arrows Show the Distance Already Completed.

RODGERS IN DESERT; MAKES FAST FLIGHT

Alights in Arizona, Far Away from Any Habitation, Through Lack of Gasoline.

80-MILE AN HOUR SPRINT

Aviator Covers 105 Miles in 118 Minutes—To End Trip at Venice, a Seaside Resort of Los Angeles.

SUMMARY OF RODGERS'S COAST-TO-COAST FLIGHT.

Distance covered since leaving New York, 2,920 miles.

Distance still to go, 300 miles.

Started from New York at 4:25 P. M., Sept. 17.

Reached—

Chicago, 1,199 miles	Oct. 8
Kansas City, Mo., 1,482 miles	Oct. 11
San Antonio, Tex., 1,789 miles	Oct. 22
Sanderson, Tex., 2,069 miles	Oct. 26
Sierra Blanca, 2,291 miles	Oct. 28
El Paso, 2,381 miles	Oct. 29
Willcox, Ariz., 2,603 miles	Oct. 31
Maricopa, Ariz., 2,780 miles	Nov. 1
Stovall, Ariz., 2,920 miles	Nov. 2

Beats previous world's record by 1,655 miles.

Best previous cross-country record: Harry N. Atwood, St. Louis to New York flight, 1,265 miles.

Best day's flight, 230 miles, from Kansas City, Mo., to Vinita, Okla.

By C. P. RODGERS.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOVALL, Ariz., Nov. 2.—After looking over my machine last night at Maricopa I found four rollers on my chain broken and put one of my mechanicians to work to repair them. I did not get away from there until 9:44 o'clock this morning. I was going off the main line to Phoenix, and it took me thirty-five minutes to do the thirty-five miles. When I flew over Phoenix I found they had a good place in town picked out for me to land, but the people were scattered all over the place, and I manoeuvred over it and tried to wave them back, but they would not pay any attention.

They had told me that there would be plenty of police protection, but the police were worthless, and of course it was impossible for me to land there. I would very likely have killed some one in making my landing. I don't blame the people, as they were so excited that they did not realize the danger, but I do blame the police.

Then I went to another part of the town and landed in the best field I could find near the race track. I stayed here for some time and got loaded with gasoline and oil and started off once again. I had to go back onto the main line at Maricopa, where I had a good stiff breeze back of me, and I traveled sometimes as fast as eighty miles an hour, doing 105 miles from Phoenix to Stovall in 118 minutes, and as I was about out of gasoline and saw what appeared to me like a hilly country in the distance and would have to land anyway in a few minutes, I made a good landing in the best place I have struck since leaving New York. I alighted here at 2:08 o'clock and had to wait two hours and ten minutes for my special train.

This is the first and only time I have ever landed where people did not spring up from nowhere, but not a living soul appeared. As the villages are at least 100 miles apart here, one can readily see why they did not appear, as I landed in the desert alongside the railroad track. When my special train finally arrived it was too late to go any further, so I had to stop here for the night, as it was only about twenty minutes before sundown.

I discovered that all the gasoline was used up on my private car, and when a westbound express train pulled in sight we signaled it and stopped it to tap it for gas. I boarded it and had my dinner on it, which certainly tasted good to me, as I hadn't eaten all day. I want to try to make Colton to-morrow, if possible, and will leave here about 7 A. M. Will make Venice, a seaside resort of Los Angeles, the end of my flight, as it is on the coast.

TO FLY ACROSS SOUTH AMERICA

Atwood Plans Air Trip from Brazil to Valparaiso for $100,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 2.—Harry N. Atwood, the aviator, who made a record-breaking cross-country flight last Summer, while here to-day on his way to New York, told of plans to fly across the South American Continent, for which he will obtain $100,000 if successful.

The aviator will complete arrangements for his flight on reaching New York. The route, which will take him across the South American Continent, will touch Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, in Brazil; Montevideo, in Uruguay; Buenos Aires, in the Argentine Republic, and Valparaiso, Chile.

"I shall net $100,000 if I am successful," said the aviator. "I may cross the Andes Mountains, but that will depend upon what conditions are prevailing. I shall go to Brazil the latter part of November, and start the flight immediately on arrival."

HOSPITAL UP FOR AUCTION.

To Sell Hempstead Institution to Satisfy Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's Claim.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Nov. 2.—In the Nassau County Supreme Court Justice Abel Blackmar decided to-day that the Hempstead Hospital should be sold at public auction in order to satisfy a claim of Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont for a sum of $31,946.38, which is owing her.

This decision is the result of the foreclosure of three mortgages held by Mrs. Belmont. The first was given by Hartley W. Boerum on Feb. 26, 1910, for $10,000 to the Hempstead Bank, which turned it over to Mrs. Belmont. The second was given by Boerum directly to Mrs. Belmont and was for the same sum.

A third mortgage for the same sum was given to the Hempstead Hospital Association through Dickenson & Griffith. The mortgages came due last January.

See the fine Fruit and Farm Products Exhibit

Southern Railway System

Spaces 35 to 43, Land Exposition
Madison Square Garden
November 3 to 10

Information about locations for Farmers, Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Truck Growers, in the Southeast, at Exhibit, or of M. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agent, Southern Railway, Room 65, Washington, D. C.

POLITICAL. POLITICAL.

FRANCIS K. PENDLETON

who has been nominated on the Democratic Ticket for Justice of the Supreme Court, is well known and has had a wide experience. He served for a number of years as Corporation Counsel of the City of New York. He was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court by the Governor and is now on the bench. His career as a Justice of the Supreme Court has received the approval of the Bar Association, which, at a formal meeting, unanimously resolved that he has served with credit and shown that he is entitled to the approval and endorsement of the Association.

The office is, and should be, non-partisan and non-political and, irrespective of party and political affiliations we strongly recommend his election.

Joseph H. Choate
John F. Dillon
John L. Cadwalader
Lewis Cass Ledyard
Alton B. Parker
Morgan J. O'Brien
William B. Hornblower
David Leventritt
Edward W. Hatch
Francis D. Pollak
Edward Bruce Hill
Charles Howland Russell
William Nelson Cromwell
Benj. F. Tracy
Howard Townsend
Adrian H. Joline
Frank H. Platt
Francis Lynde Stetson
William F. Sheehan
F. B. Jennings
Edgerton L. Winthrop, Jr.
George H. Sullivan
Edward W. Sheldon
F. W. Whitridge
Thomas Thatcher
William Edward Curtis
William G. Choate
Robert W. De Forest
George G. De Witt
John A. Garver
Albert B. Boardman
John W. Simpson
Stanley W. Dexter
A. W. Evarts
Edmund L. Baylies
W. J. Curtis
Henry H. Pierce
B. Aymar Sands
Emery H. Sykes

The Provident Loan Society
OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

OFFICES
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Ave. bet. 48th and 49th Sts.
Cor. 124th St. and Lexington Ave.
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

BRONX OFFICE, 148th St. & Courtlandt Av., NOW OPEN

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS

IN FASHIONABLE STYLES ARE IN STOCK, PARTICULAR ATTENTION BEING DIRECTED TO THE LARGE ASSORTMENT OF EVENING SLIPPERS WHICH CAN ALSO BE MADE TO SPECIAL ORDER TO MATCH COSTUMES.

BUCKLES, ROSETTES AND OTHER ORNAMENTS FOR TRIMMING EVENING SLIPPERS.

NEWEST DESIGNS IN SHOES FOR AFTERNOON WEAR, CARRIAGE BOOTS, RIDING BOOTS, BOUDOIR AND BREAKFAST SLIPPERS, ETC.

A SECTION OF THE SHOE DEPARTMENT IS DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO MISSES', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES WHICH ARE FITTED WITH UNUSUAL CARE.

MILLINERY, GLOVES, HOSIERY, NECKWEAR, ETC.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Thousands and More Thousands of Winter Overcoats and Suits at $15

The Famous Brill Specials for Men and Young Men

The best that can be had at $15, we even invite comparison with those sold elsewhere at $20, so confident are we of their wonderful value. The immense purchasing and selling strength of the Five Brill Stores is concentrated in them to an unusual extent.

The Brill Stores are undoubtedly the largest and best sellers of suits and overcoats at $15 and at $20. And the reason is the unusual values to be had here in clothes at these prices.

OVERCOATS—heavy, light and medium weights, smooth and rough fabrics in brown and gray mixtures, unlined coats with fancy backs and hundreds of others full lined. Also oxfords and blacks for dress and business wear.

SUITS—in English and conservative models, with browns and grays predominating.

Raglan Overcoats Special at $18
And thousands of others from $20 to $55

FIVE CONVENIENT STORES
Broadway at 49th Street
279 Broadway, nr. Chambers St.
125th Street at Third Avenue
47 Cortlandt St., nr. Greenwich
Union Square, 14th St. near B'way

"Get the Habit." Go to
Brill Brothers
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.
Union Square and 49th St. Stores Open Saturday Evening.

Life Insurance Feature of the Anderson Player-Piano Club

¶ There is a life insurance feature connected with Anderson Player-Piano Club. This feature provides against the possibility of the piano being lost to the family in event the head of it should die before the piano is fully paid for.

Life Insurance Clause of the Anderson Player-Piano Club

If the signer of this contract should die during the life thereof, and all weekly rentals have been paid when due, the remaining installments will be canceled forthwith, and a receipt in full for the piano turned over to the family of the deceased.
(*Signed*) ANDERSON & CO.

¶ This unexcelled feature is set forth in the face of the contract in the simplest, yet strongest language.

¶ This is a simple statement—without any "frills"—it covers the whole story. We want this club to be co-operative and helpful to each and every member in it. We want the saving to each and every member to be the ***greatest possible.*** We want every protection that we can think of to go to all its members. In short, we want this big deal, with which to inaugurate this beautiful new ***Anderson & Co.*** player-piano, to be a ***standing advertisement*** for us as long as we are in business, and ***this life insurance idea is its crowning feature.***

If, with one year's use, the piano is not satisfactory, we will exchange it

¶ Think of buying a suite of furniture, an automobile, a watch, or anything of value, with a privilege of exchanging it at any time ***within one year from the time you bought it,*** and ***not lose a penny in the transaction.***

¶ That is exactly what we are willing to do with these ***Anderson & Co. Player-Pianos.***

¶ The club member can come to our store and make another selection. He can select a piano of equal grade or a better grade. Whatever money he has paid, whether it is $40, $50, $60, $100, or whatever the amount, will be credited to the price of his new piano, and we will take the original Club piano back without the loss of a single cent to him.

These Pianos are worth $600. The Club price is $447.50, thus saving you $152.50. The terms are $20 cash, $2.50 a week. No interest added to this.

¶ The price includes everything. There are no ***extras*** of any kind. ***No interest to be added.*** Nothing to be added for freight, bench, scarf; ***absolutely no extras.*** The price ***includes everything.***

¶ This ***Anderson Player-Piano*** is a full size, upright grand, colonial design, and the player on the inside ***plays every key on the piano***—that is, these club player-pianos are ***standard 88 note*** players.

¶ These player-pianos have an automatic shifter which compels the music to play perfectly. These player-pianos have lead tubing—most player-pianos have rubber tubing. The ***life of rubber is one year,*** at most. ***Lead lasts forever.*** If you ever intend buying a player-piano—***do it now.***

Anderson & Co
Open Saturday Evening until 10 o'clock

370 Fulton Street
Brooklyn
One Block from Borough Hall Subway Station. 'Phone 1586 Main.

The New York Times.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOV. 3, 1911.

THE NAVAL REVIEW.

The naval review which ended yesterday with the majestic parade of twenty-four battleships, including four Dreadnoughts, accompanied by a vast flotilla of protected cruisers, gunboats, torpedo boats, submarines, and tenders, past the Mayflower, anchored off West Twenty-third Street, has not been equaled in our history. The incidents of the day, from the early morning hours, were such as to inspire the thousands of Americans who witnessed them, either from the shores or the decks of the countless boats which followed the parade, with confidence in the efficiency of our navy and admiration for its strength. Mobilized within thirty days, the Atlantic Fleet has for nearly a week been aligned in the North River, between Fifty-seventh Street and Spuyten Duyvil. The heights on both sides of the river have been thronged day and night with enthusiastic spectators. Yet, except for the dazzling array of illumination at night, the spectacle has not been essentially beautiful. The modern Dreadnought is not a thing of beauty. In their coats of sombre gray the war vessels have been shown ready for action. The many thousands of visitors to the battleships have been struck by the order and discipline on board. It is likely that the obvious purpose of the quick mobilization has been accomplished—to impress upon as large a number of citizens as possible the vast importance of the navy, its growth in efficiency, its relative strength among the navies of the world, and the desirability of keeping it up, so that in time it may be the first instead of the second, as it now is, of modern navies.

Yesterday while the President of the United States was reviewing this powerful division of the navy in his command the twenty-four warships of the Pacific Fleet were on review in the harbor of Los Angeles. As yet there are no Dreadnoughts for the Pacific Fleet. The old Oregon was conspicuous there as the only real battleship among armored cruisers of more recent construction. In the ships reviewed in New York Harbor there were four of the latest type, which together would be more than a match for the combined navies of Italy and Turkey. As the vessels moved with perfect alignment down the river and bay, and thus out to sea, they formed an inspiriting spectacle which stirred the patriotic feelings of multitudes of spectators. In the mobilization of this vast fleet there were no accidents, no untoward incidents. All movements were made with mechanical exactness, though their accomplishment required the perfection of discipline. Admiral OSTERHAUS, the Commander in Chief, has reason to be proud of his exhibition in New York Harbor, and the Nation has reason to be proud of him. The President in his statement after the review declared that awe-inspiring as our navy is, we need more destroyers, more fast cruisers, and other modern naval improvements. The people will agree with his opinion that the efficiency of the navy should never be diminished.

THE MERIT SYSTEM IN NEW JERSEY.

The voters of five communities in New Jersey will have the opportunity this year to secure the benefits of the merit system which has worked so well in the State service since 1908. The adoption of that system is to be referred to the electorate in Jersey City, Hudson County, Trenton, Mercer County, and the village of South Orange. The law regulating the system is substantially the same as the New York law enacted in 1884 and since perfected, except that it places the municipalities under the direction of the State Commission without the intervention of a local commission. The law where it obtains has been exceedingly well administered and has been kept free, within its jurisdiction, of partisan or personal favoritism. Last year three communities, Essex County, Newark, and East Orange, voted to adopt the system by 50,000 to 25,000.

The Civil Service Reform Association of New Jersey has issued an address on the subject. It sets forth, among others, the following arguments for the merit system, which are based on practical experience and are beyond question sound:

> It offers and assures a practical business administration of public affairs by applying to the public service the same principles of fitness and merit which prevail in every well regulated and successful private establishment.
>
> It divorces the great mass of public employment from party politics.
>
> It protects faithful and efficient public servants from unjust dismissal. It declares that an employé who does satisfactory work as a typewriter shall not lose the job simply because of the way some relative votes.
>
> It gives no protection, however, to the disloyal, dishonest, or inefficient employé.

DEFEAT TAMMANY.

In the week before election Tammany's energy, craft, and skill are exerted to the utmost. Tammany never sleeps and the tiger was never wider awake than it is now. Dyed-in-the-wool party men, of good personal repute, come forward "about this time," as the almanacs say, to testify to their party fidelity and urge Democratic voters to keep in line. Democratic voters who have independent minds, and the good of their party as well as of their country at heart, will nevertheless do their best next Tuesday to weaken the control of CHARLES F. MURPHY in this city and destroy his sway in the State. They will not heed the advice of Messrs. SHEEHAN, PARKER, O'BRIEN, and DOS PASSOS. To stand by Tammany at this juncture is not to strengthen the Democratic Party of New York, but quite the reverse. In an epoch of Democratic growth all over the country, when the party elsewhere has been revitalized, the Empire State, nominally in Democratic control, but really under the sway of the Tammany boss, who has no political principles whatever, has been a sorry spectacle in the eyes of the Nation.

Defeat of the Tammany candidates for Assembly in this city is the essential thing. The Legislature must be removed from Tammany influence. The pernicious Charter must be killed. The schemes of the boss to strengthen his hold in the State and increase his enormous resources in the city must be thwarted. No voter of independence and intelligence, we feel confident, will be induced, by the specious arguments put forward by party men or the circulars issued in behalf of Tammany candidates, to cast his ballot for the boss's men. Last year's deplorable experience has shown that a Murphy candidate will vote only for MURPHY. The Fusion candidates for Assembly should be elected.

"PROPOSITION NO. 1."

We think the voters of the State of New York on Tuesday next will and should approve "Proposition No. 1," authorizing an issue of bonds of the State to the amount of $19,800,000 for the purpose of providing terminals, docks, bulkheads, walls, piers, basins, harbors, and other structures required for the full and convenient use of the new barge canal.

This conclusion has not been reached without some doubt and hesitation. The question is arguable, and objections worthy of candid examination have been stated why the bond issue should not be approved. The public interest should determine the question, and in our judgment the public interest will be served by a majority vote of approval. The bill was drawn by a committee of the Barge Canal Terminal Conference. We will attempt to make it clear what the "proposition" is, in order that the voters may understand it. It is about the most outlandishly prolix and unnecessarily detailed and cumbersome referendum "proposition" ever submitted to an electorate. Printed in full, it fills six newspaper columns in agate type. It is in the form of a legislative enactment, Chapter 746 of the Laws of 1911, and is submitted to the people as the Constitution directs. The money provided by the bond issue, an amount not to exceed $19,800,000, the bonds bearing interest at 4 per cent., interest and sinking fund to be provided by a direct tax, would be used to construct suitable terminals and other canal appurtenances and facilities throughout the whole length of the waterway from Buffalo to New York City. The act specifically directs the construction of terminals at Buffalo, Tonawanda and North Tonawanda, Rochester, Lyons, Syracuse, Oswego, Rome, Troy, Albany, and eleven other minor places. It provides that on petition of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of cities or the Trustees of villages, the Canal Board may, after hearings, direct the construction of terminals at other points along the canal, for which no specific provision is made in the act. For terminal works to be built under this section, on petition from localities, $1,000,000 is to be set aside.

In the City of New York certain points are named in the act as the site for the canal terminals, piers, &c. These are the points on the North River: Harlem Ship Canal to Dyckman Street, basin and port of call; West 135th Street, pier; West Seventy-eighth Street, pier; West Fifty-fifth Street to West Fifty-third Street, basin and two piers; foot of Gansevoort Street, pier; foot of Vestry Street, pier. In the Erie Canal Basin, East River, Piers 5 and 6 to be taken; foot of Grand and Roosevelt Streets, East River, pier; Sherman Creek, pier; East 150th Street and Harlem River, on the Astor property, pier; East 136th Street and East River, pier; Newtown Creek and East River, pier; Gowanus Bay, two piers, with slips having a depth of water of thirty-five feet. In Jamaica Bay "a large and commodious barge canal traffic terminal, with piers, slips, warehouses, and machinery," subject to agreement as to the Jamaica Bay Canal now under consideration between the City of New York and the National Government.

The lands to be acquired in the City of New York are very largely the property of the city. While private lands to be taken at the various points we have named would be taken by condemnation proceedings, city property would be transferred to the State according to the terms of agreements reached between the Board of Estimate and the Canal Board. The lands taken would be in the control of the State.

The sums to be expended for each of the terminals specified are set forth in the act, as, for instance, $2,000,000 at Buffalo, $850,000 at Oswego, $1,425,000 at Syracuse. In the City of New York the expenditure is "not to exceed $9,740,000." Here arises one of the objections urged against the plan. It has been contended that the cities and villages where terminal facilities are needed should provide them, not the State of New York. Under that plan the City of New York would be called upon to expend $9,740,000 for the structures provided for in the bill. If the "proposition" is approved and the work is done by the State, the city's share of the expenditure will be $14,850,000. This is because of the fact that New York City pays about 75 per cent. of every tax levied by the State. It will be seen, therefore, that the State construction plan will cost the City of New York about $5,000,000 more than the plan of construction by the various localities benefited. This $5,000,000 will go to pay the cost of construction at up-State points. That, obviously, is a matter for grave consideration. It has been made the basis of serious objections to "Proposition No. 1." The answer is, we think, that, inasmuch as New York must pay three-quarters of the cost of every public improvement carried out by the State with the money of the taxpayers, the barge canal plan is one to be considered, like any other public work, solely on its merits, having regard to the interests of the entire State. New York City benefits by whatever benefits the whole Commonwealth. If this objection is to prevail in the case of the barge canal terminals, logically it must prevail against any other public work undertaken by the State. It should have prevailed against the $101,000,000 canal improvement itself, of which New York City must bear by far the greater part of the cost, yet New York City voted for that.

There is another reason why this argument is not convincing. If we are to get an adequate return for the sum pledged and now being expended for deepening the canals; and that sum is now really $108,000,000, the great waterway must be put to the best commercial use. To that end it must have the facilities needed for receiving and discharging freight. It seems to us that piers and terminals and other works should be constructed on a harmonious plan, and should be under a single control—that is, under State control and management. Under the locality plan of construction there would be no uniformity, there would be a division of control, and traffic of the canal might be seriously hampered. A commercial waterway ought to control its freight stations precisely as a railroad controls its stations. The interests of New York City require that these terminals should be provided liberally at all points where traffic is likely to originate. It has been argued that we may trust to the self-interest of the localities along the canal to provide the needed facilities, that, inasmuch as three-quarters of the cost would be defrayed by New York City, they would be eager to undertake these works. The argument is plausible, but it omits one point well worth consideration. The railroad interest is powerful in many, if not all, up-State communities. That interest would not enthusiastically favor the provision of canal facilities, it might effectively oppose it. It will be safer to have the work carried out by the State. If facilities are provided which will make possible the prompt and easy shipment of commodities from this city to up-State points, the trade and commerce of New York, by reason of the lower water rates, will benefit in a degree which will make the cost to the city of these terminals a matter of minor consideration.

It is said that the construction of the terminals and their operation in future years, if it be in the hands of the State, with all the patronage involved, will serve to build up and unconquerably intrench the political machine of whichever party controls the State. We admit the force of that argument, but it applies to the canal itself, which is already under State control, and will so remain. It applies to all the institutions now under State control, to all the mechanism of the State Government. We know that we have to reckon with the machine, but we know also that the people have a way of destroying political machines when they become too arrogant.

We have said that this is an arguable question. It is one of which both sides should be candidly considered, but to our mind the argument from the public interest is determining. It would be an inexcusable folly, after spending over a hundred millions for the deepening of the canal, if by any mistaken policy of withholding funds needed for its full and profitable commercial use we should make that vast expenditure in whole or in part unproductive. We have never for one moment doubted that New York City and the whole of New York State would be benefited by the canal improvement. We should not now deprive ourselves of that promised benefit in all its fullness by a policy that would hamper and restrain the canal as a competitive carrier of commodities. One effect of the opening of the canal with the facilities it requires would be the removal of the railroad differential which discriminates against this port. That is worth thinking of. The interests of the city and of the State require the approval of Proposition No. 1. The vote should be "Yes."

MINISTERS' SONS.

Mr. WOODROW WILSON, who is a minister's son, has been asked by the Rev. Dr. CHRISTIAN F. REISNER, "Why does the world so generally charge that ministers' sons go wrong?" Mr. WILSON responds, "Because it does not know the facts." Dr. REISNER says it is because the newspapers never publish the usual, but always the unusual; therefore a minister's son going to the bad is heralded, and a few like him establish the rule. Dr. REISNER finds, in "Who's Who," one name in twelve to be that of a minister's son; they are eighteen times as many as the sons of other professional men.

Among men who made their mark in English history, an investigator found 1,270 sons of ministers, 510 sons of lawyers, and 350 sons of doctors. Of the 99 foreign members of the French Academy of Science one in every eight is a minister's son, and of the 48 foreign members of the English Academy of Science one in every six was reared in the atmosphere of a clerical home. The French scientist DE CANDOLLE says that "the sons of clerical families have actually surpassed during 200 years in their contributions to the roll of eminent scientists the similar contributions of any other class of families."

Why do not more ministers' sons enter the ministry? Mr. DON C. SEITZ, a newspaper man whose father was a minister, replies, "Because their build and breeding is apt to promote a wider ambition," and Mr. BRADFORD MERRILL adds:

> Because the pursuit of wealth is the one pursuit in which most men of to-day engage most of the time. The ministry is a very poorly paid profession.

The families of the sons of clergymen have a tough time of it. Not only are the ministers' stipends small, but their congregations are critical. Perhaps the preachers themselves sometimes inwardly revolt at being held to high and impossible standards. Their sons distinguish themselves in other fields. Only a few go wrong. The influences of their homes are strong, it takes energy to break away from them, and when the breach is made it is made violently. That is why such a case is apt to excite attention.

AN EXPERT OPINION.

The Engineering Record, reviewing the recent history of laying and maintaining pavements in New York, finds that the work has been in the last degree bad and costly, and says:

> This gloomy condition has been changed by the energy of the Borough President of Manhattan in going to the root of the matter and relying on engineers rather than others for his advice. On Oct. 10 he submitted a report to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. * * * It is a frank and clear statement that required a lot of courage to make, because the recommendations call for a large sum to be raised by direct taxation, as it should be, and this will certainly not be popular.

The fundamental principle of President McANENY's policy is that pavement in bad condition should be replaced by the best possible new pavement, because in this way better service for a far longer time can be got at much less final cost. The work, of course, he would insist shall be done under the best supervision after being carefully planned with expert advice. It is this scientific principle that The Engineering Record so cordially approves.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Slaughtering Deer and "Hunters."

"I thought the men were deer when I shot," is the explanation—even he admits that it is not an excuse—given by CHARLES NORCROSS for killing two men, crippling for life a third, and slightly wounding a more fortunate fourth, all with a single charge of buckshot, fired from a high-power gun in the thick woods near Weymouth, N. J.

Of course, as a matter of fact, NORCROSS didn't "think" the men were deer. He got a glimpse through the undergrowth of something in motion and fired at it. Had he given any thought whatever to the subject he would have remembered that, the day being the first of the few on which New Jersey deer can be legally shot, the woods were full of men with about the same right as himself to be called hunters—which was evidently none at all. So remembering, he would have realized that, in the circumstances, to fire his gun at a moving object without making sure of what the object was would be, if not quite willful murder, something so nearly like it that "criminal negligence" is a characterization far from being adequately severe.

NORCROSS has been arrested, but the absence of an intention to kill will doubtless save him from any very heavy punishment and probably result in his escape with none except the futile regret from which he is said to be suffering not a little. It is obvious enough that a man so careless with regard to the lives of other men is not one who can safely be at liberty, but lest he be judged too harshly it must not be forgotten that, as the dispatches from all over the country show, he is one of a large class, and that the real trouble, or real cause of trouble, lies deeper.

It is somehow involved in a system of game preservation that every year for a few days fills the woods and fields of what is very far from being a wilderness with men and boys with little or no experience in the handling of firearms and inspired with no higher desire than that of killing something. They are not hunters or sportsmen in any true sense of those words, and they are equally feared and detested by everybody with a claim to those appellations. Their favorite weapons are those that will do exactly the sort of shooting that NORCROSS's did—shooting, that is, which requires no skill in marksmanship because of the wide area over which deadly missiles are scattered.

The truth is that the giving of a license to hunt should be conditioned on more than the payment of a fee. The applicant should be examined for the purpose of finding out, if possible, whether he is likely to show common sense in the handling of a gun or whether the chances are that he will shoot first and investigate afterward.

Better Not Wait for Compulsion.

One does not have to be very old to remember the days when elevators were as uncommon in business buildings as they are now in private residences, and everybody had to do an amount of stair-climbing that counted for no small fraction in the daily expenditure of energy. The increased number of stories that followed the general introduction of steel frameworks brought about the equally general installation of elevators in all the larger business structures and in the taller apartment houses, and the result—much to be commended from the standpoints of both health and comfort—was a marked reduction in the aggregate amount of stair-climbing that urban populations had to do.

One form of this climbing, however, has been steadily increasing, meanwhile, and for mitigating its demands upon human muscles the making of adequate provision has been so much slower that to-day the public is probably hoisting itself wearily up more stairs than ever before. For the transportation devices in common, almost universal, use have changed, and at present we do much of our riding either high above the surface of the ground or far below it. We not only have the elevated roads and the subways, but the big railways have been driven to make subterranean terminals. For the carrying of passenger traffic after the travelers have reached the cars the facilities are admirable, and comfortable, too, now that the electric motor of one kind or another has replaced the steam locomotive, but in innumerable cases getting to the trains when their tracks are elevated, and getting away from them when the tracks are depressed, involve a great amount of heart-straining labor.

This work is done more and more resentfully with every day that passes, for everybody knows that mechanical devices exist for carrying people up and down these cruel hills—devices unquestionably successful and not prohibitively expensive to install or to operate. For this service the elevator is not well adapted, but the moving stairway does it perfectly. Where elevators are needed, property owners put them in without waiting for any compulsion. The railways—some of them—have made a beginning in the matter of putting moving stairways where they are as much needed as elevators are anywhere, but other roads are hanging back, apparently waiting to be compelled. The delay is unwise, for prompt action to a reasonable extent is all that will save the companies from irresistible demands carried much further.

Discouraging for the Blackmailers.

The kidnapping of children as a means of compelling parents to pay blackmail will be much discouraged, one can at least hope, by the heavy sentence imposed by Justice FOSTER on VITO MICELLI, the man convicted of stealing the SCIMECA boy and holding him until a ransom of $1,700 had been paid for his return. That is no small sum to get as easily as MICELLI got it, but while that fact will doubtless continue to loom large in the minds of men like him, they will also observe that it is miserable pay for the twenty-five years he must pass in prison at hard labor, and if they are convinced that his fate is sure, or even likely, to be theirs if they undertake to imitate his exploit, the chances are that if they have any sense at all they will think long and then turn to some other industry.

The capture, conviction, and punishment of MICELLI do not stand alone. The police have developed of late a new, and, to be frank, a somewhat surprising, efficiency in dealing with crimes ascribed to the Black Hand, whatever that may be, and the immunity which the members of that organization have so long enjoyed has been repeatedly broken. Every such success makes the next one easier, of course, for it gives the victims of these criminals courage to assist the police with information and evidence. The police, therefore, should see to it that vengeance does not fall on the people who "betray" the Black Handers. Once assured of protection, witnesses will be plenty.

EUROPE'S WAR NEXT SPRING.

Alfred Mosely Thinks It Probable and Exclaims at Our Indifference.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are two things in this country that strike me forcibly. One is the complete indifference of the public to the startling events that are taking place in Europe, and perhaps more especially in England—and one searches your newspapers in vain for political news. Things are more disturbed politically in England than at any time that I can remember during the last fifty years.

To commence with, we are, practically, without a Senate—the veto of the House of Lords having been rendered inoperative. We are face to face with a grave situation in Ireland. The present Government is bent upon carrying the home-rule measure, in fact, its existence depends on its fulfillment of its pledges to the Irish Party. Whether it succeeds in ultimately carrying its bill remains to be seen. If it succeeds in its endeavors to enforce home rule on Ireland, without consulting the people by a general election, such an attempt will end in a civil war in Ireland. Ulster will never tolerate or accede to home rule without a struggle. The present position in Europe is exceedingly delicate. At any moment the Balkan States may show their displeasure of the present situation by taking up arms, and if the near Eastern question is once open Europe may be ablaze. Luckily, we are now approaching the Winter season, when operations in the Balkans would be difficult and time may heal many problems that seem pressing for the moment. But if Europe escapes a general war in the Spring it will only be in consequence of the determination on the part of the great powers, who, by joint action, limit the sphere of operations. One hopes for the best, but the outlook is not encouraging.

The next point that strikes me forcibly is the great prosperity of this country, notwithstanding the temporary setback which you are having at present in consequence of the political disturbances. Perhaps a pause in your activities may be good for the Nation at large. The ruthless extravagance that one sees all around here is perfectly appalling, and one is led to ask the question: "What will be the end of this all and can the present pace last?"

ALFRED MOSELY.

New York, Nov. 2, 1911.

The Times's News of Science.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am indebted to THE TIMES for its generally conscientious tone of accuracy in reporting the results of scientific discovery and its endeavor to secure and record the best opinion. In this field, of course, the test of fitness is truth and the absence of exaggeration, which makes us men of science tremble with regard to some of your contemporaries. Believe me, with best wishes for a prosperous half century more,

HENRY FAIRFIELD OSBORN.

New York, Oct. 30, 1911.

AGAINST PLAN FOR CANAL TERMINALS

Member of Produce Exchange Argues That the City Should Not Surrender to the State.

A BURDEN FOR THIS PORT

Since "Proposition No. 1" Makes Us Pay a Large Part of Building Terminals Up-State.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is feared that the referendum of the act providing for the construction of Barge Canal Terminals to be voted on at the coming election is not receiving the attention to which it is entitled by its importance.

The act in brief provides for the construction of Barge Canal Terminals at twenty-one localities, including New York City, at a cost not to exceed $18,600,000, and sets aside an additional $1,000,000 for terminals at localities of lesser importance to be built under certain conditions named at the discretion of the Canal Board of the State.

The amount of money that may be used at each of the twenty-one localities is stated, and the State Engineer and Superintendent of Public Works are directed to proceed within three months after the act shall take effect to construct terminals that shall provide at every locality the necessary docks, warehouses and mechanical devices for the loading and unloading of boats and the handling of freight in a satisfactory manner. All the work is to be done in accordance with the general plans outlined in the act for each locality.

With the exception of New York City, reference to which will be made later, no voice is given to the people of any locality either as to the location or as to the construction of any part of the terminals, full power being given also to the State for instituting condemnation proceedings where an agreement cannot be reached as to the value of lands required.

The State shall have sole title forever to the terminals and to the lands on which they are constructed.

Rules and regulations are to be prescribed for all by the Canal Board of the State, and to be enforced by the Superintendent of Public Works, who shall collect all charges and pay the same into the State Treasury.

Turning more particularly to the exception referred to in the case of New York City, it is to be noted that the agreement of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the city and the Canal Board of the State is made necessary as to the location of every terminal where the lands required are owned in whole or in part by the city.

No such terminal can be constructed until the lands belonging to the city are ceded to the State. Lands belonging to the city are to be taken and the replacement value of existing improvements fixed by an agreement between the City of New York, acting through its Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and the State, acting through the Canal Board, with the approval of the Governor, and not otherwise. This apparent concession carries little value. While the approval of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment is made necessary where any terminal particularly described in the act is located on city land, the approval of the Canal Board is made necessary for any alternative location that may be suggested.

The State has full power to acquire the ownership of lands in the city where privately owned and the construction of terminals thereon.

The use of the waters adjacent to any terminal, or the use of a terminal for a landing place for pleasure craft or barges carrying canal merchandise, where navigation is confined to the Hudson River and the waters of New York Harbor, may be permitted under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Canal Board.

All the thirteen sites in New York City indicated in the act where terminals may be constructed are practically those recommended by the Barge Canal Terminal Commission. With the exception of three, at East 150th Street, Newtown Creek and Gowanus Bay, where the land is privately owned, the title to the land is in the name of the city.

How intimately the provisions contained in this act will affect the commercial life of the entire State should the act be approved can be readily seen. There should be no difference of opinion as to the necessity of making generous and adequate provision for the great increase of inland commerce that is sure to follow the completion of the Barge Canal. The assumption, however, that this must be done by the State rather than by the localities immediately interested should be very thoughtfully considered.

In advocating State construction and control of Barge Canal Terminals, Mr. George Clinton, the Chairman of the Barge Canal Terminal Conference, that prepared the original draft of the act, in a recent address, said:

"The history of our inland waterways teaches that municipalities are not to be trusted to protect the public against railroad monopoly. Perhaps one of the reasons why municipalities are not to be trusted to furnish proper public terminal facilities for inland water traffic is that the burden of supplying these facilities is so great that municipalities cannot be induced to undertake the expense."

The claim that municipalities cannot be trusted to protect themselves against railroad aggression, and that being unwilling of themselves to undertake the expense of needed terminal facilities, it is therefore necessary for the State to step in and assume the expense of Barge Canal Terminal construction and maintenance, is hardly entitled to serious consideration. This is especially true in view of the fact that there is not a municipality mentioned in the act that is not abundantly able to provide for its own terminal requirements.

The construction of barge canal terminals all the way from New York to Buffalo by the State, and the centralization of this control in the hands of the Canal Board in addition to that of the canals themselves, which that board already holds, will give an opportunity for the building up of a State wide political machine that will almost inevitably mean corrupt and extravagant management. There has been nothing in the record of the Canal Board in past years to suggest any particular qualification for carrying such increased responsibilities.

The Barge Canal is being built by the State at a great cost. Its maintenance will be a continuous expense. While the proportion of the taxes of the State paid by New York City will continue to run in excess of 75 per cent. of the whole, and will measure the share of the cost of construction and maintenance of the Barge Canal to be paid by her, there has been no disposition on the part of the city to complain of the heavier burden resting on her shoulders. In no other way than by the State can the canal be built and maintained.

An equally good reason cannot be given in asking the State to build terminals at every point of commercial importance along the line of the canal and of the Hudson River at a cost of $19,600,000. This will mean that New York City in meeting her share of the State tax for terminals will pay $14,700,000, or $4,960,000 more than the actual cost of the terminals to be constructed in her harbor, and that the entire balance of the State will pay $4,900,000 for the construction at the localities named in the act of terminals actually costing $9,860,000. It can readily be seen that the expense to each locality to be benefited outside of New York City is not intended to be unnecessarily heavy. In addition, New York City will pay at least 75 per cent. of whatever deficit may result from year to year in the expense of maintaining and operating all the Barge Canal terminals throughout the State.

Entitled to more serious consideration is the fact that the control of the great inland commerce passing through the Barge Canal to and from New York City, more important far to the city than the increased ocean traffic that will result from the completed Panama Canal, will be placed irretrievably in the hands of the Canal Board. It is difficult to believe that New York City will be willing to become to such an extent a dependency of the State, and consent to transfer to Albany a control so vital to its commercial welfare.

Much thought has been given in recent years, especially during the administration of the present Dock Commissioner, to the necessity of fully utilizing the unsurpassed natural advantages of New York Harbor in such a way as to make the best possible provision for a water-borne commerce, both inland and oceanic. Progress in forming and carrying out any satisfactory and comprehensive plan has been impeded by the fact that so large a portion of the water front is under other than city ownership. A situation so difficult should not be made subject to further complication by surrendering to the State the thirteen strategic positions named in the act. Traffic conditions are constantly changing. Provision made for any part of the water traffic of the city that may be ample to-day may become quite insufficient within a few years, or its transfer to some other location in the harbor may become necessary to its welfare. The control of its water front and the responsibility for providing adequate facilities for its water-borne commerce properly belongs to New York City, and neither should be parted with.

JOHN P. TRUESDELL.

New York, Nov. 1, 1911.

Substitute Teachers Left Out?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the "Equal Pay" bill has become a law and there is so much rejoicing among the teachers, is there no one to speak a word in behalf of the additional teachers in the public schools? Are they not to be included among those for whom so many taxpayers signed for the Equal Pay bill, being under the impression that all teachers of whatever grade were to be benefited by it?

The additional teacher is paid at the rate of $3 per day for each day of actual service.

Holidays, which afford so much pleasure to others, are the cause of loss and anxiety to her, as she is not paid for holidays.

The additional teacher is not paid during the Summer. From June 30 to Oct. 2 she received eight days' pay, amounting to $24.

I am sure that not all of the members of the Board of Education are aware that the additional teachers are treated so unjustly and receive such poor pay for the great amount of work they do. If they did they would not hesitate to grant them a living and a yearly salary.

TRUTH.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1911.

The Way of Car Pickpockets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter which you publish on pickpockets reminds me of a recent similar experience. When a passenger is prevented from entering the car door by a man who deliberately stands in the entrance oblivious of requests to move, rest assured that he is the chief of the gang of three—the other two are behind the passenger, one doing the trick and the other waiting to have the swag passed to him. When this is done, the chief is signaled by a tap or cough and all depart quickly. The passenger who has been fuming and expostulating (just what the gang want, so as to keep him busy trying to get in and not paying attention to a touch) then enters to find he has been done for.

ANOTHER VICTIM.

New York, Nov. 2, 1911.

Fire Chief Kenlon's Accident.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The accident to Chief Kenlon yesterday, due to "slippery pavement," calls the following questions to my mind:

Is it necessary for him to drive so recklessly through the crowded streets of New York, jeopardizing the lives of all pedestrians?

Are not the Deputy Chiefs, at $4,200 per annum, and Battalion Chiefs, at $3,300 per annum, capable of directing the men to put out an ordinary fire? If not, then why are they there?

It is about time, before anything serious happens to pedestrians, to stop this lawful speeding.

AN INQUIRING CITIZEN.

Bronx, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1911.

EMORY McCLINTOCK RETIRES.

Vice President and Actuary of Mutual Life Will Be Consulting Actuary.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance Company yesterday, Emory McClintock, who has been actuary of the company since 1888 and a Vice President since 1906, offered his resignation on the ground of ill-health. The board accepted the resignation with great regret and ordered that a minute be made of its warm admiration for and gratitude to Mr. McClintock for his distinguished services to the company. After conveying to him its best wishes and high regard, the board authorized his appointment as Consulting Actuary. He will continue to remain a Trustee of the company.

Mr. McClintock went to the company in 1888 from the Northwestern Mutual, where he had been actuary for seventeen years. He had been actuary of the Asbury Life Insurance Company, and before that had been connected with a banking firm in Paris, was Consular Agent of the United States at Bradford, England, a student of the University of Göttingen and in Paris, and as Assistant Professor of Mathematics in Columbia College, from which he ewas graduated in 1859.

William H. Truesdale, President of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, was elected to succeed Mr. McClintock, as Vice President, and William A. Hutcheson, associate actuary, was elected actuary of the company.

Teachers' Club Against Loan Sharks.

A successful loan association has been organized or the Stuyvesant Teachers' Club, at Fifteenth Street and First Avenue, by which each member is required to deposit $4 a month with the privilege of borrowing from the fund thus established at the rate of 6 per cent. Up to date, $1,915 has been deposited, of which $1,900 is outstanding on loans. It is estimated the depositors will receive 8 per cent. dividends. Thirty-nine teachers are members of the club, of which Edward Hollander is President.

STRANSKY'S DEBUT HERE AS CONDUCTOR

Leads the Philharmonic in the First Concert of Its Seventieth Season.

DRAWS A LARGE AUDIENCE

His Work on First Appearance, However, Did Not Unmistakably Disclose His Position.

The Philharmonic Society began its seventieth season last evening in Carnegie Hall under its new conductor, Josef Stransky. There was of necessity much interest and curiosity in this first concert on the part of the lovers of orchestral music to learn what manner of man the new conductor might be, and there was a large audience present, among whom were many musicians of note.

In the last ten years the Philharmonic has submitted itself to the guidance of many different leaders of greater and lesser fame, and has made the qualities that brought them fame or that promised it to them a matter of much debate. Mr. Stransky comes as one little known by reputation to music lovers of this city, except those who follow most closely the musical activities of Europe. No great fame preceded his coming to New York, and it is well that this is so. The position that he will attain here he has himself to establish by what he does in making the orchestra the expression of his own purposes and ideals. His first appearance at its head last evening did not unmistakably disclose what he is and what he may do, and could not, in the nature of things, have been expected to. It showed much in his favor, and it left certain things not unimportant still in doubt.

Mr. Stransky is a young man possessed of abundant energy and self-possession; he is a man of authority, of commanding presence, possessed of clearly defined intentions which he is capable of imparting and enforcing. These things are of the nature of fundamentals in one who is to be a potent force at the head of an orchestra. His command of the technique of his art appears to be ample, and his decisive beat, sometimes tending to the picturesque molding of phrases and the ostentatious indication of entrances, was followed by his men with evident enthusiasm.

Mr. Stransky's first programme was hardly made up of the kind of "battle horses" that conductors are prone to bring forward as their certificate of unusual power, such as the "Leonora" overture and the fifth symphony of Beethoven and the sixth of Tschaikowsky, that caused embarrassment in the making of programmes in the days of the Philharmonic's "guest" conductors. Not every conductor begins with the eighth symphony of Beethoven, which stood first upon the programme last evening, not because it is less deserving than others, but because it does not lend itself so easily to certain kinds of effects. His other numbers were Liszt's symphonic poem "Tasso," his contribution, of course, to the current celebration of Liszt's centennial, and the prelude to "Die Meistersinger" of Wagner.

Most successful in performance was the "Tasso," which was played in its essentially romantic spirit, with all its insistent pathos, its swelling rhetorical climax, and all its sonorities made to tell to their utmost. Mr. Stransky has a fondness for sonorities, and again none of them escaped him in the "Meistersinger" prelude, in which he let loose all that the orchestra could give him. It was a performance, on the whole, of fine breadth and power, apart from its mere loudness, in which respect Mr. Stransky must surely have attained all that he wished. The elaborate tissue of its inner voices was clearly wrought, and there was a real grasp of its spirit in the outline of its larger proportions, in the splendid stress of its passionate utterance, and, for the most part, in the tempi at which it was taken, though it must be said that Mr. Stranky's idea of the modification of tempo, as displayed in this work, was by no means subtle.

Least satisfactory was the performance of Beethoven's eighth symphony, which was treated with considerable rudeness of emphasis and exaggeration of dynamic contrasts. Much of the poetry and charm, much of the vivacity of the composition, seemed to have escaped, and the interpretation missed the spirit that so individually informs this "little symphony in F." It did not go to show that Mr. Stransky has a fine and instinctive feeling for the subtler matters of style.

The soloist was Mr. Efrem Zimbalist, and his appearance was fraught with more significance than that of any other violinist who has visited New York in a good many years. He is a young man, but he is already a virtuoso in the best sense of that word, of the first rank; a mature artist, who can stir feelings that it is not given to many to touch. His power in this respect was more suggested than actually displayed in his performance, for the concerto he chose, by Glazunow, his fellow-countryman, is a singularly jejune piece, with little depth of emotion, little real inspiration; and yet he gave it distinction by his playing.

Especially was this true of the long opening cantilena which he delivered with a marvelously beautiful tone, with a searching and poignant expression, with plastic and finished phrasing. And in the more decorative and brilliant pages that came later, ingenious but mostly of little value, he showed not only a technique of perfect security, but the power, not to be learned in the schools, of transmuting, somehow, the baser metal of this perfunctory work into something that seemed for the time, at least, nobler and more musical. Few artists are more unassuming that Mr. Zimbalist, more absorbed in the music they are playing. He is one whose performance in music of more value will be awaited with interest.

There was much applause for him and he was recalled many times. The new conductor was greeted warmly at his first appearance upon the platform, and especially after the "Tasso" was ended, he was warmly commended. He could have had no question that his public intended to receive him with every consideration.

MLLE. GENEE TO RETURN.

Gaites May Engage Dancer for One of "The Enchantress" Companies.

Mlle. Genee has announced her intention of returning to America this Fall and Joseph M. Gaites may engage the dancer for one of his companies in "The Enchantress." Negotiations are now under way between Mr. Gaites and the dancer, but nothing has been settled. Mlle. Genee and her husband, Frank Isitt, expect to sail for America not later than Nov. 23, and upon their arrival the matter of her reappearance here will be gone into more completely.

It is the plan of Mr. Gaites in case Mlle. Genee decides to accept the engagement, to have the rôle in "The Enchantress" that is now being played by Nellie McCoy elaborated and made into the star rôle with the part played by Kitty Gordon somewhat subordinated. The dancer has been appearing in the provinces since her return to England in some of her old dances and two new ones that she purposes bringing to America.

Help from Times Readers.

These contributions have been received to-day for the family of Louis Bernstein: From "Friend," $2; J. J. R., $1; F. E. S., $1.50; previously received, $303.37; total, $307.87.

There has also been received $1 from Ed. M. for a civil war veteran living with his wife on $1 a week.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. John C. Livingston will give a dance for her daughter, Miss Alida Livingston, at Sherry's on Dec. 28.

Mrs. John R. Drexel has closed her Newport stay and has opened her house in East Sixty-second Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter G. Gerry are staying at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry at Lake Delaware.

Col. and Mrs. Robert M. Thompson are in town and are staying at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Van Alen, who recently went abroad, will remain in Europe until next Fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones and Miss Sadie Jones have returned from the South and are at their home in West Fifty-first Street for the season.

The Misses Sophia and Clementina Furniss, who have been at Lenox, have opened their house at 280 Madison Avenue for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harde are at the Ritz-Carlton for the Autumn.

Mrs. Sanford Bissell and Miss Doris Wolcott Bissell have returned to town and opened their house at 69 East Fifty-sixth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Innes Kane sailed yesterday for Europe. They will spend part of the Winter in Egypt.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Meany will give a musicale this evening at Alnwick Hall, Convent, N. J. The soloists will be Mme. Alma Glück, Edmond Clement, Efrem Zimbalist, and George Barrere.

Hamilton Fish and the Misses Janet and Helena Fish have sailed on the Baltic and are due here next week.

Craig Wadsworth, who left New York last Autumn to make a trip around the world, and who recently arrived in London, is also a passenger on the Baltic.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth Shotter of Lenox and of Savannah, Ga., to Alexander R. Lawton will take place in the Southern city on Dec. 5.

Mrs. Philip Keaney (Miss Emma Rutherford) gave a Hallowe'en party on Tuesday evening at her Morristown country place. There was a cotillion and supper.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. J. McVickar have returned from White Plains and are at the Buckingham for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Bramwell have opened their apartment, 449 Park Avenue, for the Winter.

SECRET WEDDING REVEALED.

Marriage of C. H. Smith, 22, and Miss Wilgus, 19, Just Announced.

SMITH—WILGUS.—On Aug. 4, 1911, at Port Chester, N. Y., by the Rev. W. F. Wakefield, Margaret F. Wilgus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Wilgus, to Clarence H. Smith of White Plains, N. Y.

The above announcement, which appeared in the New York papers yesterday morning, caused much surprise among the friends of the couple, as it revealed a secret wedding, which was to outwit the parents of the bride, who thought that their daughter was too young to wed.

Mrs. Smith was formerly Miss Margaret Fitch Wilgus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Wilgus of Scarsdale and a graduate of Hawthorne Seminary. Her father is one of the best known railroad engineers in the country. He planned the details of electrifying the suburban lines of the New York Central system.

Mr. Smith is a resident of White Plains, and was graduated from the high school there last June. He and Miss Wilgus had been friends for a long time, and she often attended football games as he was Captain of the White Plains High School team, and she cheered the players on to victory.

Mr. Smith entered Amherst College, and when news of the marriage began to circulate he left college and went to the Wilgus home, where he and his bride told of their secret marriage, and were forgiven. At the time of their marriage Miss Wilgus gave her age as 19 and Mr. Smith said he was 22.

WEDDED AT THE ST. REGIS.

Miss Margaret Noakes Becomes Bride of Alfred E. Fountain, Jr.

Miss Margaret Noakes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Noakes of this city, and Alfred E. Fountain, Jr., were married last evening at the St. Regis. The ceremony was performed at 8:30 o'clock in the marble ballroom by the Rev. J. Lyon Caughey.

The bride wore a gown of white satin and a lace veil, and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids. Her sister, Miss Bessie Noakes, acted as maid of honor.

Alfred E. Fountain, Sr., was best man, and the ushers were Robertson Fountain, Dr. Harrison B. Arnold of New York, Preston J. Bradshaw of St. Louis, and Gregory Flynn of Pittsburgh.

The bridal party walked up an aisle formed by large baskets of white chrysanthemums. Mr. Noakes gave his daughter in marriage.

A large reception was held afterward, about 400 guests being present.

Miss Fletcher Weds Dr. A. F. Chase.

Miss Kathleen Stirling Fletcher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Fletcher, Jr., 425 West End Avenue, was married last evening at 8 o'clock to Dr. Arthur F. Chase. The Rev. Arthur H. Judge performed the ceremony in St. Matthew's Church. The bride wore a gown of white satin and point lace, and carried lilies of the valley. Miss Mary Fletcher was maid of honor, and the Misses Edith Drowne, Sidney Riley, Dorothy Bingham, and Elsie Jenzey were bridesmaids. All wore costumes of apricot satin, veiled with chiffon, and gold lace caps, and carried gold baskets filled with sunset roses.

Alfred B. Meacham was best man, and the ushers were Dr. H. B. Furniss, Dr. Edward W. Peterson, Capt. Joseph S. Siler, and Daniel H. Haynes.

A reception was held after the ceremony in the studio of the bride's cousin, H. Bolton Jones, 33 West Sixty-seventh Street.

Dr. and Mrs. Chase will return from their wedding trip South about the first of the new year, and will be at home at 393 West End Avenue.

Miss Hyams's Recitals.

Miss Bessie Hyams will give her musical recital and monologue on Puccini's "The Girl of the Golden West" at the Hotel Plaza this morning, under the auspices of the Widowed Mothers' Auxiliary Fund Association. Miss Hyams narrates the dramatic story, with instrumental and vocal musical illustrations. She will give another recital, at the same place, under the same auspices, Nov. 20, when her subject will be "Königskinder" of Humperdinck.

Miss Chew to Wed in Virginia Home.

The wedding of Miss Frances Osborne Chew and Richard Henry Clarke of this city will take place at the home of the bride, Charlestown, West Va., on Saturday, Nov. 11. On account of mourning of the bridegroom's family, the wedding will be a private one, only relatives being present. Miss Chew will be attended by her sister, Miss Sara Chew, as maid of honor. Mr. Clarke will have his brother-in-law, Judge Thomas C. T. Crain, as best man.

The bride is related to the Beverly Chew and Livingston families of New York, and is a niece of Col. Preston Chew of the famous Chew's Battery under Gen. Stonewall Jackson.

Mr. Clarke is a son of the late Richard Henry Clarke of this city, a lawyer and litterateur, who at the time of his death, six months ago, was Dean of the New York Bar.

Mr. Clarke and his bride will reside at 306 West Eightieth Street, this city.

M. K. Huppuch to Wed Miss Sedgwick

Miss Amy Rowe Sedgwick of 354 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, and Milton Kipp Huppuch, son of ex-Democratic State Chairman Winfield A. Huppuch, are to be married on the evening of Nov. 22 at the Hotel Bossert, Brooklyn. Miss Sedgwick is the daughter of the late R. B. Sedgwick, who was prominent in politics in Brooklyn and who was at one time Under Sheriff of Kings County. She is a graduate of the Packer College Institute and the Darlington Seminary.

DARMSTADTER—DANNENBERG.

Mr. and Mrs. Levy Darmstadter of this city announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elsie Darmstadter, to Joseph Dannenberg. A reception will be held at the latter's home, 200 West 113th Street, on Sunday, Nov. 12. Mr. Dannenberg is a lawyer of 2 Rector Street.

EMMA CARUS SEEN IN 'THE WIFE HUNTERS'

She Is Heard Also in Some New Songs in Musical Melange.

WAYBURN'S DANCE NUMBERS

These, with Pictorial Accompaniments, Provide Pleasing Feature of Show, Which Is of the Noisy Sort.

THE WIFE HUNTERS, a musical play in three acts, book by Edgar Allan Woolf, lyrics by David Kempner, music by Anatol Friedland and Malvin Franklin. Herald Square Theatre.

Reginald Ogden Bruce	John Park
Dudley Stephens	Joseph Ratliff
Guernsey Bruce	George A. Schiller
Count De Grampion	Louis Franklin
Homer Van Pelt	Louis Merkle
Hiram	George Keefe
Porter	George Dowling
Chauncey	Fred Thorpe
Phil Atkin	Louis Simon
Juanita De Laperra	Miss Edith Decker
Henrietta Lampton	Miss Dorothy Brenner
Miss Phoebe Lang	Miss Lillian Lee
Belle Carruthers	Miss Hazel Kirke
Mlle. Follette Folaire	Miss Frances Alain
Mabel Lang	Miss Madge Vincent
Flora Lang	Miss Frances Nelson
Premier Danseuse	Miss Gladys Moore
Mellette	Miss Veronica Marques
Lulu	Miss May Brennan
Marie	Miss Harriet Richmond
Wilfred Page	Miss Olive Carr
Egbert Page	Miss Nora Cotter
Mrs. Homer Van Pelt	Miss Emma Carus

Girls, dancing, movable properties, Miss Emma Carus, who is "considerable in herself," and Lewis Simon, a recruit from vaudeville, provide the principal means to such entertainment as is contained in "The Wife Hunters," the latest of the Lew Fields shows to bid for popularity.

This one, which was presented at the Herald Square Theatre last night, develops little of the freshness and ingenuity characteristic of these big vaudeville melanges, the so-called plot being even more rambling and incoherent than usual and the music, for the greater part, being of a stereotyped sort. Some novelty is provided for the latter, however, by the accompanying dancing business, admirably conceived and arranged by Ned Wayburn, who, as usual, succeeds in arranging some very effective massings and groupings of the girls. Again, there is the effective co-operation of Miss Carus to "get the songs over," a thing which she does in her pleasant, deep-throated way, and with a suggestion of a sense of humor or of sentiment as occasion may require.

Her comedy number, "Girls, Keep Your Figures," was amusing enough in itself to need no such assistance as was provided later in hanging drops and transformation clothes, but in a show of this kind these, too, have their place and may be useful. For example, when Miss Carus was singing a negro melody, "Mammy Jinny," hedges and log cabin dropped from the flies, to be propelled by the chorus girls, appropriately and prettily clad. At one point, in a scene showing a grassy hillside covered with daisies, over which the show girls and chorus trooped as though coming uphill, the sod was lifted at occasional places to make way for huge daisies, ultimately to open and show pretty girl faces. At this point the pony ballet prances once again.

Through the intricacies of the story about somebody who wanted to be married, because if he didn't somebody else would force him to marry some one or other whose face he didn't like, Miss Carus trooped, always bravely intent on creating merriment, in which occupation she had little enough assistance from any one except Mr. Simon. His triumphant moment came when, supposedly facing a gigantic, irate husband ready to destroy, he found a dwarf. Whereupon, having been, so to speak, the "goat" of the entire party, he gleefully chucked this person in the face and departed happy.

"The Wife-Hunters" isn't exactly a refined entertainment, but it has its good points, and they cry out aloud. In fact, the loudness at times was occasionally overpowering. But Miss Carus's good humor has been a saving grace at other times, and here again it will probably stand her in good stead. Miss Dorothy Brenner, home again, was piquant, pretty, and lively. But the other principals in this cast have been seen to better advantage.

Caruso Wires "My Health Is Fine."

Signor Gatti-Casazza, the Director of the Metropolitan Opera House, yesterday received the following marconigram from Enrico Caruso on board the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, which arrives in New York next Tuesday: "My health is superlatively fine. Salutations." The wire was dated Nov. 2.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Thomas A. Wise and John Barrymore, in "Uncle Sam," now at the Liberty Theatre, will continue their engagement at another New York theatre after next week.

Mrs. Ida Jeffries Goodfriend will return to the stage after a retirement of five years to appear in one performance of "The Drone," a comedy by her son, Douglas J. Wood, and Guy Bolton, that is to be given for the benefit of the Bide-a-Wee Home on Nov. 17.

Joseph Howard, author, actor, and composer, has joined Anna Laughlin to appear in vaudeville in a musical comedy sketch, opening on Nov. 20 in one of the Percy Williams theatres.

A "professional matinee" will be given at the Kinemacolor Theatre, in West Fortieth Street, next Monday afternoon, when the coronation views and pictures of the battleships will be augmented by a dramatic scene, the first to be given in this country in kinemacolor.

"The Strugglers," a new play by H. M. Horkheimer and Lucile Sawyer, will succeed May Robson in "The Three Lights" at the Bijou Theatre, opening next Monday night. The company will include Alberta Gallatin, John W. Dean, Norma Winslow, L. Rogers Lytton, D. Stanley Brown, and Fred R. Stanton.

Margaret Illington's company in Charles Kenyon's new play, "Kindling," has been completed by the engagement of Frederick J. Rice, John Jex, and Master Fred Behrens. Edward J. Bowes, Miss Illington's manager, announces that the first performance of the play will be given at an early date.

"The Outsiders," Charles Klein's latest play, will be given its first performance at the Majestic Theatre, Boston, next Monday night. The cast will include Jane Cowl, Sarah Truax, Ethel Jennings, Amelia Mayborn, Florence Huntington, Orme Caldara, Charles Stevenson, Frank Campeau, George Backus, Frederick N. Strong, Geoffrey Stein, George Wright, Jr., and Daniel Williams. Most of these players are members of the original company in "The Gamblers," whose services are given to the new play for one week only. The week following "The Gamblers" will go to the Princess Theatre, Montreal.

DINNER TO PRINCE DE PERIGORD

Senator Oliver Entertains at Gotham —Vice President Sherman a Guest.

Senator George P. Oliver of Pennsylvania and Mrs. Oliver gave a dinner last night at the Hotel Gotham to Prince Talleyrand de Perigord of Washington.

The dinner was attended by mutual friends of the host and the Prince.

Vice President Sherman and Joseph Willard and Mrs. Willard came from Washington for the dinner.

Miss Grace Judd, Missionary, Weds.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Miss Grace Judd, who went from White Plains in January last as a missionary to La Paz, Bolivia, was married there last Tuesday to the Rev. John Ernest Washburn. Miss Judd was sent out as a missionary by the Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church here, of which she is a member. She was also prominent in the Epworth League. She and Mr. Washburn have been connected with the same missionary school at La Paz, and it was there they first met. Mr. Washburn is a graduate of the Wesleyan College in South Dakota.

Mme. Schumann-Heink at Briarcliff.

The second of a series of musicales will be given this evening at Briarcliff Lodge. Mme. Schumann-Heink will be the soloist, with Mrs. Katharine Hoffman at the piano. Mme. Nordica sang at the first musicale.

KYRLE BELLEW IS DEAD.

Actor Expires of Pneumonia in Salt Lake City—Funeral to be Held Here.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 2.—Kyrle Bellew, the actor, died here shortly after 5 o'clock this morning of pneumonia. Mr. Bellew first became ill about a week ago, and although some of the Salt Lake City engagements were canceled, his condition was not believed to be serious until yesterday morning. The body will be taken to New York to-day, accompanied by the members of "The Mollusc" company and Charles Frohman's representative with the organization.

Mr. Bellew was 56 years old and unmarried, and his only immediate relative is a sister known as Sister Mary Moneca, who is living in the convent of the Poor Clares, Nottinghill, England. The funeral probably will be held in New York next Tuesday, and will be private, in compliance with Mr. Bellew's wishes.

The death of Mr. Bellew came as a shock to his friends and associates in the theatrical and club world of New York, although the announcement of his severe illness had prepared them somewhat. The more intimate of his acquaintances, however, knew that he had expected death for several years. About two years ago he had been warned against continuing on the stage, but he said at that time that he preferred to die as did Sir Henry Irving, in harness. During one of his later New York engagements he became almost blind, and while he recovered his sight at that time, he had ever afterward a horror of blindness.

His early life on the sea and in Australia had given him a taste for adventure that he never got over. Only a few months ago he sold the yacht on which he had spent many Summers cruising along the coasts of America and Europe. Generally he had for his companion one of his stage associates, either from among the actors or the managers.

At Charles Frohman's office last night it was said that no details other than those contained in the news dispatches had been received from Salt Lake City. Arrangements for the funeral and burial will probably be made after the arrival of the body in New York, Sunday or Monday.

Mr. Bellew was a member of the Lambs and of several other clubs in New York and London, and was also a member of the Royal Geographical Society of England.

LADY COLIN CAMPBELL DEAD.

Author and Journalist Figured in Sensational Divorce Suit Years Ago.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Lady Colin Campbell, author and journalist, died to-day after a long illness. Her suit in the divorce court a quarter of a century ago, when she obtained a judicial separation, created a great sensation. Her maiden name was Gertrude Blood.

Lady Colin Campbell was the youngest daughter of Edmond Maghlin Blood, whose estates in County Clare, Ireland, have been held in the family since the middle of the reign of Queen Elizabeth. She married Lord Colin Campbell, the fifth son of the Duke of Argyll, and at that time member of Parliament for Argyllshire, in 1881. Two years later she obtained a separation on the grounds of cruelty, and the action was upheld against appeal. In 1886 counter suits for divorce, in which numerous charges on both sides were made, were dismissed.

Lord Colin Campbell disappeared, and finally died in Bombay in 1895. Lady Colin Campbell took to journalism, writing for The London World and other society papers during the rest of her life. She adopted several pen names, among them being "G. E. Brunefille" and "Q. E. D." She was not only distinguished as a writer and art critic, but painted and sang well and was accomplished in sports. In fencing she was recognized as one of the best women experts.

REAR ADMIRAL WEST DEAD.

Served 48 Years in United States Navy and Received Three Medals.

Rear Admiral Clifford Hardy West, for forty-eight years in the United States Navy, and rewarded with three service medals for services in the civil war, the Spanish war, and the Philippines, died of diabetes at Washington, D. C., yesterday. He was 65 years old. Admiral West was born in Brooklyn, and was graduated from the Naval Academy at Annapolis in 1867, after he had seen service in the civil war.

From 1867 to 1870 he served on the frigate Minnesota, the storeship Guard, the sloop Ticonderoga, and the frigate Franklin under Admiral Farragut. He was Chief Signal Officer of the Navy Department from 1870 to 1871, and master of the steam sloop Wyoming in the West Indies during the trouble with Spain over filibusters. He was made a Lieutenant in 1871, and in 1863 acted as Executive Officer in the search for Lieut. De Long on the east coast of Greenland, Iceland, and Spitzbergen.

He was made a Lieutenant Commander in 1888, and served in lighthouse duty till 1886. In 1896 he was commissioned Commander, and an aide to Rear Admiral Sicard at the navy yard in this city. He commanded the Princeton in the Spanish war, and in the operations against the insurgents in the Philippines after the war. He was made a Captain in 1901 and a Rear Admiral on the retired list in June, 1902.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES A. BOVEY, one of the wealthiest and best known lumbermen in the United States, died in Minneapolis, Minn., yesterday, aged 79 years. Mr. Bovey was born in Bath, Me., and went to Minneapolis fifty years ago.

Capt. THOMAS A. QUIGLEY, a well-known transportation agent of 1 Broadway, died after an operation at his home, 220 Seventy-second Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was born in Rondout, N. Y., 50 years ago. For many years he was a captain in the Cornell Steamship Line. Capt. Quigley was a member of the Knights of Columbus and of the Harbor Masters' Association. He leaves a widow.

JOHN McCUTCHEON, a retired magazine manager, died at his home, 77 Reid Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. He was born in Kirkcudbrightshire, Scotland, and was 87 years old. He leaves a widow.

AUGUSTE D. SCHLESINGER, for forty years Superintendent of the American Hard Rubber Company, and a Director of the College Point Savings Bank, died at his home in Seventh Street, College Point, on Tuesday, at the age of 83 years.

WILLIAM MITCHELL, who celebrated his 100th birthday last July, died at his home in Bordentown, N. J., on Wednesday. He leaves three daughters, seven grandchildren, and seven great-grandchildren.

Mrs. MAGDALENA E. KINKEL, widow of John P. Kinkel and mother of Deputy Tax Collector Philip A. Kinkel of Brooklyn, died at her home, 201 Nassau Street, of neuritis on Wednesday. She was 83 years old.

JACOB BOSSERT, a retired real estate promoter and builder and a veteran of the civil war, died at the age of 71 years on Wednesday at his home, 243 Linwood Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Baden, Germany. He leaves three sons and a daughter.

RICHARD ALLEN WILLIAMS, town poet of Vineland, N. J., is dead. He was born in London, England, in 1829, and was a pupil in Dotheboys Hall, under an instructor named Shaw, who figures in Dickens's "Nicholas Nickelby" as Wackford Squeers.

Mrs. CATHERINE AMELIA HENDRICKSON CAMPBELL, wife of Alexander Campbell, President of the Alexander Campbell Milk Company, died at her home, 394 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. She was 67 years old. She was born in Springfield, L. I., and was descended from the earliest settlers of Queens County.

JAMES CHAPLIN ATWATER, for many years a merchant in this city and prominent in social and religious circles of Brooklyn, died at Springfield, Mass., on Wednesday. He was 90 years old. Mr. Atwater was formerly connected with the firms of Gould & Atwater, Atwater, Knapp & Woodruff, McCurdy, Aldrich & Spencer, and Collins, Atwater & Whiting in this city. After the death of his wife he lived at the Park Avenue Hotel.

Mrs. EUPHEMIE CHINOQUY, widow of the Rev. Charles Chinoquy of Montreal, who attracted considerable attention many years ago by withdrawing from the Roman Catholic Church, of which he was a priest, and devoting the remainder of his life to an attack on that faith, died in Worcester, Mass., yesterday, at the home of her son-in-law, the Rev. Samuel C. Delagneau. Mrs. Chinoquy was 77 years old.

HERMAN ALDRICH EDSON, once captain of a freshman crew at Columbia University, and a student later at Cornell, died last Tuesday at his home, 313 West Seventy-fourth Street, in his 34th year, following a short illness with typhoid fever. Mr. Edson was born in Newark, N. J. He was a member of Cornell Phi Upsilon fraternity and the Indian Harbor Yacht Club. He leaves his mother and a brother, Marmont Edson, of this city.

DRIFTED THIRTY DAYS IN AN OPEN BOAT

Lone Fisherman, Rescued at His Last Gasp in Midocean, Never Doubted He'd Be Safe.

LIVED ON RAW FISH AND RAIN

Sat Knee Deep in Water—Only an Inch Plank Between Himself and the Sharks When a Liner Came Along.

After battling with the elements in a tropical sea for thirty days in a small open boat, living chiefly upon raw fish and rain water, Juan Rodriguez, a fisherman, who was blown out to sea from La Guayra, Venezuela, was picked up by the British freighter Ikara of the Norton Line, and arrived in this port yesterday afternoon.

The starving voyager was discovered sitting knee deep in salt water in the boat, the sun beating on his uncovered head, almost at his last gasp for want of food. His body was covered with boils and incrusted with salt. During the thirty days he had drifted 350 miles away from the coast of Venezuela in the equatorial current, which flows through the Caribbean Sea at the rate of about forty miles a day.

The fisherman's boat was a flat bottom punt, built of ordinary inch pine planks. It was 18 feet long, about 4 feet beam, and square at the bow and stern, with a bare 9 inches of freeboard. Rodriguez, it seems, embarked on it on Sept. 26 and last sighted land two days later. From that time until he was picked up by the Ikara on Oct. 26 he never sighted anything except sea and sky. During his long exposure he passed through several storms, which are frequent and severe in the Caribbean in October, but he said that he never once lost faith in the Supreme Being who watches over men on the sea.

When asked what he thought when he discovered that he had been driven out to sea and that only an inch plank separated him from death, Roderiguez replied earnestly:

"What should I think? I knew I could do nothing, but I believed that the good God would take care of me alone on the ocean, and I prayed on my knees in the salt water that half filled the boat that He would let me get back to my wife and two sons in Venezuela."

John T. Meehan, chief officer of the Ikara, which anchored off Tompkinsville yesterday afternoon, said that at six bells in the morning watch (7 A. M.) on Oct. 26 he sighted a small boat about five miles away on the port bow. A man was standing up frantically waving a garment that looked through the glasses like a shirt.

"I altered the course," said the chief officer, "and in less than 30 minutes we came alongside the boat and stopped. The occupant, who appeared to be very weak, had sunk back to his seat. He had a spritsail bent to the mast, evidently made out of a blue shirt and a white jacket sewn roughly together with rope yarn. He could not speak to me, but managed to get out a round paddle and bring his frail craft alongside the ship. I sung out to the bo's'n to get a tackle rigged over the side and hoist the castaway up with a bowline on to the deck. When the man had been hoisted on board safely I asked him if he wanted to keep his boat. He gazed at it earnestly for two or three minutes, then turned around and looked at the steamer, and pantomimed that he did not. There was nothing in the craft when she was cut adrift except the lines and hooks with which he caught the fish, the paddle, and a glass jar full of rain water, which was stowed under the pieces of wood roughly nailed across the boat to serve as seats.

"The man was in the last stage of exhaustion and so nearly famished for want of food that it was dangerous to give him any solids, so he had a little soup and the steward fixed up some salve for his salt sores, which gave some relief. It was marvelous to me that such a craft could have lived out the storms we passed through in the Caribbean Sea before we picked it up two days out of Trinidad. I would not have crossed a pond in the boat, it looked so frail."

"I expected to be gone about four or five days on this trip," said Rodriguez, "and I took with me two pounds of bread, a pound of hard cheese made from goats' milk, half a pound of butter, four pounds of preserved potatoes, and a big glass jar of water. When the northeast gale took me by surprise it carried away my spritsail and I lost control over the boat. The water poured in over the side, and all through the first night I thought I should sink every minute and I prayed God to protect me. The second day I saw land and thought I was saved, but the breeze freshened and drove me out to sea again. On the fifth day I despaired of ever getting back to Venezuela and determined to make my small stock of provisions last as long as possible. I suffered from hunger, but I made the bread last until the twenty-seventh day. I eked out the rations by catching catfish and eating them raw.

"The last three days before I was rescued I had nothing to eat of any kind, and it was only the rainwater that saved my life by quenching my raging thirst and cooling my blistered head and body. Through sitting in the salt water so long my limbs were cramped and thoroughly pickled with the brine.

"Many times sharks floated on the water near me as if they were waiting for my boat to break up. The big black fellows came and examined the sides and then rubbed their barnacles off against the rough planks. They shook the boat so that I was afraid it would come apart. Turtles floated by me when the sea was calm and put out their heads from under the shell to see what I was doing, I thought, but they all went away and left me alone."

"Did you sleep at nights?" he was asked.

"I did not know the time," he answered, "but I think that I slept every night after the first forty-eight hours for about three hours a night. It seemed to do good and keep away the pains I had in my head.

"I had nearly given up all hope when I sighted the steamer, and I think I must have been crazy when I saw that my signal had been seen and I was to be rescued."

Dr. George C. Freeborn.

Dr. George C. Freeborn, for more than twenty years a teacher of Normal Histology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, died at his home in this city on Monday night. He was born here in 1849, and studied at the School of Mines, Columbia University. Later he was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1873. For seven years Dr. Freeborn served as a surgeon to St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, which he left to become a teacher at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He was also long a pathologist to the Woman's Hospital, and of late years assistant pathologist to St. Luke's Hospital. He was also interested in improving the educational facilities of nurses. He was once President of the New York Pathological Society, and was a member of many scientific organizations. Dr. Freeborn leaves his wife, who was a daughter of the late Gen. Charles Yates.

William Van Renselaer Smith.

William Van Rensselaer Smith, formerly a partner of John Arbuckle, died after a long illness yesterday at the Hotel Plaza in his seventy-eighth year. Mr. Smith had accumulated great wealth in the coffee, tea, and sugar business. He resided in Brooklyn for many years, but had made his home at the Plaza since the opening of that hotel. He is survived by his wife and his son, William Smith.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

ELISA EGGERT died June 30; left $6,000 personalty, $500 to her sister, Rosina Handschin, $100 to Martha Kummer, $100 each to the German Baptist Church of Eagle Avenue, the Bronx, and the Second German Baptist Church of West Forty-third Street, and the residue of her estate to Herman and Cecilia Ehlers.

BARBARA LEIBROCK died Oct 26; left $3,400 personalty, her household furnishings, and wearing apparel to her son, John P. Leibrock, to whom she gives the income of her estate for life, to go at his death to Joseph Zelenka or Zelenka's heirs.

JOHANNA LAGESON, or LAGESSON, died July 30, 1910, at Holmstad, Sweden; left $1,800 personalty, $150 to her mother, Christina Jonson, $200 each to Josephine Österlund and Anna Erickson, $500 each to Rose Lynch and Ruth Ljungberg, $400 to Cicilie Jonson, $100 each to Christina Anderson, Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, Salvation Army, and Legal Aid Society, and her residuary estate to the Christian and Missionary Alliance of Eighth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

RUBENSTEIN—McGUIRE.—On Nov. 2, 1911, by the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman, at Delmonico's, Eli Rubenstein to Imogene McGuire.

CREAMER—FISHBACK.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1911, by the Rev. Melville T. Kennedy, at Brookings, S. D., Blanche, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Fishback, to William G. Creamer.

WHITEHEAD—GOLDSCHMIDT.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1911, at Christ Church, New York, by the Rev. George Alexander Strong, D. D., Hildegarde, daughter of Edward Goldschmidt and Florence Elsworth, to Russell Fenimore Whitehead, all of this city.

WILGUS—SMITH.—On Aug. 4, 1911, at Portchester, N. Y., by the Rev. W. F. Wakefield, Margaret F. Wilgus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Wilgus, to Clarence H. Smith of White Plains, N. Y.

WILLIAMS—LYFORD.—At Montclair, N. J., Nov. 1, by Archdeacon Carter, Beatrice Lyford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Worth Lyford, to Mr. Francis Cabot Williams of Nutley, N. J.

Brooklyn.

DEED—REED.—Nov. 1, Hattie A. Reed to Lewis Deed.

DUNN—CULLEN.—Oct. 29, Julia Cullen to Frank E. Dunn.

HERWITZ—HOLINER.—Oct. 29, Bertha Holiner to Dr. James G. Herwitz.

WOOD—MUNSON.—Nov. 1, Mabel E. Munson to William H. Wood.

Connecticut.

MORTIMER—HENDERSON.—Nov. 1, Danbury, Grace E. Henderson to William A. Mortimer.

Long Island.

BOUTCHER—PENNY.—Nov. 1, Laurel, Mabel A. Penny to Frederick H. Boutcher.

BURNS—MILLER.—Nov. 1, Sea Cliff, Anna E. Miller to John Burns.

EDWARDS—MORKEN.—Nov. 1, Sag Harbor, Madeline Morken to Le Roy Edwards.

THURSTON—BUCKELL.—Nov. 1, Huntington, Harriet B. Buckell to Robert K. Thurston.

New Jersey.

BARRASS—MARTINE. — Nov. 1, Flemington, Elizabeth Martine to Richard Barrass, Jr.

HESS—LINDLEY.—Nov. 1, New Brunswick, Emily Lindley to Herbert H. Hess.

HOUGH—BRODHEAD. — Nov. 1, Branchville, Ruth G. Brodhead to Walter Hough.

TODD—MERRITT.—Oct. 31, Roselle, Edna Merritt to Harold Todd.

VREELAND—WARD.—Nov. 1, Verona, Lulu B. Ward to John Vreeland, Jr.

WILLIAMS—LYFORD. — Nov. 1, Montclair, Beatrice Lyford to Francis C. Williams.

YEREANCE—FORNOFF.—Nov. 1, Bloomfield, Emma K. Fornoff to Ellis P. Yereance.

New York State.

KING—PALMER.—Oct. 31, Ossining, Nitorces Palmer to Anderson King.

Died.

ADAMS.—At Rhinebeck, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1911, Frances A. Adams in the 90th year of her age.

ADDICKS.—Frederick P., on Thursday, Nov. 2, after a short illness at his late residence, the Dorilton Apartments, in the 61st year of his age. Funeral services Saturday morning, Nov. 4, at 10 o'clock, Christ Church, northwest corner of 71st St. and Broadway. Interment Laurel Hill, Philadelphia. Boston, Chicago, and Philadelphia papers please copy.

ARMAND.—On Nov. 1, 1911, Julia O. Armand, widow of Dominique L. E. Armand, at her residence, 550 West 149th St. Funeral services private. Please omit flowers.

BAMBER.—On Thursday, Nov. 2, 1911, at Hotel Beresford, 81st St. and Central Park West, May Durland Bamber, wife of William C. Bamber and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Durland. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BEEBE.—On Tuesday, Oct. 31, Zilpha I., wife of Ira L. Beebe. Funeral services from her home, 1,610 Avenue H, Flatbush, Friday, Nov. 3, at 1:30 P. M.

BISHOP.—At Wallingford, Conn., on Wednesday evening, Nov. 1, 1911, Sarah Eliza, wife of Leonard Bacon Bishop and daughter of the late Joel and Ann E. Carrington Peck of Wallingford. Funeral services at her late residence, 351 North Main St., Wallingford, on Saturday, Nov. 4, at 2:30 P. M.

BOGERT.—On Tuesday morning, Oct. 31, at her home, 39 West 75th St., Isabel, eldest daughter of Caroline O. and the late Stephen G. Bogert. Funeral service at her late residence on Friday morning, Nov. 3, at 11 o'clock. Interment private.

CAMPBELL.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, Catharine Amelia, beloved wife of Alexander Campbell. Funeral services at her late residence, 394 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Nov. 3, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

CAMPBELL.—Mrs. Mary Woodhull. Announcement is made of the death Nov. 1 of our beloved member, Mrs. Mary Woodhull Campbell. AMELIA BINGHAM, President Professional Woman's League.

CLARKE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1911, of pneumonia, Rebecca Louisa, daughter of the late Thomas Curtis Clarke. Funeral services at her late residence, 109 West 73d St., on Friday, Nov. 3, at 3 o'clock P. M. Interment at Port Hope, Canada. Boston and Toronto papers please copy.

CUTTER.—Entered into rest at Woodbridge, N. J., on Nov. 1, 1911, Sadie R. Barron, beloved wife of William H. Cutter. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 4, at 2 P. M. Carriages will meet New York train arriving at Woodbridge at 1:17 P. M.

DE VAUX.—Louis De Vaux. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

EDSON.—Herman Aldrich, beloved son of Eliza Ward and the late Jarvis Bonesteel Edson, at his home, No. 313 West 74th St., Tuesday, Oct. 31. Funeral private.

JACOBSON. — On Nov. 1, Morris Jacobson. Funeral from his late residence, 54 East 106th St., Friday, 10 A. M.

JACOBSON.—Courland Lodge No. 885, F. & A. M., announce death of Brother Morris Jacobson. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M., from 54 East 106th St.

LENIHAN.—On Nov. 2, 1911, Mary, mother of William, John, and Mrs. David Eagan. Funeral Saturday at 9:30 A. M. from 403 East 79th St. to Church of St. Monica. Interment Calvary.

LYON.—Aline Coolidge, beloved wife of Amasa Lyon and daughter of the late Edward and Catherine Coolidge, Wednesday, Nov. 1, at her late residence, "The Belnord." Funeral private.

MAYER.—On Thursday, Nov. 2, after a lingering illness, Alexander J. Mayer, beloved husband of Rebecca Mayer, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral at convenience of the family.

MOSENTHAL.—On Oct. 31, 1911, at Vienna, Austria, Augusta Andreae, widow of Joseph Mosenthal, aged 63.

PLATT.—On Thursday, Nov. 2, 1911, Ellen Barstow Platt, daughter of Livingston and Agnes Booth Platt. Funeral services at No. 244 West 74th St., in the City of New York, on Friday, Nov. 3, 1911, at 4 o'clock. Burial service at Owego, N. Y., Saturday afternoon.

POTTS.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1911, George Henry, son of William Rockhill and Emily Brevoort Potts. Funeral services Friday, Nov. 3, at 10:30 A. M., at Trinity Chapel, 25th St., west of Broadway. Interment at Woodlawn. Special train leaves Grand Central Station immediately after service. Members of the Delta-Phi Fraternity are requested to meet in the vestibule at 10:15 A. M.

SCHLESINGER.—At College Point, N. Y., Tuesday, Oct. 31, 1911, August D. Schlesinger, in his 83d year. Services Friday, Nov. 3, at 11:30 A. M. Interment private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

SMITH.—At Hotel Plaza, New York, on Thursday, Nov. 2, 1911, William Van Rensselaer Smith. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, Henry St., near Clark St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Nov. 4, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

VANDERHOOF.—The General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New York.

Executive Office, 20 West 44th St.

Brothers: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death of brother W. A. Vanderhoof, on Oct. 31, for thirty years a member of this society.

WILLIAM S. MILLER, President.

RICHARD T. DAVIES, Secretary.

Died.

VAN WINKLE.—On Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1911, Mary Jane, daughter of the late Jasper Wandle. Funeral services from Reformed Dutch Church, Bergen Av., Jersey City Heights, on Friday, Nov. 3, at 8 P. M.

WEST.—At Washington, D. C., on Nov. 2, 1911, Clifford Hardy West, Rear Admiral (retired) U. S. N. Funeral private at 1,062 Park Place, Brooklyn, New York. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

ANDERES.—Gottlieb, 1,873 Park Av., Nov. 1, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BAUMANN.—Freda, 310 East 88th St., Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BAXTER.—Margaret, 2,455 8th Av., Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BENKER.—Martin, Oct. 31. Funeral 511 West 165th St.

BIERMANN.—Regina, 1,791 Amsterdam Av., Oct. 31, aged 83. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

BRADLEY.—Waldron, Oct. 31. Funeral 334 West 42d St.

CAREY.—Catherine, 330 East 21st St., Oct. 31. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CORRIGAN.—Ellen M., 302 East 38th St., Oct. 31. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ELENMONGE.—Theresa C., 129 East 125th St., Nov. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

HITCHMAN.—Elizabeth, 174 Alexander Av., Bronx, Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HOYT.—George F., French Hospital, Nov. 1, aged 34.

KEATING.—Catherine M., St. Vincent's Hospital, Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KOHN.—Paula, 111 88th St., Nov. 1, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

McCARTHY.—Catherine, 438 West 42d St., Nov. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MATTHEWS.—Patrick J., 490 St. Nicholas Av., Oct. 31. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

OPPENHEIMER.—Joseph, Oct. 31, aged 42. Funeral 224 East 83d St., to-day, 10 A. M.

PARKINSON.—Isaac, 2,400 7th Av., Nov. 1.

PFEIFFER.—Arthur F., Nov. 1, aged 56. Funeral 171 8th Av.

PLATT.—Ellen, 244 West 74th St., Nov. 2. Funeral to-morrow.

SMITH.—William Van R., Hotel Plaza, Nov. 2. Funeral Nov. 5, 4 P. M.

TRAINOR.—Michael, 189 East 93d St., Oct. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

CABBLE.—William, 1,178 Madison St., Oct. 31, aged 60.

COLCORD.—Mary A., 447 Throop Av., Nov. 2, aged 76. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FRENCH.—George, Nov. 1, aged 88. Funeral 40 Myrtle Av., to-day.

GALLINA.—John, 332 Bergen St., Oct. 31, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HAVRON.—Howard H., 471 Neptune Av., Nov. 1.

HUNTER.—Margaret, 203 Nassau St., Oct. 31.

KILLTY.—John, 8 Hicks St., Oct. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LABDON.—Catherine, 775 Putnam Av., Nov. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LEATHER.—Henry, 2,012 Cropsey Av., Bath Beach, Oct. 31, aged 46.

LEGEMANN.—Helen M., 172 Conover St., Nov. 2. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MIELICH.—Aloysius A., 114 Sumpter St., Nov. 1, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MULFORD.—George E., 745 Classon Av., Nov. 1, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

POWELL.—Edward B., 646 Hancock St., Nov. 1. Funeral service to-day.

QUIGLEY.—Thomas A., 220 77th St., Nov. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

SCHNEIDER.—Charles, 1,279 Bushwick Av., Nov. 1, aged 45. Funeral to-morrow, private.

SHAW.—Susie, 172 Ainslie St., Oct. 31, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SPENCE.—Elizabeth, 174 Willoughby Av., Nov. 2. Funeral service to-morrow.

WILLIAMS.—Lillian, 15 Greene Av., Nov. 1. Funeral service to-day.

Connecticut.

ANTHONY.—Lawrence W., Danbury, Oct. 31.

CONVERSE.—Alice C., New Haven, Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

COONEY.—William S., New Haven, Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

HANNON.—Michael J., New Haven, Nov. 1. Funeral notice later.

HUNT.—Mary, New Haven, Nov. 1. Funeral notice later.

SIMMONS.—Bradford E., New Haven, Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

BURR.—Mary H., King's Park, Nov. 1, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

FANNING.—Agnes, Glen Cove, Nov. 1, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FENNELL.—Mortimer, Parkville, Oct. 31. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

ORTS.—Johanes H. H., Glendale, Nov. 1, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

POWELL.—Mary, South Ozone Park, Nov. 1, aged 30. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

New Jersey.

CLARK.—Ann, 219 2d St., Jersey City, Nov. 1.

COOK.—George P., Madison, Nov. 2. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

COSTELLO.—Thomas E., 87 Adams St., Newark, Nov. 2.

CUTLER.—Sarah R., Woodbridge, Nov. 2, aged 72.

DEMAREST.—John M., Newton, Oct. 31, aged 51.

DUNN.—Jeptha W., 70 South St., Newark, Nov. 2, aged 83. Funeral Nov. 6.

FARRELL.—Katherine B., 212 15th St., Jersey City, Nov. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

GERLACH.—Karl, Weehawken, Nov. 1, aged 16. Funeral private.

HARRISON.—Caroline, Harrison, Nov. 1, aged 63.

KELLY.—Catherine, New Brunswick, Nov. 1. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

McGRATH.—Catherine, 88 West 19th St., Bayonne, Nov. 1.

MITCHELL.—William, Bordentown, Oct. 31, aged 100.

NOLL.—Emma, Irvington, Nov. 1, aged 38. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

PATTERSON.—Harriet, Red Bank, Oct. 31, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PEARCE.—Rebecca, Manasquan, Oct. 31, aged 79.

SCHLIGLEI.—Joseph, Roseland, Oct. 31, aged 46. Funeral 2:30 P. M.

SILLECK.—Emma, 102 Washington Av., Newark, Nov. 1, aged 65.

ULLMEYER.—Daniel, 265 Claremont Av., Jersey City, Nov. 2.

VAN WAGONER.—John I., Hackettstown, Nov. 1, aged 70.

WALSH.—Charlotte, 34 Lemon St., Newark, Nov. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

WESTERVELT.—Sarah J., Bedminster, Oct. 31, aged 89. Funeral to-morrow noon.

New York State.

BENTON.—Mrs. Clarence, Ulster Park, Oct. 31, aged 38.

CALLAHAN.—William A., Newburgh, Oct. 31.

DAVIS.—Loughran M., Kingston, Oct. 31.

HAYES.—Harry M., Middletown, Oct. 31, aged 49. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEPPIEN.—Julius, Saugerties, Oct. 31.

QUINN.—Amanda J., 224 Vineyard Av., Yonkers, Oct. 31, aged 71.

WHORRY.—Edward, Unionville, Nov. 2, aged 62.

In Memoriam.

BEATTY.—Requiem mass, month's mind, will be offered for the late James T. Beatty on Saturday, at 10 o'clock, at St. Philip Neri Church, 202d St. and Concourse.

FINLEY.—James, mass St. Patrick's Church, Jersey City, to-day, 9 A. M.

GILMOE.—Maria, mass St. Peter's Church to-morrow, 9 A. M.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY.—Deceased pupils, mass St. Joseph's Home to-morrow, 10 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.
Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

POLITICAL.

On Friday Evening, November 3rd
A POLITICAL MEETING
will be held under the auspices of the Society for Ethical Culture,
64TH ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST,
at 8:15,
at which Borough President George McAneny, Comptroller William A. Prendergast, and President of the Board of Aldermen John Purroy Mitchel will speak in support of the Charter and the relation of the Assemblymen in regard to it.

Ten Months

In ten months this year The New York Times published 6,693,111 lines of advertisements, compared with 6,219,805 lines in the corresponding period last year, a gain of 473,306 lines and a greater gain than any other New York morning newspaper.

In Greater New York and vicinity, with nearly 7,000,000 inhabitants, The New York Times reaches the largest circle of prosperous readers and gives more remunerative returns to advertisers than any other newspaper.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

YALE PRACTICES WITHOUT AN INJURY

Players Put Through a Long, Hard Drill at New Haven, in Which Camp Stars.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 2.—"The biggest thing about the practice was that it went off without a player being crippled," said Head Coach Johnny Field this afternoon in response to an inquiry as the squad filed out of secret drill.

The practice broke a season's record in this respect. At least one member of the squad has been knocked out during the daily drill since the season opened till this afternoon. Plans were carried to make to-day's the longest and hardest work of the week, the weather conditioning the players in their long bout. Practice was begun in a snowstorm, and the weather was icy cold. The players welcomed the temperature, but the substitutes shivered, enveloped in blankets, all the afternoon. Again all the scrimmaging was in secret. The new formations which have been taught since Monday worked better than before, and the regulars scored three times in a grueling match with the scrubs.

Spalding and Camp took the ball over for touchdowns, and Capt. Howe scored a field goal on a clever drop kick. Spalding's touchdown was made on a run just outside tackle from the 10-yard line and Camp's on a line plunge for 5 yards. In one of the new formation plays Camp was shot free and dashed 30 yards before he was brought down.

Capt. Howe figured in another pretty 30-yard run, catching a kick and evading the scrub ends. The scrubs never had a chance. Camp's clean-cut rushing was again a feature, and he will be used at half back in the New York University game Saturday. Another player who starred was Ketcham. In the face of the fierce competition for the snap-back position from Read, Cooney, and Marting he has shown almost perfect work in passing, and in breaking through he is one of the fastest Yale centres of recent years. Marting, it was learned to-day, will lose a week from the competition because of a knee which was wrenched yesterday. Absolutely the only injury sustained to-day was a cut head suffered by Tomlinson, who was in his first scrimmaging since he collided with Scully on Monday.

Dr. Leonard Sanford, the team surgeon, said to-night that he believed that Scully would be ready to play again in the Brown game Nov. 11 and that Perry, who was hurt yesterday, would be in togs for the Harvard match, which closes the season. Only one bone of Perry's hand proves to have been broken. Read and Childs, who returned to the scrimmaging yesterday to test the permanency of their recovery from recent injuries, played throughout to-day's practice without inconvenience. After scrimmaging closed to-day the 'Varsity and scrubs were kept in line for the field goal specialists, Capt. Howe and Pete Francis, to attempt field goals from the 30-yard line. Each seemed to be in ragged form. Capt. Howe failed to get more than half a dozen of the twenty he tried and Francis made only three of the same number.

Yale expects to find New York University easy Saturday, and Head Coach Field to-day ordered scrimmaging for to-morrow instead of resting the players. Probably two full elevens will be used against New York University before the close of the game. The crippling of the tackles has induced the coaches to summon Burr Chamberlin, formerly Captain here, and he took the tackle squad in charge, and Dr. Billy Bull, who arrived this noon, spent an hour with the drop kickers.

Mac Leisch, the freshman centre, who was injured yesterday, reported to-day and will be able to play by next week. He was kicked in the stomach, but received only a nominal injury. Warren played to-day in place of Perry, but is regarded as slow. Gallauer, the former end, was placed at tackle to-day. His injured hand makes him an unsatisfactory end.

The line-up was: Left end, Francis and Sheldon; left tackle, Warren; left guard, Cooney; centre, Ketcham and Read; right guard, McDevitt; right tackle, Paul; right end, Avery; quarter back, Capt. Howe and Foss; left half back, Camp and Freeman; right half back, Spalding, and full back, Philbin.

18-45-75-500!

No! Not a quarterback's signal—merely a suggestion of the range of prices on our overcoats for to-morrow's football games.

Starting with the substantial friezes at $18 and running through all sorts of smart-looking, warm-feeling cheviots and tweeds for street and motoring.

"Double-texture" coats—literally "warmth without weight."

Plush lined coats—moderate priced luxuries.

Fur coats.

Knitted waistcoats.

Steamer rugs and Highland capes for the ladies.

Soft hats.

Fleeced line boots to pull on over shoes.

Lined gloves.

Motor robes and foot warmers.

Flasks.

Everything for a cold day's comfort at the Game.

Football suggests our Outdoors Dept. with its shin guards, nose guards—every sort of sporting equipment from golf clubs to motor cycles.

At all three stores.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

PRINCETON'S WORK RAGGED.

Tigers Show Up Poorly as Day of Harvard Game Approaches.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 2.—The coaches put the finishing touches on their eleven this afternoon, thirty minutes of light scrimmage and a long signal drill constituting the programme; signal work and practice for the Princeton kickers to-morrow will conclude the preparation for Harvard.

In contrast to their former policy of sending the team away for a few days previous to a big game the Tiger aggregation will continue their training at home to-morrow. With several exceptions, the squad is in good condition and ready for Saturday's game.

Wilson and Pendleton extended their rest over to-day, though the latter appeared and went through signals for a short period. Goldie White was at the field to-day, but did not get into a suit and will not be in the Harvard game. Bluethenthal, however, played throughout the half hour's scrimmage at centre, and seemed completely recovered from his injury.

Two touchdowns by the 'Varsity were the results of to-day's work, but both of them were made after the ball had been given to the first team on the scrubs' 25-yard line. The first string forwards showed up poorly as they neared the scrub goal and were tightly held for downs on the scrub's 10-yard line. Baker made first down on a clever gallop around the 'Varsity end, and on several occasions plunged into the scrub line for five and eight yard gains, but on the whole the work was not as encouraging as it might have been on the eve of the Harvard game. The same weakness in charging that has been a most discomforting feature all year has not been forgotten, and a brace at the eleventh hour will be the only way by which the Princeton scoring machine will be protected.

A number of forward passes were attempted with miserable success, and this play cannot be used against Harvard. Just why the forward passes have been unproductive of good results up to this time is beyond those who have followed Princeton football.

The Tiger coaches have been giving much of their time this week to the development of team play, and the work of Tuesday and yesterday should be in evidence in the game Saturday. They suffered a slight setback, however, in their search for a quarterback, and it now looks as if Christie is definitely settled upon for that position. He ran the team throughout to-day's scrimmage.

Joe Duff continued at right guard this afternoon, with Brown filling in at Wilson's place. McCormick and Winanth opposed them on the scrubs. Princeton is trusting for a dry field on Saturday, and every night cartloads of straw are heaped on the Tiger gridiron. The outcome of the contest may be settled by weather conditions, but the Jersey contingent is not too confident of the result under any conditions. The fortnight of secret practice has attached an air of mystery to the situation, and there is probably less known about Princeton's strength than for several years past.

An undergraduate parade, headed by a drum corps, stormed Osborne Field this afternoon. They were admitted, but their only actions was De Witt kicking spirals at one end of the field and a squad of coaches holding a conference at the other. A strong west wind made catching punts difficult this afternoon, but the backs were nevertheless subject to an extended drill in this department.

The line-up was: Left end, White; left tackle, Hart; left guard, Brown; centre, Bluethenthal; right guard, Duff; right tackle, Vaughan; right end, Dunlap; quarter back, Chrystie; left halfback, Sawyer; right halfback, Baker; fullback, De Witt.

WELCOME FOR GEORGETOWN.

New York Alumni Will Give Football Team Reception at Cumberland To-night.

The Georgetown University football squad of thirty men will arrive in the city this morning and will make their headquarters at the Hotel Cumberland. The team will play the Army at West Point to-morrow. A large number of undergraduates will accompany the team. The squad will have a short practice session at Fordham Field this afternoon.

This evening, the New York Chapter of the Georgetown University Alumni Association will give the team a reception at the Cumberland. The list of speakers at the affair will be J. Lynch Prendergast, Michael Byrnes, James E. Duress, John G. Agar, Joseph Healey, Gerlad Van Casteel, John J. Kirby, Martin Conboy, John P. O'Brien, the Rev. D. M. Dyer, Joseph T. Cashman, Arthur Kennedy, Alexander I. Rorke, Dr. David Flynn, Edward L. Byrne, and Charles N. Harris of the New York Chapter. Also Capt. Vincent Dailey, Manager Thomas Smith, John Crosby, and P. L. Haltigan of Washington.

Coach Neilson has the team in excellent shape and expects to make a good showing against the strong army eleven. The team has a fine drop kicker in Costello. The team, accompanied by a large crowd of rooters, will leave for West Point on the West Shore Railroad at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Cold Weather Helps West Point.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The Army team had a long scrimmage to-day and the crisp weather put life into the men, who for forty minutes were pitted first against the second team and then tried with the third team. While the first team gained more ground they were unable to score on either team. The scrubs, however, managed after a long run by Hobbs to get into position where with a gale sweeping the length of the gridiron, Pritchard dropped one over. Dean went in on the third team and with the wind making punts hard to handle, the third team recovered a punt and Dean kicked a goal. Drake, the substitute end, played a fine game, and the feature of the game was his run of nearly the length of the field after recovering a fumble.

Fast Scrimmage at Annapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 2.—Forty-five minutes' scrimmaging at the Naval Academy this afternoon was divided into three periods. For about twenty minutes the work was under regular match conditions and the regulars scored two touchdowns. The scrubs were then given the ball for about ten minutes and were only able to gain an aggregate of a few yards. The regulars again received the ball on the scrub ten-yard line and carried it over time and time again, frequently making the distance in one plunge, with McReavey, Dalton, or Rodes carrying the ball. These three with Sowell at quarter back will undoubtedly form the final backfield unless accidents prevent.

Syracuse Ready for Michigan.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The Syracuse University football team left to-night for Ann Arbor, Mich., where on Saturday it plays the Michigan eleven. The work of the Syracuse team this week in practice makes the coaches confident that the Yost combination will be held to a small score. Capt. Fogg, formerly right half back, will occupy the quarter back position.

Coach Yost Coming East.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 2.—Coach Yost of the Michigan eleven is en route East to look over several of the big football elevens. Assistant Coach Redden will have charge of the team next Saturday. Yost plans to witness the Pennsylvania-Carlisle game at Philadelphia Saturday.

Compulsory Football at Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 2.—For the first time in the history of any school freshmen at the University of Wisconsin will begin compulsory football practice this afternoon. Two elevens will be organized and will work against each other. Rudiments of the game will be taught by Dr. W. E. Meanwell.

Gilbey's
SPEY-ROYAL
ALL SCOTCH
WHISKY
It's
ALL Scotch
and ALL
10 years old.

TRAVIS OUTCLASSES SEASHORE GOLFERS

Garden City Expert Six Strokes Better Than Nearest Rival in Atlantic City Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 2.—There was nothing to it but Walter J. Travis in the qualification round of the annuall Fall opening golf tournament to-day at the Country Club of Atlantic City. The Garden City expert made the eighteen-hole circuit in 79, six strokes better than Herman Wendell, the St. Davids veteran, who was his closest rival. Out of an original entry of 140-odd, more than a hundred started. The gale of wind that swept over the links kept the players guessing.

As the day advanced the strength of the wind increased, thereby adding to the trials of the players. Despite this it is noticeable that Travis did his best work on the homeward journey. After taking 42 to go out, the Garden City man began the second nine like one possessed, getting the tenth in 3, the rest in 2, and the thirteenth in 3. In every instance his approach shots were so deadly that little putting was needed. His only poor holes were the fourth and seventeenth, where he had to admit to 7 and 6, respectively. At the fourth, which is the longest hole on the course, his fourth shot overran the green, while at No. 17 Travis was thrown off his balance by the force of the wind when at the top of his swing for the second shot. The mistake then made the hole cost him a 6. His card read as follows:

Out ....4 6 5 7 5 4 4 3 4—42
In ....3 2 5 3 5 4 4 6 5—37—79

Among the other New Yorkers to make the first division were C. L. Tappin of Westbrook, P. S. McLaughlin of Wykagyl, and D. L. Manson of Englewood. The scores of the first two sixteens follow:

First—Walter J. Travis, Garden City, 42, 37, 79; Herman Wendell, St. Davids, 45, 40, 85; George A. Crump, Philadelphia Country, 47, 39, 86; Harry McSweeney, Oil City, 44, 45, 89; C. B. Buxton, Atlantic City, 45, 45, 90; M. Risley, Atlantic City, 47, 43, 90; A. F. Smith, Belfield, 46, 44, 90; C. L. Tappin, Westbrook, 48, 43, 90; T. P. Endicott, Atlantic City, 43, 49, 92; D. L. Manson, Englewood, 50, 42, 92; McLeod Thompson, Atlantic City, 45, 48, 93; E. A. Johnston, Baltimore, 50, 43, 93; P. S. McLaughlin, Wykagyl, 48, 45, 93; J. Ernest, Wilmington, 48, 45, 93; Richard Mott, Huntingdon Valley, 46, 47, 93; C. N. Phillips, Atlantic City, 49, 44, 93.

Second Sixteen—G. Small, Baltimore, 51, 43, 94; H. W. Smedley, Merion, 48, 46, 94; J. M. Thompson, Spring Haven, 49, 45, 94; H. B. Newton, Frankford, 51, 43, 94; George Morse, Appawamis, 47, 47, 94; W. E. Wilson, Frankford, 44, 50, 94; B. S. Bottome, Foxhills, 47, 48, 95; Ralph Carroll, Greenwich, 48, 47, 95; H. S. Hicks, unattached, 53, 42, 95; C. E. Van Vleck, Montclair, 47, 49, 96; F. H. Mahan, St. Davids, 50, 46, 96; D. C. Reed, Atlantic City, 52, 45, 97; A. W. Westney, Atlantic City, 50, 47, 97; C. Geist, Atlantic City, 49, 48, 97; F. H. McCall, Atlantic City, 49, 48, 97; A. W. Tillinghast, Philadelphia Cricket, 47, 50, 97.

N. Y. U. Has Final Workout.

The New York University eleven had its final workout yesterday in preparation for the Yale game on Saturday. The team received the hardest drill of the season, and the moon was shining over Ohio Field before Head Coach Olcott allowed the men to run in. Henneberger was out in a uniform for the first time this week, and took part in the signal drill which preceded this scrimmage. Crawford and Vesely were still missing from the lineup, and it doubtful whether the former will be in condition to play on Saturday. Moore, the star halfback, was told to go away to-day and forget all about football for awhile, for he is overtrained. All the other regulars were out, and the keen, crisp iar made the play snappier than it has been all season. The entire student body of the university marched on the field to cheer the team and give them encouragement for the hard game on Saturday. For over an hour the air was filled with yells of encouragement, and a the end of practise the students accompanied the squad to the dressing-rooms, where each player on the team was cheered to the echo.

Penn's Squad at Wayne.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The twenty-six men composing the University of Pennsylvania football squad, who arrived in Wayne, Penn., this afternoon, caused no more flurry than would be occasioned by the arrival of every train from the city. The Red and Blue squad were quickly taken to the Waynewood Inn, where they will make their headquarters until their departure on Saturday morning for the game with the Indians on Franklin Field. Asked as to the probable formation of his team, Coach Smith said that the line itself would depend upon the qualifications of the new men to be tried out, and that the back field depended on the condition of the crippled stars.

"We will most likely start with Minds at quarter, Thayer and Kennedy at half, and Mercer at full back," said Coach Smith, "giving us Marshall, Keogh, Harrington, and Barr as second choice. Spruance and Jourdet look good for the end positions just now, but we are likely to change our front formation completely between now and Saturday owing to the new available candidates."

Attempt to Lower Liebgold's Record.

Walking as an amateur sport is being revived at the Morris Athletic Association, 162 Jerome Avenue, and on Sunday several athletes will take part in the five-mile walk at Macomb's Dam Park at 10:30 A. M. An effort will be made to lower the record of Sam Liebgold of 42:17 for five miles. A field of thirty men will start in the event. The club's cross-country run will be held on Sunday at 3 P. M., when the pack will be paced by Billy Queal, who may attempt to lower the record for the course.

HARVARD IN HARD PRACTICE.

Crimson Team Will Leave To-day for Princeton Game.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 2.—From sheer necessity the Harvard coaches sent the 'Varsity team into a scrimmage against the scrub team this afternoon. All the week there has been only lightest work, and yesterday's scrimmage had to be canceled because of the poor condition of the field. To-day, though, the gridiron was hard and smooth, and for twenty-five minutes the regulars played some very rugged football. The 'Varsity was against the scrub team at first, and scored three touchdowns. Following this scrimmage the 'Varsity played against the substitutions for ten minutes, the second string men being reinforced by five of the 'Varsity coaches, Kersburg, Leary, and the two Withingtons on the rush line, and Corbett in the back field. The regulars did not score against this combination and were hammered hard enough to lose any overconfidence they may have had regarding their ability to walk away with the Tigers Saturday.

After this scrimmage the coaches played with the scrub team against the substitutes, and in a brisk scrimmage managed to score. After this contest was over the coaches were about all in. All the 'Varsity team engaged in the first scrimmage with the exception of Potter, the quarter back. He was on the field again, and ran about as if he were all right. He has not played since the Brown game, but the coaches make the unqualified statement that he is fit to play, and that he will surely start the game Staurday.

The Harvard Union, the assembly hall, to-night was packed with more than 800 cheering and singing undergraduates. Capt. Fisher of the eleven talked to them about the team, and urged continuous support Saturday on Osborne Field, where the young Tigers will sing and yell without a let-up.

The 'Varsity team will start for Princeton to-morrow at 1 P. M., and the freshmen team, which will meet the Princeton youngsters at 10:30 Saturday morning, will leave Boston to-morrow at 10 for New York. There will be thirty-eight players in the 'Varsity squad, this being all the first string material Harvard has. Thirty-three men will be taken in the freshmen party, so that, with the coaches and managers, more than ninety Harvard football men will be on Jersey soil by Saturday at 10 o'clock.

After the practic to-day the following announcement was made of Harvard's line-up for the 'Varsity game against Princeton: Smith, left end; Hitchcock, left tackle; Leslie, left guard; Storer, centre; Fisher, right guard; Gardiner, right tackle; O'Brien, right end; Potter, quarter back; Campbell, left half back; Wendell, right half back; Huntington, full back.

The Harvard second team will not be taken to Princeton, having a match with Phillips Exeter Academy in the Stadium.

CORNELL SHOWS UP WELL.

Football Team Plays Fast on Slippery Field.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 2.—The Cornell football team made a fine showing this afternoon in two scrimmages, one against the scrubs and the other against the freshmen. They had no difficulty in beating both teams. Twice the 'Varsity scored against the scrubs, once by O'Connor and once by Blackwell, while Butler, who was at quarter back again, did all of the scoring against the freshmen. He kicked a field goal from the thirty-two-yard line and also scored a touchdown through line play.

The day was cold and raw and the field slippery, but it seemed to drive the men on to harder efforts. Early in the scrap against the scrubs O'Connor scored after he and Whyte had plunged through the second team line time and again. The 'Varsity forwards were instrumental in opening quite a few good holes in this advance. The second touchdown came after O'Connor had grabbed an onside kick and carried it eighteen yards to the five-yard line. From this point Blackwell, who was playing full back in the absence of Underhill, who was studying in the university, scored a touchdown.

When the freshmen were brought on they expected to make the 'Varsity hustle in the same way as last night, but they soon found out they were not in it. Whyte and O'Connor made long gains through the line and on outside tackle plays, until O'Connor finally took it over again, close to the line, and Butler, on a fake, went through for a touchdown. A little later Butler kicked his field goal. The back field, with Whyte at half back again, showed up strong. Williamson started at right tackle, and made a better showing than Champaign, the regular man.

The Williams game on Saturday may decide as to which of the two gets the place. Eyrich and Lawrence were at left end, Munk, left tackle; O'Rourke, left guard; Whyte, centre; Munns, right guard; Fritz, Franklin, and Guyer, right end; Butler and Trainor, quarter back; O'Connor and Collins, left half; Whyte, right half, and Blackwell, full back.

New Signals for Indians.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 2.—Giving up Indian field for the greater part of the afternoon to the Indian Reserves and Harrisburg Technical High School for a practice scrimmage in which no score was taken the Carlisle Indian 'Varsity football eleven spent about an hour in trimming up the complicated new signals which Warner introduced to his men at the beginning of the week. The Indians had their early afternoon talk from Warner and went through the form of a preliminary drill in football elements designed to limber the redskins up after Wednesday's fierce scrimmage. Thorpe did not endeavor to punt long distances because of his swollen ankle, but showed good form. The redskins were drilled particularly in running down under and catching punts at all angles to a stiff breeze that gave them just the experience Warner desired in advance of a contest which may be played on a windy day. Powell, Welch and J. Wheelock punted consistently, the former showing increased speed in getting off his kicks.

SIMPLEX
MADE IN NEW YORK CITY
38 Horse Power Shaft Drive

Talk No. 16

THE care we take of the customer after he has paid for the car is the keynote of our reputation. From every sale a percentage of the profit is taken, which is placed in the maintenance fund. Consequently, when a customer does have trouble—we do not claim infallibility—we are able to give his car our immediate attention and adjust matters to his satisfaction.

Credit memoranda are scarce with us. We do not charge, unless it is previously understood. We are proud of our relations with our customers, and gladly refer you to any of them for corroboration of this statement.

Deliveries of all styles of bodies in from 3 to 5 weeks from date of order

SIMPLEX AUTOMOBILE COMPANY
1862 BROADWAY PHONE 5188 COLUMBUS
After November 15 at 59th St. East of Broadway—Ehret Bldg.

THIRTY-ONE CARS ENTERED IN RACES

Gold Cup and Vanderbilt Contests Attract Entries of Lozier, Fiat, and Mercedes Racers.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 2.—With the entry of two Lozier cars, three Fiats, and one Mercedes in the Vanderbilt race and one Lozier and three Fiats in the Grand Prize International Gold Cup race, received yesterday, the list of actual entries to date has been raised to thirty-one cars, with prospects of this being increased greatly during the next few days. The entries will not close until Nov. 15, at which time it is expected that seventy-five cars will have entered in the four events to be run here on Nov. 27 and 30.

The Lozier Grand Prize entry is a regular stock model 46-horse power car of the four-cylinder type. It has a cylinder bore of 5⅜ inches and a six-inch stroke. Ralph Mulford, the famous Lozier pilot, will be at the wheel. Mulford will also drive one of the Vanderbilt Loziers, which are of the same type as the Grand Prize car. Harry Grant, who has won the last two Vanderbilt races, will be at the wheel of the other Lozier and is banking on making a three times straight winning in this great National race.

The Mercedes is entered by Spencer Wishart, who will drive it. Mr. Wishart has driven a Mercedes as a free lance for the last four years, and had been remarkably successful at the wheel of the German car. He bought the Grand Prize Mercedes on a trip to Germany, where he went for this purpose, and the new importation is said to be one of the finest speed creations ever turned out by the Mercedes factory, long known for its successful production of racing cars.

The Fiat cars have arrived in New York and will be started at once to Savannah for the beginning of practice work. The Grand Prize entries, as shown by the entry blanks received direct from the factory at Turin, Italy, are 90-horse power machines.

The first of the Fiat cars will be driven by Louis Wagner, former winner of the Grand Prize and Vanderbilt races, who will captain the Fiat team. David L. Bruce-Brown, the New York millionaire driver, who won last year's Grand Prize race, making the distance of 415 miles at an average speed of seventy-one miles an hour, will drive another of the Grand Prize racers. Caleb S. Bragg, who is chiefly known to fame through his complete defeats of Barney Oldfield in his palmy days, will drive the third Grand Prize entry from the Fiat Company.

The Vanderbilt cars are 70-horse power machines. David L. Bruce-Brown will lead the Vanderbilt team. Ted Tetzlaff, a former Lozier driver, will drive the second entry, and E. H. Parker the third. Both of these are well-known drivers and well able to uphold the Fiat prestige.

The course, vastly improved, will be ready for practice in five days, and within that time the cars are expected to begin to arrive. Scenes around the training quarters are already those of great activity in preparation for the coming of the foreign and American speed creations which will engage in the greatest two American road events on Nov. 27 and Thanksgiving Day.

The boxes and grand stand have already been practically taken up, and preparations are being made to enlarge the capacity of both by extensive additions to the stands to accommodate what bids fair to be the greatest crowds which have ever gathered at Savannah.

Mitchell Opens Eastern Headquarters.

The Mitchell Lewis Motor Company launched their Eastern headquarters yesterday at Sixty-first Street and Broadway. A glimpse at the exterior, covering eighty-seven feet on Broadway, indicated that a substantial home for the Mitchell had been provided, while the impression as you enter the store conveyed an idea of simple elegance of decorative scheme that was restful as well as dignified. The design and color scheme as well as the furnishings form a harmonious whole. In addition to the Broadway headquarters, the Mitchell Service Building, on West Fifty-fifth Street was opened yesterday. It is of concrete construction, six stories and basement. James M. Cram, formerly assistant sales manager for the Mitchell Lewis Motor Company at Racine, is the manager of the new establishment.

Eleven Cars with Perfect Score.

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 2.—Eleven of the seventeen cars participating in the reliability run of the Chicago Motor Club are still running with perfect scores. The seventeen cars left here to-day for Grand Rapids.

Meadow Brook Drag Hounds Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., Nov. 2.—A field of about twenty riders had a good run with the drag hounds of the Meadow Brook Club to-day. They met at reenvale at 3:30, checked at Gleanhead, and then, after laying in again on the Bogart farm, ran to Piping Rock, where they doubled back to Brookville and the finish at the Brookville Hotel. With the exception of a nasty and stinging wind, weather conditions were excellent, and the hunters in fine fettle. A couple of croppers occurred during the run. The hunter of F. Ambrose Clark stumbled his jump at the beginning of the run and threw his rider. Mr. Clark remounted, however, and finished with the rest. Then a groom upon one of Mr. Hitchcock's hunters came a cropper, but was unhurt. Those in the saddle to-day included, among others, Harvey Ladew, F. Ambrose Clark, David Dows, Acting M. F. H.; F. S. Von Stade, George Rose, L. Davis, Mason Blake, H. E. Drier, and Henry Bell.

Locomobile

1912 "48" TOWN CAR

Ten Inch Upholstery

The well known Comfort of Ten Inch Upholstery lends a peculiar charm to this type of vehicle, while the din of street noises scarcely penetrates to its quiet interior. Which is soothing to the tired passenger as the famous upholstery is restful.

Limousine, seven-passenger $6,050
Landaulet, seven-passenger $6,150
Berline, seven-passenger $6,250

Northern N. J. Dealers:
GREENE MOTOR CAR CO.,
88 Washington St.
Newark, N. J.

Brooklyn Dealers:
I. S. REMSON MFG. CO.,
1410 Bedford Ave.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE BEST BUILT CAR Locomobile IN AMERICA

The Locomobile Company of America
New York Branch
76th St. & Broadway

COLUMBIA SENIORS WIN.

Interclass Baseball Series for Championship Ends.

By defeating the juniors in a well-played game on South Field yesterday afternoon by the score of 5 to 4, the Columbia senior class team won the Fall interclass series for the university baseball championship. Despite the extreme cold, the players managed to keep the figures in the error column down to a respectable total, and a big crowd shivered on the side lines.

More interest has been aroused at Columbia this year in the games of the series than has ever before been displayed in Fall baseball on Morningside Heights, and the many men that have participated point to a strong squad with which to start out the Spring training. The victorious team is composed of the following men: T. M. Sanders, p.; I. Rosef, c.; M. Samuels, 1b; R. Root, 2b; H. Menhennick, s. s.; Schede, 3b; R. A. Fairbairn, l. f., captain; C. D. Benson, c. f.; G. Lommel, r. f.; A. Rothwell and E. H. Koenig, substitutes.

The seniors won the game in the fifth inning by taking advantage of Ulrich's weakness to draw two passes. "Ted" Sanders cleaned up the game with a long fly to left field which Walsh could not handle, scoring Fairbairn. When the juniors came up to their last time at bat Sanders struck out the first two men on six pitched balls, and then fanned Shibley, a pinch hitter on the 'Varsity nine last Spring. The seniors scored two additional runs in the first half of the next inning, but at this point "Ted" Kiendl called the game on account of darkness, the score reverting to that of the preceding full inning. The score by innings:

						R.	H.	E.
Seniors	1	0	0	3	1—5		3	5
Juniors	0	2	0	2	0—4		2	6

Batteries—Sanders and Rosef; Ulrich and Malloy. Umpire—"Ted" Kiendl.

NEWARK NOT FOR SALE.

Manager McGinnity Denies Reported Purchase of Club.

Reports that the Newark Baseball Club of the Eastern League was about to change hands were denied by Manager Joe McGinnity last night. McGinnity stated, however, that a one-third interest in the club would be disposed of within the next forty-eight hours to an individual whose name he would not make public, but who would not take any active part in the club's management.

"Control of the club will remain in the hands of myself and of H. Clay Smith, my present associate," said McGinnity after a conference at an uptown hotel in this city, where he was asked as to reports that he was conferring there with the prospective purchasers of the club. "I still shall be the manager, and expect to have a winning team."

McGinnity said that he did not even know William J. McManus, a retired leather manufacturer of Newark, who had been credited with the intention of purchasing the club.

Murphy Visits Cincinnati.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Charles W. Murphy, President of the Chicago Nationals, went to Cincinnati last night on "personal business." When asked if it were true he was going there to make a deal with Garry Herrmann, President of the Cincinnati team, whereby one of the Cub stars would become manager of the Reds, he said: "I am not going to see Herrmann at all, although I'll be around if he wants to see me. There isn't anything in the report I'm going to trade Tinker, and I can hardly see how we could make any deal to turn Tinker over to the Reds. Mr. Herrmann spoke to me once last Summer about the possibility of procuring Johnny Evers to manage his team, and I told him at the time that we could let him have Evers if a deal could be made whereby the Chicago club would not be weakened."

Watkins Invades Springfield.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 2.—W. H. Watkins of the Indianapolis American Association Club has completed arrangements for a stock company at Springfield, Ohio, to join him in placing a Central League club in that city, using the Newark franchise, which the league sold to him. The Springfield team which he had in the Ohio League last season will continue, with Charles O'Day as manager. This leaves Evansville without chance for reinstatement in the league.

Brush Receives Johnson's Letter.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—President Brush of the New York ball club to-day received the letter written by President Johnson of the American League in which Johnson announced the purpose of the National Commission to investigate charges of ticket scalping in connection with the world's series. Mr. Brush said he would make no statement until he had given the letter consideration.

Paulette Signs for Life.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 2.—Eugene Paulette, a member of the New York National League baseball team, who will take Snodgrass's place on the team when the Cuban series is played, was married to Miss Elizabeth Mahoney in Argenta, near here, last night. They left immediately for New York.

HARVARD-PRINCETON FOOT BALL TICKETS. Saturday, November 4. Reserved seats $2.00, at A. G. Spalding & Bros., 126 Nassau St. and 29-33 W. 42d St—Adv.

Benefit for Fred Knowles.

A benefit for Fred. Knowles, formerly Secretary of the New York Baseball Club of the National League will be given at Wallack's Theatre on Sunday evening, Nov. 12. The committee in charge of the benefit will have Street Commissioner William H. Edwards for Chairman and Charles Burnham as Secretary and Treasurer. Mr. Burnham has donated the use of Wallack's Theatre for the benefit. Sam Harris, of the firm of Cohan & Harris, will be stage manager, and it is expected that a number of well-known theatrical stars will appear. The benefit is given under the auspices of the New York branch of the Baseball Writers' Association of America.

Automobile Exchange

Advertise steadily until your car is disposed of. One insertion should not be expected to sell your machine.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

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AUTOMOBILE OUTLET CO.
Over 100 high-grade cars in touring, runabouts, roadsters, landaulets, and limousines; prices, $200 to $1,500; every car tested before being accepted for sale; they must be in good running order; we are 2 blocks west of expensive Broadway, and under very light expenses; this means a saving of $100 or more by purchasing a car here; don't purchase a used car until you have tested the advantages of purchasing where expenses are light; easy payments to responsible parties. 334-340 West 44th St., between 8th and 9th Avs. Phone 5738 Bryant.

AUTOMOBILES AND BODIES.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St.; used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from; all makes, from $125 to $3,000; demonstrations cheerfully given; satisfactory time payments arranged; if you want to sell your car quickly bring it here; auto storage, $6 up.

COLUMBIA ELECTRIC LANDAU, seating 4, newly painted, upholstery fine condition; battery makers have batteries; can be placed in immediate service; a city turnout of highest elegance; fullest facts given; a real sacrifice for private use. Owner, FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241 West 23d St., N. Y.

POPE-HARTFORD REBUILT CARS, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910; repainted; written guarantee; $400 up; all styles of bodies. POPE-HARTFORD AUTO CO., 1,930 Broadway, City.

ESTATE MUST SELL.
E. M. F., fully equipped, newly painted, must sell at once to close estate; bargain, $600. Phone Mr. Boyle, (lawyer,) Cortlandt 5354, and arrange appointment, or write 31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.

Car Worth Buying.—Late 1910, Haynes, toy tonneau car; fully equipped; cost over $2,000; condition of engine, tires, and paint excellent; real bargain. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

E. M. F. 1910 Touring Car; clock, speedometer, top, and 5 lamps; must be sold to-day; first offer. J. Hosnedl, 160 West 56th St., first floor.

MORA brand new four-passenger Roadster; sell to satisfy our lien. TOOKER STORAGE CO., 28th St. and 11th Av.

Cole 30 touring car, fully equipped, in good condition, at bargain price; easy terms if desired. Colt Stratton Co., 2,000 Broadway.

30 h. p. four-cylinder seven-passenger Crawford touring, good condition; make offer. Seen Victor Auto Storage Co., 118 West 56th St.

TAXICAB, four cylinder, roomy, repainted; like new; guaranteed perfect; $375, cash, installments. 142 East 41st.

1911 Hudson "33," fully equipped; cash or time. 1,112 Times Building, Times Square. 'Phone Bryant—3176.

MUST SELL OVERLAND, 1910, four passenger, fully equipped; good condition. Greer, 901 Sheridan Av.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

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Packard limousine and landaulet cars, weekly or monthly, to select people; also regular renting; closed or touring cars at the Packard Garage, 124 West 50th St. Tel. 409 Columbus.

Renault limousine car to rent; excellent condition; $400 per month, including chauffeur. S. Richman, 1,235 Lexington. Tel. 6192 Lenox.

For Hire.—Truck, 3½ tons; will rent same complete reasonable, week or month. Backus, 3 East 84th St. 'Phone 6294—Lenox.

Beautiful six-cylinder, large seven-passenger touring car, $3 per hour. Lamensdorf, 4580 Audubon.

Packards.—Powerful, magnificent, 7 passengers, $3 to $4.50 hour. Telephone Murray Hill—91.

Big Packards; regular customers. $2.50-$3.50 hour. Sundays, $1 extra. Telephone Murray Hill 610.

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TIRES—TIRES—TIRES.
OUR STOCK is replete with BARGAINS in all sizes and standard makes, 25% to 35% lower than elsewhere.
28x3....9.00 | 30x3½....13.75 | All other sizes
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TOPS, brand new, for runabout..........$15
TOPS, brand new, for touring car........$20
Windshields, regularly $35 to $40, now $10-$14.
TIMES SQ. AUTO CO., 1710 B'way, 54 St.

Handsome pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offer refused. 148 East 39th St.

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ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.
ALL Makes Bought, Sold & Exchanged. Times Square Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.
EVERETT SELF-STARTING CARS. Shepherd Motor Car Co., Broadway, near 51st St.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
SCUDDER, E. T. & Co. All makes. 1777 B'way. Phone: Columbus 9320.
"SIMPLEX" "Made in N. Y. City," 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
WHITE White Co., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.

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MARTO TOO STRONG FOR JIM BONNER

West Side Lightweight Defeats Pennsylvania Boy at the National Club.

Johnny Marto, the west side lightweigth, last night put up one of the best fights he has yet shown at any of the local clubs, and gained the honors over Jim Bonner of Summit Hill, Penn., in the star event at the National Sporting Club. The visitor, who was making his first appearance in New York, showed considerable cleverness, and in a few rounds clearly outpointed the local boy, but the ruggedness of the New Yorker gradually wore down the Pennsylvanian, and in the final round Bonner was all but out. Four or five hard swings to the body shook up Bonner, and he plainly showed that he had been hurt, but he was able to stay to the finish.

Bonner had the advantage over Marto in height and reach, but the west sider overcame these drawbacks by his ruggedness, harder hitting, and stamina. Bonner used a left jab effectively on Marto's jaw at various stages of the fight, and held the local boy off; but his jabbing did little damage. In the clinches, too, Bonner delivered blow after blow to Marto's stomach, but the punches lacked the steam which Marto's blows carried.

One of Marto's chief claims to recognition was that he had never been knocked out or knocked off his feet, but last night he experienced the sensation of a clean knockdown. It came in the third round, and was due to a left swing by Bonner which landed on Johnny's jaw. The blow failed either to daze or weaken the west sider, and he was on his feet again almost as fast as he tumbled to the floor. Marto was stepping back when the blow was delivered, but there was no slipping connected with the knockdown. The punch, which was about the hardest which Bonner delivered during the bout, raised the west sider off the floor, and he landed in a sitting posture. This was the only clean knockdown of the bout. Just before the bell sounded in the ninth round Bonner went to the canvas, but his fall was partly from a push by Marto and partly the result of the slippery canvas in his own corner.

A crowd of 200 Marto enthusiasts from the New West Side A. C. occupied one section of the hall and kept up an incessant din for their favorite from start to finish. In the crowd was a bugler, who sounded "Taps" just before the first round began, and the announcer for the cheering brigade spread the news that it was sounded for Bonner.

Marto showed much more aggressiveness than usual, and during a greater part of the bout carried the fighting to his opponent. On both attack and defense he showed to much better advantage than in his previous bouts, and on the form he displayed last night should cause considerable trouble for any of the lightweights in this section.

The contest showed plenty of hard fighting at every stage, neither boy showing any disposition to stall except in the closing round, when Bonner had to back away under the rapid fire punches which Marto was handing out. In the other rounds both showed a willingness to keep their hands busy and also to obey every order from the referee regarding breaks.

The opening rounds, while it showed plenty of action, was marked by only two hard blows. The first was a left swing by Marto which shook up Bonner, and the other was a right hander by Bonner which had the same effect on the west sider. Both landed frequently during the round, but the blows did not land clean enough to cause any trouble. The round ended with honors even.

Marto carried the fight to Bonner throughout the second round, which was featured by some fast exchanges. Twice he rushed Bonner to the ropes, driving both right and left to the head. He gained the honors of the round.

In the third after some fast exchanges, with honors even, Bonner floored Marto with a left swing to the jaw. Marto jumped up quickly and had to take two more hard punches before the bell sounded. The round belonged to Bonner.

Bonner also did the better work in the fourth, jabbing Marto repeatedly with his left. In the fifth Marto again assumed the aggressive and twice he rushed Bonner to the corners, landing with both hands and shaking up the Pennsylvanian. The sixth round was even, both working hard but landing few effective blows. The seventh was also even. In the eight and ninth Bonner used his left continually and held Marto off, but had to take some stinging blows to the stomach. In the ninth Bonner was plainly tired and Marto rushed him around the ring, hitting him several times with terrific swings to the stomach.

Boxing Commissioner Frank O'Neil was among those who witnessed the bouts.

Notes of the Boxers.

Billy Clarkson, manager of Willie Howard, the Brooklyn lightweight, also has under his managerial supervision Knockout Willie Brennan, welterweight champion of Canada, and Willie Scott, a new bantam, of whom great things are expected. Howard is greatly pleased over his showing against Knockout Brown recently and is willing to meet the German boy again but he will insist on 135 pounds ringside at their next battle. Brennan will take on any welterweight available, while Manager Clarkson is also anxious to arrange bouts for his new find, Scott.

The Long Acre Athletic Association will present a programme of boxing events to-morrow evening made up entirely of novice performers. Boxers in the welterweight, middleweight, lightweight, and featherweight classes will make their debuts and some lively bouts are looked for. These Saturday night shows at the Long Acre have been the making of more than one good fighter, and Manager Neumann is always willing to give the youngsters a chance. Besides the several bouts in the different classes to-morrow night there will also be a battle royal between colored fighters.

Manager McMahon of the Olympic Club expects the largest crowd of the season to turn out to-morrow night to se the ten-round contest between Tommy Houck of Philadelphia and Johnny Dundee of this city. Dundee has come along very fast of late, defeating Ty Cobb, Young Shugru, Kid Fleming, and Kid Ghetto. In the semi-final Karey Phelan will meet Battling Travers.

Pacer Exmore, 2:10, Drops Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 2.—The valuable pacing stallion, Exmore, 2:10, a son of Expedition, owned by Henry B. Reah of Pittsburgh, dropped dead here to-day at the trotting track. Exmore was at the stable of Lee Darnaby and was one of his best offerings on the trotting track.

Paper Bag Cookery at Barnard School.

A demonstration of paper-bag cookery will be given by the Barnard School of Household Arts this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the school building, 226 West Seventy-ninth Street. This is the regular "at home" day, and all are invited to attend. In addition to the demonstration the school will be open for the inspection of visitors.

BOXERS EVENLY MATCHED.

Beecher and Maloney Fight Ten Fast Rounds at Houston A. C.

Willie Beecher of the east side and Tommy Maloney, the pride of the west side, slugged through ten terrific rounds of boxing in the star bout of the Houston Athletic Club last night without either being able to gain a verdict, the contest ending in a draw. It was a slugfest pure and simple from the first tap of the gong, and never ceased until the last bell sounded, with both boys having to be parted by the referee. Both were of the slam-bang type of boxer, but Beecher excelled, while Maloney always managed to even up the score by his clean punches, which were landed at long range.

At the start the east sider went out and slammed from all angles, regardless of the outcome, and appeared to have gained a slight lead at the close of the fifth session, but after this stage Tommy got working to better advantage and scored some wicked hooks and straight jabs.

Much time in each round was devoted to clinching, when both boys locked heads and pounded away at the other's body until separated. This style of attack was best suited to Beecher, but Maloney never broke ground, and when apparently in danger would always cut loose and come back in a manner which allowed no advantage. Beecher had the better of the early part, when he showed to advantage in the second, fourth, and fifth sessions, while the initial round went to Maloney and the third ended on even terms. After that Beecher landed the harder punches and scored more often. After the fifth period was over the west sider took a sudden jump, and in steady flashes carried the work from all angles to Beecher. In the seventh chapter Maloney started a wonderful rally with a series of right and left hooks to the body, meeting Beecher as he came in every time, and sent Willie bounding from side to side. He continued this style throughout the round, getting to Beecher in great style, and earned the cleanest decision of any of the rounds.

At the opening of the eighth round Beecher staggered Maloney with a hard right to the jaw, but it only served to arouse the west sider, and he came back in hurricane style and forced the work for the remainder of the time to Beecher. He landed his right over the heart repeatedly, then ripped the left to the ribs and forced Beecher to the ropes several times.

The last three rounds were marked by faster fighting than the earlier ones, and, instead of tiring from the fast pace, the finish was productive of very fast work. Maloney continued to force matters in the eighth and did most of the scoring, but when the pair came to close quarters Beecher sent both hands to the body and paid particular attention to driving his right over the kidneys. The ninth ended even, but the final went to Beecher by a slight shade, with both boys having to be separated at the final bell.

Before the main bout was staged Matt Wells, Abe Attell, Young Cohen, the English featherweight, and "One-Round" Hogan were introduced. Attell and Cohen are matched for a ten-round bout at this club next week.

CLASS B BILLIARDS.

Entries for National Championship Will Close Nov. 20.

The entry list for the National Class B billiard championship will close Monday, Nov. 20, with J. Ferdinand Poggenburg, Chairman of the Tournament Committee. This announcement was made yesterday at a meeting of the officials of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players, which will govern the tournament. A prospectus of the conditions necessary for qualification was also prepared.

The tournament is open to any bona fide amateur a resident of the United States. The tournament will be decided under the round robin system, each player meeting all other competitions in matches at 18.2 balk line of 300 points duration, and with the anchor shot barred. All competitions will be played on a 5x10 table fitted with regulation Monarch match cushions.

No amateur will be eligible for the championship series who has ever played at better speed than a grand average of 7 in a tournament nor who relatively falls below 5. The series for the championship will begin on the night of Monday, Nov. 27, in Maurice Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway.

Entries for the championship have been received from Charles E. White, holder of the title; C. P. Conway, Mark Muldauer, and Dr. Eric Beck.

Amateurs to Play at Daly's.

Amateur billiardists will begin a three-cushion carrom tournament next Monday night at Daly's Academy under the sanction of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players. Thirty-six contestants have entered. They have been handicapped in four classes as follows:

Class A.—Peiser, 36, the high point player, and at 30 points each, Rich, Parker, Cope, Parkam, Usher, Cohen, Oblott, and Moffatt.

Class B, (27 points.)—J. Louis, L. Stone, Nelson, Moore, Kohner, Diaz, Thompson, Milburn, Lesser, Radcliff.

Class C, (25 points.)—Carey, Ketcham, Strong, J. Stone, Tobias, Romberg, Clark, Manzinger, Dreyfus, and Balbridge.

Class D, (20 points.)—Louis, Starken, Lowe, Stokes, King, Haupt, and Levy.

The tournament will be decided by a round robin elimination series, contestants losing or forfeiting two matches retiring from the tournament.

Atherton In Winning Form.

In the continuation of the amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament now in progress at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy last night, Charles Atherton, aided by a 10-point handicap, easily defeated E. Brown by the score of 115 to 80 in forty-six innings. The winner was playing at a handicap of 115 points, while Brown had to make 125 tallies in order to win the contest. Atherton's high run for the game was 20, and Brown's best effort netted him 11 points. The tournament will be continued this evening, when S. Garfunkle will oppose G. Avery.

Hoppe Defeats Slosson.

In a practice game in preparation for his coming championship match with George Sutton, Willie Hoppe, the holder of the championship title at 19.1 and 18.2 balk line billiards, easily defeated George Slosson last night at the latter's billiard academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway, by the score of 500 to 156. The champion ran out his necessary 500 tallies with a high run of 181 and an average of 45 5-11 in eleven innings. Slosson required ten frames to make his score, with a high run of 74 and an average of 15 6-10.

Bulldog Show on Election Day.

Unusual interest has been shown in the annual show of the Bulldog Club of America through the announcement of a team class that will bring together thirty-four of the leading specimens in the country. The exhibition will be held on Election Day at 112 West Forty-second Street. From present indications it will be the most important specialty show ever given in the city. All the champions in the vicinity have been entered, and in addition there will be a large representation from Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Providence, and Boston. Owing to the large entry list, the judging will start at 11:30 o'clock in the morning, and will continue without intermission until every dog has been shown. Archibald McClure Halley will officiate as judge.

AMATEUR HOCKEY LEAGUE IS BUSY

Reorganization of Teams Engages the Attention of Managers and Coaches.

The announcement that the Wanderers' Hockey Club will be represented again this season in the Amateur Hockey League, has increased the activity of the coaches and managers of the other teams and all are busy now trying to round up talent for their respective teams. It is the general impression among the hockeyists that any team under the direction of Coach Tom Howard is to be feared, and the managers are leaving nothing undone to be prepared for any surprise that he may spring. They remember his feat in 1904-05 when he got together a collection of comparatively green material and molded it into a team that was the sensation of the league. Howard will have charge of the Columbia University team this season, but this work will be only secondary as compared with his duties as coach of the Wanderers.

It is generally believed that the St. Nicholas Hockey Club will be represented this season by a much stronger team than last year. "Kay" Gordon will again be at the head of this organization and the large amount of ex-college material that will be available will undoubtedly line up under the Gordon banner. Five stars of the last college season, who have been lost to their respective teams by graduation, are available for the Amateur League. Loutrel, the Yale rover, and Swenson, coverpoint for the Elis, were regarded as the star men of last year's team at Yale, but both have since graduated. The same is true of Dilworth and Stanley of the Elis, and Fellowes Morgan of Harvard. The St. Nicks will undoubtedly get the greater part of this talent, and the remainder will be with other teams of the league.

The addition of two or more of these collegians will add much strength to the St. Nicks and make the team more of a factor in the race than it has been since 1909. It is rumored that Gordon will retire from the game this season and devote his attention to coaching the St. Nicks, but the lure of the sport will most likely prove too strong. The veteran still ranks with the best in the game and would be of far more service to the team as an active member, rather than a coach. There is a possibility that he may have Souther and Chew back in the game. Added to the new possibilities are all the players of last year's squad, and from this combination Gordon will undoubtedly be able to pick a team that will be a strong contender in the race.

The Crescents will be represented by a team that does not show a weak spot, and with the advantage of a season's playing together last year, appears likely to repeat and carry off the championship. Dr. Thomas, goal tender of last year's team, and one of the cleverest men at the position that the Crescents ever had, has moved to Toronto and will not be available this year. But the Crescents will in no way be weak at goal. Dr. Mills, the sensational goalkeeper, who formerly played with the New York A. C., has joined the Crescents and is expected to fill the vacancy. Dr. Mills is now practicing at a Brooklyn hospital, and finds it much more convenient to play with the Crescents. There is a rumor going the rounds that he will not be in the game this season, but it is a fact that the Crescents are counting on him just now. Fred Lang, a former Yale player, and E. T. Bedford, formerly with Amherst, are also candidates for the goal position on the Crescent seven.

The remainder of the championship team shows only one change from last year, that being at right wing, where Dr. Campbell, a newcomer from Queens University, Toronto, will play. Stirling Martin, the former Yale player, who will captain the team, will be at left wing. "Sars" Kennedy, last year's captain and this year's manager, will be found at his old position at point, and Ernie Dufresne will be at cover point. Mr. Kennedy is now suffering from a broken wrist, but he expects to be ready for the opening games. Jimmy Sheriff and Artie Liffiton, veterans of many seasons, will be found at rover and centre, respectively. Scarborough, who showed up well in several games last season, will also try for a wing position. The team will be coached by Bill Dobby and Bob Wall, players who made the Crescents famous a few years ago. Both will be ready to jump into the game whenever needed, as they did last year. It is generally conceded that their work late in the season had much to do with the Crescents winning the championship.

The plans of the New York A. C. are dark, but that is always the case until the annual meeting, when the lists of players are handed in. The team will be in charge of Coach O'Donnell. Peabody, White, and Broadfoot are the veteran players who will be seen with the New Yorkers, and there is still a possibility that Castleman will reconsider his determination not to play this year. Close followers of the game expect that he will be back. His loss would be a severe blow to the team. However, the New York A. C. has always had a second and a third team in reserve, and from the big squad will be able to select a strong team. An effort was made to secure Broadbent and Smith of the Cliffsides of Ontario, but both have declined to come here. Broadbent has turned professional and signed with the Renfrews of Ottawa.

The Hockey Club team should show improved form over last year, but it hardly ranks with the other teams as regards playing strength, and unless the other teams turn over some extra players the squad, in charge of Jimmy Britton, will will have a dificult time. Britton's experience last year should help considerably, and most of the players can be expected to put up an improved game, but it will take considerable new material to make the team a factor in the race. This club has always been under a handicap in getting a team together, and this year is no exception.

Aside from the fact that the Wanderers will be represented by a team, and that Tom Howard will act as coach, nothing is known of the Wanderers' plans. In 1904-05 Howard took a squad of practically green players and turned out a great team. It is understood that he is willing to take a similar chance this year. It is likely, however, that one or two veterans will be engaged, around which to build the team.

The league meeting will be held about Dec. 15, at which time the lists of players will be handed in, and the schedule adopted. The season will start immediately after the holidays and will end about March 1. The teams will begin practice early in December and will be seen in action against the best of the Canadian amateurs and also against the Cornell and Williams college teams during December.

TO CHANGE A. A. U. RULES.

Amendments Offered by Committee Will Avert Membership Trouble.

One of the recommendations of the Legislation Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, which will meet in annual session at the Hotel Astor Nov. 20, strikes at the source of much of the trouble existent in this district in regard to the wholesale proselyting of athletes by the larger organizations at the expense of the minor organizations.

The new rule, which will be an amendment to Article X., Section 2, of the constitution and by-laws, is the result of grievances placed before James E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer of the union, and presented by him for consideration by the Legislation Committee, and reads as follows:

> No one shall be eligible to compete in any athletic meeting, games, or entertainment given or sanctioned by this union unless he shall be a duly registered athlete and a member of the organization from which he enters; nor shall any member of any club in this union, or any club in any district in this union, be allowed to compete as a representative of such club in case he has within two years competed as a member of any other club then in this union, unless such other club shall have disbanded or practically ceased to exist, or unless he has taken a bona fide residence in another district of this union.
>
> No person shall be eligible to compete for or enter any competition as a member of any club in the territory of any active member of this union unless he shall have resided within the territory of said active member, and shall have filed with the Registration Committee of said active member a certificate of residence at least four months previous to entering for competition.
>
> No person shall be eligible to enter or compete in any district championship meeting unless he shall have been a bona fide resident of such district, and shall have filed a certificate of his residence with the Registration Committee of such district, at least six months prior to the holding of such championship meeting; provided, however, that undergraduates of an educational institution shall not be limited by this restriction, but shall be eligible for the championship meeting of the district in which the educational institution is located; provided, also, that a registered athlete who has resigned from a club that is a member of the Amateur Athletic Union shall for two years after such resignation be entitled to compete in the championship meetings of the district in which he has been a bona fide resident for at least six months prior to the holding of such championship meetings.

It is conceded that the above will go far toward correcting the abuses which have crept in in regard to athletes who for reasons best known to themselves have been in the habit of jumping from one club to another, as the feeling seized them, and in other cases where disloyalty for the small club which had helped to put them on the athletic map was shown.

Another amendment which will go far toward clarifying the situation relative to the using of college athletes by athletic clubs in many of the districts reads as follows:

> In all open competitions a student attending a university, college, school, or other educational institution, must represent his educational institution, and unless he has graduated, he shall not be allowed to represent a club or other organization until he files with the Registration Committee a certificate that his period of scholarship in the educational institution has finally terminated.

In the article on the registration of athletes, Sections 1 and 2 have been amended to read as follows:

> 1. In no meeting, game, or entertainment that has been sanctioned as an open athletic meeting shall an athlete's entry be accepted unless he shall have received a number certificate of registration stating that he is an amateur and eligible to compete in amateur sports. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to events that are "closed," that is, open only to members of the club giving the said games, or open only to members of a group that has been elected a member of any association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
>
> 2. All organizations giving open games or competitions under Amateur Athletic Union rules and sanction must state on their announcements and entry blanks that no entries to open events can be accepted from registered atheltes, and that no exhibition can be given by an athlete unless such athlete is registered.

The foregoing are some of the recommendations of the Legislation Committee, of which Bartow S. Weeks is Chairman. Other features of importance to be passed upon at the session will be the host of records made by athletes all over the United States during the past year.

OLYMPIC GAMES FUND.

New York A. C. Indians Contribute $100 Through Bob Kammerer.

Secretary James E. Sullivan of the American Olympic Committee yesterday received from Robert C. Kammerer, Treasurer of the Huckleberry Indians of the New York Athletic Club, a check for $100, the Indians' contribution to the Olympic fund. Several prominent sportsmen who contributed largely to the Olympic fund of 1908 have written Secretary Sullivan to the effect that they will double their contribution this year.

The various associations of the Amateur Athletic Union are at work collecting money for this fund. President Everett C Brown of the Central Association and Harold McCormick of Chicago have started things going in the Middle West, President Thomas F. Riley and Edward L. Babb are working in Boston and other New England cities, the Middle Atlantic Association has contributed $50, as has the Pacific Northwest Association. Endeavors are being made to raise a fund that will enable the committee to send a team to Sweden that will be really representative of America. All contributions should be sent to Treasurer Julian W. Curtiss, 126 Nassau Street, New York.

Twenty Entries for Ten-Mile Run.

The ten-mile-run championship of the A. A. U. at Celtic Park to-morrow will bring together one of the largest fields that has faced the starter in a distance event of recent years. Twenty entries have been received for this event, and among them are some who will come close to George Bonhag's record of 52 minutes 34 4-5 seconds, made in 1909. Champion Win Bailey of the New York A. C. will come down from Canada to defend his title, and he will in all probability be again returned the champion. Bailey is reported to be covering the distance in about 54 minutes in practice, and he will do better in competition. W. J. Kramer, L. I. A. C.; Louis Scott, South Paterson A. C.; John Daly, Fred Bellars, Tom Collins, Frank Masterson, and Harry Smith will cause a lot of trouble before they are beaten off, and the field is very evenly matched. The following is the complete entry list:

W. Bailey, N. Y. A. C.; F. Bellars, N. Y. A. C.; John Daly, I. A. A. C.; T. Collins, I. A. A. C.; J. J. McNamara, I. A. A. C.; W. J. Kramer, Long Island A. C.; Louis Scott, South Paterson A. C.; H. J. Smith, Pastime A. C.; H. Jensen, Pastime A. C.; George Obermeyer, National A. C.; E. Jordan, Xavier A. A.; E. Hammil, St. George A. C.; H. Young, St. George A. C.; C. W. Russell, South Paterson A. C.; H. F. Maguire, Boston; H. G. Smith, unattached; Frank Masterson, unattached; A. Roth, Mohawk A. C.; T. Dwyer, Mohawk A. C., and G. Smith, Yonkers Y. M. C. A.

Warner Picks Indian Runners.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 2.—Coach Warner to-day selected from the list of winners of Tuesday's annual cross-country run at the Carlisle Indian School the following team of eight to compete on Saturday morning at Philadelphia against the University of Pennsylvania cross-country runners: Lewis Tewanima, Washington Talumptewa, Andrew Hermequatema, Archibald Quamala, Zeppaniah Simons, Edison Mountpleasant, Mitchell Arquette and James Black Deer. The first four named are Hopi or Moqui redskins from Arizona. The event will be held before the Pennsylvania-Indian football game, and start and finish will be at the Pennsylvania Boathouse in Fairmount Park.

BINGHAM LOSES WRESTLING MATCH

Englishman Fails to Make Moscardelli Quit in Half an Hour at Jiu-Jitsu.

Will Bingham, the English champion exponent of catch-as-catch-can and jiu-jitsu styles of wrestling, struggled for thirty minutes last night at the Irish-American Athletic Club and made a failure of his attempt to defeat Louis Moscardelli, an Italian title holder, at the Japanese game. This contest was prefaced by two bouts at catch-as-catch-can which managed to keep the crowd in an uproar throughout.

Bingham, than whom there is probably no better wrestler at the jiu-jitsu style, seemingly caught a Tartar in the Italian, who slammed him around in a manner which delighted his compatriots, who made up the greater portion of the onlookers. Bingham as a starter was thrown completely over the head of the Italian and across the stage, landing on the broad of his back.

Although well versed in that phase of the game, Bingham apparently did not relish the Italian's aggressiveness, and proceeded to administer like treatment. He failed in many of his attempts to toss his opponent six feet in the air, which is one of the primary tricks of the style, and had to resort to catch-as-catch-can methods pretty much throughout the contest.

Bingham found it impossible to bind his man with the double hold across the throat, which he has found so effectual in bouts with others with whom he has competed at this game. When the contest was concluded, the coat of the Italian was in shreds, this probably militating against Bingham's getting the hold he so frequently tried for but failed to attain.

Moscardelli seemed to think it a pink tea affair, as, after eight minutes of rather strenuous work, and after getting out of what looked like a ticklish position, he calmly walked to the ropes and proceeded to mop the sweat from his face. This he did several times during the encounter, bowing and listening to the cheers of his countrymen during the interim.

At the finish of the encounter Bingham announced himself as dissatisfied with the result, and challenged Moscardelli to a finish match at any time and any place, with a side wager as a most acceptable proposition, to which the Italian assented, adding that he would go into details later in the week.

The best of the preliminaries called out Bull Mantell, an Italian middleweight, and Herman Garry, a German welterweight, who wrestled for twenty minutes at the catch-as-catch-can style, neither gaining a fall. Garry proved to be really a clever wrestler, well up in the tricks of the game, but found his opponent's weight too much for him to cope with. A good feature of the bout was the total absence of foul tactics. Young Terry threw Billy Purdy in 2:48 in the opening bout with a neck lock.

OLSON BEATS ROLLER.

Dane Cleverly Stands Off the Doctor in Handicap Match in Harlem.

Neil Olson, the Danish heavyweight wrestler, defeated Dr. Benjamin F. Roller in a handicap match at the Harlem Music Hall last night. Roller attempted to throw the Dane twice in twenty minutes, but he only got one fall and that took up sixteen minutes of the time. At the end of the twenty minutes Roller, with much bravado, boasted that with three minutes more he could throw the Dane again. If he failed, he said he would forfeit $25. He tried for three minutes more and the Dane still held him off.

Olson was slippery in working his way out of all sorts of holds. Roller went at him like a mad bull and pummeled and tugged him all over the mat. When things looked dangerous for the Dane, he slipped off the mat on to the floor. This ruse saved him more than once. Roller had him pinned to the floor in the clutches of a hammer lock after ten minutes of wrestling, but Referee Dunn wouldn't allow it as Olson's shoulders were off the mat.

Roller got the first fall after 16.05 of wrestling, when with a half-Nelson and crotch hold he threw his weight on top of the Dane and planted his shoulders squarely on the canvas. With such a short time left Roller, although he worked like a Trojan, was unable to get Olson down again. Roller, who used to be a wrestling partner of Frank Gotch, tried the champion's famous toe hold several times, but the Dane's feet were strong enough to withstand any attack in that direction.

The match was for $250, and Roller was so mad when he failed to win that he boldly offered the Dane $25 more if he could not throw him in three minutes. Olson quickly accepted, and, although he was put through a severe grueling, he was able to stand off Roller's aggressiveness long enough to win the money.

DANKELMAN SCORES FAST.

New York Billiard Expert Defeats Otis in Intercity Match.

John Dankelman, who represents Manhattan, defeated Charles Otis of Brooklyn in the initial metropolitan game of the National Intercity Billiard League, decided last night at Keeney's Knickerbocker Billiard Academy, in Brooklyn, by the score of 50 points to 25. The contestants played three-cushion carrom, and the contest was a one-sided affair, the winning point being tallied in the eighty-sixth inning. The Manhattan representative displayed remarkable form, and, judging from the showing that he made last night, he is sure to give his future opponents a hard fight before he admits defeat in any of the games in which he takes part hereafter.

Dankelman jumped to the lead at the very beginning of the game last night, and not once throughout did he relinquish his hold on the leading position. Neither player indulged in any unnecessary safety play, and both contestants made difficult shots at times. The Manhattan representative will cross the Bridge again this evening, and also tomorrow night, to oppose the Brooklyn players.

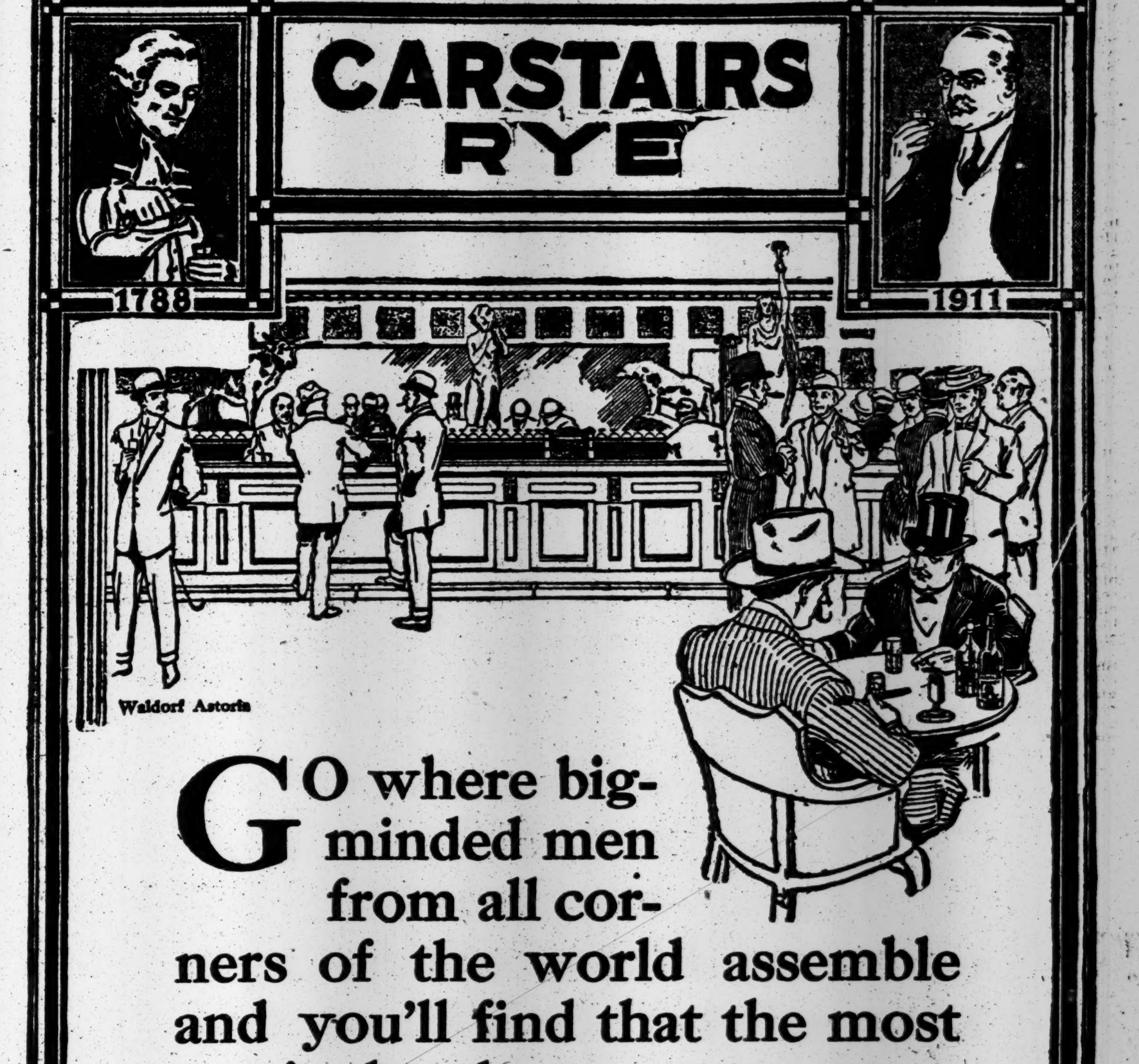
THROWN FROM HIS HORSE.

Policeman Taken for Dead When Passing Autoist Picks Him Up.

G. J. Borgstede of Hunt's Point Road and Lafayette Avenue, the Bronx, while driving his automobile through Walton Avenue last night saw a policeman lying in the road at Mount Hope Place, a lonely spot with no houses near. There was a cut on his forehead. Borgstede drove to a telephone and notified the Tremont Station, saying he thought the man was dead.

Half a dozen policemen and detectives hurried to Mount Hope Place and found Policeman William Galbraith unconscious in the road. Dr. Moody was called from Fordham Hospital and took the man there. He has a possible fracture of the skull and had not regained consciousness at midnight.

Galbraith was a mounted man, and it is supposed that his horse threw him. The animal was found seven blocks away from where the policeman lay by John McGenen of 1,731 Weeks Avenue, who led the animal to the station house.



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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Reaction in the Afternoon Leaves Most Stocks Still Above Previous Close.

FOREIGN BANK SHOWING

Continental Markets Still Reflect Large Money Requirement—Call Money Again at 3% Here.

Some reaction from a further advance which occurred during the earlier hours of trading yesterday left the great majority of issues somewhat above the closing figures of Wednesday. A few issues, notably American Smelting, which had been depressed during the earlier stage of the advance in the general list, showed quite large net advances. In United States Steel and a few of the other stocks prominent in this week's forward movement the day brought fractional reaction, but these were negligible when compared with the extent of the improvement of the last few days. Before receding in the afternoon a number of the active stocks had made considerable further progress upward, and it was natural that this continued advance should stimulate such selling as was called forth by the view that short covering had carried the market forward at a more rapid rate than would have accompanied the buying movement in the absence of a considerable short interest, and by the further consideration that since last Monday a good deal of this short interest must have been covered. The afternoon's reaction was not calculated, however, to cause any revision of the view so widely entertained in the financial district that recent occurrences offer reasonable basis for the change in sentiment for the better which underlay the market's progress during the last few days.

Reminders were not lacking yesterday that further Government suits cannot be excluded from a forward view of possible developments affecting the financial markets, but unquestionably the present disposition is to take a more hopeful view of the effects of the Administration's programme for the enforcement of the Sherman law. In the stock market cause and effect are frequently confused, and the present improved sentiment is undoubtedly born in part of the advance in prices itself, although it is also unquestionably in part the result of the position which the Government has taken in respect to the American Tobacco organization. Its attitude was more constructive than many had thought it safe to count on its being, and to that extent hopes have replaced fears. In respect to the immediate market position it was being recognized yesterday, of course, that the level to which stocks had risen, particularly in view of the rapidity of the forward movement, tempted profit-taking sales, a continuance of which might have less help from short covering operations than was felt during the early stages of the forward movement which has been under way this week.

The effect of the Nov. 1 settlements upon the foreign banking position was reflected in the weekly statements of the English, French, and German banks. The Bank of England made a very strong showing for this date, despite a loss during the week of over $5,000,000 gold, but both the Continental banks showed expansion in loans and circulation, which were only meagrely offset in the case of the French Bank by a gain of about $800,000 gold, while the Imperial Bank of Germany reported a loss of gold amounting to $11,000,000. The German Bank's increase of $40,000,000 in loans and discounts and of $27,300,000 in circulation suggests the needs still existing in the Berlin market, which afford the motive for the continued employment in that market of the funds loaned by New York bankers. So far as our own money market was concerned, the average rate for call loans was higher than on Wednesday, and that day's maximum of 3 per cent. was again touched, but there was no change in the disposition to look upon that rate as an incident merely of the special November money requirements.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway for dividend on common.
People's Gas Co. of Chicago for dividend.
Tampa Electric Co. for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

American Malt Corporation on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3½@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3½@4 per cent. for ninety days, four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3½ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4@4¾ per cent. for four to six months' maturities.

Private discount to foreign centres: London, 3 7-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4¼ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $455,783,997; balances, $31,570,534; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $172,132.

The local banks have lost $5,362,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8725; demand, $4.8685.

Paris—Cable, $5.16¼ less 1-32; check, $5.16⅞ plus 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅛ plus 1-32; check, 95 1-16.

Switzerland—Cable, $5.17½ less 3-64; check, $5.18⅛ plus 1-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.28; check, 40.25.

Belgium—Cable, $5.19⅜; check, $5.20 plus 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8365; ninety days, $4.82¼.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83½; ninety days, $4.82⅛.

Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.20; ninety days, $5.21¼.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.20⅝ plus 1-32; ninety days, $5.21⅞ less 1-32.

Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94⅛.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94¼; ninety days, 93⅞.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, 10c discount; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 5c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; San Francisco, 35c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London, at 25 1-16d per ounce, and in New York unchanged, at 54⅝c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday dullness was shown, with commodities unchanged, except tin, which declined about ½c in the bid and ⅝c in the asking price in sympathy with the foreign market.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Spot	11.90	12.10	11.90	12.10
November	11.90	12.05	11.90	12.05
December	11.90	12.10	11.90	12.10
January	11.95	12.15	11.95	12.15
Lead	4.25	4.30	4.25	4.30
Spelter	6.30	6.50	6.30	6.50
Tin	40.85	41.25	41.30	41.60

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday the following table indicates the prices obtained there for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Wednesday's last prices:

	Thursday. £	s	d	Wednesday. £	s	d
Copper, spot	55	15	0	55	12	6
Copper, futures	56	10	0	56	6	3
Pig tin, spot	187	10	0	189	7	6
Pig tin, futures	184	15	0	187	0	0

The market finished weak. Spanish pig lead was unchanged at £15 10s. Spelter was strong at an advance of 2s 6d, to £26 15s. Cleveland warrants were up 1½d, to 46s 4½d.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Nov. 2, 1911 778,248
From Jan. 1, 1911 104,231,101
Same period last year 144,282,503

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
3	3¼	300	Allis-Chalmers	3	3	3	3	...
10¾	11¼	400	Allis-Chalmers pf	10¾	11	10¾	11	+¼
54⅛	54¼	21,200	Amalgamated Copper	54	55⅝	53⅞	54	−½
56¼	56⅝	2,800	Am. Beet Sugar	57	57¼	56⅜	56⅜	−⅝
10¾	10⅞	7,950	Am. Can	10½	11	10⅜	10⅞	+¼
87¼	87⅝	2,250	Am. Can pf	87⅝	88¼	87¼	87¼	−½
49	49¼	1,250	Am. Car & Foundry	49¾	49⅞	49	49	−1¼
114	115	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	+⅛
42	42½	5,900	Am. Cotton Oil	43	44	41⅝	42½	−1¼
17½	19	100	Am. Ice Securities	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	+⅛
27½	28	100	Am. Linseed pf	27¾	27¾	27¾	27⅝	−⅛
34½	35	800	Am. Locomotive	34½	35¼	34½	35	+1
102	103	200	Am. Locomotive pf	103½	103½	103	103	...
41¼	42	100	Am. Malt pf	41	41	41	41	...
68½	68⅝	101,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	64¾	68¾	64⅝	68½	+3⅜
101½	102	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	101	101⅞	101	101⅞	+⅛
31½	32	1,160	Am. Steel Foundries	30½	32¼	30½	32¼	+2¼
117	117½	1,800	Am. Sugar Refining	117¼	118½	117¼	117½	+½
115	115½	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	115¼	115¼	115¼	115¼	+¼
135⅜	135⅝	2,400	Am. Tel. & Tel	135⅜	136	135⅜	135½	+¼
97	97¼	900	Am. Tobacco pf	96⅝	97½	96⅝	97	+¼
97	97¼	1,765	Am. Tob. pf. tr. rects	96⅜	97⅞	96⅜	97⅜	−¼
25	30	100	Am. Woolen	30	30	30	30	+⅝
87	88⅛	700	Am. Woolen pf	87¼	88½	87¼	88⅛	...
35	35⅛	400	Anaconda Copper Co	34¾	35	34¾	35	+½
107⅝	107¾	8,300	Atch., Top. & S. F	107⅝	108¼	107⅝	107¾	+½
103⅜	103¾	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103⅜	103¾	103⅜	103¾	+⅛
127	128	400	Atlantic Coast Line	128	128⅜	128	128	+¼
98⅛	98⅜	1,450	Baltimore & Ohio	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98¼	−½
..	..	5	Bank of Commerce	199	199	199	199	+¼
28¾	29½	300	Bethlehem Steel	29½	29½	29½	29½	...
55½	56½	1,000	Bethlehem Steel pf	55½	57½	55½	56½	+½
75½	75⅝	2,500	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	75¾	76	75½	75½	+1
238⅛	238¼	5,375	Canadian Pacific	237¾	239¼	237¾	238	...
21¼	21¾	600	Central Leather Co	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	−⅞
92⅜	92½	535	Cent. Leather Co. pf	92¾	92⅞	92¼	92½	+½
114	116	100	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	115	115	115	115	−¼
73	73¼	3,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	73½	73¾	73⅛	73⅛	−1
19½	19¾	300	Chicago Gt. Western	19¾	19¾	19½	19½	...
38⅝	38¾	900	Chi. Gt. Western pf	38⅝	39	38½	38½	−¼
109¼	109½	9,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	109⅝	110½	109⅛	109⅜	−½
145	145¾	300	Chi. & Northwestern	145⅝	145⅞	145⅝	145⅞	−⅝
20½	20⅝	1,200	Chino Copper	20½	20¾	20½	20½	+⅜
61	63	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L	61	61	61	61	+⅞
26⅝	27	900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26½	27	26½	26¾	+1½
139¼	140	11,867	Consolidated Gas	139½	140⅝	139¼	139½	+¼
10⅝	11	600	Corn Products Ref	10½	11	10½	11	+¼
75	76¼	400	Corn Products Ref. pf	74¾	75	74¾	75	+¼
540	560	500	Del., Lack. & West	550	555	550	555	+1½
24¼	28	200	Denver & Rio Grande	24⅛	24¼	24⅛	24¼	−5
48½	50	160	Den. & Rio Grande pf	48½	48½	48½	48½	+⅜
30½	31⅜	400	Distillers' Securities	31⅜	31⅜	31¼	31⅜	...
20½	21½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	21	21	21	21	−⅛
32¾	32⅞	13,850	Erie	33¼	33½	32¾	32¾	+1
52½	52⅝	4,700	Erie 1st pf	52⅞	53¼	52⅜	52½	−½
43½	44¼	300	Erie 2d pf	43¼	44	43¼	44	−½
..	..	10	Fourth Nat. Bank	204	204	204	204	+¼
151	152	600	General Electric	151½	152	151	151	...
38	39	200	General Motors	38	38½	38	38½	+½
77	78	100	General Motors pf	77	77	77	77	+½
4½	4⅝	1,500	Goldfield Consol	4½	4⅝	4½	4½	+¾
125½	126	4,000	Great Northern pf	126¼	126½	125⅝	125⅝	...
41½	41⅞	600	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	41⅞	41⅞	41½	41½	−¼
85½	86	10	Homestake Mining	85	85	85	85	−½
139⅝	140½	400	Illinois Central	139¾	139¾	139⅝	139⅝	...
14¾	14⅞	2,100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	15	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝	+⅛
44¾	45¼	600	Inter.-Met. pf	45¼	45¾	45¼	45¼	−⅜
43¾	45	200	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs	45	45	44¼	44¼	+⅛
106⅞	107½	900	Int. Harvester	107½	107¾	107	107	−½
120	..	100	Int. Harvester pf	120½	120½	120½	120½	−½
45¾	46	300	Int. Paper pf	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	+½
28	28¼	3,100	Int. Steam Pump	26⅛	28	26	28	...
81	81¼	500	Int. Steam Pump pf	80⅝	81	80⅝	81	+2⅛
65¼	66	200	Kan. City South. pf	66	66	66	66	+¾
104¼	104⅞	650	Laclede Gas	104⅞	104⅞	104¾	104⅞	...
169⅞	170	23,500	Lehigh Valley	169⅞	171	169½	170	...
148¼	149	900	Louisville & Nash	149	149	148⅞	149	+½
19¼	19⅜	1,020	Miami Copper	19¼	19⅜	19	19⅜	+½
32½	34	25	Minn. & St. Louis	34	34	34	34	+⅛
135	135½	500	M., St. P. & S. S. M	135¼	136	135¼	135⅞	...
31	31½	1,300	Mo., Kansas & Texas	31⅝	32	31½	31½	+¾
41½	42	2,300	Missouri Pacific	42⅛	42⅜	42	42	−⅛
127½	128	200	Nat. Biscuit Co	128	128	128	128	...
125	127	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	126¾	126¾	126¾	126¾	+⅜
91	95	100	Nat. Enam. & S. pf	94	94	94	94	+1¼
46¾	47¼	2,000	Nat. Lead Co	45½	47¼	45½	47¼	...
33½	34	800	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	34⅛	+1¾
16½	16¾	600	Nev. Consol. Copper	16⅝	16¾	16½	16¾	+⅜
50	54	54	New York Air Brake	50	50	50	50	+⅛
106¾	107	8,700	New York Central	106¾	107¼	106¾	107	...
135½	137½	250	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	136½	136½	136	136	+⅜
39¾	40	600	N. Y., Ont. & West	39⅝	40	39⅝	40	+1
108	108⅛	6,200	Norfolk & Western	108¼	108⅜	108⅛	108⅛	...
73¼	73½	200	North American	74	74	73⅞	73⅞	−¼
118¼	118½	6,525	Northern Pacific	118¾	119½	118⅜	118⅜	−⅛
30	30½	300	Pacific Mail	30¾	30¾	30¼	30⅝	−¾
48	48½	1,500	Pacific Tel. & Tel	49½	49½	48¼	48¼	−⅛
123⅝	123¾	4,280	Pennsylvania R. R	123⅜	123¾	123¼	123¾	−1⅞
106¾	107	500	People's Gas, Chi	107	107	106¾	107	+¼
96¼	97	200	P., C., C. & St. Louis	97	97	97	97	+⅛
18	18½	100	Pittsburgh Coal	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	+¼
80	81	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81	81½	81	81	...
31¼	31½	200	Pressed Steel Car	31½	31½	31½	31½	+2½
14	14⅞	1,150	Ray Consol. Copper	14¼	14¼	13⅞	14	...
28⅝	29½	300	R'way Steel Spring	28	28¾	28	28⅝	−⅛
100	105	100	R'way Steel Sp. pf	100	100	100	100	+¾
142	142⅛	90,100	Reading	142¼	143¼	141¾	142⅛	+2¾
91½	94	200	Reading 2d pf	93	93	93	93	−¼
20½	21	1,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	20½	21	20½	20⅞	−½
78¾	79½	710	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	79½	79¾	79¼	79½	+⅝
25⅞	26	12,300	Rock Island Co	25¾	26¼	25¾	25⅞	+½
50	50⅝	1,000	Rock Island Co. pf	50½	50¾	50	50	...
25¼	26	375	St. Louis & San Fran	25¼	25½	25¼	25½	...
41	41½	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	41⅞	41⅞	41½	41⅛	+½
31	32	100	St. Louis Southwest'n	30½	30½	30½	30½	−⅝
70¼	70½	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	+½
112	112⅛	12,200	Southern Pacific	111⅝	112¾	111½	112	+½
108	112	27	South P. R. Sugar pf	110	110	110	110	+⅝
30⅛	30¼	8,000	Southern R'way ext	30⅛	30¼	30⅛	30¼	...
71¼	71½	1,300	South. R'way pf., ext	71¼	71½	71¼	71¼	−⅛
35¼	36	1,200	Tennessee Copper	36¼	36½	36	36½	+¼
88	90	300	Texas Co	88⅝	89	88⅝	89	+⅛
25	25½	800	Texas & Pacific	25¼	25½	25¼	25½	+1
10	10⅝	2,760	Third Avenue	9½	10½	9½	10⅜	+¼
18¼	19	400	Tol., St. L. & West	19	19⅛	19	19⅛	+⅞
42½	43¼	500	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	43	43½	43	43½	+¼
102	104	200	Underw'd Typewriter	102	102	102	102	+¼
5½	6	100	Union Bag & Paper	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	−1½
50	51	100	Union B. & Paper pf	51	51	51	51	−¼
167	167¼	108,200	Union Pacific	166½	168⅛	166⅛	167	+⅞
91½	92½	100	Union Pacific pf	91½	91½	91½	91½	+⅝
103	104	40	United Cigar Mfrs. pf	103	103	103	103	+¼
97	98	100	United Dry Goods	97½	97½	97½	97½	...
103	106	150	United Dry Goods pf	104	104	104	104	−1
32	34	50	United Rys. Inv	34	34	34	34	+2
58	59	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	58¼	58½	58	58	...
43⅝	44	2,700	U. S. Rubber	43⅝	44⅛	43½	43½	...
72	74	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	73	73	73	73	...
58½	58⅝	213,000	U. S. Steel	58½	59⅝	58⅛	58¼	+1
109	109¼	8,000	U. S. Steel pf	108½	110	108¼	109½	−⅛
45⅝	45½	2,100	Utah Copper	45⅝	45¾	45¼	45⅜	+⅞
46¼	47½	200	Va.-Caro. Chemical	48	48	47¾	47¾	...
25⅝	25¾	500	Wabash pf	26	26	25¾	25¾	...
56	56¾	1,000	Western Maryland	57	57	57	57	+¼
78¼	78½	800	Western Union Tel	78¾	79¼	78½	78½	...
65	65¼	3,220	Westinghouse E. & M	64⅞	65⅞	64½	65⅛	−⅝
3¾	4¼	125	Wheel. & Lake Erie	4¼	4¼	4	4	+¼
5½	6	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	5⅛	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+1⅛
55	56¾	200	Wisconsin Central	57½	57½	57	57	−½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅜	100¾
2s, c., 1930	100⅜	..
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¾	..
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100¾
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100¾
Panama 3s, 1961	102¼	102⅝
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	205	215
Al. & Sus.	270	..
Am. Ag. C.	50	50½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	91	..
Am. B. S. pf.	98	100
A. B. S. & Fdy.	83½	88
A. B. S. & F. pf.	120	125½
Am. Coal	75	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	95	100
Am. Exp.	205	212
Am. H. & L.	3½	3⅞
Am. H. & L. pf.	21	22
Am. L. Co.	8½	9
Am. Malt.	4	5
Am. S. pf., B.	84½	86
Am. Snuff	200	..
Am. Snuff pf.	95½	104
A. T. & C.	..	88
Am. W. Pa pf.	26½	27
Ann Arbor	20	50
Ann Arbor pf.	60	90
B. & O. pf.	87½	89½
Batopilas M.	1¾	2
B. U. G.	135½	137
Bruns. Ter.	8	9
B., R. & P.	100	105
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
But'k Co.	28½	30
Canada So.	64	72¼
C. R. R. of N. J.	270	295
Chi. & Alt.	20	25
Chi. & Alt. pf.	40	45
C. & E. Ill. pf.	102½	130
C., I & L. pf.	60	80
C., M. & St. Paul pf.	146	149½
C. & N. W. pf.	180	200
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	133	140
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	142	154
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	1½	2
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	4½	5
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	92	..
C. & P.	163	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	..	111
Col. & So.	48½	50
Col. & So. 1st pf.	74	76
Col. & So. 2d pf.	65	70
Col. & H. C. & I., full paid	11	15½
Crex Carpet	70	85
Cub.-Am. S.	..	57½
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	94½	96
Del. & H.	165½	165⅞
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	..
Det. & M.	110	..
Det. & H. pf.	100	..
Det. U. Ry.	..	79
D., S. S. & A.	9	11
Du Pont P. pf.	80	95
F. M. & S.	15	20
F. M. & S. pf.	48	50
Gen. C. Co.	120	130
Gen. C. Co. pf.	104	105½
Granby Con.	..	60
H. B. Claf. 1st pf.	..	90
Hav. E. R.	97	..
Hav. E. R. pf.	100	..
Hock. Val.	112	123
Ill. Cen. l. l.	90	..
Inger.-Rand.	95	..
Inger.-Rand pf.	100	..
Int. Paper	9⅞	10
Iowa Cen.	18	19
Iowa C. pf.	35	37
Kan. C. Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	74	80
Kan. C. So.	29	29½
K. & D. M.	5⅝	8
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
K. Co. El. L. & P.	122⅞	..
Lack. Steel.	29	30
L. E. & W.	12½	15
L. E. & W. pf.	31	34
Lake Shore	375	450
Long Island	45	52
Mackay Cos.	85	86
Mackay Cos. pf.	72½	72⅞
Man. C. R.	600	..
Man. Elev.	134	138
Mer. Mar.	3⅝	4
Mer. Mar. pf.	15	15½
May Dept. Stores	74½	77½
May Dept. Stores pf.	108¼	110½
Mich. Cen.	..	180
M. & St. L. pf.	58	60
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	148	152
M., St. P. & S. S. M. lease line	87	91
Mo., K. & T. pf.	66¼	68¼
N. C. & St. L.	150	160
Nat. Enam.	13½	14¼
Nat. Lead pf.	105	109
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	65	71
New Central Coal	30	55
N. Y., C. & St. L.	51	53
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	98½	100
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	75	85
N. Y. Dock Co.	..	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	..	64½
Norfolk So.	46½	49½
Norf. & W. pf.	87½	90½
Nor. Cen.	245	..
N. O. T. & L.	50	54
Ont. Mining	1⅛	2⅛
Pac. Coast.	85	100
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	105
Pac. C. 2d pf.	85	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	96½	..
Peo. & E.	13	20
Pere Marq.	..	30
Pere M 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	175	..
Pitts., C., C. & St. L. pf.	101	115½
P., Ft. W. & C.	163	..
Pitts. St. pf.	100¼	101
P. S. C. pf.	95	96
Pub. S. C.	108	111
Pullman Co.	156	157¼
Quicksilver	2	2⅜
Q'ksil'r pf.	3½	5
Reading 1st pf.	89	92
Rens. & Sar.	180	..
Rome, W. & O.	115	..
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	63	67
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	51	58
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ct.	105	107½
Sears-Roe.	136	138
Sears-R. pf.	117	121¾
Sloss-Sh. S. & I.	39	42
So. P. R. S.	80	88
So. Ry., M. & O. cfs.	77	83
Std. Milling.	14	17
d. Mill. pf	47	50
P. Land Tr.	85	90
P. & W.	16	..
Twin City R. T.	105½	106½
Twin City R. T. pf.	132½	145
Und. Typew pf.	111	111½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	23	29
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	90	93
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	12	13½
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe pf.	40	43
U. S. Ex.	84	91½
U. S. R. & Impt.	70	72
U. S. R. & Ref.	1⅛	4
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	..	10
U. S. R. 1st pf.	106	108
Va. Ry. & P.	39	40
Va. Ry. & P. pf.	79⅝	80
Vandalia R. R.	..	86
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	115	116
Va.-I., C. & C.	53	80
Wabash	12¾	13½
Wells Fargo Express	151	154
West. Md. pf.	78½	88
Westingh'se 1st pf.	111	120
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	8¼	12

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year follows:

	Nov. 1.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,266,727	$1,226,727	$102,801,081
Internal rev.	1,000,106	1,000,106	100,019,111
Corporation tax	......	......	1,746,926
Miscellaneous	271,117	271,117	17,218,340
Total receipts	2,506,952	2,506,952	221,785,461
Expenditures	2,607,538	2,607,538	242,066,610
Surplus	*100,586	*100,586	*20,281,149

These figures include Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $78,464,994; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $34,133,962.

*Deficit.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The seat of Edward L. Oppenheim has been posted for transfer to Laurent Oppenheim of E. L. Oppenheim & Co., 30 Broad Street.

Sternberger, Sinn & Co. have opened a branch office at 257 Second Street, Lakewood, N. J., under the management of H. A. Knudson.

Charles R. Gay and Hubert McDonnell have been elected members of the Stock Exchange. Mr. McDonnell will be with Byrne & McDonnell, 60 Broadway.

Turner Tucker & Co. of 111 Broadway have prepared for distribution a circular describing stocks of old-established manufacturing corporations which at present prices yield attractive returns.

Edwin Hawley has resigned as President of the Great Western Power Company of California, the California Electric Generating Company, and the West Power Company, a holding company for the Great Western.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Total sales Nov. 2, 1911 .. $4,575,500
From Jan. 1, 1911 719,653,900
Same period last year 545,547,500

Bond	Amount	Price
Chinese Rwy 5s, rcts full paid	2,000	96
Japanese Gvt 4½s, sterling loan	1,000	94¼
N Y State 4s, 1961	10,000	103⅝
	60,000	103¼
N Y Canal 4s, 1960	5,000 c	103⅝
1961	10,000	103⅝
	10,000	103¼
Virginia 6s, defd Brown Bros & Co certfs	27,000	50
N Y City 3½s, 1954	8,000	87½
N Y City 4s, 1958	11,000	99⅞
N Y City 4s, 1959	6,000	99⅞
	1,000	100
N Y City 4¼s	11,000	102⅝
	2,000	102½
N Y City 4½s, 1917	1,000	102⅜
Am Hide & L 6s	1,000 s 6 f	98⅝
Am Smelt Sec 6s	2,000	102⅝
Am Tobac 6s	30,000	113⅞
	43,000	114
	6,000	114⅛
	60,000	114¼
	15,000	114⅜
	7,000	114⅞
	5,000	114½
	44,000	115
	10,000	115⅛
	261,000	115
	5,000	114⅞
	15,000	114⅞
	3,000	114⅞
	118,000	114⅞
	10,000	115
	7,000	114⅞
Tr Co ctfs of dep	9,000	113⅞
	3,000	114
	3,000	114⅛
	15,000	114¼
	30,000	114½
	26,000	114⅜
	15,000	114⅞
	341,000	115
	50,000	114⅞
	36,000	115
	20,000	114⅞
Am Tobac 4s	9,000	90⅞
	30,000	90⅝
	10,000	90⅞
	12,000	90⅝
	25,000	91
	16,000	90⅞
Tr Co ctfs of dep	25,000	90¼
	10,000	90½
	2,000	90¾
	18,000	90⅞
	15,000	90⅝
	5,000	90¾
Am Wr Paper 5s	1,000	89½
	1,000	89¼
A T & S F gen 4s	3,000	99⅞
	30,000	99¼
	5,000	99⅜
	8,000	99½
Adjustment 4s	1,000	91⅞
Stamped	6,000	91⅞
conv 4s	1,000	108⅝
	20,000	108
Conv 4s, 1960	30,000	100⅞
	104,000	101
	5,000	100⅞
Conv 5s	6,000	108¼
	1,000	108⅜
	15,000	108⅞
	10,000	108½
Trans S L 4s	3,000	93½
Atlan & Dan 4s	1,000	90½
Atl Coast L 4s	2,000	95⅜
	2,000	95⅞
Atl Coast Line L & N col 4s	31,000	93¼
	7,000	93⅜
B & O gold 4s	1,000	99
B & O Sou West div 3½s	2,000	90⅜
Beth Steel 5s	4,000	94½
	4,000	94¼
Bklyn R T refg conv 4s	5,000	84⅜
	10,000	84⅞
	10,000	84⅝
Bklyn Un Elv 1st stamped	1,000	101½
Bklyn Un Gas 5s	1,000	106⅝
Bush Term 5s	3,000	98⅞
Canada So 1st	4,000	102⅛
Cent Leather 5s	13,000	96½
Cent Pac gtd 4s	10,000	97⅝
C, B & Q joint 4s	27,000	96⅜
	2,000	96½
	4,000	96
	6,000	96½
	6,000	96⅝
Illinois div 4s	5,000	99⅞
C & Erie 1st 5s	2,000 s 20 f	111⅝
Chic & East Ill gen 5s	6,000	109⅝
Chic Gt West 4s	1,000	83¾
	3,000	84
Chic, M & St P gen 4s, ser A	5,000	99¼
gen 3½s, ser B	1,000	87⅛
Chic & Northwn gen 4s	45,000	98¼
	1,000	98⅜
	10,000	98¼
C, R I & P gen 4s	2,000	96½
Chic, R I & P Ry ref 4s	3,000	89½
	6,000	89⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s	6,000	73¼
	5,000	73⅝
	3,000	73¼
	10,000	73¼
	6,000	73⅜
Chino Copper 6s	5,000	108
Col Indust 5s	42,000	75
Col & So 1st 4s	7,000	96¼
	7,000	96⅛
Col & So ref & ext 4½s	21,000	97¾
Conn Ry & Lt 1st & ref 4½s stpd	4,000	101
Corn Prod Ref S F 5s, 1931	1,000	96¾
Cub-Am Sug col trust 6s	1,000	96½
Del & H conv 4s	5,000	98½
Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s	12,000	98⅞
Den & Rio G 1st & ref 5s	1,000	88
Dis Sec Corp 5s	2,000	75¼
Erie 1st con 4s	1,000	88⅛
	1,000	88¼
Erie 1st gen 4s	9,000	79⅛
Erie con 4s, ser A	1,000	86⅛
	25,000	86⅞
	10,000	86⅛
	4,000	86¼
	16,000	86
series B	32,000	77¼
Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s	5,000	97
Gen Motors 6s	5,000	97⅞
	1,000	98
Gt North ref 4½s	1,000	100⅝
Green Bay & W deb certfs B	1,000	12½
Hoc Val 1st 4½s	2,000	[illegible]
Ill Cent ref 4s	8,000	96⅝
Inter-Met 4½s	4,000	79⅝
	29,000	79¼
	12,000	79⅛
	15,000	79¼
Inter Rap T 5s	29,000	108
Internat Nav 5s	1,000	80⅝
Inter Paper conv 5s	3,000	83
Iowa Cent 1st 5s	5,000	101½
Iowa Cent ref 4s	2,000	67¼
	5,000	67⅞
	10,000	68
	2,000	68¼
K C Co 5s	1,000 s 20 f	100¼
	1,000	100⅜
Kings Co Elv 4s, stamped gtd	100	86½
Kings Co E L & P pur money 6s	1,000	116
Lac Steel 5s, 1923	3,000	97
L S & Mich S 4s, 1928	1,000	93⅜
1931	17,000	93¼
	6,000 c	93⅜
	11,000	93¾
Leh Val Term 5s, registered	1,000	111¼
Louis & Nash unified 4s	5,000	99¼
Manhat Con 4s, tax exempt	12,000	97⅞
Mer Marine col trust 4½s	1,000	65
	21,000	65¼
	5,000	65½
	1,000	65⅞
Met St gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs	3,000	76
	1,000	76½
	1,000	76⅞
	2,000	77
Met St Ry ref 4s, Tr Co ctfs stpd	1,000	46½
	30,000	47
Mich Cent deb 4s	3,000	91
Mo, Kan & O 1st	1,000	106½
M, K & T s f 4½s	1,000	87⅝
Mo Pac conv 5s	9,000	88½
	15,000	88⅞
Nassau Elec R R 4s	3,000	78
N Y Cen gen 3½s	2,000	88
	3,000	88¼
L S col 3½s	15,000	79⅛
	4,000	79¼
	8,000	79⅞
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s	6,000	92
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	1,000	130½
N Y, O & W ref 4s	1,000	94⅛
N Y Tel 4½s	2,000	100⅛
	118,000	100¼
	1,000	100⅛
	1,000	100¼
	12,000	100¼
	1,000	100⅜
	14,000	100¼
	1,000	100½
	2,000	100⅜
	3,000	100⅝
Nor & Wes con 4s	1,000	99⅞
Nor & Wes conv 4s	170,000	107⅝
	75,000	107⅞
	75,000	107⅝
	10,000	107⅞
Nor & Wes divl 1st 4s	5,000	93¼
Nor Pac 4s	8,000	100¼
	2,000	100⅛
Nor Pac gen 3s	1,000	69⅞
Oreg Short Line gtd ref 4s	2,000	93⅞
Or R & N con 4s	4,000	95
Pac Coast 1st 5s	2,000	105
Pac Tel & Tel 5s	30,000	98⅞
Penna conv 3½s, 1915	12,000	96⅞
Penna 4s, 1948	2,000	103
Ry Steel Spr 5s	10,000	97⅞
Reading gen 4s	2,000	98⅞
	34,000	98¾
	10,000	98⅞
Reading Jer Cent col 4s	1,000	97¼
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940	22,000	90½
Rio Gd W 1st 4s	1,000	88⅝
St J & G I 1st 4s	1,000 s 10 f	85⅛
St L & S F R R ref 4s	15,000	80¼
St L & S F R R gen 5s	2,000	87½
Seaboard Air Line adjust 5s	5,000	80¼
So Pac col 4s	5,000	92⅝
So Pac conv 4s	15,000	96⅞
	9,000	97
	5,000	96⅝
	5,000	96⅞
So Pac 1st ref 4s	3,000	94⅜
	1,000	94⅞
	12,000 s 20 f	94⅞
	1,000	95
South Ry 1st 5s	12,000	108
	4,000	108⅝
South Ry gen 4s	54,000	79
	1,000 c	79⅛
	52,000	79
Term Assn of St L ref 4s	1,000	96
Tex Co conv 6s	5,000	96½
Third Av con 4s, Tr Co ctfs	10,000	71½
Tr ctfs stpd	5,000	69⅝
	17,000	69¾
	10,000	69⅞
	3,000	69⅝
	20,000	69⅞
	40,000	70
	5,000	70¼
	110,000	70⅛
	10,000	70⅛
	10,000	70½
	20,000	70⅜
	25,000	70½
	10,000	70⅝
	10,000	70⅝
	25,000	70⅝
	5,000	71
	10,000	70¾
	1,000	70½
	14,000	70⅝
	25,000	70¾
	61,000	70⅞
	49,000	70⅞
	10,000	70⅞
	25,000	71
	5,000	70⅞
	41,000	71⅛
	5,000	71¼
	15,000	71¼
	5,000	71⅜
	11,000	71
	10,000	70⅞
	2,000	71
Undergd Elec Rys of Lon income 6s	7,000	64
Union Pac 1st 4s	10,000	101¼
Union Pac conv 4s	21,000	102½
	9,000	102⅜
	19,000	102⅝
	7,000	102½
	60,000	103
	5,000	102¾
	11,000	102⅝
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s	2,000	97
U S Rub 6s	7,000	103⅜
	3,000	103⅝
	1,000	103¾
U S Steel Corp sinkg fund 5s	25,000	101¼
	8,000	101⅜
	10,000	101¼
	1,000	101⅜
	1,000	101⅛
	22,000	101¼
	40,000	101⅜
	6,000	101⅜
	14,000	101⅜
	4,000	101⅛
	12,000	101¼
	4,000 3	101⅞
	11,000 s 5 f	101⅜
registered	3,000	101¼
	4,500	101¼
Va-Car Chm 1st 5s	3,000	100⅜
Va Ir, Coal & C 5s	1,000	94
	2,000	93½
Wabash 1st 5s	1,000	105⅜
Wabash 2d 5s	5,000	94½
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s	21,000	54⅜
	26,000	54½
	4,000	54⅝
	8,000	54½
	5,000	54⅞
	1,000	55
	1,000	55¼
	1,000	55⅛
	1,000	55
	9,000	55¼
	3,000	55⅜
	1,000	55⅛
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s	5,000	55
Wab Pitt Ter 1st Cent trust ctfs	1,000	42
	12,000	40½
Colum Tr ctf	5,000	40½
Wstn Maryland 4s	1,000	87⅝
	1,000	87½
	18,000	87⅞
West Shore 4s, reg	6,000	98
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s	3,000	93
	5,000	92⅝
Wis Cen gen 4s	3,000	92⅝
	2,000	92¾
Wis Cent, Sup & Dul div & term 4s	2,000	92½

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

General Improvement in London—Prices Firm in Paris and Berlin.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The supply of money was abundant and discount rates were steady to-day.

There was a general improvement on the Stock Exchange under good local and Continental support. Consols, diamond shares, and Chinese securities led the advance, and Underground rails and Omnibus stocks were helped by the rumored amalgamation of the London transit companies. Home rails were uncertain, owing to fears of labor trouble.

American securities opened quiet and a fraction lower. An upward movement followed, but prizes sagged again before noon on realizing. In the afternoon New York buying strengthened prices from ½ to 1 point, and the market closed steady.

Money, 1½@1¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 1-16@3⅛ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 7-16@3½ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 9.00; at Lisbon, 9.00.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 96 francs for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 16½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—Favorable New York advices caused firm prices on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 48 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 4¼ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, Money	79¼	..	..	+5-16
Consols, account	79⅜	..	..	+¼
Anaconda	7⅛	34¼	34⅛	−⅛
Atchison	110¼	107⅝	107⅞	−¼
Can. Pacific	245	238¾	238⅝	−⅛
St. Paul	112½	109⅝	110	−⅜
Erie	33⅞	33	33¼	−¼
Erie 1st pf	54½	53⅛	52⅝	+½
Illinois Central	143½	139⅝	139⅛	+¼
Louis. & Nash	152½	148⅝	148⅝	+¼
N. Y. Central	109⅛	106⅝	106⅞	−¼
Pennsylvania	63¼	123¼	123⅜	−⅛
Reading	73	142¼	142⅜	−⅜
South. Pacific	115⅛	112	111⅞	+⅜
Union Pacific	171⅛	167¼	166⅞	+¼
U. S. Steel	60⅛	58⅜	58⅞	+⅛
U. S. Steel pf	110⅛	107⅞	108¼	−⅜

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

	Decreased.
Total reserve	£1,468,000
Circulation	*456,000
Bullion	1,012,129
Other securities	257,000
Other deposits	1,646,000
Public deposits	66,000
Notes reserve	1,500,000

Government securities unchanged.

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 51.68 per cent.; last week it was 52.80 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 4 per cent.

*Increased.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Increased. Francs.
Notes in circulation	162,525,000
Treasury deposits	*500,000
General deposits	24,025,000
Gold in hand	3,950,000
Silver in hand	*1,875,000
Bills discounted	233,600,000
Advances increased	9,625,000

*Decreased.

BANK OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

	Increase. Marks.
Cash in hand	*76,288,000
Loans	61,674,000
Discounts	99,004,000
Treasury bills	*33,941,000
Notes in circulation	109,207,000
Deposits	*45,998,000
Gold in hand	*44,301,000

*Decreased.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp bird	1	9	3	Esperanza	1	13	4½
Tomboy	1	3	1½	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	3	0	Stratton's Ind.	0	2	0

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Heavy profit-taking and the hammering by professional operators were generally well taken care of on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The market was broad and active throughout the day. Large dealings in Smelting on the sharp upturn in that stock were a feature. The highest at which Smelting sold was 68½, compared with a New York Stock Exchange high of 68¾, while several small lots sold near the opening as low as 64½, against a low of 64⅝ on the other board.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,530	Amal. Copper	53⅞	55½	53⅞	54⅝
640	Am. B. Sugar	57⅛	57⅜	56⅝	56⅛
290	Am. Can	10⅝	10⅞	10⅜	10⅞
10	Am. Can pf	88¼	88¼	87½	87½
100	Am. Car & F	49⅝	50	49	49
710	Am. Cotton Oil	43	44¼	41½	41⅝
40	Am. Locom'e	34¼	35	34½	35
16,230	Am. Smelting	64¾	68½	64½	68½
50	Ana. Copper	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
370	A., T. & S. F.	107⅞	108¼	107½	107⅞
100	Balt. & Ohio	98	98⅜	98	98⅜
330	Brook. R. T.	75½	76⅛	75½	75½
180	Can. Pacific	238¼	239	238	238
10	Cent. Leather	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
140	Ches. & Ohio	73¼	73⅜	73¼	73¼
1,010	C., M. & St. P.	109⅝	110⅜	109¼	109⅜
70	Col. Fuel & I.	27	27¼	26⅞	27⅛
190	Con. Gas	139½	140¼	139½	140
30	Corn Products	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
10	Den. & R. G.	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
30	Dist. Securit's	31⅛	31½	31⅛	31½
1,340	Erie	33⅛	33⅛	32¾	32¾
70	Erie 1st pf	53	53	52½	52½
140	Gt. North. pf	125¾	126¼	125¾	126
40	Inter.-Met	15⅛	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝
80	Inter.-Met. pf	44½	44½	44½	44½
1,680	Lehigh Valley	169⅝	171	169⅝	170
80	Louis. & Nash	148¾	149½	148¾	149
140	M., K. & T.	31⅝	32	31⅝	31⅝
240	Mo. Pacific	42	42⅝	41⅞	41⅞
70	Nat. Lead	45⅝	47	45⅝	47
420	N. Y. Central	106⅞	107⅜	106⅞	107
40	Nevada Con	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
30	Norf. & West	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
260	Nor. Pacific	118¾	119½	118⅜	118⅜
60	Pacific Mail	30½	30½	30½	30½
160	Pennsylvania	123⅛	123¼	123⅛	123⅜
10	People's Gas	107	107	107	107
10	Pressed S. Car	30½	30½	30½	30½
16,800	Reading	142¼	143¼	141⅞	142⅛
30	Rep. Steel	21	21	21	21
20	Rep. Steel pf	79½	79½	79½	79½
540	Rock Island	25⅝	26¼	25⅝	25⅞
830	Southern Pac	111½	112⅝	111½	111⅞
200	Southern Ry	30⅝	30½	30¼	30¼
20	South. Ry. pf	71	71	71	71
20	Tenn. Copper	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
10	Texas Pacific	25½	25½	25½	25½
280	Third Av	9½	10¼	9½	10
16,330	Union Pacific	166½	168⅛	166⅛	167¼
120	U. S. Rubber	43¾	44¼	43½	43½
38,280	U. S. Steel	58⅝	59½	58⅛	58¼
270	U. S. Steel pf	108⅜	110	108⅜	110
410	Utah Copper	45½	45¾	45¼	45¾
50	Va.-Car. Chem	48	48	48	48
10	Wabash	12	12	12	12
90	Wabash pf	26	26¼	25¾	25¾
80	West. Union	79⅛	79⅛	78⅝	78⅝
180	Westing. El	65⅜	65⅝	65	65
102,460					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Belmont	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½
500	Atlanta	.17	.17	.17	.17
1,000	Con. Imp	.04½	.04½	.04½	.04½
1,500	C. O. D.	.16	.16	.16	.16
100	Con. Imp	.78	.78	.78	.78
200	Jim Butler	.24	.24	.24	.24
600	Jumbo Ext	.21	.21	.21	.21
400	McNamara	.28	.28	.28	.28
100	Mexican	3.67½	3.67½	3.67½	3.67½
200	Ophir	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
700	Tonopah Ext	1.10	1.10	1.05	1.05
300	West End	.89	.89	.89	.89
5,800					

Mahogany Export Co. in Trouble.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—Charging that the liabilities of the Guatemalan & Mexican Mahogany and Export Company total more than $425,000, P. M. Dingee & Sons of 202 Lewis Street, New York, have filed a bill in the Court of Chancery asking for a receiver for the concern. Vice Chancellor Garrison has named State Controller Edward I. Edwards of Jersey City and Angus McKenzie of Plainfield as temporary receivers. The receivers gave a bond of $50,000. The company has not done much business for three years, suspending because of lack of funds.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
50 American Express
100 Merchants National Bank
50 National Surety Co.
64 N. Y. State Rys. Com.
100 Syracuse Rapid Tran. Com.
50 Wells Fargo Express
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
150 American Chicle Com.
37 American Snuff Com.
53 Adams Express
73 Phelps, Dodge & Co.
100 Syracuse Rapid Transit Pfd.
125 Sen-Sen Chiclet
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Sound Investments.

We will send you a carefully selected list of securities in which you can safely invest from $100 upwards and obtain therefrom an attractive rate of income.

At present we are offering an unusually attractive

First Mortgage 5% Bond

at a price to net the purchaser 5¼% per annum. The entire issue will be redeemed at 110 and accrued interest within 20 years through the operation of a compulsory sinking fund.

Other high-grade bonds, guaranteed both as to principal and interest, also guaranteed and preferred dividend paying stocks yielding from 5% to 6%, are described in circular form and will be mailed on application.

White & Co.
25 Pine Street Bankers New York

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

Stern Bros. Pfd.
Lorillard Issues
Braden Bonds 6s & 7s
United Cigar Stores
Bingham & Garfield 6s
Guggenheim Exploration
Leggett & Myers Issues
Cons. Rubber Tire Issues
JULIUS STERN & CO
Tel. Rector 2181-2. 20 Broad St., N. Y.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
For Sale
25 Hale & Kilburn 1st Pfd.
50 Hale & Kilburn Com.
50 Standard Coupler Com.
35 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
20 Broad St., New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds. Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment"

MEGARGEL & Co.
BONDS
5 Nassau St. New York

WE OFFER
34th St. Crosstown R. R.
First Mtge. 5s Due 1996
Price 92 & Int. to net 5.45%
Gilman & Clucas
1st Nat'l Bk. Bldg., New Haven, Ct. — 34 Pine St., New York.

Computing-Tabulating-Recording
Autosale Gum & Chocolate
U. S. Motor Securities
Singer Mfg.
Pay-as-You-Enter-Car Corp.
Union Carbide
Bingham & Garfield 6s
Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
71 Broadway 'Phone Rector 377

CONTINENTAL COAL 5s
PENN. WATER & POWER 5s
SHAWINIGAN WATER & PWR. 5s
KANAW. & HOCK. COAL & C. 5s
GREAT WESTERN POWER 5s
GALVESTON, HOUSTON & H. 5s
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
34 Pine St., N. Y. Merchants Bank Bldg.
Tel. John 855. Montreal.

7% Tax Exempt Investment
First preferred stock Industrial Corporation located in Brooklyn and in successful operation for over 25 years.
Descriptive circular showing record of earnings on application.
BOYER, GRISWOLD & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Tel. 1082 Broad. 42 Broadway.

WE WILL BUY
50 American Chicle Pfd.
100 Miss. River Power Com.
100 Va. Iron, Coal & Coke (C't'f's)
WE WILL SELL
100 Toledo Ry. & Light. Com.
15 Adams Express Co.
15 American Express Co.
GWYNNE BROS.
Tel. Broad 130. 38 Broad St., N. Y.

WE OFFER
Very attractive 7% preferred stock, with 50% bonus of common stock.
Write for circular.
Woodbury & Company
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Redmond & Co.
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Investment Bonds.
Members New York Stock Exchange.

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BEYER & COMPANY,
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We Will Buy
Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.s part-paid stock
for new stock.
TEFFT & COMPANY
5 Nassau St., New York, N. Y.

WANTED
100 CONNECTICUT RY. & LTG. COM.
100 CRIPPLE CREEK CENTRAL COM.
50 NEW YORK STATE RAILWAYS COM.
50 REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COM.
50 TRI-CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT PFD.
WM. M. CLARKE
Tel. 1015 Rector. 20 Broad St.

SPECIAL LETTER ON
United States Motor
General Motors
Studebaker Corporation
Now in Press. Free on Request
15 Broad St. **C. S. BURTON & CO.** Phone 6547 Hanover.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Price Movements Irregular, with Firm Undertone in Fairly Active Market.

MANY GAINS IN BOND LIST

Many Issues In This Department Make Fractional Advances — Coppers Up and Down, with Some Substantial Gains.

Curb stocks were somewhat irregular yesterday, though the general tone was firm. The coppers were less active and some stocks in this department made substantial gains, though there were also declines from the highest levels of the day. British Columbia sold off from 4 to 3⅞ and Butte Coalition, after selling up from 17 to 17⅝, closed at 17, even with the opening level. Greene-Cananea also closed even with the opening after selling up ¼. Inspiration was strong, rising from 7¾ to 8⅛, and closing at 8 after sales of 1,200. In the bond list there were a number of small gains. Missouri Pacific 5 per cent. notes rose from 96¾ to 97 1-16. New York, Westchester & Boston 4½s sold $150,000, between 98 and 98 3-16, closing even with the opening at 98⅛. Oregon-Washington Railroad and Navigation 4s sold up from 92½ to 92¾.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
160	Am. Tobacco	418	418	410	415
100	Int. Rub. t. c.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
1,000	Manhat. Tran.	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1 13-16
100	Studeb. Co. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
	RAILROAD.				
2,700	Chicago Sub.	⅞	1	⅞	1
	MINING STOCKS.				
2,000	*Beaver Con.	49	49	48	48
250	Brit. Col. Cop.	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
800	Butte Coalition	17	17⅝	17	17
100	*Butte & Vipond	51	51	51	51
10,000	C. O. D. Con.	15	16	15	16
600	Con. Ariz. Sm.	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
100	First Nat.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
200	Florence	82	82	80	80
1,500	Giroux Mining	4¼	4 7-16	4¼	4⅜
1,100	Gold Hill	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
1,500	*Greenwater	5	5	4½	4½
900	Gr.-Cananea	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞
1,200	Insp. Copper	7¾	8⅛	7¾	8
1,100	Kerr Lake	3¼	3¼	3⅛	3¼
1,500	La Rose Consol'd	3 13-16	3 13-16	3 11-16	3 11-16
100	Mason Valley	8½	8½	8½	8½
200	Mines of Am., new	3 15-16	4	3 15-16	4
1,600	McK.-Dar.	1 13-16	1⅞	1 13-16	1⅞
1,000	*Nevada Smelt.	10	10	10	10
700	Nev.-U.-M. & S.	½	½	½	½
400	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
500	Porcu. Cent.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
8,100	*Porcu. North'n	80	80	75	78
2,400	Porcu. Town.	50	50	49	50
1,200	Preston East D.	24	25	24	25
8,500	Ray Central	1 15-16	2	1 13-16	1⅞
200	*Tonopah Ext.	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
700	Tonopah Min.	7	7 1-16	7	7 1-16
2,500	Wat. Silver M.	85	85	80	80
	BONDS.				
$70,000	Mo. Pac. 5% notes	96¾	97 1-16	96¾	97 1-16
8,000	N. Y. C. 4¼s	103	103 1-16	103	103 1-16
150,000	N. Y., West. & Boston 4½s	98⅛	98 3-16	98	98⅛
60,000	Ore.-Wash. R. R. & Nav. 4s	92½	92¾	92⅛	92¾
63,000	So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
4,000	West. Pac. 5s	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾

*Sells cents per share.

⁂

	Nov. 2. Bid.	Nov. 2. Asked.	Nov. 1. Bid.	Nov. 1. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	415	416	416	417
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2½	1½	2½
Am. Light & Trac.	290	293	290	293
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
A., G. & W. I.	7	8½	7	8½
A., G. & W. I. pf.	15	17	15	17
Borden's Cond. Milk	120	122	120	122
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	105	107	105	107
Braden Copper	4⅞	5	4¾	5
British Col. Copper	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Butte Coalition	16½	17	16½	17
Chicago Elevated 5s	97½	98	97½	98
Chicago Subway	¾	⅞	⅞	1
Con. Rubber Tire	3	3¾	3	3¾
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	22	30	22	30
Davis-Daly Copper	¾	1	⅞	1
Int. Rubber ctfs	18½	19½	18½	19
Kerr Lake	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
La Rose Con	3⅝	3¾	3¾	3⅞
P. Lorillard pf., w. i.	105	110	105	110
P. Lorillard 5s, w. i.	90	91	90	91
First Nat. Copper	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Giroux Mining	4¼	4⅜	4	4¼
Greene-Cananea	7⅛	7⅜	7	7¼
Guggenheim Exp.	165	175	165	175
International Salt	2	5	2	5
Manhattan Transit	1¾	1 13-16	1 11-16	1 13-16
Mason Valley	8½	8¾	8⅝	8½
Mason Valley 6s	95	100	95	100
Nipissing	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Ohio Copper	1 1-16	1⅛	1 1-16	1⅛
Ray Central	1⅞	1 15-16	1⅞	2
So. Bell T. & T. 5s	99	99⅝	98¾	99
Standard Oil (with all rights)	620	640	620	640
Stand. Oil (ex subsid.)	320	400	320	400
Stand. Oil (subs. only)	300	375	300	375
Studebaker Co.	55	56	54½	56
Studebaker Co. pf.	103¼	104¼	103	104
Tonopah Mining	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
United Cigar Mfrs.	45	47	45	47
United Cigar Stores	220	225	220	225
U. S. L. & H., new	14	15	14	15
U. S. L. & H. new pf.	75	85	75	85
Western Pacific 5s	89½	90	89	90
Yukon Gold Mines	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝

SETTLE A CROCKER SUIT.

Payment of $60,000 to Children for Interest in George Crocker House.

Treasurer John McLane Nash of Columbia University announced yesterday that a payment of $60,000 had been made to settle a suit brought by Alexander H. Rutherford, Mrs. John Langdon Erving, and Mrs. Philip Kearny, children of the late Mrs. George Crocker by her first husband, to recover possession of the Crocker house, at Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street.

The will of George Crocker gave this property to Columbia University as part of a bequest for experiments to discover a cure for cancer. Mrs. Crocker's children asserted that they had a contingent interest in the house, which they said was their mother's, and in which they declared Crocker had only a life estate. The $60,000 payment, Mr. Nash said, represented interest at 3 per cent. for two years on the value of the alleged contingent interest.

No notice of the discontinuance of the suit was filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

New National Banks.

During October thirteen applications were made for permission to establish National banks. In that month eight banks, with a total capital of only $230,000, were authorized to begin business. Seven of the new institutions have less than $50,000 capital. At the close of the month the total number of National banks organized was 10,097, of which 2,766 had discontinued business, leaving in existence 7,331. These had an authorized total capital of $1,062,632,136 and circulation outstanding, secured by bonds, of $711,090,938.

⁂

Railroads in August.

The bulletin compiled by the Bureau of Railway Economics at Washington to summarize the results of railway operations in that month, and covering 90 per cent. of all the mileage in the United States, shows aggregate gross revenues in that month of $237,643,752, a decrease of $1,558,811 as compared with August of the preceding year. This decrease amounts to $22 a mile if distributed over the entire country. Total operating expenses were $153,655,921, a reduction of $1,251,053, or $16 a mile from the corresponding month of last year. The net operating revenue, after expenses, shows a loss of $7 a mile. The loss in gross was thus largely offset by reductions in operating costs, most of which were accomplished in the expenditures for maintenance of way.

⁂

Lincoln, Neb., View of Sherman Law.

Wall Street, which has had some serious misgivings of it own lately concerning the probable effects of what it was inclined to regard as the too successful operation of the Sherman law against industrial combination, did not fail to notice an expression of opinion from Lincoln, Neb., that the Sherman law was powerless to punish the Steel Trust, the Oil Trust, or the Tobacco Trust. It is only a few days ago that United States Steel dropped 8 points in a single day on the fear that the corporation might be very much punished, too much punished in fact, under the Anti-Trust act. The Tobacco Trust, according to its own estimate, is already in the way to be punished to the extent of $22,000,000, and the loss of the position it heretofore has held in the tobacco trade. The Oil Trust has remained silent, but is reputed to have fretted sorely under its early fears, now said to be somewhat allayed, that it would be much punished by the Sherman law decree against it. The pronouncement from Lincoln, Neb., has only to be accepted at its face value to be very cheering news to those who have been apprehensive lest the Sherman law were to prove too efficient, instead of too little so.

⁂

Tobacco 6s Advance.

The further rise in American Tobacco 6s to 115 carried them to the highest price reached since 1906, with the exception of one day last September, when they touched the same figure to which they rose yesterday. This represents an advance of 12⅛ points from the low price of the year, recorded on Aug. 24, when the bonds were still under the influence of the fear that the plan of reorganization would not provide for the bonds at a better figure than par. The terms contained in the plan, which is now regarded as practically assured of approval, at least so far as the provisions applying to the bonds are concerned, allot the 6 per cent. bonds 60 per cent. in cash and 50 per cent. in new 7 per cent. bonds. The present high price of 115 compares with a high price of 109½ last year, 112½ in 1909, 111¼ in 1908, 110¾ in 1907, and 117½ in 1906. In 1905 these bonds sold as high as 118¼.

⁂

Steel Prices Mixed.

While confidence is expressed in the steel trade that prices are now scraping bottom, and that an upturn will follow the first signs of returning confidence, in some lines the quotations are still on the down grade. News was received yesterday of reductions of $1 a ton in quoted prices of steel bars and structural material at the Chicago warehouses, though it was said that corresponding cuts here were not likely to follow. Another lower price heard of was on a small lot of structural material at the new price of $1.15 per hundred. Two of the products for which the trade in this section is predicting an early advance are tubes and steel bars, of which a large tonnage has been sold in recent weeks.

⁂

Thinks Lower Ore Rates Discounted.

The committee of independent steel men, who are working for lower freight rates on raw materials, is working silently, and it is expected that the first word of their programme will come through the filing of their case with the Inter-State Commerce Commission. Meanwhile, lower rates on ore in the lake region are an actuality, but one which the President of the Bessemer Pig Iron Association contends has already been discounted in prices. President Joseph G. Butler was quoted as saying yesterday that the low prices for iron now prevailing had fully discounted the lower rates for ore in his opinion, and that a turn upward in prices would seem to be in order. "Consumers are not carrying much iron," he said, "and when confidence is fully restored, the improvement is bound to be of a substantial character."

⁂

Underground Wires Still Live.

An attaché of an old-time house has been somewhat troubled this week by what he believes is his responsibility for an unintentional "underground" tip which resulted disastrously early in the week. Some of his friends wanted accommodation in the way of loans upon Virginia deferred certificates, and, for reasons, did not want to apply to the house with which he was connected. The amount of the bonds to be carried was not large, but in his zeal to get the best terms for his friends he shopped around widely among banking houses where he was known. It was a time when the market was stagnant, and some of the brokers approached apparently were convinced that the old-line house, which has good Southern connections, had inside information of an early settlement of the long-standing Virginia-West Virginia dispute. At any rate the now conscience-stricken young man says that his "shopping" was followed by quiet but fairly heavy buying of the bonds by a number of the firms among which he had inquired. When the news of a further delay came, the drop in the market amounted to 12 points in the sudden unloading.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107⅛	108	107⅜	108
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107⅛	108	107⅜	108
4½s, May, 1917, old	102¼	102¾	102¼	102¾
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102¼	102¾	102¼	102¾
4¼s, Mar., 1930-60, old	102¾	102¾	103	103¼
4¼s, Sept., 1960, new	102¾	103¼	102¾	103¾
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg	99¼	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99¼	100¼	99½	100¼
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87¼	87¾	87¼	87¾
3½s, May, 1954, coup	87¼	87¾	87¼	87¾
3½s, May, 1954, reg	87¼	87¾	87	87¼
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88½	89½	88⅞	89½

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Trading in Fair Volume, with Prices Firm in Most of the Markets of Other Cities.

GAINS NOT HELD IN CHICAGO

Some of the Sharpest Advances in That City Are Followed by Recessions—Wolverine Breaks in Boston.

The general tone was firm in most of the out-of-town markets yesterday and there were many advances made, particularly in local issues.

National Bank of Baltimore stock, which advanced sharply last month in that city, eased off and sold at a decline of 3 points from last week's price. Bonds were strong, and where price changes occurred they were for the better, though confined to fractions. An exception was Seaboard 4s, stamped, which were slightly lower.

Trading in Boston, while not as active as on Wednesday, included a larger number of issues which had been inactive for weeks. Steel common was the most prominent of the industrials, but American Telephone was active and sharply higher. A good volume of business was done in the copper shares, most of which showed firmness. Wolverine, which was unusually active, opened at 78, 2 points down, broke to 74, and recovered. Most of the trading was in broken lots. The break was attributed to various causes, among which was a rumor that the mine was worked out, but Treasurer Stanton stated that there was nothing in conditions at the property to account for the selling, and that the outlook is as bright as at any time during the last ten years.

Prices were firmer in Chicago, but before the close there were some recessions from the best. Commonwealth Edison, after rising 1½ above Wednesday's final price, closed with only a fractional net gain. Booth Fisheries common at the close was 2 points up, though a shade under the best, and the preferred issue was a point higher. There were fractional advances in the Can shares, Illinois Brick, Quaker Oats preferred, and Chicago Elevated Railways common. Chicago Railways, Series 2, declined fractionally.

The advance in Lehigh Navigation continued in Philadelphia yesterday. Lehigh Valley was also buoyant. In regard to the latter it is the prevailing belief that this company will be the first of the anthracite roads to follow the Lackawanna's example of segregation of its coal lands, but those who look for a "melon" of anything approaching the proportions of that which the Lackawanna's stockholders received are likely to be disappointed. Lehigh Valley stockholders received their "melon," or, at any rate, a good portion of it, when the stock was increased and the dividend raised.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	Alabama Coal & Iron	36	35	36
50	Augusta & Aiken pf.	73	73	73
20	Bank of Balto.	178	178	178
10	Cons. Power pf.	99½	99½	99½
25	Fair. & Clarks. Tr. pf.	85	85	85
30	German Bank	108	108	108
50	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	70¾	70¾	70¾
10	Maryland Trust pf.	116	116	116
35	North. Central	124	124	124
15	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	79	79	79
	BONDS.			
$2,000	A. C. L. conv. deb. 4s	108¾	108¾	108¾
3,000	Ala. Coal & Iron 5s	84½	84½	84½
25,000	A. L. & N. Coal tr. 4s	93	93	93
3,000	Balto. City 4s, 1925	102¼	102¼	102¼
4,000	Balto. City 3½s, 1936	95	95	95
7,000	Cons. Power 4½s	87¼	87⅛	87¼
1,000	Cons. Gas 4½s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
17,000	Cotton Ducks 5s	78⅛	78¼	78¼
2,000	City & Suburb. 5s	105½	105½	105½
5,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	Jam. C. & C. G. C. 5s	93	93	93
2,000	Milwaukee Rfg. 4½s	93½	93½	93½
2,000	Norf. Ry. & Light 5s	99½	99½	99½
1,000	Spar. Point 4½s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
9,000	Seaboard Adj. 5s	80	80	80
6,000	Sea. Adj. 4s stmpd.	87¼	87¼	87¼
20,000	United Rys., Inc.	64½	64	64
11,000	United Rys. 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼
2,000	United Rys. Fdgs. 5s	87⅛	87	87⅜
19,000	United Rys notes	99½	99¼	99½
8,000	Virginia New 3s	87¼	87¼	87¼

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Atchison	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜
60	*Atchison	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
5	Atchison pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
37	Boston Elevated	126	125½	125½
57	Boston & Albany	220½	220⅛	220½
77	Boston & Maine	96⅞	96½	96⅞
55	Mass. Electric	22	22	22
620	Mass. Electric pf.	94⅝	94	94¼
767	N. Y., N. H. & H.	136¾	135	136
59	Old Colony	188½	188⅜	188½
100	Union Pacific	168	166½	166⅞
6	West End	87½	87¼	87½
8	West End pf.	101½	101½	101½
	TELEPHONES.			
1,884	American	136	135¼	135⅝
84	New England	145½	145½	145½
369	Western	27⅝	27	27⅝
304	Western pf.	106½	105½	106½
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
7	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100¾	100¾	100¾
175	Am. Pneu. Service	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
110	Am. Pneu. Sve. 2d pf.	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
25	Am. Smelting	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝
485	Am. Sugar	118	117⅛	118
20	Am. Sugar pf.	115⅝	115	115
2	Am. Woolen	30½	30½	30½
98	Am. Woolen pf.	88⅛	87⅞	88⅛
460	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf	15¼	14⅝	14⅝
60	East Boston Land	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
16	Edison	292	292	292
25	General Electric	152	151	152
120	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	159	159	159
221	Mass. Gas	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜
130	Mass. Gas pf.	97½	97	97½
1	Minn. Gen. Electric	127	127	127
99	Pullman	157	156	157
5	Reece Buttonhole	13	13	13
15	Seattle Elec. pf.	101	101	101
110	Swift	99⅞	99⅜	99⅛
5	United Fruit	187	187	187
413	United Shoe Mach.	42½	42	42¼
54	United Shoe Mach. pf.	27⅞	27¼	27¼
8,250	U. S. Steel	59¼	58⅛	58⅛
139	U. S. Steel pf.	109¾	108⅞	109
	MINING.			
320	Algomah	3½	3	3⅛
15	Allouez	28¼	28¼	28¼
1,727	Amalgamated	55¼	54	54⅞
185	Am. Zinc	23¼	23⅛	23¼
20	Anaconda	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛
140	Arizona Com'l	50c	45c	49c
65	Butte Balaklala	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
690	Butte Coalition	17¼	16⅞	17
400	Calumet & Arizona	50	49	49½
10	Centennial	9	9	9
220	Chino	20⅝	20	20½
127	Copper Range	52¼	51	52
25	Daly-West	5½	5½	5½
530	East Butte	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝
560	Franklin	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛
400	Giroux	4 7-16	4 5-16	4 7-16
5	Granby Cons	30	30	30
100	Greene-Cananea	7¼	7	7
10	Hancock	19½	19½	19½
435	Indiana	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
505	Inspiration	8	7⅝	8
60	Island Creek	35½	35¼	35¼
1	Island Creek pf.	85	85	85
55	Isle Royale	14¼	14	14
10	Keewenaw	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
985	Lake	28¼	27⅜	28
50	Lasalle	5	5	5
170	Live Oak	21	20¼	21
50	Mason Valley	8½	8½	8½
160	Miami	19½	19⅛	19½
20	Mohawk	43	41¾	43
100	Nevada Cons	16¼	16⅛	16⅛
100	New Arcadian	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
220	Nipissing	7⅝	7½	7⅝
636	North Butte	25¾	24½	25
215	North Lake	4¼	4	4¼
10	Ojibway	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
195	Old Dominion	40½	40	40½
70	Osceola	88	87	88
65	Parrot	9¼	9¼	9¼
33	Quincy	59¼	59	59½
160	Ray Cons	14	14	14
35	Shannon	7⅝	7¼	7⅝
100	South Utah	62c	62c	62c
160	Superior	21½	21⅛	21½
250	Superior & Boston	3⅜	3¼	3¼
5	Tamarack	24	24	24
10	Tennessee	36	36	36
60	Trinity	3	3	3
10	U. S. Smelting	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
97	U. S. Smelting pf.	46	45⅞	45⅞
106	Utah Apex	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16
212	Utah Cons	15⅛	15	15⅛
219	Utah Copper	45⅜	45	45⅜
120	Victoria	3	3	3
120	Winona	6	6	6
349	Wolverine	79	74	78
	BONDS.			
$2,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
11,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90¼	90⅛	90¼
5,000	Am. Zinc 6s, 1915	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
7,000	Ariz. Com'l 6s	44	44	44
4,000	A., G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	65	65	65
17,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅛	96	96¼
15,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101	101	101
2,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
4,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

*Ex dividend.

COPPER PROMOTER FAILS.

Edward B. Tustin Owes $400,000 and His Assets Are $5,000.

Edward B. Tustin, a familiar figure in mining circles before the collapse of the boom in 1906, was put into bankruptcy yesterday by the filing of a petition against him by Dr. Maurice Eisenberg of 600 Riverside Drive, W. M. Hoagland of 118 West Fifty-seventh Street, and Richard H. Stewart of 336 West Forty-fifth Street. The petitioners are creditors for $775, $500, and $3,372, respectively. Edward B. Tustin has been living at the Great Northern Hotel at 118 West Fifty-seventh Street. The petition alleges that he has admitted in writing his inability to pay his debts, and quotes a letter to Dr. Eisenberg, which says:

"I am sorry to be compelled to admit to you that I owe more than $375,000, that there are upward of $100,000 of judgments docketed against me in Columbia County, Penn., that I cannot pay 5 cents on the dollar.

"I am willing to be adjudged a bankrupt in order that I may do justice as near as possible and to be set free from the worry and annoyance of executions."

His liabilities are estimated at $400,000 and assets at not more than $5,000.

Edward B. Tustin, former Vice President of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Penn., went into copper promotions before the collapse of the "Curb" coppers in 1906. He was Treasurer of the Greene Consolidated Copper Company, one of the promotions of the late Col. W. C. Greene, and a Director in the Nevada Copper Mining and Smelting Company and President of the Ely-Giroux Extension Copper Company.

HAWLEY OUT OF SOME OFFICES

Out of Presidency of California Water Power and Lighting Companies.

It was announced yesterday that Edwin Hawley had resigned the Presidency of the Great Western Power Company, a $25,000,000 California water-power enterprise, and also the Presidency of the California Electric Generating Company and the Western Power Company, allied concerns.

The companies own and operate hydro-electric properties in north and central California. A. C. Bedford of the Standard Oil Company, H. E. Huntington, and W. H. Crocker are among those who have been associated with Mr. Hawley in these companies.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr.	1,'13	100¼	100⅝	4.62
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'13	100¼	100½	4.17
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov.	1,'14	99⅞	100⅛	5.94
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'14	99⅝	99⅞	4.71
C., H. & D., pur. money	4	July	1,'13	99	99¼	4.48
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar.	15,'13	99½	99⅞	5.39
Chi. Elev. Rys.	5	July	1,'14	97½	98	5.93
Erie	6	Apr.	8,'14	100⅛	101⅛	5.50
Erie	5	Oct.	1,'14	99⅛	99⅝	5.24
Gen. Motors	6	Oct.	1,'15	98	98½	5.46
Gen. Rubber	4½	July	1,'15	97⅝	98	6.59
Hudson Co.	6	Feb.	1,'13	98⅛	98⅝	7.12
Int. & Gt. Nor.	5	Aug.	1,'14	97¼	97¾	6.12
Lack. Steel Co.	5	Mar.	1,'15	90⅞	91¼	8.25
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb.	1,'13	94½	95¼	8.50
M., K. & T.	5	May	1,'13	98⅞	99	5.70
Mo. Pacific	5	June	1,'14	97	97¼	6.18
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June	1,'13	98¼	98⅝	5.43
N. Y. Cent.	4½	Mar.	1,'14	100⅝	100⅞	4.26
Oakland Rys.	5	Sep.	1,'15	100¼	100⅝	5.82
Pac. Tel. & T.	5	Jan.	5,'13	100⅝	100⅞	4.42
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar.	1,'13	98⅝	99	5.82
St. L. & S. F.	5	June	1,'13	98⅜	98⅞	5.77
Southern Ry.	5	Feb.	1,'13	101⅛	101¼	4.54
Tidewater Co.	6	June	1,'13	101½	101⅞	4.74
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec.	1,'18	103⅝	103⅞	5.35
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min.	5	Aug.	1,'14	98¼	99	5.39
Westinghouse	6	Aug.	1,'13	101⅝	101⅞	4.91

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
560	Am. Can	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞
200	Am. Can pf.	88	87⅞	88
340	Booth Fisheries	52½	50	52
20	Booth Fisheries pf.	75	74⅞	75
120	Chi. Rys., Series 1	96	96	96
335	Chi. Rys., Series 2	32⅜	31⅞	31⅞
710	Chicago Subway	1	¾	¾
133	Chicago Elev. Rys.	28	28	28
675	Com. Edison	134½	133	133⅝
30	Diamond Match	102	102	102
160	Illinois Brick	54½	54⅜	54⅜
10	K. C. Ry. & Light	16¼	16¼	16¼
115	Hart-Schaffer pf	101¾	101½	101½
172	McCrum-Howell	40½	38½	40½
25	McCrum-Howell pf	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
25	Quaker Oats	198	198	198
100	Quaker Oats pf.	104⅞	104⅝	104⅞
55	Sears-Roebuck	138¼	138	138
10	Sears-Roebuck pf.	117¼	117¼	117¼
10	Street's Stable Car	8½	8½	8½
100	Swift & Co.	99⅞	99⅜	99⅞
200	United Boxboard	2	2	2
360	U. S. Steel	59⅛	58¼	58⅜
	BONDS.			
$10,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100	100	100
10,000	Chi. Rys 4s, B	89⅜	89⅛	89⅛
5,000	Chicago Rys. B	89¼	89¼	89¼
7,000	Chi. Rys 4s, B	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
1,000	Chicago Gas 5s	103	103	103

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Amalgamated Copper	54½	54½	54½
25	American Railways	44	44	44
340	American Smelting	68⅞	65	67⅞
15	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
425	Cambria Steel	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝
5	Con. Tr. of N. J.	75	75	75
70	Electric Co. of Am.	12	12	12
400	Electric Storage	53½	53	53¼
1,795	General Asphalt	38⅞	38¼	38¼
195	General Asphalt pf.	75⅞	75½	75½
339	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21	20⅞	21
630	Lake Superior Corp.	28½	28⅛	28¼
796	Lehigh Navigation	92⅛	91	92⅛
1,395	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	92⅛	90⅞	91⅛
1,085	Lehigh Valley	85½	84 11-16	84⅞
330	Lehigh Valley tr.	9½	9½	9⅝
430	Lehigh Valley Tr. pf.	24¼	24⅛	24⅛
250	P. R. T.	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
2,108	P. R. T. tr. ctfs.	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
387	Pennsylvania R. R.	61⅝	61⅛	61⅝
37	Penn. Salt Mfg.	110½	110½	110½
600	Philadelphia Co.	52⅝	52⅛	52⅝
100	Philadelphia Co. pf.	43	43	43
1,070	Philadelphia Electric	16⅝	16¼	16⅝
49	Philadelphia Traction	85	84½	85
755	Reading	71⅝	70⅞	70 15-16
50	Southern Railway	30¼	30⅛	30¼
10	Tonopah Belmont	8¼	8¼	8¼
1,132	Tonopah Mining	7⅛	7	7⅛
406	U. G. I.	86¼	85⅞	85⅞
12,520	U. S. Steel	59⅝	58¼	58⅛
10	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞
1,559	Union Traction	51⅝	51⅛	51⅛
10	W. J. & S. S.	53	53	53
200	York Railways pf.	27	26⅞	27

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
435	Crucible Steel	10⅝	10⅛	10¼
10	Crucible Steel pf.	76½	76½	76½
20	Fire Proofing	5	5	5
20	Fire Proofing pf.	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
60	Ind. Brewing pf.	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
160	Mfrs. Light & Heat	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛
45	Ohio Fuel Supply	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞
70	Oklahoma Gas	64	64	64
175	Pittsburgh Brewing	10½	10½	10½
190	Pittsburgh Brew. pf.	40½	40	40½
40	Pittsburgh Coal	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
288	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	81	80	80⅞
105	Pitts. Plate Glass	103	103	103
200	Tonopah Extension	110	110	110
95	U. S. Steel	59⅝	58⅛	58⅛
110	Union Switch	83	83	83
335	West'house Air Brake	150	149½	149⅝
1,105	West'house Electric	33	32½	32½
	BANK.			
6	Federal Natl. Bank	185	185	185
	BONDS.			
$6,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	86½	86½	86½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.04	Julia	.38
Alpha Con	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.11	Kentucky Con	.05
Belcher	.55	Mexican	3.55
Best & Belcher	.13	Occidental Con	.50
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.95
Caledonia	1.43	Overman	.88
Challenge Con	.17	Potosi	.20
Chollar	.15	Savage	.15
Confidence	.80	Sag Belcher	.23
Con., Cal. & Va.	.55	Sierra Nevada	.40
Con. Imperial	.04	Union Con	1.72½
Crown Point	.50	Utah Con	.07
Gould & Curry	.11	Yellow Jacket	.45
Hale & Norcross	.16		

TONOPAH.		Gold. Con. Mines	4.57½
Belmont	8.25	Goldfield Merger	.22
Jim Butler	.23	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.23	Jumbo Exten	.21
Midway	.20	Lone Star	.06
Montana	.92	Red Hills	.01
North Star	.30	Sand Storm Kend.	.04
Tonopah Exten	1.05	St. Ives	.35
West End	.87	Silver Pick	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	2.65
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.16	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.01	Bullfrog N. Bank	.01
Comb. Fraction	.06	Homestake King	.01
Booth	.06	Montgomery Mt.	.01
C. O. D.	.14	Tramp Cons.	.03
Florence	.78		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	4½	5¼	Jackpot	5	5¼
Elkton	61½	67	McKinney	41	46¾
El Paso	50	52	Old Gold	3⅜	4¼
Findley	5	7	Portland	87	90
Gold Dol.	13⅛	14¼	Vindicator	64	67
Isabella	8½	9¼	Jennie Samp.	5	5⅛

SKEPTICAL OF PLAN TO HOLD COTTON BACK

Bankers Here Doubt Ability of Southern States to Warehouse Part of Bumper Crop.

MANY FINANCIAL OBSTACLES

Indications, However, That Planters Are Already Straining Every Point to Keep Cotton Off the Market.

Bankers in this city are skeptical of the outcome of negotiations with an unnamed foreign syndicate which this week's conference of Southern Governors and planters' associations at New Orleans have been told are under way for "valorizing" Southern cotton. The plan, as it has been vaguely announced in the South, is for the purchase of about 2,000,000 bales of the present bumper cotton crop and its warehousing at central points for distribution as the bankers see fit, or when cotton prices have been put back to something like the levels which prevailed last season.

Correspondents in New York City of the principal foreign banks which have been spoken of as interested, denied yesterday any knowledge of such a scheme, and its practicability was questioned both by bankers and cotton men. It was pointed out that if the scheme were to follow the lines successfully established by Brazil in financing its surplus coffee crop of four or five years ago it would be necessary for the foreign bankers to have the credit of the cotton-growing States behind their loan as well as cotton itself as collateral.

The credit of the principal cotton-growing States has been seriously damaged by the wholesale repudiation of loans on bonds issued after the civil war, and many of which are still held by foreigners who made periodic but vain efforts to collect. For this reason, bankers said, even if the States could be induced to lend their credit to the cotton-storing scheme, great difficulty might be experienced in obtaining foreign capital on such security.

A. R. March, former President of the Cotton Exchange and an authority on the economics of the cotton trade, said yesterday that he believed that the scheme broached at the New Orleans meeting, even if put through, would have an effect on cotton prices opposite to that expected by its advocates. He said that the accumulation of 2,000,000 bales of cotton, as is proposed, would be a great bear argument and that in his opinion as long as it was known to be hanging over the market spinners could not be induced to bid his prices up. He pointed out the elasticity of the cotton crop, which may increase 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 bales in a season, as operating against what was successfully done in the case of coffee.

Coffee trees require five or six years before reaching a bearing age, and their cultivation is easily restricted by planting taxes. He did not think that any legal method could be adopted in this country for certainly restricting the production of cotton.

Carrying charges, he estimated, would amount to 2 or 3 cents a pound a year, which would be another factor against the carrying of surplus cotton in warehouse long enough to tire out the consumers, who had proved themselves better able to hold out in the past than the planters.

Notwithstanding the incredulity in this city over the prospect of the successful floating of a foreign loan by any alliance of cotton planters, bankers who are in touch with the situation in the cotton trade say there is no doubt that the agitation in the South is having its effect in inducing growers to hold back their cotton from market.

An international banker who has just returned from a tour in the cotton belt said yesterday that planters were holding their cotton to the last extent of their credit. That they were letting creditors wait as far as they could get accommodation, and were holding cotton for the later sale in the hope of an improvement in prices.

Early this season cotton came to market in heavy quantities, but having met their early pressing obligations the disposition of the planters to hold back was indicated in many ways. Exports of cotton, for instance, have reached 2,171,971 bales so far this season, an increase of only 467,133 bales over last year, while the amount of cotton ginned up to Oct. 18 amounted to 7,740,634 bales, which was an increase of 2,317,006 bales over the corresponding period last year.

THE BOONVILLE RAILROAD BRIDGE COMPANY

First Mortgage 4% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, dated November 1, 1901.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Nine (9) of the above-described bonds were this day drawn for redemption in accordance with the requirements of Article II. of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

11, 13, 236, 240, 270, 321, 404, 440, 583.

All future interest of any of the bonds so designated ceases January 1st, 1912, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By E. F. HYDE, Vice-President.
New York, November 1, 1911.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the nine (9) bonds were designated by lot in our presence as above stated.

F. L. BABCOCK
of Central Trust Company of New York;
C. N. WHITEHEAD, Secretary,
The Boonville Railroad Bridge Company;
W. H. SMIDT,
Notary Public, Rockland Co.
Certificate filed in New York Co.
[Seal]

In accordance with the foregoing certificate, said mentioned bonds will be paid on and after the 1st day of January, 1912, at par and accrued interest at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY, (Virginia):

The undersigned trustee, under the mortgage above referred to, desires under authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of Twenty-three thousand ninety-seven and 65-100 Dollars ($23,097.65) for the purchase of the bonds of said issue, provided said purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the Knickerbocker Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before Friday, December 8, 1911.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By CHARLES H. KEEP, President.
New York, November 3, 1911.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
A savings institution organized under the N. Y. State Banking Law. You can take out a pass book with $1 or more. Write for Booklet A. Or start at once. 38 Park Row, N. Y. C.
4½%

PROPOSALS.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO.
First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds, due Oct. 1, 1937.

The Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above-described bonds, the total offer not to consume more than the amount of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York at 12 o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, November 29th, 1911. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. F. HYDE, Vice President.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

VICTOR E. MEYER & CO.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between VICTOR E. MEYER and CAESAR H. GUGGENHEIMER, under the firm name of VICTOR E. MEYER & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of November, 1911. The interest of said CAESAR H. GUGGENHEIMER has been acquired by the said VICTOR E. MEYER, who has assumed all the debts and obligations of the firm. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said VICTOR E. MEYER, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at the address of the old firm, No. 114 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, where the said VICTOR E. MEYER will continue to do business.

VICTOR E. MEYER.
CAESAR H. GUGGENHEIMER.
New York, November 1, 1911.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

"STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT"
issued by Messrs. Harvey Fisk & Sons in the matter of the New York & Jersey Railroad Company and Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company.
Holders of the said receipts are invited to communicate with the undersigned immediately, with a view of considering taking such action for the potection of their interests as Counsel may advise. Copy of opinion may be had upon application.
It is believed holders of said receipts will find it highly to their advantage not to make the exchange on terms mentioned therein.
F. R. Pemberton
(Formerly of Pemberton & McAdoo)
35 WALL STREET NEW YORK CITY

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Co.
East Pittsburgh, Pa.

TO THE HOLDERS OF ASSENTING STOCK:

Notice is hereby given that, at the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, the name of the stock of said Company formerly designated "assenting stock" was changed to "common stock." This change in name involves no change in the stockholders' rights. It was made because all the stock of the Company outstanding, other than the preferred stock, consists of the so-called "assenting stock," so that this stock is in fact, as it should be in name, common stock. New forms of stock certificates have been prepared, and all holders of assenting stock certificates of said Company are entitled to receive in exchange therefor certificates in the new form on presentation of their old certificates for such exchange at any of the following offices:

Union Trust Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.
United States Mortgage and Trust Co., N. Y. City
New England Trust Company, Boston, Mass.

All stockholders are requested to present their certificates promptly for exchange. All certificates presented must be duly endorsed for transfer.

T. W. SIEMON, Treasurer.
November 1st, 1911.

PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE COMPANY

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit of the Consolidated First and Collateral Trust Gold Bonds of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company deposited under the Deposit Agreement, dated August 17, 1908.

NOTICE is hereby given that, pursuant to the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company, dated May 16, 1911, the undersigned Committee has this day called the final instalment of the assessment upon the bonds subject to such plan and agreement, such instalment, amounting to five per cent. (5%) of the face value of such bonds, to be paid to the Depositary, the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, at its office, No. 28 Nassau Street, New York City, on or before November 10th, 1911.

Dated October 25th, 1911.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman;
CLARENCE D. SIMPSON,
WILLIAM A. LATHROP,
STACY C. RICHMOND,
JOHN CARSTENSEN,
Committee.

Lewis B. Franklin, Secretary,
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Krauthoff, Harmon & Mathewson, Davies, Auerbach, Cornell & Barry, } Counsel.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—FIFTEENTH YEAR—
ASSETS $3,141,593.64
LIABILITIES 847,274.67
CAPITAL & SURPLUS 2,294,318.97
WE OFFER
CONVERTIBLE BONDS
6.66%
GUARANTEED.
Call or Write for Circular E.
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $28,584.86. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.—By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1911.

FOR SALE.

5,000 shares American Monorail stock, par value $10.00, price 25c.; 200 shares Monorail Construction stock, par value $100.00, price $15.00. Car has been running for over a year from Bartow Station, on N. Y., N. H. & Hartford R. R., to City Island Bridge, New York. Car line two miles long. Car has run over 15,000 miles, carried 175,000 passengers. Only line in United States. Address Monorail, care Milbourne Advertising Agency, Baltimore, Md.

THE AUDUBON NATIONAL BANK, located at 3,501 Broadway, City of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

WILLIAM REIMERS, President.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of
H. M. BYLLESBY & COMPANY,
Engineers, Managers,
Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the MOBILE ELECTRIC COMPANY, Mobile, Alabama, has declared quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the preferred stock of the company, payable by check November 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record as of the close of business October 31st, 1911.

ROBERT J. GRAF, Secretary.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.
New York, Oct. 3, 1911.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend (being dividend No. 26) on the COMMON STOCK of this Company of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share, payable December 1, 1911, out of surplus net income, to holders of said COMMON Stock registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on November 3, 1911. Dividend cheques will be mailed to holders of COMMON Stock who file suitable orders therefor at this office.

C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer.
5 Nassau Street, New York City.

Federal Light & Traction Company.
Preferred Stock Dividend.
60 Broadway, New York City, Nov. 1, 1911.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the preferred stock of Federal Light & Traction Company, payable December 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 15, 1911. Checks will be mailed. Books for the transfer of the preferred stock of the Company will remain closed from November 16, 1911, to December 1, 1911, inclusive.

O. S. MOORE, Treasurer.

United States Steel Corporation.

Quarterly dividend No. 42 of 1¾% on the Preferred stock, payable Nov. 29, 1911, was declared Oct. 31 to stockholders of record Nov. 6. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. Nov. 6 and reopen at 10 A. M. Nov. 27.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

WE OWN AND OFFER
Tax Exempt
First Mortgage Gold Bonds
TO NET
7%
Circulars and particulars upon request.
Bond & Investing Company,
165 Broadway, New York City.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY.
No. 165 Broadway, New York, October 4, 1911.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Manhattan Railway Company will be held at the Company's office, No. 165 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on Wednesday, November 8, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon.

A Board of Directors for the ensuing year is to be elected, and three Inspectors of Election.

The transfer books will be closed on Saturday, October 7th, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened on Thursday, November 9th, at 10 o'clock A. M.

GEORGE J. GOULD, President.
D. W. McWILLIAMS, Secretary.

CANADIAN CAMP CLUB, LTD.
W. T. McCulloch, Secretary and Treasurer,
Grand Central Terminal, New York City,
October 28, 1911.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Canadian Camp Club, Limited, for the purpose of electing Directors and Inspectors of Election and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held on the 18th day of November, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon at the office of the company at Bridgeburgh, Ontario, Canada.

W. T. McCULLOCH, Secretary and Treasurer.

HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS.
NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the HOUSTON OIL COMPANY OF TEXAS will be held at the office of the Company in Houston, Texas, on Tuesday, November 14th, 1911, at Ten A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed October 28th, and will be reopened November 30th, 1911.

A. H. KENNERLY, Secretary.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.
New York, November 2, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December, next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

Annual Meeting of the Bowery Mission.

The regular annual meeting of the members of The Bowery Mission and Young Men's Home will be held at 3 P. M. Monday, November 13th, in Room 100 Bible House. All members are invited to attend.

JAMES T. HUNT, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THIS INSTRUMENT, MADE BY MARY J. MENDELS, WILLIAM L. MENDELS, and WALTER A. B. MENDELS, certifies as follows:

1. That the copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of E. S. MENDELS, Jr., & COMPANY and composed of EMANUEL S. MENDELS and the said WILLIAM L. MENDELS and WALTER A. B. MENDELS has been dissolved by the death of the said EMANUEL S. MENDELS, which occurred on the 16th day of October, 1911, and WILLIAM L. MENDELS and WALTER A. B. MENDELS are surviving partners.

2. That the business of the said firm or partnership of E. S. MENDELS, Jr., & COMPANY had continued and transacted business in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, for more than three years last past.

3. That the said MARY J. MENDELS is the widow and sole legatee of the said EMANUEL S. MENDELS, deceased.

4. That the said MARY J. MENDELS, WILLIAM L. MENDELS, and WALTER A. B. MENDELS have formed a copartnership for the carrying on of the same business in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, under the firm name of E. S. MENDELS, Jr., & COMPANY, which said business is now located at No. 6 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan.

5. That the residences of the said parties are as follows: MARY J. MENDELS, 50 Broad St., Newark, N. J.; WILLIAM L. MENDELS, 144 Lincoln Av., Newark, N. J.; WALTER A. B. MENDELS, 66 North 9th St., Newark, N. J.

In witness whereof the said parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals on this 24th day of October, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

MARY J. MENDELS. [Seal.]
WILLIAM M. MENDELS. [Seal.]
WALTER A. B. MENDELS. [Seal.]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 24th day of October, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, before me personally came and appeared MARY J. MENDELS, WILLIAM L. MENDELS, and WALTER A. B. MENDELS, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

CHARLES SWANSON,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

BOYER, GRISWOLD & COMPANY.—The undersigned do hereby certify that they have formed a limited partnership under the firm name and style of Boyer, Griswold & Company.

1. That the principal place of business of said firm is located in the City and County of New York.

2. That said firm intends to conduct a general brokerage business, and the business of buying, carrying and selling stocks, bonds and other securities, and cotton, grain, wheat and other commodities.

3. That Philip Boyer, residing at Manhasset, L. I., Le Grand C. Griswold, residing at Mt. Kisco, New York, Hamilton Hadden, residing at Hempstead, L. I., and Louis Starr, Jr., residing at Bernardsville, N. J., are the general partners, and that Ogden H. Hammond, residing at Bernardsville, N. J., is the special partner of the firm, and that all the partners of the above firm, both general and special, are more than twenty-one years of age.

4. That Ogden H. Hammond, who is the special partner, has contributed the sum of Fifty Thousand ($50,000) Dollars in cash.

5. That the said partnership begins on the first day of November, 1911, and is to continue until the 1st day of November, 1912.

Dated, New York, November 1, 1911.

PHILIP BOYER.
LOUIS STARR, JR.
HAMILTON HADDEN.
LE GRAND C. GRISWOLD.
OGDEN H. HAMMOND.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 1st day of November, 1911, before me personally appeared Philip Boyer, Le Grand C. Griswold, Hamilton Hadden, Louis Starr, Jr., and Ogden H. Hammond, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they duly and severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

(Signed) MORRIS MEYERS,
Notary Public 146,
[Seal] New York County.

SEEKS HARVEY FISK RECEIPTS

F. R. Pemberton Hopes to Get More Tunnel Stock in Exchange.

F. R. Pemberton, with an office at 35 Wall Street, is advertising to get in touch with holders of Harvey Fisk & Sons' receipts for New York & Jersey Railroad Company stock, for the purpose of organizing an opposition to the terms of Hudson & Manhattan stock for the receipts.

When the Hudson & Manhattan Company was projected, it became necessary to get the franchise of the old New York & Jersey Company in order to construct tunnels under the river. The New York & Jersey had started work a number of years before, but the project had been given up and its stock was then considered to have no value. There are $5,000,000 of common and $3,500,000 of preferred outstanding. Every share of this was deposited, about six years ago, with Harvey Fisk & Sons, who issued receipts, calling for the exchange of Hudson & Manhattan stock for the receipts at the bankers' option. This exchange had to be made under the terms of the deposit agreement, however, within one year after the completion of the system. It was agreed that the exchange should be made on the basis of 25 per cent. of new Hudson & Manhattan common for the New York & Jersey common stock, and 50 per cent. of the new company's preferred for each $100 of the New York & Jersey preferred.

Although the new extensions to the McAdoo system subsequently decided upon have not been completed, the system to Thirty-third Street as originally contemplated is now in operation and the bankers have called for the receipts in order to deliver the stock. O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall, who represent Mr. Pemberton, would not say yesterday on what grounds their client hopes to get better terms than those provided in the receipts.

Mr. Pemberton was at one time a partner of W. G. McAdoo and it was said by a Director of the Hudson & Manhattan Company that he had brought several suits against the McAdoo projects. This Director said that holders of the old New York & Jersey stock had accepted the receipts with full knowledge of the terms and that they were now receiving Hudson & Manhattan stock for their shares deposited. He said that most of the holders of the receipts had already availed themselves of the opportunity to make the exchange.

STEEL LABOR INQUIRY.

Stuyvesant Fish Heads Committee—Sessions Here and in Pittsburgh.

After a long delay in getting men willing to devote the time and labor involved for an investigation of labor conditions at the plants of the United States Steel Corporation, Judge Gary announced yesterday the personnel of a committee of five, which will take up the probe at once.

The investigation is the outcome of a resolution offered by Judge Gary at the annual meeting of the corporation last April when Charles M. Cabot of Boston moved that a report be made on labor conditions, which had been described as involving great hardship. The committee, according to the resolution, was to report by Oct. 1, but difficulty was experienced in getting men to serve.

Stuyvesant Fish is chairman of the committee, and the other members are T. De Witt Cuyler, Darius Miller, Charles L. Taylor, and Charles A. Painter. Sessions will be held here and in Pittsburgh, and the investigation will cover labor conditions in every branch of the steel industry.

Charles A. Taylor is a retired steel manufacturer, and T. De Witt Cuyler is a director of the Santa Fé, Pennsylvania, and New Haven Railroad systems. Darius Miller is President of the Burlington system and Charles A. Painter is a Pittsburgh banker.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The wheat market was very unsettled all day, with final prices at the lowest of the session. The market was weak on the Curb and 1½c lower, and puts good for to-day 1½c under the closing price at New York and 2¼c to 2⅜c under at Chicago. The opening was irregular and lower, owing to the reports regarding a Government investigation of the Chicago longs, particularly the Armour grain interests. The reported Federal investigation of the Chicago Board of Trade was said to be as to methods and rules, similar to the Hughes investigations in New York. From the low point prices rallied 1c to 1½c, with active covering of shorts, and Winnipeg was particularly strong on November. Just before the close prices showed considerable hesitation, working off about half the advance, and in the last few minutes declined very rapidly. Attempt to protect themselves by traders long of the market and apprehension of forced liquidation seemed to be partly responsible for the break. A sharp decline in corn proved another unsettling factor, and after the close Western advices stated that the apprehension of Federal legislation and the possible result of the investigation were important factors in the decline. The weather and crop news as to the new wheat continues favorable. Receipts were heavy in the Northwst—about double last year—and the interior movement in four days has gained about 1,000,000 bushels, compared with last year, while interior shipments have decreased 500,000 bushels. Foreign markets were dull. Export sales of ten loads of Manitoba wheat were reported at outports. Cash prices were quoted: No. 2 red, 98¼c, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.14¼; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.06; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.11.

CORN.—The market was also very weak, prices declining about 1c a bushel, and closed at the low point. The market opened lower with wheat and on the very favorable weather condition for drying the new crop, but at midday the market showed some recovery, influenced by the advance in wheat. At the close there was heavy selling on reports of increased country offerings of corn. Interior cash markets were weak and there was heavy selling reported on stop orders. Predictions of continued fair weather, giving conditions very favorable for the curing of the new corn, had considerable influence. Export sales were reported of 32,000 bushels. No. 2 corn was quoted at 80c, free on board, nominal, for old, and new, 70c, January-March.

OATS.—The market declined about ½c, closing at the low point. Prices were affected by the weakness in wheat and corn and by the dullness and heaviness of cash oats. Receipts, while slightly less than last week continue about even with last year. Interior shipments have decreased, on the other hand, nearly 100,000 bushels a day compared with last week, and in four days have decreased over 900,000 bushels, compared with last year, reflecting the decreased distribution evidently due to the price. Cash oats were easier, with standards and No. 3 white 51½c; No. 2 white, 52c.

Provisions were lower at the opening with grain, but turned firm and closed at a small net advance. Hogs were somewhat firmer at nearly all Western points and receipts smaller for the day, 89,000. The monthly stock statement showed Chicago stocks of 7,852 barrels contract pork, against 9,093 last month; contract lard, 48,329 tierces, against 70,730 tierces, and ribs, 6,085,000 pounds. The world's stock of lard decreased 75,000 tierces for the month, against an increase a year ago of 5,000 tierces.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	$1.01½	$1.00½	$1.00¾	$1.01⅜
May	1.06⅝	1.05½	1.05⅝	1.06½
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.10@9.25	9.10
November	..	..	9.10@9.25	9.10
December	..	..	9.10@9.25	9.10
January	..	..	9.10@9.25	9.10
March	..	..	9.10@9.35	9.10
May	..	..	9.20@9.50	9.10
July	..	..	9.20@9.55	9.25
September	..	..	9.25@9.60	9.30

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	96⅞	95⅛	95⅜	96¼
May	1.02⅜	1.01	1.01¼	1.01⅝
July	96⅞	94⅞	95⅜	95⅝
Corn—				
December	63¼	61⅞	62	63
May	64⅝	63⅜	63⅝	64⅝
July	64⅜	63⅜	63⅜	64⅜
Oats—				
December	46¼	45¾	45¾	46¼
May	48⅞	48⅜	48⅜	48⅞
July	46	45⅝	45⅝	45⅞
Lard—				
December	9.00	8.92½	9.00	9.02½
January	9.15	9.10	9.12½	9.17½
May	9.32½	9.25	9.32½	9.35
Ribs—				
January	8.25	8.20	8.25	8.25
May	8.40	8.32½	8.40	8.40
Pork—				
January	15.90	15.82½	15.87½	15.90
May	16.22½	16.00	16.17½	16.12½

COTTONSEED OIL.

Further strength was displayed by the market, with a continuance of the same class of buying that has been in evidence for some time and which is being generally credited to Western interests. The easier lard market and bearish estimates in regard to the ginning to date were without influence. There were additional tenders on November contracts totaling to approximately 1,000 to date, but there was no pressure in this delivery, and sales of spot oil were reported at about 5 points premium. Crude was higher with futures, and quoted at 4.47 to 4.53. Sentiment continues rather bearish, with claims of the technical situation having been weakened, but it is believed that recent buying has been of a concentrated nature.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.73	5.65
November	5.75	5.68	5.75	5.67
December	5.63	5.60	5.62	5.58
January	5.63	5.60	5.63	5.58
February	..	..	5.67	5.62
March	5.76	5.71	5.73	5.69
April	..	..	5.76	5.72
May	5.81	5.80	5.81	5.74

COTTON.

A rather unexpected increase in the volume of Southern selling served to eliminate advances during the early session of from 3 to 5 points and established a set of prices quite close to the recent low level. This pressure was not continuous, however, and while Memphis and Savannah were conspicuous in this respect at times the demand below the 9-cent level is still in liberal volume from shorts and trade interests, so that the day's net results were trivial. Weather conditions were somewhat less favorable, with killing frost in parts of Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Tennessee, but the low temperatures created but little apprehension, and it was argued that a large crop has already been secured. Just as these less favorable weather reports failed to exert influence, however, bearish ginning statistics and further optimism expressed in regard to the probable outturn this season were utilized by bears to cover commitments.

Selling during the early session was inspired by the National Ginners' report, which was said to show a total ginned to Nov. 1 of 9,996,000 bales. Weld & Co. had replies from their correspondents indicating ginning to that date of 10,051,000 bales, while Joseph Newburger & Co. were said to have issued an estimate of 16,000,000 bales for the crop. This authority has been quite successful in previous forecasts, but there was no confirmation of the report circulated yesterday. Returns to The Journal of Commerce indicate that 76 per cent. of the crop has been picked, against 70 per cent. last year, 75 per cent. in 1909, and 71 per cent. in the large crop year of 1908. Condition declined 1.5 from last month, when it was 70.8. Usually deterioration for October is from 3 to 4 points.

Correspondence and private cables from Liverpool indicate a more bullish sentiment prevalent abroad. There are further claims of foreign mills being sold well in advance, with buying attracted by current levels. Although conditions in China are thought to be shaping themselves more favorably there were advices from Shanghai stating that cotton yarn guilds had authorized repudiation of contracts owing to the revolution. Domestic trade conditions are generally viewed with more satisfaction, with the improved sentiment in financial circles regarded as a stimulating feature, although there is still considerable irregularity noticeable in some divisions. The fine goods market is unsettled, reflecting severe competition and probably an overproduction.

Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c advance and the local spot market was unchanged, with middlings 9.40. The coming revision on Nov. 15 is restricting spot business to some extent, although only slight changes are anticipated with these probably in the grades from middling downward, with a small widening of differences thought likely.

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid. Asked.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	9.09@9.12	9.05
December	9.25	9.12	9.23@9.25	9.20
January	9.05	8.88	8.97@8.99	8.98
February	..	..	9.03@9.05	9.04
March	9.14	8.97	9.09@ ..	9.08
April	..	..	9.14@9.15	9.13
May	9.27	9.07	9.19@9.20	9.19
June	9.26	9.26	9.22@9.24	9.23
July	9.31	9.17	9.27@9.28	9.28
August	9.24	9.24	9.22@9.24	9.23
September	9.24	9.23	9.23@9.25	9.20
October	9.25	9.20	9.23@9.25	9.15

COFFEE.

Coffee opened firm, 8 to 20 points up, and developed further strength, closing at a net gain of 25 to 45 points; total sales, 72,000 bags. Havre market advanced 1@1½ francs from Tuesday, while Hamburg was ½ to ¾ pfennig higher for the day. Owing to holiday in Brazil there were no advices.

Spot coffee, Rio No. 7, 15⅝ to 15¾c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close
November	14.80	14.80	14.80@14.82	14.55
December	14.80	14.60	14.79@14.80	14.52
January	..	..	14.50@14.55	14.10
February	..	..	14.25@14.30	13.80
March	13.90	13.60	13.89@13.90	13.51
April	..	..	13.84@13.85	13.45
May	13.82	13.60	13.81@13.82	13.41
June	..	..	13.77@13.79	13.40
July	13.74	13.62	13.74@13.75	13.39
August	..	..	13.73@13.75	13.39
September	13.70	13.55	13.73@13.75	13.39
October	..	..	13.72@13.75	13.39

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	4,501.49	4,491.83	9.66
Freight rev.	$1,723,916	$1,537,017	$186,899
Passenger rev.	619,994	562,233	57,761
Oth. trans. rev.	155,126	128,222	26,903
Non-trans. rev.	27,701	19,300	8,400
Total oper. rev.	2,526,739	2,246,773	279,965
Maint. way and struc.	340,539	318,854	21,685
Maint. of equip.	382,464	358,155	24,309
Traffic exp.	37,423	42,195	*4,771
Trans. exp.	830,749	757,698	73,050
General exp.	72,751	68,168	4,582
Total oper. exp.	1,663,128	1,545,072	118,856
Net oper. rev.	862,810	701,701	161,109
Taxes	107,000	95,500	11,500
Oper income	755,810	606,201	149,609
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight rev.	4,536,400	4,300,750	235,649
Passenger rev.	1,872,639	1,709,783	162,856
Oth. trans. rev.	413,531	392,309	21,227
Non-trans. rev.	79,406	61,750	17,655
Total oper. rev.	6,901,977	6,464,588	437,389
Maint. way and struc.	1,016,532	986,644	29,887
Main. of equip.	1,147,960	1,086,731	61,229
Traffic exp.	119,479	129,822	*10,342
Trans. exp.	2,470,134	2,279,132	191,002
General exp.	211,654	200,485	11,169
Total oper. exp.	4,965,762	4,682,816	282,946
Net oper. rev.	1,936,215	1,781,772	154,443
Taxes	321,000	281,000	40,000
Oper. income	1,615,215	1,500,772	114,443

BALTIMORE & OHIO report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	4,433.02	4,434.39	*1.37
Freight rev.	6,305,287	6,380,982	*75,695
Passenger rev.	1,505,245	1,571,863	*66,617
Oth. trans. rev.	382,082	376,574	5,508
Non-trans. rev.	86,685	88,414	*1,729
Total oper. rev.	8,279,300	8,417,834	*138,534
Maint. way and struc.	1,099,786	1,033,363	66,422
Main. of equip.	1,410,220	1,433,746	*23,526
Traffic exp.	149,481	160,897	*11,416
Trans. exp.	2,638,424	2,830,888	*192,463
General exp.	156,114	151,749	4,365
Total oper. exp.	3,454,026	3,610,644	*156,618
Net oper rev.	4,825,274	4,807,189	18,084
Out. op., (deb.)	71,400	†14,980	*86,381
Total net rev.	4,753,873	4,822,170	*68,296
Taxes	245,587	218,054	27,533
Oper. income	4,508,286	4,604,116	*95,829
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight rev.	18,073,720	18,530,285	*456,565
Passenger rev.	4,425,570	4,641,067	*215,497
Oth trans. rev.	1,134,183	1,096,926	37,356
Non-trans. rev.	257,497	247,447	10,050
Total oper. rev.	23,890,972	24,515,627	*624,655
Maint. way and struc.	3,115,882	3,317,136	*201,254
Main. of equip.	4,214,917	4,219,085	*4,167
Traffic exp.	474,097	563,257	*89,159
Trans. exp.	7,719,437	8,201,502	*482,065
General exp.	487,463	467,563	19,900
Total oper. exp.	16,011,799	16,768,546	*756,747
Net oper. rev.	7,879,173	7,747,081	132,092
Out op., (deb.)	138,137	†19,101	*157,239
Total net rev.	7,741,035	7,766,183	*25,147
Taxes	726,286	643,032	83,253
Oper. income	7,014,748	7,123,149	*108,401

*Decrease. †Credit.

CHICAGO & ALTON report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for August—

Mileage	1,025.11	998.08	27.03
Freight rev.	871,304	915,877	*44,572
Passenger rev.	437,582	457,835	*20,253
Other trans. rev.	83,693	79,047	4,645
Non-trans. rev.	9,874	7,883	1,991
Total oper. rev.	1,402,454	1,460,644	*58,189
Mt. of way & st.	233,583	173,913	59,669
Maint. of equip.	204,355	193,861	10,493
Traffic exp.	40,136	38,238	1,807
Transp. exp.	438,791	462,558	*23,767
General exp.	30,034	33,129	*3,094
Total oper. exp.	946,901	901,792	45,108
Net oper. rev.	455,553	558,851	*103,298
Outside op. (deb.)	3,288	1,792	1,496
Total net rev.	452,264	557,059	*104,794
Taxes	36,500	37,300	*800
Oper. income	415,764	519,759	*103,994
July 1 to Aug. 31—			
Total oper. rev.	2,717,355	2,631,635	85,719
Total oper. exp.	1,817,634	1,707,902	109,732
Net oper. rev.	899,720	923,733	*24,012
Outside op. (deb.)	6,305	6,599	*294
Total net rev.	893,815	917,133	*23,718
Taxes	73,000	74,600	*1,600
Oper. income	820,415	842,533	*22,118

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	1,496.22	1,489.22	7.00
Freight rev.	824,338	763,373	60,965
Passenger rev.	295,631	298,598	*2,967
Other tran. rev.	78,718	74,213	4,504
Non-transp. rev.	8,429	10,008	*1,578
Total oper. rev.	1,207,117	1,146,193	60,924
Mt.of way & st.	152,030	153,505	*1,474
Maint. of equip.	143,836	171,050	*27,214
Traffic exp.	47,300	49,208	*1,907
Transp. exp.	426,430	403,666	22,764
General exp.	36,686	34,951	1,735
Total oper. exp.	806,285	812,381	*6,096
Net oper. rev.	400,832	333,811	67,020
Outside op. (net.)	434	2,163	*1,729
Total net rev.	401,266	335,974	65,291
Taxes	33,037	32,822	214
Oper. income	368,229	303,152	65,077
July 1 to Sept. 30—			
Freight rev.	2,214,847	2,109,594	105,252
Passenger rev.	888,481	844,960	43,520
Other tran. rev.	232,294	216,946	15,347
Non-transp. rev.	25,943	26,885	941
Total oper. rev.	3,361,566	3,198,387	163,179
Mt.of way & st.	427,475	387,533	39,941
Maint. of equip.	464,967	469,790	*4,823
Traffic exp.	143,774	147,948	*4,173
Transp. exp.	1,253,551	1,172,221	81,330
General exp.	106,340	103,910	2,429
Total oper. exp.	2,396,109	2,281,404	114,705
Net oper. rev.	965,456	916,982	48,474
Outside op. (net.)	493	2,350	*1,857
Total net rev.	965,949	919,333	46,616
Taxes	99,111	98,467	643
Oper. income	866,838	820,865	45,973

*Decrease.

CUBA RAILROAD CO. for September—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	259,823	190,880	158,898
Net	119,007	71,847	56,395
Surplus	58,882	35,181	21,166
3 mos. gross	780,276	631,190	484,536

Net	348,795	274,770	156,506
3 mos. surp.	165,420	104,770	51,256

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, for September—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	827.16	827.38	*.22
Freight rev.	549,533	643,481	*93,947
Passenger rev.	141,813	137,038	4,774
Other tran. rev.	79,873	76,439	3,433
Non-tran. rev.	8,969	8,785	184
Total op. rev.	780,190	865,745	*85,554
Mt. way & str.	79,501	91,118	*11,616
Mt. of equipm't.	103,753	109,920	*6,166
Traffic exp.	27,097	26,034	1,062
Transp. exp.	259,972	275,228	*15,255
General exp.	28,727	25,671	3,055
Total op. exp.	499,052	527,973	*28,920
Total net rev.	281,138	337,771	*56,633
Taxes	34,611	29,476	5,135
Op. income	246,526	308,295	*61,768
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Total op. rev.	2,323,564	2,549,724	*226,159
Total op. exp.	1,533,814	1,584,808	*50,994
Total net rev.	789,750	964,915	*175,165
Taxes	103,835	88,429	15,405
Op. income	685,915	876,486	*190,571

*Decrease.

LAKE SHORE ELECTRIC for September—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	124,767	115,009	108,207
Exp. and tax	62,608	54,416	49,842
Net	62,159	60,592	58,365
Charges	34,713	34,928	34,804
Surplus	27,446	25,664	23,560
9 mos. gross	962,237	913,664	835,061
Exp. and tax	506,228	473,160	439,691
9 mos. net	456,008	440,504	395,370
Charges	312,400	313,008	309,093
9 mos. surp.	143,608	127,495	86,277

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE for September—

Av. mileage	4,705	4,591	4,398
Gross	4,750,658	4,610,171	4,267,792
Exp. and tax	3,298,827	3,334,198	2,664,070
Net	1,451,831	1,275,973	1,603,722
3 mos. gross	13,630,489	13,379,037	12,218,027
Exp. and tax	9,805,782	10,018,068	7,811,383
8 mos. net	3,824,707	3,360,969	4,406,644

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE for September—

Gross earnings	1,783,590	1,270,737	1,669,434
Exp. and taxes	924,085	751,747	811,404
Net earnings	859,506	518,990	858,030
Gross, 3 mos.	4,488,785	3,682,800	4,018,060
Exp. and taxes	2,575,004	2,270,710	2,263,063
Net, 3 months	1,913,782	1,412,090	1,754,997

Chicago Division of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie for September—

Gross earnings	881,532	790,250	732,530
Exp. and taxes	565,024	570,111	500,590
Net earnings	316,507	220,139	231,940
Gross, 3 mos.	2,486,822	2,407,976	2,180,809
Exp. and taxes	1,717,300	1,700,792	1,427,301
Net, 3 months	769,521	707,184	753,508

NEW YORK CENTRAL for the quarter ended June 30—

Total op. rev.	25,399,633	24,223,405	22,273,933
Total op. exp.	17,958,207	17,673,075	14,986,014
Net op. rev.	7,441,425	6,550,330	7,287,919
Net rev. from other op.	62,349	*126,901	53,970
Total net rev. from op.	7,503,775	6,423,428	7,341,890
Taxes accrued	1,238,776	1,169,807	1,109,421
Op. income	6,264,999	5,253,621	6,232,468
Non-op. inc.	3,618,191	3,320,850	2,740,941
Gross income	9,883,180	8,574,471	8,973,409
Tot. deduc. from gross income	6,225,709	5,504,804	5,370,778
Net corp. inc.	3,657,481	3,069,667	3,602,631

*Debit.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN for September—

Gross earnings	789,731	826,343	713,930
Exp. and taxes	596,708	557,988	555,371
Net earnings	193,023	268,355	158,559
Charges	119,085	122,118	93,920
Surplus	73,938	146,237	64,639
Gross, 3 mos.	2,673,741	2,739,215	2,432,353
Exp. and taxes	1,839,468	1,706,568	1,646,195
Net, 3 months	834,273	1,032,647	786,158
Charges	335,074	355,231	287,850
Surplus, 3 mos.	499,199	677,416	498,308

NORFOLK & WESTERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	2,004.27	1,951.28	52.99
Freight rev.	2,930,770	2,683,179	247,590
Passenger rev.	423,756	433,067	*9,310
Other trans. rev.	96,738	92,780	3,957
Non-trans. rev.	27,096	11,636	15,459
Total oper. rev.	3,478,360	3,220,664	257,696
Maint. way and structure	423,355	371,402	51,953
Maint. of equip.	607,585	539,778	67,806
Traffic exp.	51,571	52,015	*443
Trans. expenses	944,429	907,301	37,128
Gen. expenses	61,239	58,132	3,107
Total op. exp.	2,088,182	1,928,630	159,552
Net oper. rev.	1,390,178	1,292,033	98,144
Outs. op., debit	152	214	*61
Total net rev.	1,390,025	1,291,819	98,206
Taxes	115,000	93,000	22,000
Oper. income	1,275,025	1,198,819	76,206
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight rev.	8,433,474	7,760,011	673,463
Passenger rev.	1,251,570	1,230,412	21,158
Other trans. rev.	280,303	265,934	14,368
Non-trans. revs.	58,586	34,503	24,082
Total op. revs.	10,023,934	9,290,861	733,073
Maint. way and structure	1,314,761	1,158,158	156,502
Maint. of equip.	1,788,414	1,651,724	136,689
Traffic expenses	150,117	146,815	3,302
Trans. expenses	2,722,721	2,670,689	52,031
Gen. expenses	175,244	182,209	*6,964
Total oper. exp.	6,151,258	5,809,597	341,660
Net oper. revs.	3,872,676	3,481,263	391,412
Outs. op., debit.	5,762	2,359	*3,402
Total net revs.	3,866,914	3,478,904	388,009
Taxes	345,000	279,000	66,000
Oper. income	3,521,914	3,199,904	322,009

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for August—

Mileage	3,314.27	3,316.38	*2.11
Freight revenue	1,780,718	1,671,169	*109,548
Passenger rev.	554,238	510,894	43,343
Other trans. rev.	163,893	141,786	22,107
Non-trans. rev.	18,884	15,990	2,893
Total oper. rev.	2,517,734	2,339,841	177,892
Maint. way and structure	460,241	358,436	101,804
Maint. of equip.	471,156	344,931	126,225
Traffic expenses	55,122	58,099	*2,977
Trans. expenses	770,612	852,693	*82,081
Gen. expenses	73,654	73,567	87
Total oper. exp.	1,830,787	1,687,729	143,058
Net oper. revs.	686,946	652,112	34,834
Outs. op., debit.	2,085	3,308	*1,222
Total net rev.	684,861	648,803	36,057
Taxes	81,765	77,916	3,849
Oper. income	603,096	570,887	32,208
July 1 to Aug. 31:			
Freight revenue	3,369,548	3,136,566	232,981
Passenger rev.	1,083,330	981,299	102,030
Other trans. rev.	294,580	277,794	16,785
Non-trans. rev.	34,894	32,172	2,722
Total oper. rev.	4,782,353	4,427,833	354,520
Maint. way and structure	904,417	670,710	233,707
Maint. of equip.	876,022	671,141	204,881
Traffic expenses	106,682	113,492	*6,809
Trans. expenses	1,532,440	1,699,647	*167,207
Gen. expenses	138,941	151,353	*12,412
Total oper. exp.	3,558,504	3,306,345	252,159
Net oper. rev.	1,223,849	1,121,487	102,361
Outs. op. debit.	5,952	5,826	125
Total net rev.	1,217,896	1,115,660	102,236
Taxes	163,530	155,832	7,698
Operating inc.	1,054,366	959,828	94,538

SOUTHERN RAILWAY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	7,088.65	7,052.74	35.91
Freight rev.	3,475,605	3,169,342	306,262
Passenger rev.	1,537,454	1,482,564	54,890
Other trans. rev	360,999	348,452	12,546
Non-trans. rev.	50,195	35,652	14,542
Total op. rev.	5,424,254	5,036,012	388,242
Mt. way and str.	636,307	632,030	4,277
Mt. equipment	952,120	823,937	128,183
Traffic exp.	132,155	128,821	3,334
Trans. expenses	1,735,022	1,601,714	133,308
General exp.	144,677	143,641	1,035
Total op. exp.	3,600,284	3,330,146	270,138
Net op. rev.	1,823,970	1,705,866	118,104
Outside op., net.	12,227	†3,695	15,923
Total net rev.	1,836,198	1,702,170	134,027
Taxes	196,831	177,776	19,055
Operating inc.	1,639,366	1,524,394	114,972
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight rev.	9,501,149	9,260,366	240,782
Passenger rev.	4,789,041	4,487,351	301,690
Other trans. rev.	1,052,567	1,019,506	33,060
Non-trans. rev.	144,423	96,896	47,527
Total op. rev.	15,487,182	14,864,121	623,061
Mt. way and str.	1,806,818	1,870,145	*63,326
Mt. equipment	2,569,859	2,551,221	18,637
Traffic exp.	408,449	380,697	27,751
Trans. exp.	5,169,905	4,877,927	291,978
General exp.	432,184	414,531	17,652
Total op. exp.	10,387,216	10,094,524	292,692
Net op. rev.	5,099,965	4,769,596	330,368
Outside op., net.	17,967	3,045	14,921
Total net rev.	5,117,932	4,772,642	345,290
Taxes	590,378	521,211	69,168
Operating inc.	4,527,553	4,251,430	276,122

*Decrease. †Debit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO. report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for July—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Tot. rcts. fr. op.	$3,286,447	$3,063,964	$222,483
Exp. priv., deb.	1,538,350	1,393,614	144,736
Total oper. rev.	1,748,096	1,670,349	77,746
Total oper. exp.	1,635,039	1,489,575	145,964
Net oper. rev.	113,056	180,774	*67,717
Taxes	30,000	38,808	*8,808
Oper. income	83,056	141,965	*58,909
Mileage steam roads	54,304	53,038	1,266
Mileage other lines	2,560	2,695	*135

*Decrease.

AMERICAN STEEL FOUNDRIES CO. and its subsidiaries for the fourteen months ended Sept. 30—

Earnings from operation of plants and net income of subsidiary companies, (after deducting manufacturing, selling, administrative, head, and district office expenses and before deducting depreciation)..$660,337

Other income:

Int., discount and exchange..	$43,506	
Inc. from invest. and loans..	447	
Sinking fund profits	6,123	
Miscellaneous	5,840	
		55,917
Total income		716,254
Deduct:		
Interest on borrowed money	$287	
Interest on debentures	160,384	
Interest on bonds outstanding	202,625	
Int. on bonds in sinking fund	68,390	
Bond sinking fund installment and profit	128,623	
Depreciation of buildings, plant, and equipment, (all properties)	273,075	
		833,386
Net loss		117,132

GREAT NORTHERN EXPRESS CO. report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for July—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Tot. rcts. fr. op.	244,292	240,430	3,861
Exp. priv., deb.	146,732	143,385	3,347
Total oper. rev	97,559	97,045	514
Total oper. exp.	73,015	59,702	13,313
Net oper. rev.	24,544	37,343	*12,799
Taxes	3,404	3,852	*448
Oper. income	21,139	33,490	*12,351
Mileage steam roads	8,466	7,834	632
Mileage other lines	337	380	*43

*Decrease.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The centre of the extensive area of high barometric pressure in the West has advanced, causing a further fall in temperature throughout all the East and South, and Thursday night freezing temperatures with Southern snows prevailed as far as North Carolina, Tennessee, Oklahoma, and Texas. A change to higher temperatures is in progress in the Northwest States.

Within the last twenty-four hours there have been snow flurries in the region of the Great Lakes and in New York and New England.

Indications are that the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday throughout the country.

Low temperatures will continue during the next forty-eight hours throughout the Eastern and Southern States, while a change to warmer weather will overspread the Mississippi Valley Saturday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate west and northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate, variable, mostly west and northwest; South Atlantic Coast, brisk northeast.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have brisk west and northwest winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair and cold Friday and Saturday; moderate and southwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature; moderate variable winds, mostly west and northwest.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	54	38	4 P. M.	63	37
6 A. M.	55	39	6 P. M.	61	34
9 A. M.	58	42	9 P. M.	57	32
12 M.	64	46	12 P. M.	51	32

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 49.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 38; at 8 P. M. it was 33. Maximum temperature, 47 degrees at 10:10 A. M.; minimum, 32 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 73 per cent. at 8 A. M., 42 per cent. at 8 P. M.

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The most modern hotel building in Town. Numerous Suites, with private baths and lavatory, hot and cold water to every room. French Restaurant, Auto Garage, Concerts, etc. CHAS. SWOBODA, Manager, late of the bathing establishment at Hammam R'Irha, N. Algiers.

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CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE
Feb. 8, $400 up for 71 days, including shore excursions. Final ROUND THE WORLD Tour this season leaves Jan. 20, $2,150.
Frank C. Clark, Times Bldg., New York.

Sight-Seeing Yacht
Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island. Daily Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30, 2:30

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THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
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St. Louis, Nov. 4, 9:30 A. M. | Zeeland, Nov. 4, 10:00 A. M.
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2 CRUISES PANAMA CANAL West Indies So. America * * * * S.S. Laurentic Jan. 20 Feb. 24 1912 31 Days, $150 up Send for particulars

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
St. Louis........Nov. 4 | St. Paul........Nov. 18
New York.....Nov. 11 | Philadelphia....Nov. 25

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka, Nov. 4, 8 AM | Minnewaska.Nov. 18
Minnehaha Nov. 11, 9 AM | Minneapolis.Dec. 2

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.
Zeeland.........Nov. 4 | Lapland (new)..Nov. 18
Kroonland.....Nov. 11 | Vaderland......Nov. 25

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
Oceanic...Nov. 4, noon | *St. Paul.....Nov. 18
*N. York.Nv.11,9:30 AM | Oceanic........Nov. 25
*American Line Steamer.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Cedric....Nov. 9, noon | Celtic..........Nov. 23
Baltic...Nov. 15, noon | Adriatic........Nov. 30
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Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, and Naples.
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SAILS NOV. 4, 9 A. M.
GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, and GENOA.
S. S. HAMBURG (11,000 Tons.)
SAILS NOV. 15, 1 P.M.

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"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 28 days Jan. 23, Feb. 24, 1912... $150 and up
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*PRES. GRANT.........Nov. 18, 9 A. M.
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Direct Service—Philadelphia-Hamburg.
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SS. KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE — Tuesday, November 14—10 a. m.
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Barbarossa (Bremen direct), Nov. 16 | Friedrich der Grosse (Bremen direct) Nov. 30
George Washington, Nov. 23 | Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm (Sat.) Dec. 9
Mediterranean SATURDAY SAILINGS—11 a. m.
Prinzess Irene, Nov. 18. Koenig Albert, Dec. 2
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*La Provence......Nov. 23 | *La Touraine.....Dec. 14
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LUSITANIA { Nov. 8, 9 A. M. / Nov. 29, 9 A. M. / Dec. 27, 9 A. M.
Nov. 22, 9 A.M. / Dec. 16, 6 P. M. } MAURETANIA
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
CAMPANIA Dec. 6, 10 A. M. | CARMANIA Dec. 13, 10 A. M.
MONTREAL QUEBEC LONDON
Regular sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.

Cruises to Egypt
VIA
Algiers and Riviera
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche or Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume, Alexandria.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
CARPATHIA Nov. 9 | FRANCONIA Jan. 20
CARONIA Nov. 18 | LACONIA Feb. 3
IVERNIA Nov. 30 | CARONIA Feb. 20
CARONIA Jan. 6 | CARMANIA Mar. 2
A la carte service without extra charge.
Stopovers permitted.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia...Nov. 4, 3 PM | Cameronia..Nov. 18, 8 AM
Columbia...Nov. 11, noon | California.Nov. 25, 10 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:31 | Sun sets..4:56 | Moon sets..2:51

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:40	4:57	10:54	11.07
Governors Island	5:00	5:12	11:30	11:38
Hell Gate	6:50	7:02	1:10	1:18

Arrived—Thursday, Nov. 2.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, Oct. 28.
SS Prinzess Irene, Gibraltar, Oct. 24.
SS Pres. Lincoln, Southampton, Oct. 20.
SS Nicolas Cuneo, Jamaica, Oct. 28.
SS Zacapan, Kingston, Oct. 28.
SS Duca degli Abruzzi, Naples, Oct. 21.
SS Dunedin, Gibraltar, Oct. 17.
SS Caracas, San Juan, Oct. 28.
SS Stephan, Manaos, Oct. 18.
SS Stephano, St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 28.
SS Gerty, Bermuda, Oct. 29.
SS Creole, New Orleans, Oct. 28.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, Oct. 30.
SS Herman Frasch, Sabine, Oct. 26.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Uranium	Rotterdam	Oct. 20
Marianne	Naples	Oct. 18
Caroline	Havre	Oct. 21
Carpathia	Gibraltar	Oct. 23
Cedric	Liverpool	Oct. 26
Madonna	Naples	Oct. 21
Principe di Piemonte	Genoa	Oct. 19
Monterey	Vera Cruz	Oct. 26
El Cid	Galveston	Oct. 28
Antonio Lopez	Vera Cruz	Oct. 25
Vasari	Barbados	Oct. 3
Matanzas	Tampico	Oct. 27
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Lorraine	Havre	Oct. 28
Carolina	Almeria	Oct. 22
Queen Eugenia	Cardiff	Oct. 21
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Nov. 1
Apache	Jacksonville	Nov. 1
Georgian	Puerto Mexico	Oct. 28
San Marcos	Galveston	Oct. 28
DUE SUNDAY.		
Columbia	Glasgow	Oct. 28
Aureole	Shields	Oct. 20
Irene	Almeria	Oct. 23
Matanzas	Tampico	Oct. 25
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Colon	Nov. 2
Huron	Jacksonville	Nov. 2

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Seguranca, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prinz Maurits, Haiti	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Santiago, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ancona, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	———	8:00 A.M.
Italia, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
African Prince, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Byron, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Seminole, San Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Stephano, Newfoundland	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Julia Luckenbach, Ponce	———	12:00 M.
El Mundo, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Antilles, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Saramacca, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Katahdin, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Lorraine, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,073 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:20 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-morrow.

SS Cedric, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 470 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day or early to-morrow.

SS Caroline, incoming from Havre, was reported 293 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

SS Carpathia, incoming from Naples, was reported 226 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

SS Uranium, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

SS Pallanza, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 318 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday.

By United Wireless.

SS Ligonier, Port Arthur, was 70 m. S. of Sandy Key at 7 P. M., 2d.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, was 520 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 2d.

SS Momus, New Orleans, was 70 m. N. W. of Tortugas at noon, 2d.

SS Vasari, South American ports, was 485 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 1st.

SS Monterey, Vera Cruz, was 275 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 2d.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Patris, at Piraeus, Oct. 25.
SS Mannheim, at Gothenburg, Oct. 20.
SS Birchfield, at Buenos Ayres, Oct. 30.
SS Cheviot Range, at Havre, Oct. 31.
SS India, at Gibraltar, Nov. 1.
SS Strathdee, at Shanghai, Nov. 2.
SS Berlin, at Genoa, Nov. 2.
SS Chinese Prince, at Rio Janeiro, Oct. 31.
SS Welsh Prince, at Singapore, Oct. 31.
SS Francisco, from Hull, Nov. 1.
SS Celtic, at Queenstown, Nov. 2.
SS Province, at Havre, Nov. 2.
SS Sant' Anna, at Naples, Nov. 1.
SS Titian, at Liverpool, Nov. 1.

Sailed.

SS New York, from Queenstown, Nov. 2.
SS Clearfield, from Venice, Oct. 29.
SS Riverdale, from Barbados, Oct. 30.
SS Atrato, from Barbados, Oct. 30.
SS Kazembe, from Sabary, Nov. 1.
SS Narragansett, from London, Nov. 2.
SS Andyk, from Rotterdam, Nov. 2.
SS Baltic, from Liverpool, Nov. 2.

Passed.

SS Venezia, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

SS New York, (Dutch,) New York for Rotterdam, passed the Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

	Mails Close in	
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline	Nov. 3	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Suveric	Nov. 4	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Chicago Maru	Nov. 7	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco) Maitai	Nov. 10	6:30 P.M.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, Oct. 13, and Yokohama, Oct. 14—which arrived at Seattle per steamer Sado Maru, were dispatched east at 7:10 P. M. Oct. 30. Due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Nov. 4.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

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COUNTRY LIFE WITHIN A HALF HOUR OF THE GRAND CENTRAL.
HOTEL GRAMATAN
LAWRENCE PARK. BRONXVILLE, N. Y.
Automobiling, riding, driving, beautiful walks, best tennis courts in Westchester County.
The most PICTURESQUE and SPORTY GOLF COURSE near New York. An ideal Fall and Winter home for the New York business man.
HOTEL GRAMATAN, INC., Props.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

WIENER'S HOTEL,
New Jersey Av. and Beach, Atlantic City.
Offers special rates for the Winter months.
No extra charge for salt water baths.

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ATLANTIC CITY
is at its best during its famous Autumn Season.

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NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

The Manhattan
Lakewood, N. J.
The ideal family hotel. Chas. Hecht, Prop.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Vollkommer Estate Holdings Bring $148,700 Under the Hammer—Church Buys Plot on West Fortieth Street—New West Side Apartments—Bronx and Suburban Sales.

Realty transactions yesterday were about equally divided between the auction room and private sales, the chief interest in the Vesey Street salesroom being the offering of over a dozen parcels in the Williamsburg district of Brooklyn, comprising the Joseph Vollkommer estate by Joseph P. Day. Several of the plots called forth spirited bidding, and a total of $148,700 was obtained for the holdings. The prices paid for the various parcels will be found in the list of auction results.

In the private sales market an important deal was made by William P. Jones & Son and Joseph F. Feist, who sold two old residences just west of Ninth Avenue to the Roman Catholic Church of St. Clemens and Mary. The houses were 408 West Fortieth Street, sold for Rebecca S. Mills, and 410, sold for John William Jones, each on a plot 18.4 by 98.9. A short time ago the church bought the two adjoining houses at 406 and 412, respectively, the entire plot having a frontage of 73.4 feet, on which a new edifice for the parish work is to be erected at once. The church now occupies the former German Lutheran building at 552 West Fiftieth Street.

A new apartment hotel is about to be erected in Harlem on the plot 100 by 100, on the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 114th Street, by Max Weinstein. This property was acquired early in the week from the Wood estate, which has held possession for nearly half a century, by Oscar Sugarman, and he has just resold it to Mr. Weinstein, who will improve the corner at once with a six-story apartment structure.

Deal on West 88th Street.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for William Taylor the three-story high-stoop dwelling 124 West Eighty-eighth Street, 15.6 by 56 by 100.8, to a client for investment.

Another Resale on 7th Avenue.

Oscar H. Sugarman, who purchased the plot 100 by 100 at the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 114th Street from the Wood estate Monday, has resold the same to Max Weinstein.

The buyer will break ground at once for the erection of a six-story apartment house.

Resale of Heights Plot.

A builder is reported to have purchased from the Assemblage Realty Company the three lots on the north side of 157th Street, 200 feet east of Broadway. Jackson & Stern sold the plot to the sellers last Spring.

Bronx.

The Streeter Construction Company has sold to an investor, through Lauter & Blackner, the five-story flat, 48 by 100, on the southwest corner of Elton Avenue and 158th Street.

The same brokers have also sold for Michael Donnelly of Norwalk, Conn., the plot, 65 by 100, with a ten-room dwelling, on the north side of 160th Street, 100 feet east of Morris Avenue, to a builder, who will erect flats on the site; also, for the Benenson Realty Company, 1,226 and 1,228 St. Lawrence Avenue, Van Nest, two two-family houses, each on lot 25 by 100, and for Wilhelm Lauter a plot, 40 by 95, on the west side of Union Avenue, 26 feet north of 168th Street. The buyer is a builder, who will erect a five-story apartment house.

Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold 621 Third Street, between Eighth Street and Prospect Park West, a three-story and American basement, limestone dwelling, 20 by 65 by 95, for Joseph Horowitz, to a client, who will occupy same immediately.

Donnell & Kilian have sold for Henry Roth 260 Sterling Street, a two-story dwelling built by the Realty Associates.

Long Island.

The Long Island Suburban Building and Mortgage Company has sold to the Jamaica Park South Realty Company of Manhattan twenty-four lots at Jamaica Park, subject to a mortgage of $42,375.

George Duer has sold to Bernard F. Farrell of College Point a parcel having a frontage of 25 feet on the east side of Seventeenth Street, 225 feet north of North Boulevard, College Point.

Gaetano Pafundi has sold to Mary Mavia of 128 Elm Street, Corona, one lot on the west side of Clinton Street, Flushing.

John Oliver has sold to Charles M. Davis of Brooklyn a parcel having a frontage of 100 feet on the west side of Riverview Terrace and 50 feet on the north side of Avenue F, College Point.

John M. Holmes has bought the plot, 100 by 100, in Laurelton, at the corner of Belmont Street and West Road, and is having a ten-room stucco dwelling built at a cost of about $8,000, following plans made by A. White Pierce.

The Dean Alvord Securities Company has sold to Lillian M. Kenny a parcel having a frontage of 280 feet on the west side of Hill Street and 150 feet on the north side of Nott Avenue, Long Island City; also 100 feet on the west side of Hill Street and 200 feet on the south side of Nott Avenue, Long Island City.

Garages for Gimbel Brothers.

The Cross & Brown Company has just closed a series of transactions involving the erection of buildings for the automobile delivery service of Gimbel Brothers' department store. In Brooklyn they have leased for Amelia Ganter a garage to be built at 439 and 441 Madison Street, on plot 50 by 100. In Flushing, L. I., they have leased for Hans Truelson a garage to be built on the east side of Twenty-second Street, near Franconia Avenue, on plot 60 by 100, and in White Plains, N. Y., they have leased in conjunction with the Westchester Land Exchange for Young Brothers a garage to be built on Bank Street, on plot 50 by 100. All of the leases are for a long term of years and work on these various buildings is to be commenced at once.

Another Moving Picture House.

Plans are being prepared by Shampan & Shampan for a moving picture and vaudeville theatre on a plot 50 by 100, located on the north side of Monroe Street, 93 feet east of Clinton Street. The theatre consists of auditorium and one balcony, having façade designed in French Renaissance style of architecture, and will be modernly equipped throughout. George Siegel is the owner. Work will commence immediately upon the approval of the plans in the Bureau of Buildings.

Contracts for Hell Gate Bridge.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and the Pennsylvania Railroad Companies have given the contract for the steel work for the Hell Gate Bridge and approach viaducts on the New York Connecting Railroad to the American Bridge Company.

Leases.

The Libman Contracting Company has leased to James C. Stoops, through H. C. Senior & Co., the three-story and basement garage building at 227 West Sixty-fourth Street.

The United States Glass Company of Pittsburgh, whose present headquarters in this city is at Church and Murray Streets, has taken a long lease of the entire fifth and sixth floors in the twelve-story building recently completed by Daniel E. Seybel at 71 and 73 Murray Street. William H. Whiting & Co., agents for the building, were the brokers in the transaction.

J. Irving Walsh has leased for a term of years the building 69 West Ninth Street to M. Lubarsky, who after making extensive alterations will occupy the same for his business.

Norman Denzer has leased for the Owners' Syndicate Company, stores at 3,810, 3,812, 3,814, and 3,818 Broadway, corner of 139th Street.

M. & L. Hess have leased for the Hasco Building Company, from the plans, the eleventh loft in the building now under construction at 43 to 47 West Sixteenth Street for ten years, at a rental of $35,000.

Building Loans.

The Irving Savings Institution has made a building loan of $210,000 to the Twenty-fifth Construction Company on the commercial building about to be erected on a plot 60.6 by 98.9 in Twenty-ninth Street, 346.1 feet east of Seventh Avenue.

The City Mortgage Company has given a loan of $43,000 to the Hillcrest Building Company for the new structure to be built on Nelson Avenue, at the juncture of Featherbed Lane in the Bronx, the plot being 105.3 by 58.7 feet.

New 81st Street Apartment.

Plans have been filed for an eight-story apartment house on the north side of Eighty-first Street, 100 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, for the S. B. Construction Company, of which Samuel Barkin is President. It will have a frontage of 112.5 feet and a depth of 86.2 feet, and according to the estimate of the architect, George F. Pelham, will cost $400,000.

Notes.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned to the Codington Company $55,000 on the four-story brick and stone property located at 630 Sixth Avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Streets. The mortgage is for five years at 4½ per cent.

Papers have been filed with the Clerk of Nassau County by Harold Swain of this city for the foreclosure of a $700,000 mortgage made by the Nassau Hotel Company, covering the hotel property at Long Beach to the Title Guarantee and Trust Company as trustee for the holders of first mortgage bonds.

The Estimate and Assessment Commissioners who were appointed in the city's proceedings to close Concord Street, Brooklyn, from Washington Street to a point below the Brooklyn Bridge storage yard, have completed their report and will present it for confirmation to the Supreme Court in this county on Nov. 10.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

West St, 307 and 308, e s, 142 ft n of Spring St, 40x87.3x irreg., two five-story loft buildings; trustee's sale; to Charles Lenane, $40,000; also

50th St, 323, n s, 276.6 ft w of 8th Av, 19.2x100.5, three-story dwelling; trustee's sale; estate of Patrick Lenane, deceased; to the Rudolph Wallach Co., $17,225.

5th Av, 313, e s, 28.9 ft s of 32d St, 28x150, all right, title, and interest in and to 21-year lease made Jan. 1, 1903; bankruptcy sale; to the Rudolph Wallach Co., $10,750.

76th St, 34, s s, 81 ft e of Madison Av, 19x85.8, four-story dwelling; bankruptcy sale; withdrawn; no bids.

Triangular block, bounded by Broadway, Union and Johnson Avs, Brooklyn, 81.9x56.3x59.4; executor's sale; to Charles F. Schlaefer, $14,000; also

Johnson Av, 16, s s, 75 ft e of Union Av, Brooklyn, 25x50, two-story dwelling; executor's sale; to Charles F. Schlaefer, $2,400; also

Carlton Av, 464 and 466, w s, 239.4 ft n of Atlantic Av, Brooklyn, 47.10x100, two-story dwelling and four-story stable; executor's sale; to Charles F. Schlaefer, $14,700; also

Union Av, 14 to 22, n e corner of Johnson Av, Brooklyn, 125x75x irreg., four and one-story buildings; executor's sale; 14 to Madeline Huner for $16,500; 16 to 20 to Charles F. Schlaefer for $18,000; also

Union Av, 15 and 17, w s, 100 ft n of Johnson Av, Brooklyn, 50.4x100; two and three-story buildings; executor's sale; to Charles F. Schlaefer, $7,000; also

Union Av, 19, w s, 150.4 ft n of Johnson Av, Brooklyn, 24.8x100, two-story building; executor's sale; to Louis Kaplan, $6,000; also

Willoughby Av, 825A, n s, 168.3 ft w of Stuyvesant Av, Brooklyn, 18.3x100, two-story dwelling; executor's sale; to Mary C. Daly, $5,100; also

5th St, 434 to 438 South, s s, 101.6 ft e of Hewes St, Brooklyn, 83.6x100, 2 five-story tenements and vacant; executor's sale; 434 and 436 to Madeline Huner for $18,500; 438 to Charles F. Schlaefer for $18,200; also

8th St, 235, n s, 233.4 ft e of 4th Av, Brooklyn, 18x100, two-story dwelling; executor's sale; to Catherine Munz, $3,500

Johnson Av, 23, n s, 100 ft e of Union Av, Brooklyn, 25x100, three-story building; executor's sale; to Charles F. Schlaefer, $8,800.

Willoughby St, 179, n s, 79.8 ft w of Hudson Av, Brooklyn, 19.10x62.4x irreg., three-story dwelling; executor's sale; estate of Joseph Vollcommer, deceased; to Charles F. Schlaefer, $5,900.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

28th St, 20 East, s s, 95 ft w of Madison Av, 25x98.9, four-story dwelling; foreclosure sale; to the defendant, Mitchell A. C. Levy, $80,407.

AT 3,156 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Maple St, s s, 100 ft e of Avenue A, 25x100, Williamsbridge; foreclosure sale; to David Vogel, $10,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

4½% Mortgage Money 4½%

Charges 1% and disbursements; quick acceptances; special funds; second mortgage money, any amount; moderate rates.

SUGARMAN & KAHN, 35 Nassau St.

$725,000 to loan on mortgage on apartment houses; 5 per cent. 5 years, 70 per cent. of Brown's appraisal; cost 2 per cent. and title policy; quick action. Lenders' Negotiating Co., [illegible] Broad St.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

81st St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, for an eight-story apartment, 112.5x86.2; S. B. Construction Co., 453 West 141st St, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $400,000.

Monterey Av, n w corner of 178th St, for a one-story and balcony brick theatre, 65x90; Henry Raabe, 319 West 64th St, owner; Hunt & Wiseman, architects; cost, $40,000.

Decatur Av, e s, 500.98 ft s of Gun Hill Road, for a one-story frame garage, 16x17.6; William Seitz, 3,232 Decatur Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost, $150.

177th St, s s, 300 ft w of Marmion Av, for a one-story brick amusement hall, 25x100; Spier & Sturman, 63 Park Row, owners; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $10,000.

Delaville Av, w s, 100 ft n of Hollus Av, for a one-story brick dwelling, 20x46; Luigi Leone, 316 East 115th St, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $3,000.

243d St, s s, 75 ft w of Baker Av, for a one and one-half story frame storage house, 14x18; Max Wulfsohn, 738 East 243d St, owner; William Ingram, Jr., architect; cost, $300.

5th Av, w s, 100 ft n of Nelson Av, for a two and one-half story frame dwelling, 21x28; Hilda Swenson, Harrison, N. J., owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $4,000.

187th St, n e corner of Beaumont Av, for a five-story tenement, 50x90; Scalzo Realty Company, Saverio Scalzo, 707 East 187th St, President, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $55,000.

Alterations.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

Broadway, s e corner of Exchange Place, to a twelve-story office building; W. W. Astor, London, England, owner; J. F. Burrows, architect; cost, $70,000.

Lexington Av, 1,043, to a four-story dwelling; H. Meyer, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects; cost, $6,000.

173d St, s s, 100 ft e of Park Av, to a two-story brick stable and bakeshop, 50x26; Louis E. Kleban, 454 East 173d St, owner; S. Levingsen, architect; cost, $8,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 2.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AQUEDUCT AV, 1,624, s e s, 42.1x118.11x41.9x115.9; Charles Spillner to Christian Frank, 585 9th Av, all liens, Nov. 1; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$100

AQUEDUCT AV, 1,628, s e s, 42.1x115.9x41.9x112.7; Charles Spillner to Christian Frank, 585 9th Av, all liens, Nov. 1; attorney same.....$100

AVENUE A, 1,313, w s, 27.8x94; Gem Realty Co. to Marks L. Frank and another, Sheepshead Bay, L. I., Oct. 31; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway.....$100

BAXTER ST, 147 and 153, e s, 150x—; Joseph Bardsley to Jennie Bardsley, Upper Montclair, N. J., Oct. 28; attorneys, Arrowsmith & Dunn, 261 Broadway.....$100

BELMONT AV, e s, 120 ft n of 187th St, 50x100; Alida Annabile and another to Maria Buonamassa, 2,159 Belmont Av, (mtg $4,100,) and all liens; attorney, Joseph Nicchia, 256 Broadway.....$1

CAULDWELL AV, e s, 168.8 ft n of 156th St, 78.8x100; Lewis S. Davis to Philip Goerlitz, at Athens, N. Y., (mtg $56,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ELTON AV, s w corner of 158th St, 48x100; Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. to Wilhelm Lauter, 420 East 141st St, (mtg $52,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

HEWITT PLACE, w s, 90 ft s of Macy Place, strip 4.9x50; John Higgins to Elynor A. Tuohy, 1,274 88th St, Brooklyn, Oct. 27; attorneys, Harris, C. G. & M., 150 Nassau St.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Elynor A. Tuohy to John Higgins and Mary, his wife, 876 Macy Place, tenants by entirety; attorneys same.....$1

JACOBUS PLACE, s e s, 246 ft n e of 225th St, 13.8x—; William A. Mark to Sumner Deane, Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 31, (mtg $3,250;) address, 185 Broadway.....$100

LEXINGTON AV, 1,437 to 1,443, s e corner of 94th St, 80x85; Gem Realty Co. to Marks L. Frank, 2,117 Vorheis Av, Sheepshead Bay, L. I., (mtg $62,500,) Oct. 31; attorney, Albert W. Bonynge, 170 Broadway.....$100

LORING PLACE, e s, 217.11 ft n of 183d St, 113x irregular; Henry A. Brann, Jr., to Henry A. Brann, Sr., 527 Manhattan Av, (mtg $12,800,) and all liens, Aug. 5; attorneys, Stitt & P., 113 Fulton St.....$1

LOT 117, map (1,130) of 327 lots of Hunter estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to John Paradiso, 2,076 1st Av, all liens, Sept. 6; address, second part, 371 West 145th St.....$1

LOT 561, map of Lohbauer Park; Mary F. McGrail to Wellman Finance Realty Co., 120 Westchester Square, Oct. 21, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, R. H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square.....$100

LOTS 19 and 20, map of Flanagan estate, Throgg's Neck; Arthur H. Decker to Linda S. Decker, his wife, Augusta Place, Throgg's Neck, ½ part, all liens, Oct. 28; attorney, A. J. Smith, 53 Park Row.....$1

MADISON AV, 1,497 and 1,499, e s, 50x100; Bridget Gilson to Milton M. Goldsmith, 601 West 174th St, Oct. 31, (mtg $68,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

MELROSE AV, 667, n w corner of 153d St, 100x24.4; John G. H. Klemeyer to Henry Schwenker, at Scarsdale, N. Y., Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MIDDLETOWN ROAD, n s, 281.8 ft w of Eastern Boulevard, 56x—; Middletown Road, n s, 75.4 ft e of Williams Av, 50.2x108.5; Lots 609 and 611, map of Lohbauer Park; Charles R. Baxter to Charles R. Baxter Construction Co., Aug. 4; attorney, Charles H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square.....$100

MINFORD PLACE, 1,533 w s, 33.3x100; Sandow Realty Co. to Andreas Fuchs, 811 East 170th St, (mtg, $16,500,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

PLOT 3, Block 18, map of Fieldston; Olinda A. Camp to Frederick A. Camp, 32 West 129th St, Oct. 25; address, 280 Broadway.....$100

SPRING ST, 113 and 117, n s, 75x100; Wyckoff Holding Co. to Robert W. Bernard, 777 West End Av, Oct. 31, (mtg $23,000;) attorneys, Wayland & B., 258 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Robert W. Bernard to William C. Runyon, Newark, N. J., Nov. 1; address, 258 Broadway.....$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s e corner of 181st St, 100x25; Edw. Rafter to Wadsworth Building Co., 165 Broadway, Nov. 1, (mtg $60,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

UNION AV, n w s, Lot 23, map of Morrisania, 40x101, except part for avenue; Wilhelm Lauter to Charles T. Streeter Construction Co., 432 East 158th St, all liens, Nov. 1; attorney, O. E. Davis, 3,210 3d Av.....$100

VAN BUREN ST, 128, 25x100; Gennaro Ruocco to Debora B. Parravicino, 518 West 145th St, Oct. 23; attorney, Josephine Rezzasso, 1,734 Adams Av.....$100

WALTON AV, e s, 211.4 ft n of 165th St, strip 5x100x7x100; Charles A. Mapes to William E. Diller, 1,054 Walton Av, B. & S., Aug. 31; attorneys, Fettretch & S., 41 Park Row.....$1

WEBSTER AV, w s, 28.7 ft s of Travers St, 25x95.3x25.2x93.10; William Ebling to the Ebling Co., 760 St. Ann's Av, (mtg $2,200,) Nov. 2; attorneys, Cohn & Levy, 132 Nassau St.....$100

3D AV, s e corner of 109th St, 25.11x82; Joseph Louis to Thomas F. Maguire, 184 East 111th St, (mtg $35,000,) and all liens, Oct. 30; attorney, Harry M. Goldberg, 309 Broadway.....$100

3D ST, n s, 300 ft w of 2d Av, 25x83.9; George F. Roesch, referee, to William H. Schmohl, 1,457 Lexington Av, Nov. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.$28,750

6TH AV, 21, w s, 17.6x100; 133d St, 23 East, 17.6x99.11; Walter Urban to James N. Taylor, 347 West 55th St, July 7; attorney, A. P. Massey, 55 Liberty St.....$1

10TH AV, 385, w s, 19.1x80; Edward J. Early to New York State Realty & Terminal Co., at Grand Central Terminal, 45th St & Lexington Av, (mtg $6,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

20TH ST, s s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, 40x92; 20th St, 240 ft w of 1st Av, 20x92; Rutherian Greek Catholic Church of St. George to Slovak Evangelical Congregation of the Augsburg Confession of the Holy Trinity, 323 East 6th St, (mtg $36,500,) June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$45,000

31ST ST, 354 and 356 West, s s, 40x98.9; 31st St, 350 West, s s, 20x98.9; Gem Realty Co. to Edward Baer, 219 East 49th St, (mtg $30,000,) ½ part, all title and all liens, Oct. 31; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway.$100

38TH ST, 33 East, n s, 22x98.9; Frederick B. Jennings to George S. Franklin, 33 East 38th St, Sept. 2; attorneys, Stetson, J. & R., 15 Broad St.....$100

40TH ST, 34 East, s s, 25x98.9; Frederick L. Rodewald to Ambrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, Oct. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Ambrose Realty Co. to Edwin H. Peck, at Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $76,000,) Nov. 1; same attorney.....$100

40TH ST, 406 West, s s, 18.4x98.9; Felix Figallo to the Church of St. Clemens and Mary, a corporation, 552 West 50th St, (mtg $10,000,) Oct. 30; attorney, T. L. A. Britt, 271 Broadway.....$100

43D ST, 307 West, n s, 25x100.5; Margaret E. Ryan and others to Edward S. Murphy, 1,205 Park Av, (mtg $29,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, J. A. Rooney, 35 Nassau St.....$100

60TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.5; Charles Weinberg to Abraham L. Newberger, 109 East 60th St, Nov. 1; attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith, 35 Nassau St.....$100

69TH ST, 213 West, n s, 20.6x100.5; Emil Talamini to William B. Thom, 175 West 72d St, (mtg $15,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Co. 160 Broadway.....$1

78TH ST, 171 West, 22.6x102.2; Frank J. Schweizer to Rudolph Schweizer, 790 East 180th St, Nov. 1, (mtg $24,000;) attorneys, Heyn & C., 60 Wall St.....$1

84TH ST, 102 and 104 West, s s, 85x102.2; 75th St, 2 West, s s, 22x102.2; Central Park West, 141 to 150, w s, from 74th to 75th Sts, 204.4x100x irregular x105; Margaret A. and Annie B. Brennan, executors, &c., Michael Brennan to Brennan estate, 141 to 150 Central Park West, (mtg $869,500,) Oct. 30; attorneys, Philbin, B., M. & G., 52 William St..$904,500

90TH ST, 102 West, 35x100.8; Louis F. Doyle, referee, to Katie Hoehn, 804 St. Nicholas Av, Nov. 1, (mtg $32,000;) attorney, F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av.....$7,000

115TH ST, 119 West, n s, 25x100.11; Mary E. Bachmann and another to Hyman Feuerstein, 1,361 5th Av, (mtg $20,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Mark Aaron, 141 Broadway....$100

124TH ST, n s, 253 ft e of 3d Av, 30x100.11; Henry Jones and another to Brian G. Hughes, 1,984 Madison Av, and another, (mtg $18,000,) Oct. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

126TH ST, 50 East, s s, 20x99.11; John Farrell to Anna McDonough, 5 Riverview Terrace, (mtg $8,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

135TH ST, 612 West, s s, 38.7x99.11; D. L. Block Co. to Nels Gross, 230 Riverside Drive, (mtg $48,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

141ST ST, n s, 156.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 25x100; Arrietta Kingsland, widow, and others, heirs, &c., of John L. Kingsland, to Michael J. Sullivan, 345 East 141st St, all liens, Oct. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

141ST ST, n s, 169 ft e of Alexander Av, 12.6x100; Michael J. Sullivan to Arena A. Wright, 351 East 141st St, B. & S., all liens, Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

162D ST, 433 East, n e s, 35x100; Herman D. Junge to Benjamin Benenson, 407 East 153d St, (mtg $5,500,) Nov. 1; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway.....$100

163D ST, 725 East, n s, 25x86.4; Lizzie Fetzer to Anna Schneider, 343 East 50th St, (mtg $12,000 and all liens,) Nov. 2; attorney, Herman Herst, Jr., 220 Broadway.....$100

170TH ST, n s, 75.1 ft w of Bristow St, 25x78.1; Andreas Fuchs to Sandow Realty Co., 108 Broadway, (mtg $4,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$100

205TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of 9th Av, 50x99.11; Joseph Balmford Construction Co. to Dyckman Tract Realty Co., 45 Broadway, (mtg $30,000,) Nov. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

211TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 9th Av, 100x100; Harriet A. Chittick to Dyckman Tract Realty Co., 45 Broadway, Feb. 18, 1910; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Dyckman Tract Realty Co. to Joseph Balmford Construction Co., 509 West 146th St, Nov. 1, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

AMBROSE REALTY CO. to Frederick L. Rodewald, 145 West 58th St; 40th St, 34 East, s s, 25x98.9, Nov. 1, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$76,000

ANDERSON, Maria N., to Charles Stickler, 110th St and Riverside Drive; St. Mark's Place, 26, s s, 26x120, Nov. 2, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

BARR, Rebecca, to Lorin S. Bernheimer, executor, 2 East 59th St; Fulton Av, 1,719, w s, 18x86.2, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorney, S. Wechsler, 32 Broadway.....$3,500

BEHNKEN, Caroline M., to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; Willis Av, s w corner of 137th St, 25x81.6, Nov. 2, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$25,000

BENENSON, Benjamin, to Herman D. Junge, 951 Grant Av; 162d St, 433 East, 35x100, Nov. 1, prior mtg $5,500, due as per bond; attorneys, Kurz & U., 3,025 3d Av.....$1,000

BRAUN, Henry A., to John S. Bussing, 96 East 103d St; Loring Place, e s, 217.11 ft n of 183d St, 45x—, Nov. 2, 5 years; attorneys, Stitt & P., 113 Fulton St.....$13,500

BROE, Peter A., to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 59th St, 416 and 418 West, 37.6x100.4, Nov. 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 135 Broadway.....$15,000

BURLANDO, Adelaide, to Julius Wolf, 40 Edgecombe Av; White Plains Road, e s, 170.10 ft s of 216th St, 43x—, Nov. 1, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Wager & A., 287 Broadway.....$1,000

CHARLES T. STREETER CONSTRUCTION Co to Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund of the United States of America, 3 3d Av; Woodlawn Road, n s, 66.11 ft e of Webster Av, 37.8x80.9, Nov. 2, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$20,000

D. L. BLOCK CO. to Hattie Block, 69 West 181st St; 135th St, 612 West, s s, 38.7x99.11, prior mtg $42,000, Nov. 1, dues as per bond; attorneys, Merrill & R., 128 Broadway.$6,000

DALY, Mary, to Ellen Dowling, 114 East 120th St; Hall Place, w s, 99.11 ft s of 167th St, 25x103.5, Nov. 2, due as per bond; attorney, T. Murray, 165 Broadway.....$2,000

DYCKMAN TRACT REALTY CO to Joseph Balmford Construction Co, 509 West 146th St; 205th St, n s, 150 ft w of 9th Av, 50x99.11, Nov. 1, prior mtg $30,000, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$18,000

FALLON, Joseph P., to Henry McCaddin, Jr., Fund for Education of Candidates for Roman Catholic Priesthood in Poorer Dioceses of the United States and Elsewhere, 113 East 117th St; Wadsworth Av, e s, 100 ft s of 187th St, 50x100, Nov. 1, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Peter Eagan, 256 Broadway.....$5,000

FARLEY, James A., to Marie E. Powell, guardian, 10 East 96th St; 45th St, 12 West, 16.5x100.5, Nov. 2, due as per bond; attorney, Thomas L. Feitner, 67 Wall St.....$56,000

FEUERSTEIN, Hyman, to Mary E. Bachmann, 1,234 Theriot Av; 115th St, 119 West, 24.11x100.11, Nov. 1, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George Ludwig, 1,511 3d Av.....$2,000

FRANK, Christian, to Charles Spillner, 1,624 Aqueduct Av; Aqueduct Av, 1,624, 42.1x118.11, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$20,000

FRANK, Christian, to Charles Spillner, 1,624 Aqueduct Av; Aqueduct Av, 1,628, 42.1x115.9, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av. and 148th St.....$20,000

FUCHS, Andreas, to Sandow Realty Co., 198 Broadway; Minford Place, 1,533, w s, 100 ft n of 172d St, 33.3x100, prior mtg $16,500, Nov. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,500

GERHARDS, Victor, to Joseph E. Dutey, 1,415 Crotona Av; Minford Av, 1,446, e s, 37.6x100, Oct. 25, due as per bond; attorneys, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St.....$2,000

GOLDFARB, Martin, to Julius Mendelson, 167 Westminster Road, Brooklyn; Cannon St, 133, w s, 20x100, Nov. 1, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Joseph Sapinsky, 35 Nassau St.....$1,000

HOCK, Jacob P., to Elizabeth Trotter, 330 East 161st St; Grace Av, e s, 325 ft s of Lyon Av, 25x130, Nov. 2, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, John F. Frees, 3,029 3d Av.....$4,250

LACHTRUP, Ida, to Esther Surut, 138 West 121st St; Canal St, s s, 51.8 ft w of Church St, 25.7x—, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$17,000

MAZE REALTY CO to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway; Fox St, n s, 353.9 ft e of St. John's Av, 2 lots, each 40.7x125, 2 mtgs, each $23,000, Oct. 26, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 176 Broadway.....$46,000

OATMAN, Georgine, to Susan C. Barrett, 248 West 123d St; 51st St, 311 West, 20.10x100.5, prior mtg $12,000, Oct. 31, due as per bond; attorney, Joseph Oatman, 1,536 Broadway.....$3,500

PARADISO, John, to H. P. Rose Co, 32 West 45th St; Lot 117, map of 327 lots, Hunter estate, Sept. 6, 3 years; address, 32 West 45th St.....$340

ROSE, William G., to Daniel Seymour and another, executors, Yonkers, N. Y.; Sedgwick Av, w s, at lands of Matthew Kyle, —x—, Nov. 2, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, Drexel Building.....$10,750

ROTTERDAM HOLDING CO. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; Southern Boulevard, e s, 100 ft n of Barretto St, 112.6x100, Nov. 1, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$115,000

SCHMOHL, William H., to William Bruce-Brown, 13 East 70th St; 3d St, 11 East, n s, 25x83.9, Oct. 31, 3 years; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St.....$22,000

SCHWEIZER, Rudolph, to Frank J. Schweizer, 2,123 Vyse Av; 78th St, 171 West, 22.6x102.2, Nov. 1, 5 years, 4 p. c.; attorneys, Heyn & C., 60 Wall St.....$4,000

SCHWENKER, Henry, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Melrose Av, 667, n w corner of 153d St, 100x24.4, Oct. 26, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway..$24,000

SCHWENKER, Henry, to John G. H. Klemeyer, 404 East 141st St; Melrose Av, 667, n w corner of 153d St, 100x24.4, prior mtg $24,000, Nov. 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$10,000

THOM, William B., to Emil Talamini, 149 Lenox Av; 69th St, 213 West, n s, 20x100.5, prior mtg $10,000, Nov. 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway.....$5,000

WADSWORTH BUILDING CO. to Robert Gray, 413 West 146th St; St. Nicholas Av, s e corner of 187th St, 100x25, Nov. 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, William A. White & Sons, 62 Cedar St.....$6,000

WARMUTH, Michael, to August Schacht, 335 1st St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Water St, 134, n w corner of Pine St, —x—, leasehold, Nov. 1, due as per bond; attorney, F. B. Chedsey, 320 Broadway.....$6,000

WAUNEGAN REALTY CO. to Title Insurance Co., 176 Broadway; Broadway, s w corner of 164th St, 99.11x125, Nov. 1, 5 years; address, 176 Broadway.....$15,000

ZARETZKY, Samuel, to Adelaide C. Housman, Babylon, L. I.; Rutgers Place, 10, s s, 25.9x127.7x25.9x128.2, Nov. 1, 3 years; attorney, B. F. Feiner, 35 Nassau St.....$35,000

25TH CONSTRUCTION CO to Irving Sav. Institution, 115 Chambers St; 29th St, n s, 346.1 ft e of 7th Av, 60.6x98.9, Nov. 1, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$210,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

COLUMBUS AV, 800, store and basement; Jacob Selig to Jonas Beermann, 118 West 97th St, 10 years, from Nov. 1, 1911..$3,000

WATER ST, 134, all; August Schacht to Michael Warmuth, 150 67th St, Brooklyn, 10 years, from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, Francis B. Chedsey, 320 Broadway.....$3,600

2D AV, 2,109, corner store, &c.; James McGee to Samuel Kantor, 5 7-12 years, from Sept. 15, 1909; attorneys, Herbst & G., 116 Nassau St.....$1,440

3D AV, s w corner of 53d St, all; Daniel Foley to John Prange, 308 East 58th St, 10 years, from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, Edward M. Burghard, 120 Broadway.....$4,000

5TH AV, 2,019, e s, all; Charles N. Crittenden to Isidor Lewkowitz, 40 East 67th St, 25 years, from June 1, 1906.....$1,800

7TH AV, 2,202, south store; Katie Wise to John Kalakanis, 90 Cherry St, 2 9-12 years, from April 1, 1911; attorney, Felix Antonacchio, 299 Broadway.....$540

SAME PROPERTY, south store; John Kalakanis to Antonio Jennett, 2,202 7th Av, 2 2-12 years, from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, same.$540

5TH AV, 1,368, store and basement; John H. Collins and another to Isaac Bittker, 24 West 113th St, 3 years, from Sept. 10, 1911; address, 1,368 5th Av, 3 years, from Sept. 10, 1911.....$1920

9TH AV, 521, corner store and basement; Beadleston & Woerz to William J. O'Brien and another, 521 9th Av, 5 years, from Nov. 1, 1911; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 37 Wall St.....$1,800

11TH ST, 343 East, all; Edward Rafter to Pietro Fiorentino, 343 East 11th St, 5 years, from Nov. 1, 1911; address, 343 East 11th St.....$2,500

15TH ST, 305 West, part basement and yard; Patrick J. Mooney to Julius Waisman, 214 Forsyth St, 3 9-12 years, from Aug. 1, 1911; attorney, Leon Bleecker, 175 Broadway..$240

18TH ST, 12 and 14 West, east store and part cellar; B. & L. Construction Co. to William Elson and another, 4,530 18th Av, Brooklyn, 5 years, from Dec. 1, 1911; attorneys, Elson & J., 179 West Broadway.....$2,500

180TH ST, 661 West, corner store and basement; Barnard Realty Co. to Nicholas Schmitz, 601 West 180th St, 5 years, from Dec. 1, 1911; attorneys, Van Ness & Van Ness, 220 Broadway.....$3,000

Mechanics' Liens.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 103.7 ft n of 174th St; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against Joseph Diamond Construction Co., owner; Tager & Katz, contractors.....$29

CARTER AV, w s, — ft n of 174th St; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against Joseph Diamond Construction Co., owner; Tager & Katz, contractors.....$36

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478 to 481; Benjamin Wichody against Brown-Weiss Realties Co., owner; Henry A. Feder, contractor.$338

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 475 ft n of 122d St, 150x100; Lazarus Hirschenfeld & Co. against Clementine Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$125

CLINTON AV, e s, 193.2 ft n of McKinley Square, 102.2x186.11x irregular to Boston Road; S. H. Pomeroy Co. against E. H. Weissager and William H. Weissager, owners; United Metal Covered Door and Sash Co., contractor.....$280

CLINTON AV, e s, 193.2 ft n of McKinley Square, 102.2x186.11 to Boston Road; Church E. Gates & Co. against William H. Weissager, owner and contractor.....$666

DALY AV, s e corner of 180th St; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against Krabo Ernst Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$145

DALY AV, s e corner of 180th St, 100.10x171.7; Julius Oehrlein against Krabo Ernst Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$353

DALY AV, s e corner of 180th St; Joseph Borrelli against Krabo Ernst Realty Co., owner; Ernest Krabo contractor.....$1,200

EASTBURN AV, s w corner of 175th St; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against John Doe, owner; Nathan B. Levin Co., contractor.....$50

FOREST AV, s e corner of 166th St, 100x100; Colwell Lead Co. against Amolsky Construction Co., owner; L. Black & Brother, contractor.....$118

PEARL ST, 434; Morris Zimmermann against Augusta Schieck, Elizabeth Dunsing, and August Dunsing, owners; Daniel F. Anglin and Daniel Leary, contractors.....$607

SETON AV, w s, 350 ft n of Nelson Av, 30x100; G. Lenardi against Annie Metzler, owner; Henry Metzler, agent and contractor..$132

UNDERCLIFF AV, w s, 379.3 ft n of Washington Bridge; Sanitary Fireproofing and Contracting Co. against Hope Construction Co., owner; Tager & Katz, contractors...$35

UNION AV, 1,098 to 1,106; 166th St, 815 East, and 167th St, 814 East; Benjamin Wichody against Matilda N. Brower, owner; Henry A. Feder, contractor.....$448

WADSWORTH AV, n w corner of 180th St, 119.6x90; Springfield Boiler and Manufacturing Co. against Mutual Apartment Co., owner; George P. Morrell, Inc., contractor, (renewal).....$1,160

6TH AV, n w corner of 30th St, 119.4x105.10; F. N. Du Bois & Co. against Loew Amusement Co., owner; Louis Black & Brother, contractor.....$363

24TH ST, 142 to 146 West; Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co. against District Realty Co., owner, (renewal).....$2,055

24TH ST, 148 and 150 West; same against Boreas Realty Co., owner, (renewal)....$5,031

24TH ST, 142 to 146 West; Michael Larkin & Son against District Realty Co., owner; Peter Guthy, contractor, (renewal).....$716

24TH ST, 142 to 156 West; Michael Larkin & Son against District Realty Co., owner; Peter Guthy, contractor, (renewal).....$3,483

59TH ST, 101 and 103 East; Joseph Tino and others against Wilmurt Realty Co., owner; Belvedere Construction, contractor.....$55

58TH ST, 31 West; Fiske & Co., Inc., against Alice B. Nicoll, owner; Weatherlow & Korn, contractors; Belvedere Construction Co., subcontractor.....$92

73D ST, 250 West; William A. Thomas Co. against Dr. Heinrich Stone, owner; Benjamin Leff and Jacob Perlman, contractors; Nathan Pickett, sub-contractor.....$155

111TH ST, 253 West; Benjamin Wichody against Brown-Weiss Realties Co., owner; Henry A. Feder, contractor.....$46

111TH ST, 255 West; Benjamin Wichody against Charles Buck Construction Co., owner; Henry A. Feder, contractor.....$113

136TH ST, 496 West; Benjamin Wichoby against Louis M. Hensch, owner; Henry A. Feder, contractor.....$69

147TH ST, 308 and 310 West; same against J. Willett Fox, owner; Henry A. Feder, contractor.....$143

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

MONROE ST, 165; Ike Kushner against Max Baegel, Sept. 14, 1911, $190.

43D ST, 144 and 146 West, and Broadway, 1,482 to 1,490; Thomas S. Moran against Mary A. Fitzgerald and others, Oct. 26, 1910, $80.

43D ST, 144 and 146 West, and Broadway, 1,482 to 1,490; Manhattan Sand Co. against Mary A. Fitzgerald and others, Dec. 13, 1910, $223.

43D ST, 144 and 146 West, and Broadway, 1,482 to 1,490; Manhattan Sand Co. against Mary A. Fitzgerald and others, Feb. 6, 1911, $108.

43D ST, 144 and 146 West, and Broadway, 1,482 to 1,490; Traitel Marble Co. against Mary A. Fitzgerald and others, Jan. 23, 1911, $126.

98TH ST, 207 West; Joseph B. Friedlander Co against T. J. McLaughlin's Sons and others, Oct. 19, 1911, (by bond,) $1,720.

102D ST, 306 and 308 East; David Rosenblum against Arnold Brudner and others, Oct. 26, 1911, $850.

Lis Pendens.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 259.10 ft n of 175th St, 199.10x100; A. Pardi Tile Co. against Gingold Realty Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Foulds & Galland.

BRADHURST AV, s e corner of 148th St, 25x75; Stephen Roeser and others against Mary A. Nally and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Ferriss, Roeser & Storck.

BIRMINGHAM ST, 2 to 12, and Madison St, 139 and 139½; Maria L. Vanderpoel against Lewis Krulewitch and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, Man & Man.

HOFFMAN ST, 2,385; John Davis, Jr., against John Cook and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Davis.

LOT 39, map of Daily estate; Mary A. McCormack against Salvatore Vinciguerre and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Clocke, Koch & Reidy.

MONROE ST, 332; Francis K. Pendleton against Hyman Small and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. O. Anderson.

ROGERS PLACE, e s, 350.1 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x90; Margaret Paulding against Rogers Building Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Baylis & Sanborn.

13TH ST, 111 to 121 East; 14th St, 114 East; Robert J. Mahoney, Inc., against City Theatre Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Douglas & Armitage.

34TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Thomas Doyle and others against James M. Hanley and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. F. Higgins.

40TH ST, 247 West; Katherine A. Fitzpatrick against Stella T. Edwards, (specific performance;) attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus.

105TH ST, 207 and 209 East; Harry Fischel against Morris Sleiner and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. A. Seldman.

119TH ST, 133 East; Mary N. Crosby against Alice M. Doughty and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Rider.

132D ST, 7 East; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Samuel Scher and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins.

133D ST, 123 West; Morris Bloch against Frederick Ferber, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Freyer & Hyman.

152D ST, 615 and 617 West; Gella Uhlfelder and others against Joseph Boltan and others, (action to compel reconveyance;) attorneys, Morrison & Schiff.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

SPEED AND WORKMANSHIP

LIBMAN CONTRACTING CO.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

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CAPITAL - - $4,000,000

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Real Estate

Management Rentals Sales

62 Cedar Street

West Side.

Executor's Sale.—Three-story, high-stoop, brownstone dwelling, 16x60, lot 100, No. 352 West 122d St. Apply G. C. H., 176 Broadway.

East Side.

St. Nicholas Ave. Near 145th St.

100x100; East Side.

MORTGAGE $25,000 AT 5%.

GREAT BARGAIN if purchased at once. E. L. Brown, 506 S. Broadway, Yonkers, N.Y.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Elegant two-family, private brick house; 12 rooms; all improvements; finest condition; best private block; at sacrifice. Particulars, 895 Prospect Av.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEAUTIFUL HOUSE NEAR WATER.

Long Island Sound; only 32 minutes from Penn. Sta., with waterfront privileges to elegant and select bathing beach and yacht club; only 2 minutes from shore and same distance to station; dock for your yacht or motor boat; electricity, gas, cement sidewalks and sewers, all in and paid for; (no assessments;) very select and refined neighborhood and environment; $350 down, $30 or more monthly. R. A., 24 Times.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Free bungalow plans, showing different elevations, size, finish, &c.; also easy terms on which we build them at new bungalow colony, Fanwood, N. J. Send for them and free railroad tickets to visit the property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

A small monthly payment buys one of our vegetable gardens and chicken farms, size 100x300, at Fanwood, N. J.; near depot and trolley; splendid location. Full particulars and railroad tickets to visit property free. Send for them. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

House, high elevation, 7 rooms, bath, all improvements; near station, school, 40 minutes out; tube connections up or down town New York; must sacrifice by Nov. 15 without fail; all year home; call immediately; restricted property. Room 534, Singer Building, N. Y.

Cozy little house, 5 rooms and bath; modern improvements; newly decorated; 20 minutes from 42d St. and 15 minutes from 130th St. Ferry; $20. Call or write A. W. Dexter, corner Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Must Sell at Once.—Old-fashioned house, suitable ground for raising chickens; small payment down, balance monthly; 5c. fare to city; great chance for industrious man or woman; no reasonable offer refused. G 104 Times.

Responsible, competent couple may secure eleven-room, furnished, modern, Englewood residence. Owners will board if desired. Address "Prompt," H 208 Times Downtown.

Four and five room apartments and bath; all other improvements; $15 and $17. Call or write A. W. Dexter, office corner Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Opportunity for buyers of Long Island lots on contract too far from city for you to build; can get home near city. Write G 102 Times.

New two-family brick house, opposite Grant's Tomb; 5c. fare to city; income pays your rent; good investment. G 103 Times.

Farms, lakes, tracts, dwellings, homes, sites for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Physician or dentist having extra room can hear of dentist of unqualified standing who would share expense of office; neighborhood West 50th St. F 156 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

6 STUCCO HOUSES FOR SALE 10 and 11 Rooms and 1 and 2 baths

The kind they call "High Class"; living room 14x28 ft.; dining room 14x18 ft.; kitchen 15 ft. square; hardwood trim; parquet floors, open stone fireplace in living room; electric light, steam heat; tile bathrooms; improved plumbing; houses built on terrace, no obstruction to view possible.

HOW TO GET THERE: Sixth or Ninth Av. elevated to 155th St., then Putnam Division to Lincoln Park; five minutes' walk east to Midland Av. or Broadway Subway to 242d St. then Broadway car Yonkers, getting transfer for McLean Av. car going east to Midland Av.

VAN CORTLANDT CREST

JUST NORTH OF VAN CORTLANDT PARK AND EAST OF BEAUTIFUL PARKHILL

Croton aqueduct passes in front of property. Large new school to be built within two blocks. Trolley (McLean Av. Trolley cars) within block of property.

PRICES FROM $9,500 TO $12,500

Plots 50 and 75x100

AGENTS ON PREMISES OR APPLY TO

F. T. RICHTER REALTY COMPANY

111 Manhattan St.

New York City

Near "Sub" Station.

Phone 4793 Morningside

AN ATTRACTIVE RENTAL

DUTCH COLONIAL, three baths, four fireplaces, sleeping balcony, hot-water heat. It's a brand new house and owner will decorate; Hudson River section.

COOLEY & WEST, INC.,

'Phone 4430 Murray Hill,

Charles Building, 331 Madison Ave.

THE NEVER HOMES

is a good play. But you'll want to be always at home if you make your purchase as an investment, not speculation.

AN OPPORTUNITY

is provided to do this at PHILIPSE MANOR, near Tarrytown, with "A Mile Front on the Hudson." Here you are assured of congenial neighbors, proper restrictions lasting forever, and greatest of care in property development.

HERE ARE NOW

built more than 20 houses, all by day's work; all with hot-water heat, all with 1, 2, 3, and 4 bathrooms and many of the up-to-date notions—outdoor sleeping porches, billiard rooms, conservatories, &c.

ROOM FOR 200

more houses. Doesn't all this information assure to you a good home investment? It certainly does. Write or 'phone at once for appointment or for photos of the proposition.

COOLEY & WEST, Inc.,

331 Madison Avenue.

'Phone 4430 Murray Hill.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME or stock farm, about 250 acres; 3 hours from New York and 1½ miles of station; main residence, 12 rooms and improvements; farmer's cottage 6 rooms; extensive farm buildings; particular attention has been given to chicken industry; farm will keep 50 head of stock; price less than $100 an acre. Full particulars from

COOLEY & WEST, INC.,

Dept. H, 331 Madison Av.

Phone 4430 Murray Hill.

JUST THREE MINUTES' walk from Hudson River and Station. A new house built by day's work—nothing cheap, just solid, substantial, and very attractive. Improvements include two baths and hot-water heat. Splendid river views and among the best kind of neighbors. You really should see it. Phone 1501 Murray Hill, or address HANDY, Room 1,000 Charles Building, 43d St. & Madison Avenue.

FINE old-fashioned country house; 8 rooms; bath; 30 acres; excellent view; 2 hours out; near village; good neighbors; price, $6,500.

Address Dept B, COOLEY & WEST, INC., 331 Madison Av.

104 ACRES.

In clean homelike village; 2 hours from Grand Central; extensive farm buildings; house has four fireplaces; magnificent views; price, $9,000, including stock; ½ cash.

COOLEY & WEST, INC.,

Dept. E, 331 Madison Av.

Phone 4430 Murray Hill.

New Rochelle.

New Rochelle.—Superb modern house with large rooms, 25x25; new plumbing; garage; 500 feet frontage; $1,500 per annum. 74 Elm St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CALDER'S TWO-FAMILY HOUSES

Two story and basement brick and limestone fronts; all modern improvements.

75 of these houses have been built in this immediate vicinity.

Price $9,250—Terms to Suit.

ONLY 3 LEFT

Sherman St., bet. 10th & 11th Aves.

ONE-FAMILY HOUSES

Two-story and cellar, brick and limestone; up-to-date improvements, including hardwood trim.

Price $6,000—Terms to Suit.

ONLY 6 LEFT

100 of these houses have been sold

Howard Pl. Bet. Windsor Pl. & Prospect Ave.

200 Feet East of Prospect Park West. Apply to office.

1648 11th Ave., Corner Sherman St.

Take Smith St. car to 11th Av., three short blocks to Sherman St.; Vanderbilt, Union, Greenpoint, 16th Av., 15th St. cars, get off at Windsor Place, two short blocks to 11th Av.

MANUFACTURER.

SACRIFICE SALE ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL.

Can you beat an overhead charge of 12c. per square foot per year? This property now offered for sale has been operated at this cost; 68 to 76 3d St., near Gowanus Canal; 3-story and cellar factory building; lot running through to 4th St. on a plot fronting 126 ft. on 3d St. by 190 ft. in depth; 2 boilers, engine and tanks; building steam heated and well lighted; approximately 20,000 square feet and 7,500 square feet of yard space. Might lease with privilege to purchase. Apply to owner on premises, or

J. D. H. BERGEN & SON,

314 Court St., bet. Degraw & Sackett.

215 Midwood St., Prospect Park East, between Bedford and Rogers Avs. Elegant 2-story, stone, bay-window-front dwelling; 9 rooms and bath; hardwood trim throughout; parquet floors; console mirror; open hearth in foyer hall; electric light, &c.; only $1,000 cash, balance easy terms.

REALTY ASSOCIATES,

176 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Telephone 6480 Main.

WHY NOT

purchase in the healthiest, prettiest location in Greater New York? Crescent Country Club one block away. Private houses; view of water; high ground; good drainage; spacious lawns; large trees. Everything to satisfy home lovers. Price $3,500 to $24,000. Executors Realty Company, 150 Nassau St., Manhattan.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

JUST LOOK

At the Elmhurst Homes we are offering and you will be convinced of the mistake of paying big rental for a small flat.

Model Dwellings, well built of brick and stucco, with every real convenience, including steam heat, sewers, gas, and electric lights. Ideally located, near schools, churches, and cars. See these homes and you'll like them and want to

"Live in Elmhurst"

Only 15 Minutes from Herald Square.

This is the chance of a lifetime to get a convenient, tasteful home at a low figure. Price, $6,500 to $7,250, terms to suit. Agent always on property.

A few 5 and 6 Room Apartments to rent—$24 and $26.

For illustrated booklet, address Dept. "B"

QUEENSBORO CORPORATION

F. G. RANDALL, Sales Mgr.

366 5th Ave., cor. 35th St.,

HOW TO GET THERE—Train every half hour from New Penn. R. R. Station, 34th St. Via Queensboro Bridge, take Jackson Ave. car to 5th St. or Corona car to Baxter Ave. From Brooklyn or Williamsburg Bridges, take Junction Ave. car.

ELMHURST, L. I.

Modern 9 room apartment houses. Magnificent new row of two story and attic dwellings. Hardwood floor, tiled baths and gas ranges. Steam heat, hot and cold water supply included in rent.

$60 per month.

10 minutes to Herald Square.

25 minutes by trolley to New York or Brooklyn.

THE CORD MEYER CO.

62 William St., N. Y. City—Elmhurst, L. I.

Tel. 1961 John 700 Newtown

Owner of 231 lots on railroad between Hillside and St. Albans, near Jamaica, Long Island, (entire plot level as table, granolithic sidewalks and curbs,) will sell to first cash buyer 150 lots at price paid for the acreage five years ago. The price will surprise anyone who investigates.

H. B. HALE, (Owner,)

67 People's Bank Building,

Wilkesbarre, Penn.

You Will Be Delighted

with this modern house, Hillcrest Ave., just north of Soldiers' monument [illegible] terms easier than rent. Inspect [illegible] your family. Box G 107 Times Downtown.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Six new houses now completed and for sale at prices ranging from $15,000 to $25,000. Plans and particulars on request. Easy terms. Building plots $40 to $50 front foot.

Kensington

Great Neck.

A Home Colony for People of Refinement. Only 16 miles from Herald Square, on the high North Shore of Long Island. Send for Booklet.

Rickert-Finlay Realty Co.

45 West 34th Street.

$100,000 Canal and Waterfront Park now being constructed. Swimming pool, tennis courts and casino for exclusive use of Kensington home owners. 'Phone 5600 Murray Hill for booklet, A.

50 Cents a Week

Will Buy for You

CHICKEN FARM

100 Feet Front 100 Feet Deep for $100

It's Easy $2 Down Monthly You Can Do It

Every foot level and tillable. South Shore Long Island, about one hour out by rail.

BAY SHORE AND ISLIP

Near Village Near Depot

Among the Pines Near the Bay

FREE EXCURSION EACH DAY

MONDAY SATURDAY SUNDAY

Buy now and get your best choice of plots. It is no effort to own the plot. Why not try? These plots should sell for $300 in 5 years. Tickets and maps now ready.

HALF ACRE, Price Only $300 $5 Down Monthly

W. H. Moffitt Realty Co.

34th St. & Madison Av.

New York City

A SEASHORE HOME

in restricted Summer colony, famous for its boating, bathing, fishing, hunting, and all water sports. Plots $450; easy terms.

Restrictions demand house of the value of $800; SUMMER HOME, INCLUDING PLOT, WOULD COST AS LITTLE AS $1,250. Gas, water and sewer. Commuting distance. No agents. Owner, 616 Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York City. Telephone 1,697 Murray Hill.

LONG BEACH BARGAIN.

5 residential lots at $750 each. Second block from ocean.

FREDERICK P. JONES,

Long Beach Real Estate Broker,

334 5th Avenue, cor. 33d Street.

UNUSUAL 1,000 FOOT SHORE FRONT.

150 BLUFF, GRAND VIEWS AND AIR. Fine house and outbuildings; also bungalow on property; about 30 acres, Northport, Long Island. S., P. O. Box 1265, New York.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A $45,000 STOCK FARM FOR $20,000. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

NEW SYSTEM CUTS COST OF BIG GUNS

Shop Economies Tried in Watertown Arsenal Increase the Output.

STIMSON INDORSES PLAN

System Means Higher Wages and Better Work, Says Gen. Crozier, After Three-Year Trial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—"Scientific shop management" was indorsed to-day by Secretary of War Stimson, who based his conviction as to its value on a report by Brig. Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, which was made public to-day. The Secretary is satisfied that its introduction to Government workshops will work no hardship to labor.

The report has been awaited by organized labor and employers with much interest. It is believed the question will figure prominently in the next National campaign, and for this reason Gen. Crozier's findings are regarded as being of unusual import. In making it public the Secretary said:

"The Watertown Arsenal has been used practically as an experiment station, with a view of trying out the theory. There has been an undoubted increase in the efficiency of the workmen and a material reduction in the cost of manufacture, without endangering the interests of the workingmen, either by decreasing their pay or requiring unpleasant exertion, or 'speeding up.'

'It means a betterment, and in no wise an impairment of the conditions of labor. A change for that kind of betterment is the only kind of change which the Government will permit through the installation of any 'scientific management.'"

Gen. Crozier declares that the Ordnance Department has been experimenting with the "Taylor system" for the last three years, and that while much important information has been collected, the problem has not been solved, though "it seems certain that either by this system or by some other it ought to be possible to secure better co-operation of the employes among themselves, and between them and the management, than has been had in the past."

The manner in which the system was installed is then detailed. A planning room relieved the foreman of a large amount of clerical work and insured a continuous flow of work. Men were assigned to keep the tools sharp, messengers fetched and carried for the higher-priced machinists, who were thereby enabled to devote their whole attention to productive work. The plant was kept in order by others so it could be worked at its highest efficiency. Experts showed the workmen how fast their machines should run and how deep their tools should cut.

Hence the labor cost of one set of parts for a twelve-inch mortar carriage was cut from $480 to $275, and corresponding reductions were made in other work.

Gen. Crozier asserts that while further marked economies to the Government will result, the adoption of the system will mean increased pay and better conditions to the employes. The average premium to machinists, he says, has been 25 per cent. of their wages.

In conclusion he expresses belief that better production can be had by proper care by the management, but that high production is impossible without correspondingly high wages.

INITIATIVE-REFERENDUM UP.

Case Contesting Legality of Method Is Due Before Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The legal fight involving the constitutionality of the initiative and referendum method of legislation in America was expected to come up to-day before the Supreme Court of the United States, but the case was not reached. Prominent attorneys are in Washington to address the court on the subject.

The issue is raised by the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company, who seek to have declared void a proposed tax imposed by the initiative and referendum system of legislation in the State of Oregon. Jointly with this case the court will also listen to arguments that an amendment to the charter of the City of Portland, Ore., authorizing the construction of a $2,000,000 bridge in that city is void, because adopted by the initiative and referendum method.

Counsel for the telephone company will argue that initiative and referendum legislation is a violation of the guarantee in the Federal Constitution of a republican form of government for each State. A number of States which have adopted the system have joined hands with Oregon to defend it. Among these are Missouri, California, Arkansas, Colorado, South Dakota, and Nebraska.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Pocket Knives and Pencils Get Lower Duty—Other Metal Decisions.

In sustaining protests filed by B. Altman & Co., the Board of United States General Appraisers holds that the Collector of Customs at New York erred in his classification of pocket knives and pencils imported by the protestants. The articles were returned for duty as "articles of personal adornment," with duty the equivalent of 85 per cent. ad valorem. The importers alleged that the pocket knives should be allowed to enter at 40 per cent. ad valorem and 20 cents each under the provision in the Act of 1909 for "pocket knives," while the pencils were claimed dutiable at 45 per cent. ad valorem as "manufactures of metal not specially provided for." The claims are sustained, and the Collector ordered to make a reliquidation on the basis of the lower duties granted by the board.

The board sustained a claim filed by the American Window Glass Company regarding the classification of power tools invoiced as electric polishers. The tools are used in polishing or taking scratches out of window glass, and consist of a motor connected to a wheel or polishing tool. Duty was assessed on the articles at 45 per cent. under the provision in the Act of 1909 for "manufactures of metal." The importer alleged that the tax should be 30 per cent. as "machine tools." Judge Fischer states in his decision sustaining the protest that the board is unable to make any distinction in principle between the articles here in controversy and the floor planers passed upon recently in the so-called Byers case. The Collector is reversed.

Protests by Dana & Co. and Crocker Brothers, relating to the classification of silico-spiegel, were overruled. The Collector returned the merchandise for duty at the rate of 20 per cent. under the present tariff as an "unwrought metal." The importers claimed that the metal is dutiable at a rate lower than that assessed under Paragraph 118, which provides for "spiegeleisen." As no proof was adduced by the protestants in support of their contention, the board overrules the claim.

Claims by several importers objecting to the assessment of duty on iron drums containing chemicals were decided in favor of the protestants by the board. The drums were returned for duty as "unusual" coverings, with a tax of 30 per cent. on their value. It was claimed that they are the "usual" coverings for the merchandise. The Collector is reversed. The importers include A. Klipstein & Co., Wilfred Schade & Co., O. G. Hempstead & Son, Amerman & Patterson, and others.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SPECIAL 4½% MONEY
It will pay you to investigate.
TELEPHONE 2237 CORTLANDT.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR. C
95 Liberty St. N. Y. City.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LEONARD H. HOWARD of 800 East 216th Street has filed a petition with liabilities of $1,950 and no assets.

AERIAL EQUIPMENT COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Aerial Equipment Company of 1,743 Broadway show liabilities $13,467 and assets $141 in accounts.

LURIE & ZUCKERMAN.—A petition has been filed against Lurie & Zuckerman, furriers at 40 West Twenty-eighth Street, by two creditors: George I. Fox, $400, and Susskind & Levy, $125. The liabilities are $4,000 and assets $500.

SAMUEL MARGULIUS.—A petition has been filed against Samuel Margulius, dry goods dealer at 43 Delancey Street, by these creditors: Rudnick Pepper, $227; Morris Schechter, $201, and East Lake Manufacturing Co., $177. The liabilities are $3,000, and assets $1,500.

WILLIAM B. B. SMITH, an accountant at 165 Broadway, has filed a petition, with known liabilities of $13,855 and 27 claims, the amounts of which are unknown, and no assets. There are two New York City creditors, L. F. Dommerich & Co., $200, and James McCurrach & Brother, $200.

JOSEPH B. KISLINGER.—A petition has been filed against Joseph B. Kislinger, dealer in diamonds at 37 Liberty Street, by two creditors: Joseph Wallman, $288, and Jacob Rosenblum, $400. The liabilities are $20,000, and assets estimated at $3,000. Judge Holt appointed Clarence S. Houghton receiver.

WOLFFS.—A petition has been filed against Wolffs, a corporation, which has a hotel, restaurant, and saloon at 156 West Forty-fifth Street, by these creditors: Ebling Brewing Company, $4,273; Josephine Wolff, $1,250, and Cordela L. Caron, $1,250. The liabilities are $27,000 and assets estimated at $2,500.

BRENNER BROTHERS.—Judge Holt has confirmed a composition with creditors of Brenner Brothers, manufacturers of waists and costumes at 128 West Twenty-fifth Street, who also did business as the High Grade Silk Company at Paterson, N. J., at 30 cents on the dollar cash. The liabilities were $44,982 and nominal assets $22,997.

MICHAELIS & LINDEMAN.—A petition has been filed against Michaelis & Lindeman, Incorporated, wholesale and retail dealers in cigars, wines, and liquors at 459 Broadway, by these creditors: Harry R. Mooney, $5,000; Leon A. Van Praag, $5,000, and M. C. Houser, $1,000. Judge Holt appointed Henry L. Van Praag receiver, bond $10,000, and authorized him to continue the business 30 days. The liabilities are $40,000 and assets $35,000.

MORRIS BERNHARD COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed John S. Sheppard, Jr., receiver for the Morris Bernhard Company, manufacturer of upholstery trimmings at 144 West Eighteenth Street, on application of Marcus Bruckheimer, Treasurer of the company, who says he is a creditor for $107,069. The receiver was authorized to continue business for thirty days, and his bond was fixed at $25,000. Mr. Bruckheimer and Morris Bernhard, President of the company, have been at odds for several months past. Mr. Bernhard stated that the total liabilities are $38,000 and assets are approximately $85,000.

MIDDLESEX DRY GOODS COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Middlesex Dry Goods Company of 9 Walker Street by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $500; Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, $500, and the Campbell Company, $100. The merchandise liabilities are $14,000, nominal assets $20,000, and actual assets estimated at $10,000. Creditors have held several meetings to try to adjust affairs, but no agreement was reached. Judge Holt appointed Harry A. Cushing receiver and authorized him to continue business thirty days. It was stated that the total liabilities are $40,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adelman, Isidore—T. Robertson et al., $120.
Same—Same, $120.
Bolton, Max or Joseph—N. Y. Telephone Co., $330.
Amelia, Rosie—Ebling Brewing Co., $380.
Bonwick, Albert—S. H. E. Jennings et al., $229.
Bigley, Frank—J. M. Fishel et al., $104.
Cascio, Sebastian—S. Zuckerman, Jr., $436.
Cicciani, Domenico—People, &c., $200.
Crossland, Kenneth C.—J. Gordts, $239.
Cahen, Gustave W.—L. F. Smith, $462.
Cassel, Jacob—H. J. Boldt, $126.
Degenkolb, Max—M. Roth, costs, $202.
Dill, Clarence E.—American Newspaper Publishers' Association, $141.
Donohue, Helen, by guardian—J. Lucey, costs, $109.
Edwards, William H.—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $235.
Frank, Kathlyn D.—W. H. Fales, $369.
Fritz, Jacob, and Adam J. Roth—Brounrigg & Stevenson Co., $243.
Fisher, Thomas, and John N. Vogel—People, &c., $500.
Frisch, Henry, (not summoned,) and Martin Steinmetz—I. Hirschhorn et al., $520.
Carmichael, Vivian L.—Aetna Life Insurance Co., $115.
Gallo, Denis M.—J. W. Fiske Iron Works, $385.
Griffith, Walter B.—International Paint Mfg. Co., $163.
Glassman, Samuel—I. N. Burdick, $260.
Gomprecht, Jacob, and Alfred Epstein—Carnegie Trust Co., $8,796.
Hayden, Thomas—A. H. Joline et al., $146.
Hand, William B. and Walter S.—James Taylor & Sons, $173.
Hahn, John H.—J. E. Heins, $373.
Joseph, Martha—F. V. Butler et al., $273.
Kaufman, Lou B.—A. Michaels, $420.
Kissam, William A.—Borden & Lovell, $3,197.
Koch, Franz, and Edward Pietsch—M. Wolte & Sons, $197.
Livingston, Emanuel J.—P. Korn, $161.
Linker, Joseph—Thomson Crocker Shoe Co., $371.
Lieberman, Morris—M. Salzman Co., $505.
MacBride, James E., and Herbert T. Auerbach—Albany Trust Co., $518.
McCoy, Ray, (not summoned,) and Wilbur J.—H. Ressler, $388.
Morinio, Antonio and Maria—J. D. Hamilton et al., $66.
Miller, Morris—H. M. Bry, $422.
Martin, John—N. Y. Headquarters Knights of Columbus, costs, $112.
Oppenheim, Jacob—N. Y. Telephone Co., $102.
Plummer, David S.—N. Y. County National Bank, $268.
Peyser, Herman C.—C. Bertrand, $2,120.
Pigueron, George H., and John L. Toscani, (not summoned)—H. C. Mandel, $264.
Robertson, John L.—L. J. Needham, $304.
Schotoff, Julius W.—J. O. Loffler et al., $318.
Spires, Andrew—P. Vofoupulos, $234.
Stockmann, Frederick—Hudson County Consumers' Brewing Co., $1,286.
Senftenberg, Leopold—Union Real Estate Co., $102.
Sullivan, James M.—L. J. Obermier, $252.
Schultz, Abram—A. Garbak, $130.
Salter, Georgiana R.—Wine Growers' Association, $160.
Seidelman, Elishe—Nassau Electric Railroad Co., $144.
Tubbs, William J.—Naumer Electric Co., $138.
Townsend, William M.—Charles M. Decker & Brothers, $133.
Van Nostrand, John W.—W. H. Assing, $897.
Weintraub, Henry—D. Silverman, $238.
Weinstock, Louis, Joseph Weinstock, and Joseph Kalmanoff, Celia Weinstock, and Leslie Weinstock—Northern Bank of N. Y., $534.
Wortzman, Becky—S. Cohen, $163.
Wahn, Charles D., and O. Robert Harley—J. Scheiberg, $232.
Weinstock, Abraham, and Louis Mendell—B. Schottland, $200.
Automatic Penny Stores Co.—F. R. Vernon et al., $272.
American Sightseeing Coach Co.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $103.
Lentz Realty Co.—J. H. Krakower et al., $379.
Borough Cut Stone Co. and Pasquale Curzio—Mathers Stone Co., $136.
Spangenberg & MacLean Co.—Dennison & Sons, $502.
Henry Whalen Co.—Charles P. Necabe & Son, $322.
Degnon Contracting Co.—H. C. Boedicker, costs, $890.
Lenox Hotel and Restaurant Co.—W. D. Harris, $138.
Mutual Coal Co.—A. H. Stephens, $419.
Thomas Couch Granite Co.—E. L. Couch, $454.
Adirondack Granite Co.—C. Jungman, $509.
Longfellow Realty Corp.—T. C. Wood, $218.
Mercer Mfg. Co.—Newark Tortoise Shell Mfg. Co., $143.
Portaupeck Realty Co. and William H. Cooper—erman & Stellman, $526.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date that when judgment was filed:

Allen, G. Edgar—W. H. Gray, Feb. 18, 1909, $174.
Anderson, Alexander—Moore & Landsiedel, Oct. 31, 1911, $178.
Burns, Owen, Walter F. Burns, Ursula C. Burns, J. Anthony Wilkens, and Lillian B. Wilkens—Salem Land Co., April 28, 1910, $712.
Cowen, Lizzie S.—Press Pub. Co., Aug. 18, 1911, $161.
Rosenbaum, Edith—P. H. Cram, Sept. 16, 1911, $438.
Tangiers, Manors Corp.—V. Gelineau, Oct. 24, 1911, $414.
Federal Union Surety Co. and Marcus Leff—W. W. Farley, May 23, 1911, $1,800.
Illinois Surety Co. and Stella De Salvio—W. W. Farley, May 17, 1911, $1,800.
Learned, George E.—Harry L. Graff, Inc., Sept. 12, 1911, $430.
London, Albert—M. S. Konheim et al., Oct. 6, 1911, (reversed,) $169.
R. H. Sellers Co.—American Press Association, Oct. 3, 1911, $1,050.
R. H. Sellers Co.—American Press Association, Oct. 3, 1911, $646.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—First Lieut. M. Buchsbaum, Medical Reserves, relieved from treatment General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, to home and report arrival to Adjutant General of the Army.

Major R. U. Patterson, Medical Corps, will make not to exceed two visits per month during November and December and January to Hartford and New Haven, Conn., to give instructions to the Field Hospital and Ambulance Company, Organized Militia of Connecticut.

Transfers—Capt. J. M. Campbell, from Twenty-eighth to Tenth Infantry; Capt. L. D. Gasser, from Tenth to Twenty-eighth Infantry; First Lieut. J. T. Donnelly, from Eighth to Thirteenth Cavalry, and First Lieut. T. L. Sherburne, from Thirteenth to Eighth Cavalry.

Lieut. Col. E. P. Brewer, Fourteenth Cavalry, detailed as a member of the General Court-Martial to meet at Manila, P. I., vice Lieut. Col. A. C. Ducat, Twentieth Infantry, relieved.

Capt. J. A. Clark, Medical Corps, relieved from duty at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., to Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.

Capt. H. G. Humphreys, Medical Corps, to Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

First Lieut. W. N. Haskell, Signal Corps, after relief from duty in that corps, will remain on duty at Fort Omaha, Neb., until Nov. 30, thence to San Francisco and take transport for the Philippines Dec. 5.

Capt. H. B. Clark, Quartermaster, to Chicago for duty as Assistant to the Chief Quartermaster Central Division.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral J. M. Bowyer, retired, to home.

Lieut. D. C. Binham, to duty Navy Department as assistant director of target practice and engineering competitions.

R. A. Spruance, commissioned a Lieutenant junior grade.

Lieut. Commander P. B. Dungan to duty as fleet engineer, Asiatic fleet.

Lieut. Commander H. E. Lackey to home.

Lieut. E. Durr, to temporary duty naval station, Cavite, P. I.

Ensign R. T. S. Lowell, home and wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Rainbow and Barry at Shanghai, Morris at navy yard, New York; California, South Dakota, Maryland, West Virginia, Colorado, Oregon, Cincinnati, Raleigh, Whipple, Hopkins, Hull, Truxtun, Paul Jones, Preble, Stewart, Lawrence, Farragut, Rowan, Buffalo, Glacier, Prometheus, Grampus, Pike, Fortune, and Vicksburg at San Pedro.

Sailed—Supply from Guam for Shanghai and Bainbridge and Pompey from Shanghai for Fuchau.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

40—Alexander D. Johnson et al., appellants, v. the Washington Loan and Trust Company.—Passed to be restored to call under Section 9, Rule 26.

31—Union Pacific Railroad Company et al., appellants, v. Mason City & Fort Dodge Railroad Company.—Argument continued for appellee and concluded for the appellants.

32—Mary N. Hussey, administratrix, &c., et al., appellants, v. The United States.—Argued.

33—Capt. John I. Martin et al., plaintiffs in error, v. William R. King.—Argued.

34—Chicago Junction Railway Company, plaintiff in error, v. William R. King.—Argument commenced.

Day call for Nov. 3: Nos. 34, 36, (and 503,) 38, 39, 41, (and 43,) 362, 44, 45, and 46.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT———, J.—Motion Calendar. 1—Wolf v. Guardian F I Co. 2—Moran v. Gt Western Cereal Co. 3 Rosoff v. Breakwater Co. 4—Hillard v. Fisher Book Typewriter Co. 5—Thompson v. La Cia Gen'l Transp. 6—Bruce v. C, H & Dayton R R Co. 7—Victor T M Co v. Gershman. 8—Same v. Spiegel. 9—Same v. Mandel. 10—Same v. Sonora Phonograph Co. 11—Same v. Mandel. 12—In re Falco. 13—Wright, Lorimer Co v. Brady. 14—Solar Light Co v. Rubin. 15—Schmid v. Newburger. 16—Central Trust Co. v. Third Av R R Co. 17—C Schirmer v. A W Tams Music Library. 18—Victor T M Co v. Greenberg. 19—Hamilton v. Simon. 20—Parsons Non-Skid Co v. Pursell. 21—Same v. Mason-Seaman Transp Co. 22—L V R R Co v. N Y, H & H R R Co. 24—P R R Co v. same. 25—D, L & W R R Co v. same. 26—B & O R R Co v. same. 27—C R R of N J v. same. 28—Erie R R v. same. 29—Natl Elec Sing Co v. Telefunken Wireless Tel Co. 30—L V R R Co v. Waller Lighterage Co. 31—Croutan Chemical Co v. Intl Ar Corp. 32—Hermann v. Simonson. 33—Marconi Wireless Co v. United Wireless Tel Co. 34—Victor T M Co v. Epstein. 35—Twitchell v. N Y Sporting Goods Co. 36—Lebanon Spring Water Co v. Rex Mineral Water Co. 37—Stavenhagen v. Bernard. 38—Republic Creosoting Co v. McDonald Const Co. 39—In re Rosen. 40, 41—Dayton v. Penn R R Co. 42—Strauss v. American Pub Assn. 43—Addieg v. Tull. 44—Miller v. Grastl. 45—Davis v. Intl Salt Co. 46—Cherney v. Lehigh Coal & Nav Co. 47—Slater Trust Co v. Rudolph Macon Coal Co. 48—Napier v. Westerhoff. 49—Hillard v. Remington Typewriter Co. 50—Strauss v. Weill.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Admiralty Calendar. 200—Willett v. Texas City S S Co.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division. Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ. Motions and non-enumerated motions. Court opens at 10 A. M. 5—Bankers' Surety Co v. Meyers. 7—Thomas C. Huff v. Imperial Storage Battery Co. 8—George H. Sundermann v. The People, &c. 10—Irving L. Ernst v. Bartholdi Levi. 12—Charles W. Cass v. Realty Securities Co. 13—Am Woolen Co v. Samuel Kattman. 14—Matter of Richard Barry v. The Players. 15—People ex rel F. B. Fatitone v. James Creelman. 16—People ex rel Leslie G. Holleran v. James Creelman. 17—Annie F. Cross v. Ferdinand L. Cross. 18—James G. Blaine, 3d, v. Magnesia Asbestos, &c., Co. 19—John A. Qualey v. Magnesia Asbestos, &c., Co. 20—Julius Steinwender v. Phila Cas Co. 21—People ex rel Mary C. Bogart v. Presiding Justice, Supreme Court, Second Dept. 22—Oscar Bluemmer v. Michael J. Garvin. 26—People ex rel William Schott v. William A. Prendergast. 27—Anna R. Betts v. Louis L. Betts. 28—Jennette H. Joseph v. Simon Herzig. 29—Jennette H. Joseph v. Simon Herzig. 30—Alfonzo Gama v. Giovanni Malinais. 31—Winifred P. Harning v. Eva K. Conlon. 32—Robert L. Fisher v. Florence E. Fisher. 33—Robert L. Fisher v. Florence E. Fisher. 34—Matter of William H. Allen in re E. J. Lederle. 35—Robert M. Black v. George E. Beutel. 36—Conrad B. Slater, Jr., v. Am Palace Car Co. 37—Conrad B. Slater, Jr., v. Am Palace Car Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bischoff, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Weinberg v. Weinberg. 2—Giachino v. Rector, Church Wardens, &c., Trinity Church. 3—O'Brien v. Unger. 4—In re Stone. 5—Croxson v. Flynn Plumbing Co. 6—Heck v. Heck. 7—Pearsall v. Pearsall. 8—In re Norton. 9—Robertson Sales Co v. Spiegel. 10—Loebl v. Loebl. 11—Rheinhardt v. Levinson. 12—Koff v. Ivins. 13—Amory v. same. 14—Universal C & Fdy v. Barry. 15—Maher v. Maher. 16—Bracken v. Toland. 17—Standard Bluestone Co v. J Quinn Cont Co. 18—Kruger v. Kruger. 19—Eisele v. W P Nelson Co. 20—Crawford v. Stilwell. 21—Herold v. Greene. 22, 23—Gardner v. Lydan. 24, 25—Hartigan v. Fishman. 26—Abrams v. Abrams. 27—In re Cox. 28—Cox v. West Side Imp Co. 29—In re Jewelers Board of Trade. 30—In re Bowler. 31—Masone v. Fromme. 32—Halpern v. Golding. 33—Geo McKibben & Son v. Rolf. 34—Holsapple v. Spaeth Bros. 35—In re Davis. 36—Wendling v. Wendling. 37, 38—McKay v. McKay. 39—Eisele v. W P Nelson Co. 40—Regan v. Regan. 41—In re Messemer. 42—Vogel v. Vogel. 43—Levey v. Kalfus. 44—Galtz v. Ronner. 45—Vigliaralo v. Teffer. 46—Klaffert v. McDonald. 47—In re Loebl. 48—Meaderthal v. Loeffler. 49—O'Donnell v. 28th St Co. 50—Steinhardt v. Steinhardt. 51—In re Wiggins. 52—In re Miller. 53—Green v. Higgins. 54—Patterson v. Dutton. 55—Harriman v. Geer. 56—Lama v. Lama. 57—Hagan v. Hagan. 58—Schwartz v. Schwartz. 59 to 61—In re Wiggins. 62—Hatch v. Warren. 63—Sells v. Autograph Register Co. 64, 65—Beard v. J V Schaefer, Jr, Co. 66—Epstein v. Schwalhausen.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Davis, J. 1—William J Cummins.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers. Cohalan, S. Motion calendar. James Williams, James L McCarthy, Jacob Grunbaum, Theodore Seiz, Luigi Manfredi, Jacob Grunbaum, Wolf Kronethal, Henry Kohlmann, Bartnett, infants; Harry Wolff, Violet Schochet, Rebecca Finkelstein, Yoel Steinberg, Margarethe Knaus, Mary J. Genin, Onesime Robitaille, Nathan E Clark, Beresford Pickhardt, Louisa Schnell, Katharine L Griffin, Lillie Mohlenkamp, Philip Wagner, Friedrich W Stegemann, Domenico Magro, Annie Dwyer, Henry Moses, Edward J McCluskey, Wolf Kronethal, John McGuire, Gotthold Frankel, Evelina H Carpenter, Lorenzo Bernieri, Barnett Steinberg, Wilhelm Pflug, James W McDermott, Kilian Heintz, Blanche L Andrews, Martin Frank, E Scott Douglas, Robert Schlesinger, Joseph Aigeldinger, Henrietta Blanck, Johann Turffs, Hanora Fitzgerald, J William Beekman, Abby S Thompson, Charles D Coffin, George F Dodd, Charles A Faxon, Lucretia G French, John Weiszler, Celina A Fairchild, Eliza C Rogers. Issues of facts. Estate of William Mayer, estate of Jacob R Mayer, estate of Sassa Sarey, estate of John W McNamara. Wills for probate. Isaac D Woolsey, Dorothea Schmidt, Raphael Moses, Marie L Baas, Margaret Lzborowski, John C. Wilmerding, Jr, Arthur Johnsone, Elise Berline, Martha Kinsman, William Doell, Henrietta Norris.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested wills: 2,835, 2,820, 2,821—Charlotte A Van Den Heuver. 2,841—Owen Gallagher.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Henshaw vs. Douglas—James M. Vincent. Lobenstein vs. Llewellyn Realty Co.—Francis S. McAvoy. Meger vs. Stein—John J. McBride. In re Clinton—Alfred J. Talley. In re Smith—William F. Quigley. In re Harrison—James F. Lynch.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J. Wade vs. Loughlin—Adam Weiner. Cipriani R. & C. Co. v. Frailantoni R., &c., Co.—Joseph R. Truesdale.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Morris Krinsky vs. Mary Markowitz—John F. Reilly. Gustave Haacke vs. Viau Land Co.—John F. Reilly. Morgan J. O'Brien vs. George H. Piqueron—Albert Wick.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Transfers—Lieutenants: Edwin J. Dobson, 170th to Traffic Precinct D; James Meehan, Traffic D to 170th Precinct. Patrolmen: T. J. Lehane, 81st to 26th Precinct; R. J. Matthews, Traffic B to 81st Precinct.

Mutual Transfers—Patrolmen: C. Blass, 149th to 275th Precinct, and E. S. Franklin, 275th to 149th Precinct.

Assignment Discontinued—Patrolman: L. J. Kern, 276th Precinct from bicycle duty to patrol.

Fire Department.

Appointment—William H. Plimley, a painter, to the Repair Shops, Brooklyn and Queens.

Transfer—Fireman James P. Malone, Engine 17, to Engine 103.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Bernheimer, G., Brothers & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; L. J. Schiff, ladies' coats; 7 West Twenty-second Street.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Schultz, cloaks and suits; 4 Washington Place.
Grote, Rankin Company, Spokane, Wash.; M. D. Hall, carpets; The Breslin.
Newcomb, Endicott Company, Detroit, Mich.; F. J. Buchanan, carpets and rugs; 200 Fifth Avenue.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss E. Spillane, misses' wear, ladies' cloaks and suits; 214 Church Street.
Taylor, William, Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. S. Berry, silks and dress goods; 51 Leonard Street.
Harris, Emery Company, Des Moines, Iowa; Miss J. McWilliams, laces and trimmings; 41 Union Square.
Weil, R., Company, San Francisco, Cal.; F. J. Harper, rugs; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Walker Brothers Dry Goods Company, Salt Lake City, Utah; E. J. Donnelly, domestics, linens, draperies, and upholstery goods; 320 Church Street.
Long's, J., Sons, Scranton, Penn.; Mr. McClellan, cloaks, suits, and children's wear; 315 Fourth Avenue.
Jones, R. L., & Co., Albany, N. Y.; R. L. Jones, ready to wear; 69 Fifth Avenue.
Adam, Meldrum, & Anderson, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mr. Strubel, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; A. B. Wallace, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia Penn.; Miss N. W. McCann, misses' cloaks and suits; Miss Evans, waists; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.
Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; Mr. Loudan, representing; 215 Fourth Avenue.
Wren, Ed., Company, Springfield, Ohio; Mr. Tucker, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.
Hartley, J. M., & Son, Fairmont, West Va.; J. M. Hartley, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square.
Siegel Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Baach, gloves and ribbons; Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street; Hotel Latham; C. J. Snell, blankets and bedding; Hotel Grand.
Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Joben, rugs; 258 Church Street.
Jordan Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; C. H. Bell, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square.
Nusbaum & Livingstone, Albany, N. Y.; S. H. Livingstone, millinery; Elks' Club.
Shortenberg & Robinson Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; A. B. Cote, dress goods and silks; 75 Spring Street; Elks' Club.
Davison Paxon Stokes Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. V. Wellborn, cloaks, suits and waists; 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Navarre.
Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. W. Horn, laces and trimmings; 31 Union Square.
Ayers, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; C. E. Crosby, jewelry and leather goods; 31 Union Square; Herald Square Hotel.
Connell, J. J., & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. J. Connell, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Block Brothers, St. Joseph, Mo.; M. Herzog, cloaks and shirts; Hotel Flanders.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; A. J. Frey, cloaks, suits, and skirts; 31 Union Square.
Snow, Mecaslin & Co., Baltimore; Md.; C. H. Snow, Jr., millinery; Hotel Cadillac.
Berwick Stores Company, Berwick, Penn.; W. C. Garrison, general merchandise; Hotel Grand.

HUDSON BUILDING
5th Ave., Cor. 14th St.
Special facilities for out-of-town buyers.
Packing and shipping service.
Agent's telephone—4555 Chelsea.

FOR SALE.—A factory with forty machines, latest improvements, in large, light loft, suitable for waist or costume, at a reasonable price. Address G 114 Times.

SPRING DRESSES WANTED AT ONCE. L 6 TIMES.

Guide for Buyers.

1 line, 1 year, $116.80; *6 mos.,* $61.88; *3 mos.,* $32.76; *1 mo.,* $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK.—BANKING DEpartment.—Notice to creditors of CARNEGIE SAFE DEPOSIT CO., New York, N. Y.: Pursuant to the Provisions of Section 19 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, being Chapter 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended by Chapter 452 of the Laws of 1910, notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against Carnegie Safe Deposit Co., New York, N. Y., to present the same to the undersigned, Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, and make legal proof thereof at the office of the Carnegie Safe Deposit Co., No. 115 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on or before Jan. 6th, 1912.—Dated Sept. 29th, 1911. GEO. C. VAN TUYL, Jr., Supt. of Banks.

TO THE CREDITORS OF MRS. NATHAN MORGENROTH: This is to inform you that I will not be responsible for any debts incurred by my wife, Mrs. Nathan Morgenroth, on and after this date.
Nov. 3d, 1911. NATHAN MORGENROTH.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice that I, Charles Walmsley of the Light House Service, New York, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Margaret Walmsley, residing at 158 Armstrong Av., Jersey City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CARHARTT AUTOMOBILE SALES COMPANY, a corporation, Bankrupt.

Please take notice that the receiver herein will sell at the Joscelyn Garage, No. 122 West 52d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on this day, Friday, Nov. 3, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, the assets and effects of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of automobiles, parts thereof, tools, &c., and including

Racer, 1912 Carhartt Roadster, racing model, 50 H. P., in perfect running order, 75 miles an hour, fitted with extra seat on side.

Junior Runabout, Carhartt 1912 Junior, 30 H. P., with rumble seat.

Carhartt 1912 Toy Tonneau, 30 H. P.; been used for a few demonstrations; perfect condition; Splitdorf Magneto; all equipment.

Carhartt Touring Car.

New Limousine body, beautifully upholstered.

Carhartt Touring Car, 50 H. P.

2 Hirschel Spillman 50 H. P. engines.

One (1) hand crane, drill press with belts and shafting, all size drills and rimmers, Newfrasse engine, lathe 12-inch swing with five (5) feet bed, 1 Westinghouse motor 35 H. P. with 220 volts with connections, 1 power jig saw, 1 rear axle, tools, pumps, vises, jacks, magneto, 1 truck body, wheels, lamps, speedometer, 60-gallon oil tank, 1 Continental engine, carburetter, 3 prestolite tanks, tires.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. LOUIS H. MOOS, Receiver.
COHEN BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, No. 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL WEINGRAD, doing business as the FEDERAL RAINCOAT CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov 3, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 54-56 West 3d Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of raincoats, unfinished material, fixtures, &c.
FRANK J. WALDEYER, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.
The above sale adjourned to Friday, November 10th, same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AETNA HEATING AND VENTILATING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Nov. 6, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 90 Cannon St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of heating and ventilating apparatus, ventilating and exhaust fans, furniture, office fixtures, typewriter, safe, automobile, &c. ALAN N. MANN, Receiver.
HENRY A. BLUMENTHAL, Attorney for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY C. J. LOHSE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 3d, 1911, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 514 W. 46th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woodworking material, machinery, fixtures, &c.
WILDER BELLAMY, Receiver.
GUERNSEY PRICE, Attorney for Receiver, 31 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH MAYER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 8, 1911, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 108 Norfolk St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a wholesale stock of candies and confectionery, fixtures, &c.
GERVASE GREEN, Receiver.
LOUIS LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.
The store goods and fixtures of BARNETTE BROTHERS AND COMPANY, consisting of men's, women's, and children's clothing and other wearing apparel, dry goods, notions, trimmings, rugs, etc., will be sold in bulk or in special line bulk at their storeroom, Lockerman Street, Dover, Delaware, Wednesday morning, at ten o'clock, November 8th, 1911.
HENRY RIDGELY, Trustee.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LOFTS & OFFICES LARGE AND SMALL
10 FLOORS, 12,500 SQ. FEET to the floor, in the MECCA BUILDING B'WAY, 48TH ST., 7TH AV.
Permanent light on 3 sides. Thoroughly fireproof, fast elevators, mail chute and every improvement and convenience.
Renting agent on premises.

FREE RENT TO FEBRUARY 1st.
LIGHT LOFT, FIREPROOF.
Size 40x100. Two Elevators.
Office partitions included if desired.
291-293 Seventh Av., near 27th St.
C F. BEDELL CO., Broadway and 87th St.

OFFICES TO SUB LET
Two rooms, with 800 sq. feet space, in modern office building, Broadway, near Cortlandt; to sublet from January 1st, at sacrifice. G 109 Times.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

$15 MONTH UP, 109 Broad St
Exceptionally LIGHT AND CHEERFUL **OFFICES** MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING.

BROADWAY CORNER LOFTS
to let in lower dry goods district;
size 25x75; rents low; possession Feb'y.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

LAFAYETTE AND WALKER STS.
Excellent lofts, 60x80; light three sides. Electric lights, elevators, steam heat, etc. Brokers protected. COLWELL LEAD COMPANY.

Suites of rooms, handsomely decorated, opposite St. Regis, suitable for physician, interior decorator, or high-class show rooms; elevator. Miss Jean, 11 East 55th St.

NEW MODERN BUILDING.
4 and 6 West 125th St., whole or part; low rent. Apply Rogers, 143d St. and 8d Av.

Literary woman with sunny 5th Av. office, (20th St.,) desires reliable person to share office; mailing privileges. Z 6 Times.

25 East 45th St.—Parlor floor and basement stores, together or separate. Apply premises.

Broadway Store, great and live location; near station. Martin, 1,947 B'way (66th.)

LOFT, 50x95; elevator; reasonable rent. A. H. Sonn Co., 324 East 44th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

MIRAMAR,
612 West 137th St.
Subway Station
Elevator Apartments.
5 and 6 Rooms,
Every Modern Improvement;
$45 to $55 Per Month.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

3 ROOMS.
Corner house, all improvements, electric light, hardwood trim, shower bath, &c.; all rooms facing street.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY NOV. 15.
2 blocks from Subway; Rents $26-$29.
S. E. Corner 169th and Audubon Av.

HUNTINGTON APTS.
218 W. 112TH ST.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
2 Rooms, Bath, for Doctor or Dentist.
Elevator; all modern improvements.
Apply on premises.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

West Side.

SONOMA
BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.
Only One 5-Room Apartment Left
Decorated to suit. The manager aims to please even the most critical. Your comfort—our desire—makes this house one of the most desirable to live in in New York.
Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Supt. on premises. Tel. Col. 4921.

THE METROPOLITAN
S. W. COR. 88TH ST. & BROADWAY
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION.
Seven and eight rooms and foyer, generous closets; separate laundries and drying rooms; complete night and day service.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE

45 FIFTH AVENUE,
Between 11th and 12th Sts.
Attractive apartment; 7 large, light rooms and bath; possession.
RENT, $1,250.
Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent on premises, or WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM, 927 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

PORTSMOUTH
38-44 WEST 9TH ST.
Very desirable apartments of seven rooms and bath; only two left; steam heat, hall boys, elevator service all night; rent only $960; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
Three rooms, bath and kitchenette, consisting of two bedrooms and living room; new, high-class, elevator apartments; near "L" and Subway. 225 West 110th St., facing Central Park.

LIFE BUILDING APARTMENTS **21 West 31st St.**
Very large parlor, 2 bedrooms, and bath for rent, unfurnished, $1,500. Also parlor, bedroom, and bath to sublet, furnished or unfurnished. Meals served; steam heat and open fireplaces. WILLIAM HARVEY, Supt.

167 WEST 72d STREET
2 and 3 rooms and bath, southern exposure; 150 ft. from Subway Express stop. Service, all improvements; $660 to $900. Apply on premises.

84TH ST., 19 WEST.—Seven fine rooms, bath; open plumbing; abundant heat and hot water; handsomely decorated; refined neighborhood near park; $45.

BROOKLYN.

FINEST NEW APARTMENTS
"IN BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH,"
1,983 BEDFORD AVE.
Near Woodruff Ave. "L" Station.
22 minutes to Manhattan; two blocks to Prospect Park.
6 & 7 Rooms......$46 to $48.
Unusually large, bright, handsomely decorated rooms. Spacious closets and every modern improvement.
Other Apartments nearby $30 to $35.
Superintendent on premises, or
WESTWOOD REALTY CO.,
Cor. Flatbush & Woodruff Aves.

BRONX.

Inducements to Desirable Tenants.
Must sublet exquisite apartment, 7 all outside rooms; electric light, parquet floors; only $35.
1,239 Franklin Avenue.
Two blocks 169th St. 3d Av. Elevated.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments,
3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

SWANNANOA,
105-107 East 15th St.,
Overlooking Union Square.
At 14th St. Subway express station.
High-Class Apartments,
5 Rooms and Bath, $60 to $80.
3 Rooms and Bath, $50 to $60
Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.
C. F. BEDELL CO., B'way and 87th St.

The "HILLCREST"
430 WEST 116TH STREET
One Block from Broadway Subway Station.
8 & 9 Large, Sunny Outside Rooms, 2-3 Baths, Elevator, Etc. **$1,500**
Living Rooms ....18x23 ft.
Dining Rooms ....14x19 ft.
Bedrooms (So'th'n Exposure). 13x16 ft.
$2,000
Spacious Foyers, Wide Halls, Ample Closets.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION UNTIL 10 P. M.

LA CASA BLANCA
55 East 76th St.
NEAR MADISON AV.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
7-8 AND 11 ROOMS.
RENTS $1,000 TO $1,700.
WHITE ENAMEL WOODWORK, PARQUET FLOORS.
Superintendent, on premises. Telephone 1690 Lenox.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
Seven rooms, 1 and 2 baths. $1,100 to $1,700
Two and three rooms and bath. $420 to $600
All improvements; resident Superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

THE LEXINGTON
144-146-148 East 22d St.
To lease, attractive large apartment, 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
MODERATE RENT.
Reference, lease. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Telephone 5929—Gramercy.

43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING ! ! So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maids' rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900.
2 Studio Suites Excellent North Light.
VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St.; beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

AT 13 EAST 36TH ST. NEAR 5TH AV.
BACHELOR APT'S 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
Electric light and service included. Telephones.

GRAMERCY COURT
152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.—High-class elevator apartments, 4 and 5 rooms, baths and showers; rents moderate.

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 EAST 24TH ST.
Apartments of 9 rooms; ample closets, &c.

REDUCED RENTS. APARTMENTS,
two or three rooms and bath, $50 up; rent includes chamber service.
177 Madison Av., at 34th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
103 EAST 29TH ST.
1 and 2 rooms and bath, all light. Excellent table, optional.

ONE FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, Furnished or Unfurnished. A la carte restaurant in building.
SCHUYLER ARMS
307 West 98th St. Phone 3964 River.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

OSWEGO COUNTY SURROGATE'S COURT.—In the matter of the estate of Frances Bowen French, deceased. An intention to apply for letters of administration upon the above entitled estate having been shown to this court by the petition of Fred E. French for the issuance to him of such letters, now therefore, pursuant to an order of this court duly made, filed and entered on October eleventh, 1911, the consent of all the next of kin of said deceased having been duly made and filed, notice is hereby given, as provided by section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to all creditors having claims against the estate of Frances Bowen French, deceased, late of Mexico, Oswego County, N. Y., to present them to Hon. Clayton I. Miller, Surrogate of Oswego County, at his office in Oswego, N. Y., on or before November 20th, 1911.
Dated October 11th, 1911.
FRED E. FRENCH, Petitioner.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:
This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certified that the West Coast Construction Company, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this first day of November, 1911, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.
Witness my hand and the seal of the office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 1st day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.
JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,279.—BENJAMIN LEWKOWITZ, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Benjamin Lewkowitz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 22, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 30th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL LEDERMAN, bankrupt.—No. 15,517.
To the creditors of Samuel Lederman of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the tenth day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Samuel Lederman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the sixteenth day of November, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, October 30th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,088.—IGNATZ H. ROSENFELD, bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that Ignatz H. Rosenfeld, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 11, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 30th, 1911.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of COLUMBIAN-STERLING PUBLISHING COMPANY, alleged Bankrupt.
To the creditors and stockholders of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company:
Upon the annexed petition of A. Gordon Murray, the Receiver herein, verified the 30th day of October, 1911, and upon all the papers and proceedings had herein, let the above named alleged bankrupt and the creditors herein and all other persons in interest show cause before Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, Special Master appointed herein, at his office, No. 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 6th day of November, 1911, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the Receiver herein should not be authorized to sell at public or private sale all of the assets of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company, excluding outstanding accounts and choses in action, or why he should not have authority to sell any part of the said assets upon such terms and under such conditions as may be named by this Honorable Court, and for such other and further order as in the discretion of the court may seem just and proper. And it is
Ordered that James Thorne Harper, Roland Mix, and Augustus H. Skillin be and they hereby are appointed appraisers to appraise the assets belonging to the estate of the said alleged bankrupt, and report their appraisal to the court, said appraisal to be made as soon as may be, and the appraisers to be duly sworn.
Let service of a copy of this order to show cause be made upon the creditors of the alleged bankrupt by mailing to them, or to such of them whose names can be ascertained, a copy thereof on or before the first day of November, 1911; and
Let a copy of this order to show cause be published in THE NEW YORK TIMES, a newspaper published in the Southern District of New York, addressed to the creditors and stockholders of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company, for five consecutive days, beginning November 1st.
Let service of a copy of this order to show cause be made upon the alleged bankrupt on or before the first day of November, 1911.
GEORGE C. HOLT,
U. S. District Judge.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Solicitors for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York City.
To the creditors of the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company, please take notice that pursuant to Rule XXXVIII. of this court, a meeting of the creditors will be held at the above mentioned time and place, to hear the report of the Receiver, to appoint a committee, or take such action in the case as the creditors shall see fit.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF,
Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 115 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN KING and MARTIN KING, individually and as copartners in business under the firm name and style of H. & M. KING, Alleged Bankrupts.—No. 15,259.
To the creditors of Herman King and Martin King, individually and as co-partners in business under the firm name and style of H. & M. King, alleged bankrupts:
Notice is hereby given that the above-named alleged bankrupts have filed their petition, verified the 28th day of October, 1911, setting forth among other things that they have offered terms of composition, which terms have been accepted in writing by a majority in number of all creditors whose claims have been allowed, and which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, that the consideration to be paid by the alleged bankrupts to their creditors and the money necessary to pay all debts which have priority and the costs of the proceedings have been duly deposited in a duly designated depository, and asking that said composition may be confirmed by the court.
Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court in the United States Court House and Post Office Building on Monday, November 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the alleged bankrupts thereon.
Dated November 2, 1911.
MACGRANE COXE,
Special Master.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH J. THEIL and SAM THEIL, individually, and composing the firm of THEIL BROS., and said firm of THEIL BROS., Alleged Bankrupts.—No. 15,428.
To the creditors of Joseph J. Theil and Sam Theil, individually, and composing the firm of Theil Bros. and said firm of Theil Bros., alleged bankrupts:
Notice is hereby given that the above-named alleged bankrupts have filed their petition, verified the 2nd day of November, 1911, setting forth among other things that they have offered terms of composition, which terms have been accepted in writing by a majority in number of all creditors whose claims have been allowed, and which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, that the consideration to be paid by the alleged bankrupts to their creditors and the money necessary to pay all debts which have priority and the costs of the proceedings have been duly deposited in a duly designated depository, and asking that said composition may be confirmed by the court.
Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, on Monday, November 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also to attend the examination of the alleged bankrupts thereon.
Dated November 2, 1911.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,498.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VICTOR AUTO SUPPLY MFG. CO., Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Victor Auto Supply Mfg. Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Victor Auto Supply Mfg. Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
November 3, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,684.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANTONIO BUCCOLA, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Antonio Buccola of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Antonio Buccola was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY, Esq.,
November 2d, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,440.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY H. MERMELSTEIN, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Harry H. Mermelstein, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Harry H. Mermelstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER OLNEY, ESQ.,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 2, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—FRANK A. ROMANELLI, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Sept. 19th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Dec. 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, November 2d, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,302.—KALMAN SPERBER and DAVID DAVIDSON, individually, Bankrupts, and as members of the SPERBER PRINTING COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that David Davidson, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated October 30, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, October 30th, 1911.

Read the Help Wanted advertisements in to-day's issue of The New York Times for opportunities to secure permanent employment.

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Mink fur neckpiece early Sunday evening, Oct. 29, from automobile while crossing Manhattan Bridge, on Canal St., or on Broadway after turning uptown from Canal St. Liberal reward for return to WILLIAM T. DEWART, Flatiron Building, New York City.

LOST—On Monday, Oct. 30, an amethyst necklace with pendant; probably in Gimbel's or on street betweeen Gimbel's and Best's store, or in Best's or on Broadway car to 7th Av. and 59th St. Finder please return to O. P. Metcalf, 52 William St. Suitable reward.

LOST—Friday night, Oct. 27, in Park Theatre, lady's black purse containing money and foreign coin; coin valued as keepsake; keep money. Will pay $5 for return of coin to W. J. Hay, care of Cammeyer, 6th Av. and 20th St.

LOST—One diamond and pearl earring, setting platinum, between 85th St. and Broadway and Riverside; liberal reward. Return Miss Harrington, Bretton Hall, 86th St. and B'way.

LOST—Nov. 1, on 40th, near Lexington, small gold Waltham watch; marked "H. E. P."; leather fob; liberal reward. M. B. Wesner, Box 28, New Rochelle.

LOST—Thursday afternoon on 86th St., between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway, a black Spanish lace scarf. Return to 400 West 118th St., Apartment 36. Reward.

LOST—Diamond and pearl scarfpin, Globe Theatre, Ritz-Carlton Hotel, or 46th St. to 140th St; liberal reward; no questions asked. C. T. Yost, 884 Broadway.

LOST—Certificate No. 17,970 for one hundred shares of United States Rubber common. Notify C. W. Drummon, 80 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Lady's open face gold watch; monogram "S. E. C. B."; information leading to recovery suitably rewarded. G 320 Times Downtown.

LOST—Open-face gold watch, on Broadway, 89th to 46th St.; monogram "A. E. H."; suitable reward. Return 132 West 46th St.

LOST—In Subway or near Times Square, or to 116th St., Columbia University, official gold badge; reward. L 3 Times.

LOST—Amethyst brooch surrounded by pearls, 5th Av., Grand Central Subway; reward. 2,612 Broadway.

LOST—Slide rule, in black case, Monday, Subway or Flatbush Av. car. R. U. Fitting, 71 Broadway.

LOST—Solitaire diamond set in platinum; reward. Clendening Hotel, 202 West 103d.

LOST—Nov. 1, umbrella, name of A. E. Bengel; reward. Address Herald Square Hotel.

STOLEN; LIBERAL REWARD.—Two silver cornets, C. G. Conn make, eagle trade mark, silver finish, gold bells, Nos. 116,173, 119,718; 1 brass cornet, No. 118,501, and 2 picolos, nickel keys, Nos. 16,501, 17,386; no questions asked. S. Samwick, General Manager Merchants' Secret Service Bureau, 320 Broadway.

$150.00 REWARD
for circle brooch containing 13 diamonds, lost Nov. 2, between West 54th St. and 135th St. and Riverside Drive.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av., 37th St.

$20 REWARD.
Thursday afternoon, between Ritz-Carlton and St. Regis, long gold filigree earring; return paid for. Return to J. W. Norton, Hotel Manhattan.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—White bull terrier, answering name of "Wags." Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to 63 West 88th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Nov. 1.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Baggage check, slippers, letters, sheet music, belt, cardcase, aprons, novels, advertising matter, umbrella, overcoat.

FOUND—Oct. 31, lady's small gold watch, monogram; Subway, Times Square. Apply Lost and Found Dept. of The Times, Times Building.

FOUND, Nov. 1—BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT. Apply 168 Montague St., Brooklyn. Surface and Elevated: Gloves, photographs, spectacles in case, hand bags, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Nov. 1—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Depot: Two suit cases, book, three packages, four umbrellas, overcoat, kodak, eyeglasses.

FOUND, Nov. 1—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Package.

FOUND, Nov. 1—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Three umbrellas, laundry, overcoat, book, cap, pair gloves, package, ruler.

FOUND, Nov. 1—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two umbrellas, cane, four packages.

FOUND, Nov. 1—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Five packages, hand bag, umbrellas, package.

FOUND, Nov. 1—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Book, stickpin, eyeglass case, slippers, underwear, raincoat, soap box, razor set, pin, collar, case, suit of pajamas, two umbrellas, night shirt, package, book, coat, three packages, muff. Long Island Division: Chain, two umbrellas, pair gloves, valise, pocketbook, package.

FOUND, Nov. 1—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Three umbrellas, four packages, coat.

Business Opportunities

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

TO BUSINESS MEN OF NEW YORK.
A New York business man at the head of a wide-awake concern, who is obliged to visit London and Paris twice a year, and has a large and valuable acquaintance in both cities, has considerable time on his hands which might be utilized in the interest of American concerns who have something to offer in the foreign markets. Only high-class propositions considered. A1 references. Address G 126 Times.

Loan several thousand dollars wanted immediately to take over good going business, which owner is selling to manager account of leaving city for larger interests; reliable references for present good standing and possibilities of the business. B., Room 5,012, 1 Madison Av.

Business man of highest executive, managerial, soliciting ability, successful in interesting men of affairs in audit, betterment work, desires as partner an engineer and accountant possessing capital and ability to extend. Rollinson, H 210 Times Downtown.

A corporation manufacturing electrical instruments desires a New York representative; a young man familiar with electrical appliances, and who can invest $3,000 in the business; full investigation offered. Address X 181 Times.

Wanted partner to invest $6,000 cash in an established business which will net him $2,000 a year clear; must furnish highest reference. Address Frank L. Jacobs. X 130 Times.

Wanted—Partner with small capital to introduce invention patented in South America; great profits. F 140 Times.

Personal

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

MRS. H. A. SARRAF having left her home, she is not authorized to contract any debt in my name, and I will not pay any debt by her contracted.
HAGOP A. SARRAF,
212 East 20th St., New York City.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS WANTED on commission for best Turkish cigarette on market. Manufacturer, 253 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Intelligent, wide-awake agents to handle Brandt's automatic razor stropper; every man who shaves needs one; 75 per cent. profit; quick sales; exclusive territory. Box 104, Wantagh, N. Y.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

Miss Miller's Agency, 56 West 39th St., 'phone 5582.—High-class servants supplied; references investigated.

Horses and Carriages

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

DONKEYS. DONKEYS. DONKEYS.
All kinds, safe for children to ride and drive; come and pick one at your own price; 100 to choose from. Ben Hur Stables, 120 East 23d St.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

HOUSEWORK.—Light, easy housework; permanent home; good pay; responsible woman. Box 528 Hastings-on-Hudson.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Good penman absolutely necessary; neat, careful, quick at figures; typewriter; salary, $15 weekly to start; Protestant preferred. Answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, religion, references. A. A., 4 Times.

BOY about 17 to letter packages for jewelry concern; must letter well; no others need write. D. R., Box 89, 1,570 Broadway.

COLLEGE MAN or teacher wanted for traveling business position; energetic, reliable, ability as salesman, able to make small investment. L 5 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man with some experience to call on large retailers and fine manufacturers with line of laces and nets on commission basis; state age and experience fully. X 299 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—An experienced salesman for first-class ladies' skirts and dresses for the Middle West; answer with full particulars. X 126 Times.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted with experience and reference. Frank Bros., 224 Fifth Av.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Well-educated and experienced teacher of Isaac Pitman Shorthand for old established city school. Address full particulars to Isaac Pitman & Sons, 2 West 45th St.

WANTED—Good fur cutter. Address Theo. Siefert, 1426 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.

YOUNG MAN, about 20, with selling ability, desired to extend field of established business bureau; salary and commission; apply own handwriting; state experience and references. Box G 125 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography and typewriting; moderate salary; good references. Bookkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

DRESSMAKER.—High-class. Bittermann, 763 Elton Av., near 156th "L" Station, in Bronx.

EDUCATED woman, will take children to and from school or park; references. G 99 Times.

GOOD SEAMSTRESS and dressmaking by the day at home; very obliging. Clynes, 245 East 62d St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A lady of refinement wishes post of managing housekeeper in cultured and comfortable home; no objection to children; willing to go out of town. Address G 317 Times Downtown.

SEAMSTRESS desires work as improver on gowns. L. Edwards, 155 West 103d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable; will act as visiting secretary; owns machine; excellent typist; manuscripts copied; afternoon and evening engagements desired. G 91 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—16 years old; knowledge of bookkeeping; writes a good hand, but cannot work on Saturdays. Address (R. E.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, perfect, good penman, experienced, references, desires permanent position; salary $8 to start with. Miss Schrag, 960 Freeman St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eastman graduate, wishes permanent position; two years' commercial experience; references. G 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. -- Experienced, competent, and reliable; good education; reasonable salary; A1 reference. G 310 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Thoroughly experienced and competent; technical and commercial work; $20. G 319 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class; seven years' experience; handle correspondence independent of dictation. G 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; neat, willing worker; beginner. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660—East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires permanent position; 8 years' experience; salary about $16. G 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Absolutely expert; familiar all technical lines; highest references. Baker, 259 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, FIRST CLASS, desires responsible position. K, 107 West 27th.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; experienced; references. Bray, 136 West 61st St.

TRAINED NURSE.—Graduated Swedish masseuse; highest references; capable, refined, neat, obliging; as useful companion or care of semi-invalid. F 39 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERT, desires position with large concern, where ability and energy are essential factors; extensive experience in all branches of professional and industrial accounting work; FULLY QUALIFIED; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS; AGE 32; SALARY, $3,600. T 25 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books balanced, systematized, audited, written up periodically, and investigations made. C. P. A., Room 160, 280 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, adjusted, $2 weekly. Fullerton, 510 West 124th St. Telephone Morningside 880.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires additional work; any books, any time. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

AMBITIOUS, bright, capable young man, (19,) sterling character, ability, and thorough education, excellent personality, experienced, rapid, accurate, reliable, highest references, seeks employment as assistant stock, order, or shipping clerk; $12 weekly. Ince, 7 Washington Place, New York.

AUDITOR.—Public accountant desires additional work; audits, investigations, systematizations; cost factory, corporation, mercantile accounting, books opened, closed, balanced; financial statements. Accountant, 95 Broad, Room 3. Telephone 3643—Broad.

BOOKKEEPER seeks evening work; experienced all systems; financial statements; trial balances; reasonable. X 132 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Hard, willing worker; knowledge of typewriting; faithful. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Six years' experience, sober, good mechanic, best references, wishes position; private or commercial; moderate wages. Lawrence, 481 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman giving up his car wishes to obtain position for his chauffeur, who has been in his employ 6 years. L 2 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class, A1 references, 6 years' experience, desires position, private family. F 100 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 20, wishes position, private, commercial, with or without board. H 3 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, steady, wishes position; city or country. H. Frank, 146 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

FARMER, experienced, honest, energetic, would like to manage country estate; would consider building up of old farm; exceptional opportunity for appreciative employer. L 111 Mt. Hope Place.

GENTLEMAN desires to secure position for his chauffeur, whom he can highly recommend; the man is thoroughly reliable in every way, and excellent driver. Address O'Connell, 66 West 49th St.

I WOULD like to confer as to business ability, experience and association, of a professional nature. Can you utilize them in some mutually advantageous manner? H 209 Times Downtown.

MAN, good character and appearance, with commercial experience and best references, perfect English, German, Hungarian correspondent, typewriter, wishes better office position or such as cashier or collector. Kottner, 1,290 Fulton Av., Bronx. Telephone 8271—Tremont.

MR. J. WARREN HARDWICK DESIRES A POSITION AS ASSISTANT OF ACCOUNTS AND CORRESPONDENCE TO A LADY OR GENTLEMAN; NO OBJECTION TO TRAVELING. ADDRESS 209 PEQUOT AV., NEW LONDON, CONN.

SALESMAN.—Young man (28) wishes position with established concern where he may learn the business and eventually become salesman; salary no object; references. G 311 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

SECRETARY PRIVATE GENTLEMAN; COLLEGE GRADUATE, CONVERSANT WITH SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, AND MANAGEMENT OF ESTATES; COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF CORRESPONDENCE AND DEAILS; COMPENSATION NOT SO IMPORTANT AS OPPORTUNITY UNTIL TRIED; WILL GO ANYWHERE. DETERMINED, X 129 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, medical student, desires evening work; has own machine. Versatile, 184 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—22; six years' experience; rapid, accurate; excellent reference; $15. Advancement, L 1 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American, of good habits and neat appearance, wants a situation at anything reasonable; is reliable and takes interest and accustomed to working indoors; no objection to going out of the city if desired; would like to make my home with employer, as I have none; excellent references can be given. Address J. S. G. 119 Times.

YOUNG MAN seeks position evenings; German, English stenographer, typewriter; corresponds English, German, French, Spanish; excellent penman, best references. G 294 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, speaks Italian, would like to hear from firm where Italian interpreter is required. G 318 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, desires position with reputable business house; highly recommended. G 304 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 8425 John.

Domestic.

At Mrs. Malmberg's Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly 352 4th Av.; reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—Tel. 8875 Madison. Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT colored help; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Telephone 1538—Riverside.

EXPERIENCED cooks, general workers; city, country; also firemen. Instant Relief Agency; 'phone 7288 Morning.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

INTELLIGENT colored girl, good cook, general worker; references. Instant Relief Agency; 'phone 7288 Morning.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished, large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Sunny rooms, steam; excellent board; well-kept, homelike house; references.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

68TH ST., 72 WEST.—Large and single rooms, newly decorated; private baths; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or suite; private baths; superior table; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 63 WEST.—Newly furnished, steam-heated rooms; private bath; parlor dining; reasonable; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; bath adjoining; hot water supply; room telephone.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Unusually handsome large front room with bath; other desirable rooms; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive large and single front rooms; private bath; southern exposure; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms, double, single, private bath, parlor dining, table guests; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small, medium rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 181 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 151-158 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive medium rooms, suitable one or two; excellent table; telephone; references.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; private bath; parlor dining room; telephone.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Private residence, two large rooms; cuisine excellent; "L," Subway; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; convenient Subway, "L"; Southern cooking; references.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms will be offered with excellent board to those appreciating cleanliness and attention in quiet American home; exceptional terms for Winter.

50-52 WEST 82D
Attractive rooms; baths; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

84TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large and small rooms; near Central Park; table guests; references.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate a gentleman in exclusive, refined, newly furnished home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface lines; references exchanged.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Comfortable, warm, sunny rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

92D ST., 54 WEST.—Handsome rooms, large, small; excellent table; refined surroundings; telephone 9939 River.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large front room, all comforts; excellent cuisine; private house; telephone. Strauss.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Sunny rooms; well heated house; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; reasonable.

94TH ST., 144 WEST.—Sunny rooms; attractive to those desiring well ordered house; parlor, dining.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, (near Central Park West.) —Very desirable location; house newly decorated and furnished.

101ST, 331 WEST.—Private family will rent room overlooking Riverside to refined party. Gaston.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; modern home; couples; gentlemen; excellent table; table guests.

113TH ST., 544 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private house; parlor dining; table guests; home cooking.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

120TH—477 MANHATTAN AV.—Hall rooms, with board, $6; large front also; German cooking.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, private bath; electricity; unexcelled cuisine; reasonable; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional; homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

144TH ST., 461 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southerly exposure; running water; excellent board; table guests.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

148TH ST., 517 WEST.—Elegant, homelike; choicest cuisine; electricity, 'phone; Broadway Subway; very reasonable.

149TH ST., 558 WEST.—Private residence; accommodate desirable parties; reasonable; all conveniences; home cooking; telephone.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large third floor front room, suitable two gentlemen; good table board; Southern cooking; every convenience. 'Phone 4678—Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
253-260 West 44th St.
Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

BROADWAY, 3,136, (125th St.)—American family offer congenial home, one or two gentlemen. Apply 5 Worth.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

Southern lady, having beautifully appointed private house, select neighborhood, will board one, two refined gentlemen or married couple; superior table and service; electric lights; references. Telephone 6290 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 828, (100th.)—Attractive rooms; private, modern house; home cooking; table guests.

WEST END AV., 762, (97.)—Large and small rooms; home cooking; table guests; 'phone.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor; private bath; board for two, $20; also single rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

16TH ST., 182 EAST.—Large room, elegantly furnished; steam heat; board; references.

49TH, 9 EAST.—Two large rooms, with board; one with connecting hall room; references.

61ST, 163 EAST.—Elegant large room; superior accommodations; excellent table; Jewish family; moderate rates.

73D ST., 12 EAST.—One large double room; running water; excellent table; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Beautiful large and single rooms; steam heat; elevator; fine table.

IRVING PLACE, 53, GRAMERCY DISTRICT. —Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

THE ELY CLUB, 316 Lexington Av., for students, offers excellent table board for women; very moderate prices; a few vacancies.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Steam heated rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1159—W. Main.

SOUTH PORTLAND AV., 26.—New management; attractive large and single rooms; excellent table; Subway.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

Westchester.

Mamaroneck, N. Y.—Private family can accommodate three or four paying guests; conveniently located. Address H. S. Peck, Mamaroneck, N. Y. Tel. 87.

Pennsylvania.

Private Sanitarium, 119 West Penn St., Germantown, Philadelphia.—Bright, cheerful rooms for invalids or elderly persons; homelike surroundings, with comfortable accommodations.

New Jersey.

Orange, Mountain Station; private family will board two or three people; house delightfully situated. Apply Irvine, 33 East Clark Place, Mountain Station, Orange, N. J.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms; bachelors; sunny basement, suitable studio, students; electricity; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; hot, cold water; adjoining bath; other rooms; telephone.

9TH ST., 32 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms, well heated, every convenience, $3 up; private house.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Desirable single room; select, quiet neighborhood; very accessible location.

12TH ST., 113 WEST.—Square room, adjoining bath; running water; furnace heat; private house; reference.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; running water; adjoining bath; other rooms.

12TH ST., 63 WEST.—Grand back parlor; running water; piano; telephone.

12TH ST., 112 WEST.—Room for gentleman; private house; reference.

14TH ST., 238 WEST.—Daintily furnished large room; private family; gentlemen; $3. Gosford's bell.

23D ST., 316 WEST.—Clean, comfortable; hot, cold running water; porcelain baths; steam; telephone; references.

23D ST., 447 WEST.—Beautiful parlor, large front room; bath; select; references. Phone 6439—Chelsea.

37TH, 68 WEST.—One large and one small room; all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

45TH ST., 119 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; bachelor apartments; $12.50 week; elevator, telephone; owner on premises and in charge.

52D ST., 224 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Large, square room; bath; reasonable. Apt. 8.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Large, small rooms; electric lights; private bath; steam heat; board optional.

61ST, 106 WEST.—Front parlor; telephone; electricity; tiling; elevator; entrance—glass, iron, marble. Brockway.

68TH ST., 88 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 146 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room; bath; raunning water; private house; permanent; references.

70TH ST., 117 WEST.—Newly furnished back parlor, suitable for doctor, dentist; large rooms; telephone; references.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Large front rooms, suite; private bath; $4.50 up; gentlemen. Telephone 2317—Columbus.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Elegant, large room, suitable two gentlemen; adjoining bath; telephone; $4 each.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; private house.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; baths; southern exposure; subway and "L."

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Large front room; one or two; southern exposure; Subway, "L."

73D, 173 WEST.—Large and single rooms; office; references.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room; twin beds; smaller room; private house; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny front rooms; also back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 130 WEST.—Small front room; electric light; bath on same floor; telephone; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; single or en suite; private bath; sunny; moderate.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Elegant rooms, all improvements; private family; Subway; excellent table; board optional.

78TH ST., 173 WEST.—Two connecting front rooms; suitable two or three; good location. Lewis.

80TH ST., 129 WEST.—Gentlemen; sunny rear room, adjoining bath; reasonable to permanent party; references.

81ST ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; all conveniences; private baths; together or separate.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references; "L," Subway.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Desirable large room, newly decorated; southern exposure; well-heated private house.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Large room, dressing room attached, bath adjoining, suitable for two gentlemen; references.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Large rooms, second floor, three windows; third floor, two windows. Campbell.

82D ST., 39 WEST.—Furnished rooms; southern exposure; $7; references.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Large, well furnished front room, with every convenience.

85TH ST., 205 WEST.—Desirable large connecting bedrooms; hot, cold running water; phone; gentlemen. Winters.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Fine large, nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; subway, "L"; telephone; reasonable.

83D ST., 139 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom; cozy, homelike; reasonable. Call afternoon, evenings. Smith.

84TH, 128 WEST.—Two exclusive front rooms; home comforts; gentlemen, married couple; telephone. Croft.

88TH, 265 WEST.—Sunny comfortable room; running water; refined surroundings; private dwelling; near Subway.

89TH ST., WEST.—Two rooms, private house; electric lights, bath, telephone; references. F 110 Times.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Handsome back parlor; private bath; clean; warm; select; every convenience; all cars.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large second floor front room; select private house; reference.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath adjoining; very reasonable; telephone.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Large room, suitable two; smaller; running water, telephone; one flight. Stanclift.

97TH ST., West of Broadway.—Select room or suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience. Telephone 6780—Riverside. Apt. 1B.

100TH, 1 Manhattan Av.—Large, light room; all conveniences. Telephone 4900 Riverside; Apartment 4.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms, adjoining bath; private residence. Telephone River, 1067—J.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished large room, suitable for bachelor or married couple; piano; telephone; all conveniences.

102D ST., 211, Corner Broadway.—Attractive, sunny, outside room; homelike; private family; moderate; references. Fradkin.

132 WEST 104TH ST.
Nice room in high-class apartment for gentleman; running water; private family; no other boarders. Telephone Riverside 9051.

104TH ST., 220 WEST.—Beautifully furnished sunny front rooms for young couple; housekeeping privileges. Churchill.

106TH ST., 53 WEST.—Comfortable steam-heated room; near bath; modern improvements. Haskell.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Richly furnished rooms; southern exposure; river view; private bath; elevator. Keith.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, light room; private house, near Columbia University; central for transportation.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Bright, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park; telephone; Broadway Subway; reasonable. Morse.

117TH ST., 368, Corner Morningside.—Two rooms, one overlooking park; kitchen privileges; $7; references. Janitor.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Large, delightful rooms; handsomely furnished; reasonable. Fort.

414 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway. Smith.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.
Room, private family. Apt. 2.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Newly furnished, sunny rooms; elevator, telephone; reasonable. Call Apt. 1.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Charming room, opposite Columbia University campus, suitable for two. Lewis.

120TH ST., 233 WEST.—Elegantly furnished back parlor, with small adjoining room; light housekeeping; good house and neighborhood; clean; for 2 or 3 fine rooms, $8; make good dentist office; also one other large room, $4.50; conveniences.

120TH ST., 417 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Two exceptional, light, outside rooms; singly, connecting; elevator; references.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Columbia University neighborhood; half block east Broadway; just completed; beautiful double room; kitchenette; private bath; southerly exposure; newly furnished; elevator; electricity; most attractive dining room.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; modern; telephone; en suite; $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 230 WEST.—Beautiful parlor, bedroom connecting; steam; shower; housekeeping; smaller rooms, $2.50. Carroll.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Richly furnished, modern rooms; suites, single; elevator; dining room. Apt. 11.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Large front room in high-class apartment; breakfast; reasonable. Apt. 6.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—Fine double room; also single; $5-$3; elevator apartment; kitchen. Chambers.

127TH ST., 600 WEST.—Broadway express at corner; light, well-heated room; conveniences. Wheeler.

BROADWAY and 26TH ST.—The Raleigh; D. I. Tobias, proprietor; centrally located; elegant rooms; $1 daily, $3 and up weekly.

BROADWAY, 3,135.—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences; reasonable.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58, (120th.) — Facing park; front room, near bath; one flight. Gifford.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE. — CULTURED FAMILY OF TWO, OCCUPYING MAGNIFICENT ELEVATOR APARTMENT, WISH TO RENT ONE ROOM; ALL CONVENIENCES; $6. OPPORTUNITY, X 133 TIMES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 80, (corner 80th.)—One large, one smaller room; gentlemen; reasonable; 79th St. Subway.

East Side.

11TH ST., 29 EAST, between 5th Av. and Broadway. — Unusually desirable single, double; breakfast optional.

15TH ST., 127 EAST.—Well-furnished rooms; electricity; private house; gentlemen; references.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Desirable room; view of Stuyvesant Park; steam heat; telephone; references.

17TH ST., 113 EAST.—Suite, parlors; other large rooms; running water, closets; quiet house; telephone.

17TH ST., 222 EAST, (Stuyvesant Square.)—Large room; private bath; gentlemen; private family.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable well-furnished large room; also small rooms.

19TH, 126 EAST.—Handsomely furnished rooms for bachelors; permanent tenants desired; references. Apply Hardy.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite two rooms; bathroom; by month.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; private house; references.

35TH, 15 EAST.
Attractive rooms; large, small; all conveniences.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome suite; parlor, bedroom, bath; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

59TH, 129 EAST.—Light rooms; steam heat, porcelain bath; gentlemen only; $2 week. Stevens.

68TH ST., 226 EAST.—Single front room, nicely furnished; bath; private house.

ATTRACTIVE large room, two blocks from Madison Sq.; every facility. Rafter, 71 Lexington Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, near 52d St.—Homelike rooms; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

MADISON AV., 348, near 44th St.—Attractive rooms; gentlemen; private baths; Subway; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Furnished rooms, modern, steam heat, cheaper than Manhattan; three ways there in 15 minutes. 142 Hicks St. Main—787.

GREENE AV., 66.—Large front heated room, all conveniences; superior house; convenient Subway; $4.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

58TH ST., 226 WEST.—Suites 2 and 3 rooms; hot and cold water; private baths.

Unfurnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—Bachelor apartment of four rooms and bath; good location; below 59th St. Address Bachelor, E 27 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, in Peter Stuyvesant Bldg., Riverside Drive, cor. 98th, on 8th floor, overlooking Hudson; all rooms large and light; rental $1,675; will sub-let at attractive figure to Oct. 1, 1912. 'Phone 9281—Riverside, Apartment 8 C, for appointment.

CENTRAL PARK WEST,
Near 82d Street.
8 large roms; bath, steam heat, &c.; rental $780 per year. Apply The Maze Realty Co., 148 East 49th St.

Apartment to sublet, unfurnished, 7 rooms, bath, elevator, telephone, all conveniences; top floor, corner; beautiful view, overlooking Park; rent reasonable. Apply Compton, 2 West 83d St.

507 West 140th St.—Five and six rooms; rents, $30 to $40; an up-to-date house in a refined neighborhood; liberal concessions. Apply janitor or Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., Broadway and 156th St.

103d St., Southeast Corner Broadway.—Seven-room apartments on corner, $65-$75; on Broadway, $50-$60; best reference required. See janitors.

At 50th St.—882 6th Av., six rooms, range, laundry, tubs; to private family only; rent $28.

East Side.

12, 16, 18 EAST 88TH STREET.
For Rent.—Six and seven-room apartments, with bath; close to Central Park; most attractive part of Carnegie Hill; rents extremely reasonable. Apply to renting agent or janitor on premises, 14 East 88th St.

10 East 16th St., (near 5th Av.)—Desirable apartments, seven rooms and bath; elevator, steam heat, electric light. Apply on premises.

31st St., 39 East.—Housekeeping; four rooms, two baths; $900 per year; also first floor and basement.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

APARTMENT, 9 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS, IN THE ALLENDALE, 90TH ST. AND WEST END AV.; RENT $275. 'PHONE 4514 RIVERSIDE FOR APPOINTMENT.

Four-room elevator apartment, furniture, linen, silverware; entirely new; complete; block from 181st St. Broadway Subway. Telephone 4040—Audubon or call 4,260 Broadway, Leach; $55 to $75.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted—To sublet, small furnished apartment near Riverside Drive or Central Park, for three months or more, by couple with one child; reply stating terms and location. Address Box X 135 Times.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY desires care of furnished apartment for Winter; immediate; satisfactory references; can pay moderate rental. G 122 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

95th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Riverside Drive, 64, Near 79th.—4-story and basement, 16 rooms; steam heat; reasonable.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

JAMES R. KEANE & CO.,
77TH ST. AND 3D AV.
A large assortment of pianos, piano players, &c., from $25 upward, cash or instalments.

Weber mahogany upright piano, like new; beautiful tone; sell at sacrifice. 318 West 42d.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Manhattan.

Executor's Sale.—Three-story, high-stoop, brownstone dwelling, 16x60, lot 100, No. 352 West 122d St. Apply G. C. H., 176 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

Eighth Av., Brooklyn.—Modern four-story brownstone; opposite Maxwell's mansion; stone's throw to Prospect Park; parlor extension with upstairs dining room; parquet floors; 16 rooms and 2 baths; perfect order; $3,500; box stoop with marble pillars; cost $34,000; price $25,000; will consider offer; closing estate. Agents, Henry Pierson & Co., 309 Flatbush Av., near 7th Av.

Bronx.

Elegant two-family, private brick house; 12 rooms; all improvements; finest condition; best private block; at sacrifice. Particulars, 895 Prospect Av.

Westchester.

Overlooking Hudson, Dobbs Ferry.—Beautiful 11-room house; all improvements; near station; bargain. Freitag & Maier, Livingston Inn.

Long Island.

A country home in the Wheatley Hills, at Westbury; 38 minutes out; two blocks from station; made to sell at $7,000; having all city improvements; grand open fireplace; spacious piazzas; 8 rooms and bath; restricted residential section; sacrifice $5,000; will rent with purchase privilege. Westbury Manor Co., Maple Av.

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House, high elevation, 7 rooms, bath, all improvements; near station, school, 40 minutes out; tube connections up or down town New York; must sacrifice by Nov. 15 without fail; all year home; call immediately; restricted property. Room 534, Singer Building, N. Y.

Cozy little house, 5 rooms and bath; modern improvements; newly decorated; 20 minutes from 42d St. and 15 minutes from 130th St. Ferry; $20. Call or write A. W. Dexter, corner Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Must Sell at Once.—Old-fashioned house, suitable ground for raising chickens; small payment down, balance monthly; 5c. fare to city; great chance for industrious man or woman; no reasonable offer refused. G 104 Times.

Four and five room apartments and bath; all other improvements; $15 and $17. Call or write A. W. Dexter, office corner Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

A well-built hardwood trimmed 10 room house, with every modern convenience; 30 minutes out; good transportation. Beirne, Box 203 Times.

Opportunity for buyers of Long Island lots on contract too far from city for you to build; can get home near city. Write G 102 Times.

New two-family brick house, opposite Grant's Tomb; 5c. fare to city; income pays your rent; good investment. G 103 Times.

Farm, 170 acres tillable land; 2 houses, barns; stream water; 42 miles New York; might divide. F. Baylis, 7 East 42d St.

Farms, lakes, tracts, dwellings, homes, sites for sale. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

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STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all year. Vaudeville Tuesday and Friday.

Read the Help Wanted advertisements in to-day's issue of The New York Times for opportunities to secure permanent employment.

CENSURE TEACHERS FOR CAMPAIGN WORK

They Have Set Out to Re-elect Tammany Men Who Passed the Equal Pay Bill.

MAY RUN FOUL OF THE LAW

Which Expressly Bars Certain City Employes from Political Activity —Maxwell Astonished.

The women teachers who campaigned up to last week to win the prize of equal pay have now decided to celebrate the fact that they have a working organization in the political field by endeavoring to defeat the re-election of every New York City Assemblyman who voted against the equal-pay bill.

By what the leaders of the movement declare is a pure coincidence the men they have pledged themselves to work for are without exception Tammany candidates; the men marked especially for slaughter by them are anti-Tammany candidates. There are many indications in the programme outlined by Miss Grace Strachan, President of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers, that the advice and counsel of expert political workers has been at the disposal of the school teachers.

It is possible that the Board of Education will make an investigation into the conduct of the women. Several members of the board declared last night that if certain circulars prepared for the women teachers and circulated by them do not actually constitute an offense against the corrupt practices law, it is only because the framers of the law were not sufficiently explicit to include school teachers with policemen, firemen, and other city employes. They said that morally they could see no difference between what the women teachers are doing and what the firemen and policemen are expressly forbidden to do.

The campaign has been organized from the home of Miss Strachan at 1,308 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. Its literature, which has been sent out under the letterhead of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers, is signed jointly by Miss Strachan and Isabel Ennis, as President and Secretary of the association. Here are some reminders to women teachers in a circular sent out early in the week:

> Be grateful! Work! Be grateful!
>
> Every woman teacher should work actively and earnestly to help elect the men who helped us get equal pay.
>
> We owe our complete victory to the Democratic Party, as it comes through a Democratic Senate, a Democratic Assembly, a Democratic Mayor, and a Democratic Governor. The only ones seeking re-election this year are the Assemblymen.
>
> Show your appreciation and gratitude by assisting in their election.
>
> Powerful forces are at work to defeat the very Assemblymen who have worked hardest to secure our victory.
>
> Let us show that we, too, are a powerful force, and that we remember favors rendered.
>
> Study the situation in your own district. Then get your cousins and brothers and uncles and friends to join you in showing that you are grateful.

There is one passage in the circulars to which special exception is taken by many teachers and others. It is a direct attack upon Assemblyman Max Schlivek of the Thirty-first Manhattan District, a Republican, who was prominent among the opponents of the Equal Pay bill. The **circular says:**

> **Teachers in all** districts are asked to take **an interest in** the Thirty-first Manhattan **District where** Max Schlivek, who tried **hardest to defeat** us in the Assembly this **year, is the Republican** candidate. His Democratic **opponent** is Max Solomon.

"Show your gratitude," concludes the circular in large black type.

Supt. Maxwell, at his home in Flushing last night, characterized the circular as a mistake and an act against the ethics and the best interests of the teaching profession. "I consider it a mistake," he said; "in fact, it is not too strong to say that it is entirely wrong from every standpoint. Teachers are employed to give their best services to the children, regardless of what party is in power. It is improper for our teachers to attempt to influence elections, and especially improper for them to do so out of a supposed sense of gratitude for favors expected or received. I think the circular should not have been sent out."

Friends of Assemblyman Max Schlivek were particularly incensed at the reference to him. They declared that he was asked by a large number of men teachers to present their side of the case to the Legislature. These teachers for the most part were men who had passed the examinations and were still awaiting appointment, and men newly appointed who expected promotion. These men wished the Equal Pay bill to be so safeguarded that the equalizing process would not operate to cut down the salaries to which they expected soon to be eligible.

Schlivek, it was declared, merely presented the claims of these men for such consideration as the Legislature might see fit to give to them. At an informal conference of his supporters last night it was decided to call the special attention of the School Board to the portion of the women's circular referring to Assemblyman Schlivek and to press the matter as fully as possible with the school authorities.

By some voters it was urged that if the Corrupt Practices act is found insufficient to cover the case early amendments be sought which will make it inclusive enough to reach the situation.

To this suggestion Miss Strachan merely smiled when her attention was called to it last night.

The matter of Tammany's influence was suggested, and Miss Strachan was asked if the women teachers considered their interests as teachers before their interests as possible promoters of good or bad government in matters having no relationship to the question of equal pay. She replied that it was mere coincidence that they happened to be supporting Tammany men.

"It only means," she urged, "that this year our friends happen to be Democrats."

'WARMING UP' THE BRANCHES

Illuminating Messages to Managers in Evidence at Scheftels Trial.

More telegrams which passed between the head office of B. H. Scheftels & Co. and its branches were put in evidence yesterday at the trial of some of the Directors of the concern before Judge Ray in the United States Circuit Court on the charge of having used the mails to defraud. John T. Wicks, a telegraph operator at the Denver office, identified several hundreds of telegrams as having been dispatched or received by himself. One of these messages, said to have been sent by George Graham Rice from the New York office to Ralph Waterman, manager of the Denver office, read:

> You ain't doing enough business to pay for ink. Get some money for us even if you have to use brass knuckles.

George Graham Rice signed this dispatch, which was sent to all branch offices:

> Our Providence office has sent in orders so far this morning for 20,000 Coalition. Boston ordered 1,000, Philadelphia none, Milwaukee 100, Chicago 800, Detroit none. Philadelphia and Detroit are awarded the leather medal, with Chicago a close second and Boston only a nose behind. For God's sake warm up to your business. With the merger assured and a million shares of treasury stock placed at 15 in one block, it's like stealing money to buy it around 12½, and it ought to be easy to sell stocks for cash preferably not on margin.
>
> GEORGE GRAHAM RICE.

Again Rice addressed a circular to all branches reading:

> What Coalition can you collect on? Can you ship stock for money to-night?

Most of the telegrams put in related to complaints of customers, and to prevent all but the members of the firms identifying those who made the complaints, they were usually designated by numbers. Here are two specimens of the messages:

> George Graham Rice:
>
> Our No. 32 is making an awful holler. Ship sure.
>
> WATERMAN.

To which came the reply.

> Will ship sure to-morrow.
>
> GEORGE GRAHAM RICE.

Waterman on another occasion sent this to Rice:

> Just received this wire from No. 195: "I demand immediate delivery of 100 Goldfield common. If not, I will place in hands of Denver attorney." This bluff game will not work any longer. True to his word, No. 195 placed the matter in the hands of an attorney, who just left us. He said ship at once and all will be well.

A little while later Waterman replied to a suggestion from Rice:

> That explanation will not go with No. 54. They are brokers.

Other confidential messages he exchanged with his chief were:

> About two weeks ago you said that there were 5 Nip in transfer. Wire me something as a sedative for client.
>
> For God's sake ship 60 col. bought March 31, and 20 Giroux bought May 21.
>
> Our clients are hollering something fierce.
>
> Our No. 170 is a new trader. He is a United States Marshal and has money. Under such circumstances our policy should be to send 10 General Con. at once.

These telegrams were admitted only after the defense had made strenuous efforts to exclude them. The case will resume this morning.

R. G. DUN TRUST ENDS.

Owners of R. G. Dun & Co. Will Now Conduct Its Business.

The trust formed by the will of R. G. Dun, who established the mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co., has expired by the terms of the will. The business has been conducted by the trustees since Mr. Dun's death eleven years ago. With the expiration of the trust the business will be conducted directly by the owners of the property.

A partition suit was begun here yesterday to ascertain the interests of the various owners.

ASTOR ESTATE OWNS ONE CITY FIRE TRAP

Agent Haled to the Tombs Court, Charged with Failing to Remedy Conditions.

150 IN DANGER NIGHTLY

Is a Bowery Lodging House—Owner of a Girls' Death Trap in Court—No Delay for Triangle Men.

William Waldorf Astor, now a British subject, was charged in the Tombs Court yesterday with being responsible for one of the many "death traps" in this city recently denounced by Fire Chief Kenlon and with refusing, through his agent, to remedy the faults in his structure after he had been warned to do so by the Building Department and the Corporation Counsel.

The place in question is the Uncle Sam Lodging House, at 278 to 282 Bowery, and it is said that the lives of 150 human derelicts are endangered there nightly. Samuel B. Thorne, agent for the Astor estate, appeared in court to answer to a charge of violating Section 8 of the Sanitary Code. Magistrate Murphy granted him a postponement until next Thursday morning. The Astor agents, Inspector Virrill said, paid no attention to the letters and demands sent by the Corporation Counsel and the Building Department demanding that the building be made safe. The building, he added, was not fireproof and has rickety stairs.

When the summons was served on Mr. Thorne yesterday he asked for more time and said he would attend to the matter at once. His attention was called to the fact that already he had received twenty-one months in which to make the building safe, and he was informed that the Building Department would consent to no further delay.

When arraigned in the Tombs Court he said he wanted a week's delay, and that he had men employed remedying the faults complained of, and that the work would be completed within a week. One man was found working on the building stacking up scraps of iron. Magistrate Murphy granted a week's delay, despite a protest from Assistant Corporation Counsel John P. Morris.

Magistrate Murphy also gave a week's delay to Henry L. Roth, who was brought before him charged with owning a deathtrap at 242 Broome Street.

The Building Department has been striving to induce William Waldorf Astor and his agents to improve conditions in the Uncle Sam Lodging House since Feb. 15, 1910. It was said yesterday that letters and threats of prosecution had been unavailing, so Thorne was brought summarily to court to answer the charges. He was served with a summons by Building Inspector Virrill, who says that in case a fire should start in the lodging house it would be almost impossible for any of the inmates to escape.

Max Harris and Isaac Blanck, owners of the Triangle Waist Company, in whose premises 147 girls lost their lives in a fire on March 25 last, were arraigned before Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday to plead to the seven indictments charging them with manslaughter in the first degree. A representative of Max D. Steuer, their counsel, asked for ten days in which to plead. Judge O'Sullivan became very indignant.

"The District Attorney is ready to try this case," he said, "and I refuse to allow any dilatory tactics in it. It will be tried during the coming term of the court. There has already been considerable delay and there is no excuse why both sides should not be prepared. I will give you no later than to-morrow to plead."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:45—244 East 9th St.; Wolf Fein	Trifling
10:37—125 East 83d St.; Catherine Vogler	$200
10:53—517 East 187th St.; Joseph Leddein	$20
11:02—165 West 4th St.; Carolina Magunia	$10
11:52—803 East 166th St.; William Ringler	$5
P. M.	
12:12—211 East 99th St.; Joseph Kelman	Slight
12:19—1,947 2d Av.; David Kanter	Slight
12:56—47 Cannon St.; Peter Masiotto	Slight
1:10—57-59 Prince St.; May Wendheim	$50
1:42—Foot of West 44th St.; N. Y. C. R. R. Co.	Trifling
2:10—128 East 113th St.; Max Ruben	Trifling
2:10—503 5th Av.; David Schulte	$25
2:45—16 Stanton St.; Francesco Cirruncione	$10
2:45—66 Amsterdam Av.; Charles Satloff	$10
4:20—Mercer and Bleecker Sts.; Austin, Nicholls & Co.	None
4:45—544 East 14th St.; Angelo Benzo	None
5:30—559 West 57th St.; Joseph Moore	$100
5:45—233 West 62d St.; unknown	Trifling
5:55—137 10th Av.; Consolidated Gas Co.	None
6:15—810 6th St.; Alexander Schmitt	$25
7:20—417½ Grand St.; Sarah Goldstein	$5
7:45—1,489 Amsterdam Av.; Herman Realty Company	Trifling
8:00..140 W. 24th St.; J. Smith	$50
8:15—37 Broad St; U. S. Realty Company	$500
8:25—97 Sheriff St.; M. Zim	Trifling
9:30—149th St. and 8th Av.; O. J. Gude & Company	Trifling
10:15—127 W. 133d St.; O. Rose	Trifling
10:50—433 Columbus Av.; J. Quinn	Trifling
11:10—156th St. and River Av.; L. Albert	$200

TELLS HOW HUSBANDS DIED.

Mrs. Vermilyea Replies to Insinuations, but an Investigation May Follow.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—"I think this is one of the worst cases ever uncovered in Chicago," said Detective George T. Scrivener to-night in discussing the mysterious death of Policeman Arthur Bissonette in Mercy Hospital, following his removal from the home of Mrs. Rose Vermilyea, 415 East Twenty-ninth Street, in this city. Including two former husbands, he is the ninth person closely associated with Mrs. Vermilyea who has died suddenly or under unusual circumstances.

Dr. E. R. Le Count, who, with Prof. Walter S. Haines, has been making a chemical analysis of the viscera of Policeman Bisonette, will report to Coroner Hoffman to-morrow morning.

Following an interview with Mrs. C. M. Bixler, 2,024 North California Avenue, Capt. Harding immediately dispatched a man to New York to-night to interview Mrs. Hazel West, divorced wife of Frank Brimkamp, who died a year ago. Mrs. Bixler is a sister of Mrs. West. Frank Brimkamp was a son of Mrs. Vermilyea.

Belief that Bissonette was engaged to Mrs. Vermilyea was disproved to-day, when his will was filed. It showed Lydia Rivard of Marshall, Minn., was his fiancée and chief beneficiary.

Although Mrs. Vermilyea's name appeared on the Bissonette will as a witness, she denied knowing anything of it. She said Miss Rivard had appeared in Bissonette's life years before, and had been forgotten by him. She said:

"I got no insurance, and if he left anything in his will to me it was without my knowledge. He asked my advice when he started to make out his will, but I told him to go ahead and follow his own judgment.

"He asked me to marry him, but I had put him off. I gave him several reasons why we should not marry. The difference in our ages was one; we also held different religious beliefs, but he always insisted he was willing to overlook any differences if I was."

Of Bissonette's engagement to Miss Rivard Mrs. Vermilya said:

"I think he used to go with her years ago, but he told me that was all over. I did not know that he had left the most of his money to her."

A story that Mrs. Vermilya had a fascination for looking on bodies was told by E. N. Blocks, an undertaker, at Barrington, Ill.

"She actually seemed to enjoy working around bodies," he said, "and while I never employed her for a couple of years I couldn't keep her out of the office. At every death she would seem to hear of it just as soon as I and she would reach the house only a little behind me."

Mrs. A. E. La Rocque, aunt of Bissonette, said she had to resort almost to personal violence to get possession of her nephew's body, owing to Mrs. Vermilya's demands that she should attend to his burial.

"Almost before Arthur died Mrs. Vermilya was at the hospital with C. C. Boysen, an undertaker," said Mrs. La Rocque. "She demanded that the body be turned over to her, and wanted to fight me when I insisted on having it."

Whether or not action will be taken against Mrs. Vermilya, and an investigation made of eight other deaths among her friends or family, will be determined to-morrow, when toxicologists who are examining Bissonette's body report to the Coroner.

Regarding her husbands, Mrs. Vermilya said: "My first husband died from acute alcoholism. Any one who lived in Barrington, Ill., our former home, will tell you that, Charles Vermilya, my second husband, died from gastritis, but there was no suspicion of anything wrong in connection with his death. Samples of his blood were tested at my request, and it was found that gastritis caused his death. I never had a step-daughter named Lillian."

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1195 Broadway, Just below 29th St.
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Overcoats

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We are ready with all sorts of Overcoats,—English Models, Raglans, Chesterfields, Box Coats, Top Coats,—every one made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx. Prices? $18, $20 or $22.50 brings wonderful value, or if you're of luxurious taste $40, $45, $50 or $65 will buy what custom tailors ask double for.

It's worth the time to call and see them—TODAY.

Suits $18 to $50. Overcoats $15 to $65.

A New ARROW Notch COLLAR

Easy to put on, easy to take off, easy to tie the tie in.

Cluett, Peabody & Company, Makers, Troy, N. Y.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Middlemen's Profits Saved!

A display of Elegant Men's Headwear at prices that will seem amazing.

A Swell Derby

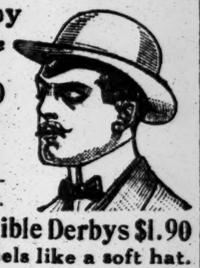
Low Crown—Wide Brim

$1.90 & $2.90

Velour Hats, $1.90

A Furry Negligee.

Can be dented, telescoped or worn Alpine.



Our Famous Flexible Derbys $1.90

Featherweight. Feels like a soft hat.

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Next SUN. Evg. | MORMON TABERNACLE CHOIR. Prices 25c. to $1.50. Seats on Sale.

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Sunday Night Concert—Gaby Deslys, others.

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LEW FIELDS' Musical Production. THE WIFE HUNTERS with EMMA CARUS.

BROADWAY Thea., 41st & B'way. | Evgs. 8:15. | Mats. Sat. Elec. Day, Wed. 2:15
LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

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PLAYHOUSE 48th. E. of B'way. Tel. 2628 Bryant.
Evgs. 8:10. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:10.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
Special Matinee Election Day, Nov. 7.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way Evs. 8:15. Mt. Sat., Elec. Day & Thur. 2:15
Bunty Pulls the Stiings

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S | Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:30
MISS ANGLIN | GREEN STOCKINGS

LYRIC Last Week | 42d, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Fritzi Scheff in THE DUCHESS, By Victor Herbert.
BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY EVE. Seats on Sale.
Matinees Election Day, Wed. and Sat.
THE DRAMA PLAYERS
Donald Robertson, Director.
Mon., Tues. & Wed. Evs. and Tues. (Elec. Day) & Wed. Mats., IBSEN'S "THE LADY FROM THE SEA"; Thurs. Fri. & Sat. Evgs. & Sat. Mat. "THE LEARNED WOMEN." by Moliere.

39TH ST. Theatre. 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:20.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers THE MILLION
"A Grand Jamboree."—Eve. World.

MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15.
Next Mat. Sat. 2:15. Aborn Opera Co. in THE BOHEMIAN GIRL
Next Week—Seats on Sale.
E. H. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE in Shakespearean Repertoire.
First Week—Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri. Eves. and Sat. Mat., "Macbeth"; Wed. Mat., "As You Like It"; Sat. Night, "Taming of the Shrew." Prices 25c. to $1.50.

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15.
Next Matinee Saturday 2:15. MADAME X
Next Week, Henrietta Crosman in The Real Thing.

THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD.
THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) | 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col.
Evgs. 8 Sharp. Mat. Sat., Elec. Day., Wed. 2 Sharp
Seats on Sale to Dec. 30. 50c. to $2.50.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Sat., Elec. Day, Wed. 2:20
GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI
"Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.

GEO. M. Cohan Theatre. B'way & 43d St. Mats. To-m'w & Tues. 2:15.
ELECTION DAY MAT. TUES.
ABSOLUTE HIT OF THE YEAR.
COHAN and his own Company in
The Greatest of All Cohan Successes.
THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE.
Packed to the doors every night.

GRAND Opera House, 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. Sat. FRANK McINTYRE in "SNOBS."
Next Week—EDGAR SELWYN in THE ARAB.

ELMENDORF LECTURES CARNEGIE HALL, 57 St.
SALE OF THE COURSE
TICKETS NOW OPEN
(Closes Next Wednesday.)
PRICES $5, $4, $3, $2.50
5 SUNDAY EVES. 8:30 } NEW PICTURES
5 MONDAY MATS. 3:30 } OF OLD PLACES.
Nov. 12 & 13 .... THE RIVIERA
" 19 & 20 .... MILAN & ITALIAN LAKES
" 26 & 27 .... FLORENCE & VENICE
Dec. 3 & 4 .... ROME, THE VATICAN
" 10 & 11 .... NAPLES & ENVIRONS

PHILHARMONIC
—SOCIETY OF NEW YORK—
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2.30.
Soloist EFREM ZIMBALIST. Beethoven 8th Symph., Liszt "Tasso." Glazounow Concerto, Meistersinger Prelude. 50c to $2. Management Loudon Charlton. 16 Thurs. Nights, 16 Fri. Afts., 8 Sunday Afts. 5 Sunday Afts., Brooklyn Academy of Music

HARVARD - PRINCETON
Saturday, Nov. 4, 1911
Tickets on sale at Tyson's, 1,122 Broadway, (25th St.) 'Phone 5530 Madison.

MINER'S 8TH AVE. BOWERY BRONX
BARGAIN MATINEE EVERY DAY.
KENTUCKY BELLES. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
MISS NEW YORK, JR. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
Moulin Rouge Burlesque. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Nov. 7, at 3.
SONG RECITAL by Mme. JOHANNA
GADSKI
75c. to $2. Management of Loudon Charlton.

MUSIC HALL AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, W. of Broadway.
8:15 P. M., 25c. & 50c. All Seats Reserved. 12 Big Vaudeville Acts. | 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Mats. 10-15; Night 10-15-25c. Continuous Vaudeville.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S | West 125th St. Matinee Daily. THE QUEEN OF BOHEMIA
Next Week—THE GOLDEN CROOK CO.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Mat. To-day. Seats 25c. THE SOCIAL MAIDS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Tues. & Wed. 2:15
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

LYCEUM B'way, 45 St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Tues. & Thurs. 2:15
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.
MISS BILLIE BURKE in THE RUNAWAY
"Best Role Miss Burke Ever Had."—Eve. Sun.

FULTON Formerly FOLIES BERGERE, 46th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15.
Mats. To-m'w, Tues. (Elec. Day,) & Wed. 2:15.
ROBERT EDESON in THE CAVE MAN.

PARK 59 St., B'way, Columbus Circle. Wed. Mats. Best Seats $1.50.
Eves. 8:10. Mats. To-morrow, Tues. & Wed. 2:10.
The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:15. First Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
"'THE PRICE' IS ONE OF THE VERY BEST PLAYS THAT HAS BEEN WRITTEN IN THIS COUNTRY."—TIMES.
"SENDS THE MEMORY BACK TO 'CAMILLE.'"—WORLD.
"HELEN WARE WON THE NIGHT."—EVE. WORLD.
"HELEN WARE MORE THAN EARNED HER RIGHTS TO STARDOM."—EVE. JOURNAL.
"HELEN WARE MAKES HER AUDIENCE WEEP."—GLOBE.
"A WEALTH OF DRAMATIC MATERIAL, EXCEPTIONALLY WELL PLAYED."—MAIL.
"'THE PRICE' IS A PLAY THAT WILL LAST."—PRESS.
HENRY B. HARRIS presents
HELEN WARE
in a new drama,
THE PRICE
by George Broadhurst.
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY.

HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mts. Tom'w, Tue. & Thur. 2:15
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

Knickerbocker B'way, 38th St. Eve. at 8:15 Mat. To-m'w & Elec. Day.
"Siren Waltz Intoxicates."—Alan Dale.
DONALD BRIAN in New York's Pet musical Comedy Triumph. THE SIREN
Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Alan Mudie.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8.15 Mts. To-m'w, Tue. & Wed. 2:15.
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.
"That great big human and humorous play."
PASSERS-BY

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15. Mat. Wed. 50c.-$1.50.
LAST 3 TIMES | EDGAR SELWYN in his great play of the Orient. THE ARAB.
NEXT MONDAY. SEAT SALE NOW.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in THE RED WIDOW.
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe,
THE PINK LADY
SOUVENIR LA FEMME To-morrow Mat. Exquisite Beautifying Case containing Hepner's Famous Beauty Preparations to Every Lady.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. near B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w, Tues. & Wed. 2:20.
Thomas A. Wise & John Barrymore | in the American Farcical Comedy UNCLE SAM
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7th.

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Tues. & Wed. 2:15
Winchell Smith's New Play, THE ONLY SON

NEW YORK B'way-45th St. Orch. 8 sharp. Mats. To-m'w & Election Day.
KITTY GORDON in
Victor Herbert's Wonderful Opera Comique, THE
ENCHANTRESS
Book by Fred De Gresac & H. D. Smith.
"Don't Miss It"—ACTON DAVIES, in Eve. Sun.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
Every Performance, MARGUERITA
Sylva in Franz Lehar's Opera, Gypsy Love
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID
WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents The Woman By WM. C. de MILLE
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY, NOV. 7.

SYMPHONY
Society of New York.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Next Sunday Aft., Nov. 5, at 3—
THE CENTURY THEATRE.
BEETHOVEN PROGRAMME
PASTORAL & FIFTH SYMPHONIES
Seats now on sale at 1 W. 34th St. and Century Theatre box office

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OPENS TO-DAY—FRIDAY, NOV. 3d to 12th
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
Greatest Agricultural and Horticultural Products ever Exhibited Anywhere, Anytime.
Utah Tabernacle Choir—200 Voices.
Land worth thousands given away daily. Burbank's Wonders, Biggest Apple, Grain and Potato Exhibit of the world.
Free Lectures. Kaltenborn Orchestra.
Show open daily from 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. | ROCK & FULTON, "The Great Suggestion," Harry Fox, Paul Conchas, others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. | "HELLO PARIS," with Harry Pilcer & Minerva Coverdale.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. | Big Old Time Favorites' FESTIVAL. 10—All Star Acts—10.

CARNEGIE HALL To-morrow Aft. (Sat.) at 2:30
DE PACHMANN
PIANO RECITAL. BALDWIN PIANO USED
Mgt. Quinlan Agency. Seats at Hall, 75c. to $2.50.

ADLER'S THALIA THEATRE, 46-48 Bowery. Tel. Franklin 920.
Jacob P. ADLER | in LEO TOLSTOI'S MASTERPIECE. The Living Corpse

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Princeton vs. Harvard game. Choice seats at Alexander's ticket office, Hotel Albany, corner 41st St. and Broadway.

Mormon TABERNACLE CHOIR. NOV. 3 TO 11
Madison Sq. Concert Hall, 26th St., Mad. Av. 50c. to $1.50. Tickets now ready.

BIJOU B'way and 30th St. Eve. 8:20. Mat. Wed., Sat., 2:20.
MAY ROBSON in a new comedy, "The Three Lights."
EXTRA MATINEE ELECTION DAY

IRVING PL. THEATRE. Viennese Operatic Co.
Every eve. (original) Dollar Princess Sat. Mat., Wiener Blut

PROSPECT THEATRE. Prospect and Westchester Aves. Mat. To-day. "ZAZA."
Next Week—"ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE."

KINEMACOLOR THEATRE, 40th, near Broadway.
Ev. Evg., inc. Sun., 8:30; Mat. Daily ex. Sun., 2:30.
Pop. Prices. Complete Coronation in Colors.

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Evs. 8:15 & Sat. Mats. 25c to $1. | The Bowery Burlesquers

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5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. | RUTH ST. DENIS, DIGBY BELL & CO., HOWARD & HOWARD, others.

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It is a problem play—and it is called "THE GARDEN OF GOOD TASTE."

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Take our $35 dress coat and trousers.

Differ from our $50 suits only in the richness of material.

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The same materials, with one material advantage—these are ready to wear.

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My work-shops have just delivered some more of the smart suits and overcoats that I made up from the $35, $40, and $50 fabrics I recently bought from a foreign mill who needed the money. They're made up into swell English and New York models. This is not a sale, it's an opportunity which I simply pass along to you. Not a garment worth less than $35 and some good value at $50. If you want a smart Raglan Overcoat ask to see these at $20.
No matter how much you have to spend, $10 or $40, we can satisfy your needs and save you one-third.

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